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EL 1913 STAFFORD

ANNUAL AND FINAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD 30/12/93 TO 29/12/94

Submitted by

BHP Minerals Ltd 1995

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ENVELOPE 8875

TENEMENT:

EL 1913 Stafford

TENEMENT HOLDER:

BHP Minerals Ltd

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SEPARATELY HELD DATA

DRILLHOLE SAMPLES (held by MESA Core Library);

For up to date information on available drillhole samples, contact the Supervisor, MESA Core Library and quote the Exploration Licence and drillhole number/s you wish to query.

SS94001 (RC 200m).

CR 8066

EXPLORATION LICENCE 1913 "STAFFORD" SOUTH AUSTRALIA

FIRST AND FINAL REPORT

BHP Minerals Exploration Department:

Distribution:

Mines and Energy South Australia (2) Hawthorn Library

John Cameron Program Leader

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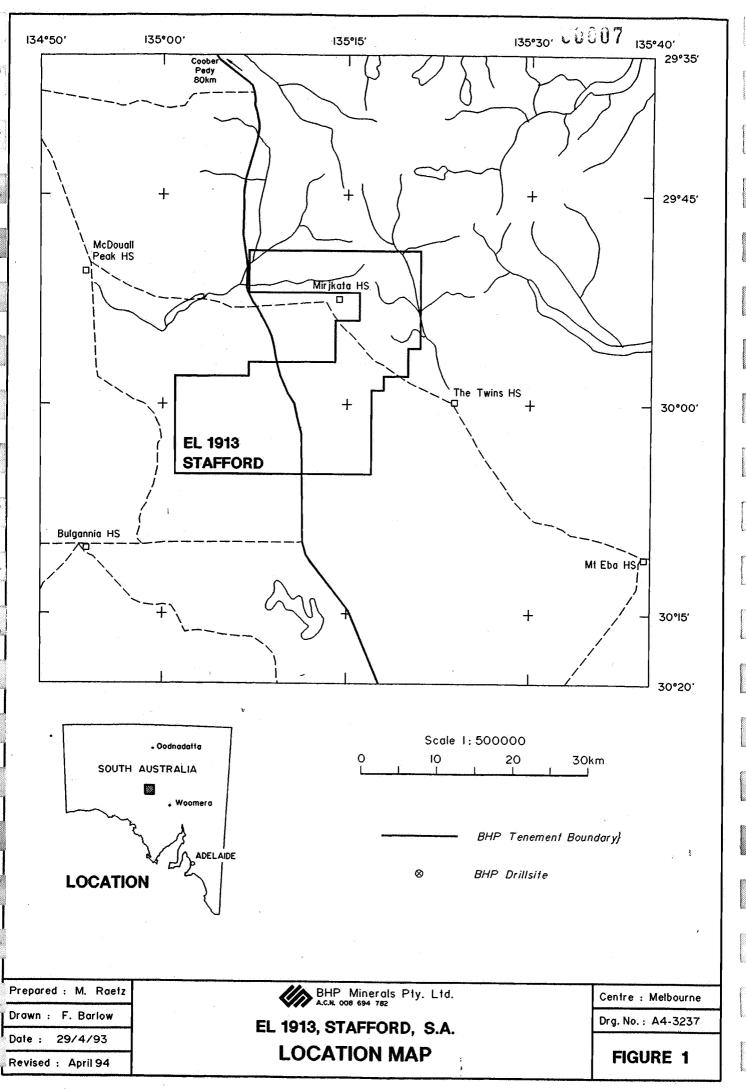
SUMMARY

BHP Minerals Ltd. applied for EL1913 for the purpose of exploring for base metal and Cu-Au mineralisation within suboutcropping Lower Proterozoic-Archean? metasediments and BIF units. A review of the regional geology, aeromagnetics and previous company exploration indicated that the area had potential to host Archean VMS style mineralisation.

Assessment and reinterpretation of previous exploration data indicated that a number of identified moving loop EM anomalies warranted further resolution using fixed loop EM. This work identified a basement conductor which was subsequently tested with an RC drillhole, SS94001.

SS94001 intercepted basement, comprising of pyrite/pyrrhotite microveined metasediments, at 30m and was completed at a total depth of 200m. No significant mineralisation was intercepted and the presence of the sulphide veining adequately explained the EM anomaly.

No further exploration was undertaken.



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

BHP Minerals (BHP) is actively exploring for base and precious metal mineralisation within the Gawler Craton of South Australia. As part of this exploration effort BHP applied for EL1913 Stafford, located approximately 100km south-southeast of Coober Pedy, on the 30th April 1993. The licence was subsequently granted for a term of one year commencing the 30th December 1993.

The licence area extends over approximately 1052 square kilometres (Figure 1) covering parts of the northwestern corner of the Kingoonya 1:250,000 sheet and extending into the southwest corner of the Billa Kalina 1:250,000 sheet.

2.0 EXPLORATION RATIONALE

A review of MESA open file exploration drilling and geophysical data identified significant Pb, Zn, Ag anomalies within sub-outcropping mixed metasediment, BIF, calc-silicate and felsic volcanics intruded by Mid Proterozoic granite. The host sequence, although mapped as Lower Proterozoic, may be Archean in age with potential to host Archean VMS Pb-Zn ± Cu mineralisation. A number of targets generated by earlier exploration companies remained to be tested.

3.0 PREVIOUS EXPLORATION (Waters, 1993)

Initial work in the area was carried out in 1977/1978 by a joint venture between Newmont Pty Ltd and Dampier Mining Co Ltd on EL 305 "The Twins", exploring for Olympic Dam/Zambian Copper Belt style mineralisation (Wright 1977, 1978 a, b). This work involved ground magnetic and gravity surveys along two north-south lines, 2.5 km apart, over the 'Hawks Nest' gravity/magnetic anomaly. Based on this work three percussion drill holes, later extended by diamond drilling, were drilled across a high amplitude magnetic response. The holes SR-7, SR-9 and SR-15, were drilled to depths of 63.1, 90.5 and 111.5 metres respectively. Basement lithologies varied from fine grained chloritic schist (SR-7) to lithic arkosic wackes (SR-9, SR-15), and were interpreted to be of probable Carpentarian age (Cleve Metamorphics equivalents?). Slightly elevated Cu and Pb were present in SR-9 between 68.2 - 69.5 (100 ppm Cu) and 69.5 - 79.5 (100 ppm Pb).

In 1980 Esso Exploration and Production Inc took out EL 592 over the Hawks Nest area, with the aim of exploring for base metals and Olympic Dam style uranium mineralisation. Detailed ground magnetic and gravity surveys were conducted with 50 to 25 metres spaced stations on a variable line spacing of between 500 and 100 metres. A gravity high at the eastern end of the magnetic high was interpreted as a dense, non magnetic body overlying the basement magnetic units and a subsequent program of 10 shallow percussion holes was undertaken to test a 'shallow Olympic Dam type body'.

The majority of holes reached Lower Proterozoic basement at less than 40 metres. The main lithologies encountered include banded iron formation (BIF), metapelites, meta-arenites, chlorite schist and feldspar-amphibole gneiss. Assay results from 1-5 metre intervals showed elevated Zn (760 ppm) in the BIF and elevated Zn (430 ppm), Cu (480 ppm) and Pb (160 ppb) in other basement lithologies of probable Carpentarian age.

The gravity anomaly tested by the percussion holes was attributed to non-magnetic haematitic BIF and metasediments.

CRA commenced work on the Hawks Nest area in 1983. At the time the Hawks Nest area was covered by the Darbies Bore (EL 1184) and adjoining Goode (EL 1089) leases. Initial work conducted on the area consisted of ground magnetics along north-south lines followed up by a 162 hole RAB program in 1984. Assay results from the drilling showed anomalous basemetal values of up to 4580 ppm Zn, 740 ppm Cu and 1100 ppm Pb from bottom hole chips.

During 1984, 34 line kilometres of ground magnetics was carried out to the north of the Hawks Nest grid on the Dresleys Bore and Mirrikata grids to locate the two anomalies shown on the regional data set. Modelling of this data suggested a depth to magnetic source of 450m.

In 1985 CRA took out the Hawks Nest EL 1277, with the view of exploring for strataform/stratabound sulphides, Roxby Downs Cu-Au-U, iron ore and BIF hosted gold deposits. Following the results of earlier RAB drilling, airborne INPUT

EM/Magnetics/Radiometrics was flown over the Hawks Nest area to test for anomalies associated with shallow Pb/Zn massive sulphide mineralisation. This was followed up by detailed ground magnetics, sirotem and gravity.

Roxby Downs style Cu-Au-U mineralisation was considered possible in the area of the coincident magnetic and gravity high at the eastern end of the Hawks Nest grid. Detailed ground magnetics and gravity was carried out and in 1987 a diamond drill hole DD 87 HN1 (152m) was drilled to test the gravity high. Two percussion holes PD87HN2 (250m) and PD87HN3 (163.7m) were drilled to further test this anomaly. Basement in these holes was dominated by BIF and haematitic ironstones. Modelling of the gravity data suggested that the high was not due to BIF alone, citing the possibility of a deeper body, although increased density with depth within the BIF could account for the response. This anomaly was therefore only partially tested with the modelled "deeper body" failing to be reached. No anomalous Cu or U mineralisation was located although an intersection of 2m of 2 g/t Au was located in PD87HN3. The holes were only very weakly anomalous in base metals.

In 1987 and 1988 further detailed ground magnetics and gravity were carried out on 10 and 100 metre stations respectively to better define the distribution of the BIF. Diamond drill hole DD87 HNI was extended to 295.6 metres (DD87/88 HNI). The hole continued in silicified BIF and was unmineralised. Iron enrichment in the BIF with depth (ie. increase in density) was deemed sufficient to explain the gravity high. However, the total Fe content of the BIF at this locality and lack of any other suitable coincident magnetic and gravity anomalies suggested that a Middleback style iron ore deposit of economic size was unlikely.

In 1989 a sirotem/magnetic survey was conducted over the 'Coronation Bore' area of Hawks Nest using 100 and 10 metre stations respectively. Four percussion holes (PD89 HN4 - PD89 HN7) were drilled to follow up a Pb/Zn anomaly detected during the 1984 RAB drilling program. Drill holes PD89 HN4, 5 and 6 intersected schist/gneiss, BIF and BIF respectively and had no associated anomalous geochemistry. PD89 HN7 (66m) intersected the granite contact and returned anomalous Pb(2275 ppm) over 13 - 40 metres and Zn (1929 ppm) over 23-45 metres is an altered quartzose lithology. Reinterpretation of earlier work and this drilling led CRA to suggest that the anomalous values were a result of contact metamorphic

enrichment in quartzose and calc silicate metasediments. Interpretation of sirotem data over other parts of the Hawks Nest grid suggested that the major anomalies were not related to massive sulphides but instead reflected bedrock lithologies and /or overburden thickness variations.

4.0 GEOLOGY AND MINERALISATION

Within the tenement basement comprises of shallow to outcropping Middle-Lower? Proterozoic steeply dipping lithologies dominated by BIF, metasediment and felsic volcanics intruded by Middle Proterozoic granites.

These higher grade metasediments are interpreted as being equivalents of the Carpentarian basement of the upper Yorke Peninsula.

Minor ferruginous basic and calcareous units are also present. The calc-silicates contain magnetite and garnet-epidote-amphibole assemblages while the medium-coarse grained granitoids have a quartz-albite ± Kspar mineralogy and are most likely leuco-tonalites or pegmatites.

5.0 EXPLORATION DURING THE PERIOD 30-12-93 TO 30-12-94:

5.1 Petrology

In an attempt to characterise the lithologies and the style of mineralisation in the Pb anomalous metasediments intercepted by previous company exploration, four samples were submitted for in-house petrological study. The samples were selected from CRA drillholes DD87/88 HNI and PD89/HN7.

Rock types examined included:

- micaceous quartzite/ferruginised phlogopite-rich fine sandstone/phyllite/metasiltstone (PD89/HN7, 32-34m, 4000 5000ppm Pb)
- micaceous felspathic sandstone (PD89/HN7, 36-38, 4000 5000ppm Pb)
- microdiorite (PD89/HN7, 38-40m)
- hematised magnetite-bearing BIF (DD87/88, 106m)

No primary or secondary lead minerals were identified in the samples from PD89. Pyrite and pyrrhotite/pentlandite were present as was 2° goethite which may have scavenged the lead. A full copy of the report is included - Appendix 1.

5.2 Geophysics (Paish, 1993)

5.2.1 Sirotem

Introduction

A TEM survey was undertaken at Stafford from the 11th - 15th October, 1993 by contractor Mike Rose from Adelaide. The survey specifications were designed to define a moving loop conductor interpreted from CRA data, covering an area of Pb/Zn anomalism in a number of drillholes.

Previous EM

CRA carried out an extensive drilling program and moving loop surveys in the area. CRA moving loop SIROTEM data were read with 100m loop and 50m station spacings. Most anomalous drillholes were covered by a moving loop survey but no strong TEM conductors were associated with the base metal assays. CRA concluded that anomalous Pb/Zn assays seem to occur at the resistive-conductive granite-metasediment contact but that no discrete conductors occur at this boundary eg. line 509800E where a contact occurs at 6681150N and anomalous CRA drillhole 66 (76ppm Cu, 155ppm Pb, 770ppm Zn) is at 668120N.

BHP reviewed and reinterpreted the data (Plate 1). Contacts were defined where contrasts in conductivity were recorded and clay pans were interpreted where late channels are negative. Other conductive anomalies were ranked one to three with only one priority one anomaly identified. This target is on line 6678050N (line 2 on Plate 1) at 506250E.

Survey Description

A fixed loop TEM line (6678050N) 650m long was designed over the priority one target to see if the anomaly was real and represented a target warranting drilling. The line was read from two loops (Plate 2) and log-linear and linear-linear plots of the data are contained in Appendix 2.

Anomalous drillholes west of 508000E had not previously been covered by an EM survey so a 1.6km line of moving loop TEM was designed on line 6679100N over drillhole 118 which assayed 18ppm Cu, 58ppm Pb and 3040ppm Zn. A conductor and contact were interpreted from the data collected on this line so a second moving loop line was read along 6679400N from 505400E to 507000E over CRA anomalous drillhole 115 (21ppm Cu, 245ppm Pb, 1150ppm Zn) to determine the continuity of these features. Appendix 3 contains plots of the TEM data.

The surveys were read using a MarkII SIROTEM and a single component RVR. Initially early and standard times were recorded but early times were considered redundant so they were not collected for the rest of the survey.

Sirotem Line 6678050N

The fixed loop profile along line 6678050N, over the CRA priority one conductor at 506250E, was read from two 300x300m loops with readings every 25m. Only vertical (Z) component data were read from loop 1 and an interpretation of these data produced a contact at 506360E and a possible contact at 506530E. The anomaly at 506530E was interpreted as a near surface feature or a contact because the peak is sharp and the anomaly is unsymmetrical. A weak conductor (only observed to channel 8 - 4.2msec) was detected at 506250E on the conductive-resistive contact. Both horizontal (X) and vertical (Z) components were read along the line from loop 2. Possible contacts were defined at 506525E and 506350E (Z) and 506525E and 506375E (X). No conductor was detected at 506250E, where a weak anomaly was observed using loop 1.

Sirotem Line 6679100N

Fifty metre spaced moving loop data (200x200m loops) were collected, from 505400E to 507000E, on line 6679100N over CRA's anomalous drillhole number 118 (506450E). A conductor was defined at 505600E (A) and a contact at 506500E. Conductor A has a decay constant of between 0.6 and 0.9msec and seems to be more conductive on the eastern side where there is an anomaly at 505700E at late times which has a time constant of 4msec. The

contact at 506500E has a weak anomaly superimposed on it which causes the slope of the linear-linear graph, at the contact, to flatten (see plots of channel 12 onwards). This weak anomaly and contact correspond to the position of anomalous drillhole 118.

A single line of fixed loop TEM was acquired over the conductor, and over the contact. The fixed loop follow-up survey employed three 400x400m transmitter loops (Plate 2) with readings taken every 25m. Data were collected over the conductor from loops 3 and 4 and over the contact with the weak conductor from loops 4 and 5.

The data from loop 3 contain a conductor at 505680E (B) and 505780E (C). Conductor C has a sharp response indicating the source is shallow. Readings to the west of loop 4 defined a conductor at 505580E (D). It is interpreted that conductors B and D are opposite edges of the same conductive body making the conductor approximately 100m wide.

Readings to the east of loop 4 did not detect any significant conductive features. Loop 5 detected a contact at 506625E and a weak conductor on the resistive side of the resistive-conductive contact (506550E = E).

Sirotem Line 6679400N

To determine the continuity of the conductor and contact on line 6679100N another moving loop line was read along 6679400N from 505400E to 507000E over CRA anomalous drillhole 115 (21ppm Cu, 245ppm Pb, 1150ppm Zn). A conductor of similar form to conductor A on line 6679100N was detected at 505575E (F) (time constant = 0.6-0.7msec) and contacts were noted at 505700E and 506500E. These results confirm that the CRA anomalous drillholes lie on the resistive-conductive contact and the conductor at the western end of the lines has a strike length of at least 300m.

5.2.2 <u>Discussion</u>

The response of the CRA moving loop (Line 6678050N) when read with fixed loop EM was considered too weak to warrant drill testing. Anomalous CRA drillholes 115 and 118 are located close to an electrical resistive-conductive contact (the BIF interpreted as the resistive

unit) which does not correspond to the magnetic contact.

A conductor detected at the western end of lines 6679100N (A) and 6679400N (F) does not correspond to the magnetic unit either and was recommended as a valid target for drilling. The interpreted basement conductor lies on the western side of a north-south striking magnetic body dipping east. The interpreted conductor location and drillhole proposed is shown in Figure 2.

5.3 **Drilling**

5.3.1 Drillhole SS94001

An RC drillhole, SS94001, was designed to test the basement conductor detected at Stafford (Table 1, Figure 3). Drilling commenced on the 19-05-94 and was completed on 20-05-94 at a depth of 200m.

Table 1: Drillhole SS94001 Stafford, May 1994

Drillhole	AMG		Az/Decl	Modelled	Depth to	Total Depth
	N	E		Target Depth	Basement	
SS94001	6679100	505725	270º/-60º	75m	30m	200m

Basement intersected at 30m, comprised a sequence of metasediments including quartz-chlorite veined greywacke, siltstone and sandstone with minor crosscutting granite aphophysis at 172-178m. Trace -2% pyrite ± pyrrhotite microveining (<2mm) was ubiquitous from 36m to the EOH. Two main intervals of pyrrhotite rich microveining, 90-104m and 120-150m were intersected and together with the pyrite veining are the likely conductive source.

No visible base metal mineralisation was recorded. Drillhole sections are included in Appendix 4 and English logs in Appendix 5.

Stafford: Ch 8-13 : Line 6679100N: Rx=Z: ST 200.000 00018 Reading (uV/A) **MOVING LOOP** SIROTEM 100.000 0.000 Stafford: Loop 3: Line 6679100N: Rx=Z: ST CH= 1-24 **FIXED LOOP** 4.5 **SIROTEM** 1.5 (LOOP 3) B -1.5 Stafford: Loop 4: Line 6679100N: Rx=Z: ST CH= 1-24 (LOOP 4) 0.0 D **Proposed** Loop 3 Drillhole Loop 4 Proposed Drillhole **Easting** 505725E Northing 6679100N Incln. -60° Azimuth 270° Depth to conductor 75m Drillhole depth 200m 505250E 505500E 505750E 506000E

Figure 2: Interpreted Conductor Location and Proposed Drillhole.

5.3.2 Geochemistry

Drill chip samples were collected at 2m intervals from 2m above the overburden/basement contact to the bottom of hole. Samples were assayed for Au, Cu, Pb, Zn, Ag, Co, Fe, Mn, Ni, P and As at Amdel Laboratories, Adelaide.

Assay results are included in Appendix 6 with selected elements shown on a graphic log in Appendix 5.

Geochemical values are low with only weakly Zn (1850ppm/2m) and Cu (380ppm/2m) anomalous intervals intersected. The latter corresponds to an interval of increased py/po microveining in metasiltstone at 146-148m.

Assay results included:

98 - 102m	4m @ 37ppm Cu,	52ppm Pb,	412ppm Zn,	<0.5ppm Ag
132-136m	4m @ 26ppm Cu,	95ppm Pb,	1160ppm Zn,	<0.5ppm Ag
146-148m	2m @ 380ppm Cu,	50ppm Pb,	310ppm Zn,	<0.5 ppm Ag
196-200m	4m @ 80ppm Cu,	47 ppm Pb,	275ppm Zn,	<0.5 ppm Ag

6.0 **DISCUSSION**

Exploration within the area of EL1913 focussed on using geophysical methods to prioritise the large area of anomalous drillhole Zn, Pb geochemistry identified by previous exploration. Moving-loop and Fixed-loop sirotem surveys were carried out over selected areas which included anomalous RAB drillholes 115 & 118 and Line 6678050N where BHP's interpretation of CRA ground EM data identified a potential basement conductor. Fixed-loop EM confirmed the presence of a basement conductor on Line 6678050N adjacent to the metasediment - BIF contact.

RC drillhole SS94001 tested the basement conductor; intersecting a sequence of pyrite ± pyrrhotite microveined metasediments cross-cut by granite apophysis. While no massive sulphide lenses were intersected the contained sulphide adequately explains the source of the

EM conductor. Two metre assays of the basement returned only weakly anomalous Cu and Zn. No indicators of massive sulphide mineralisation were recognised in the samples from SS94001.

7.0 ENVIRONMENT

Heavy vehicle access to the exploration area was via existing station tracks wherever possible and then by sneak tracks across country. Use of sneak tracks was kept to a minimum.

The drillsite at SS94001 has been rehabilitated. Excess drill chip material was returned to the drillhole, the hole capped, the site levelled and local soils spread over the area to encourage natural regeneration of vegetation. All vehicle wheelruts have been back filled and levelled.

8.0 <u>CONCLUSION</u>

Exploration within the Stafford licence area failed to identify a significant mineralisation or alteration system within a geological environment considered prospective for Archean VMS deposits. No further work is proposed and the tenement lapsed at the end of its one year tenure.

9.0 EXPENDITURE

Expenditure on EL1913, Stafford for the tenure period is attached.

EXPLORATION LICENCE 1913 STAFFORD LIFE TO DATE EXPENDITURE

Wages and Salaries	1,775
Drilling	10,190
Equipment	315
Geochemistry	2,288
Geophysics	7,435
Tenement Costs	1,924
Office Running Costs	81
Consultants/Contractors	924
Specialist Services Group	6,415
Administration and Office Overheads	3,135
LIFE TO DATE	\$34,482

- Ambrose, G. J. and Flint, R. B. 1981: Billa Kalina, South Australia.

 Explanatory Notes 1: 250,000 geological series SHEET SH/53-7 Geol.Surv.S.A.
- Cowley, W. M. and Martin, A. R. 1991: Kingoonya, South Australia.

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- Paish, K. 1993: Interpretation of Sirotem Survey Stafford Swamp, S.A. December 1993, ELA 178/93 Stafford. BHP Minerals Internal Company Report CR7963.
- Waters, J. 1993: Exploration History Stafford ELA 178/93 BHP Minerals Internal Memorandum CM6387.
- Wright, R. G., 1978a: Reports for Quarterly Periods July 1 Sept 30, 1977 and Oct 1 Dec 31 1977. Exploration Licence No. 305. Newmont Pty. Ltd. unpublished report (Ex641).
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APPENDIX 1

Petrology of Samples from Drill Holes DD89 and DD87/88, Hawkes Nest Prospect, S.A. 16 July 1993

FILE NO: E10ER/23/1-HP 4

MEMORANDUM

TO:

M RAETZ

cc:

J Cameron

L Ellingford, TIS, Hawthorn

then circulate to:

G Murphy

L Bettenay D Moore

FROM:

D GILBERT

OUR REF:

CM 6432; DJG:JOH; EPM 93/165 (BKY)

SUBJECT:

PETROLOGY OF SAMPLES FROM DRILL HOLES PD 89 AND DD 87/88, HAWKS NEST PROSPECT, SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Summary and conclusions

(see Appendix 1; MRL 24503-24506)

- 1. Rock types include:
 - micaceous (chloritized) quartzite/ferruginized phlogopite-rich fine sandstone/phyllite/metasiltstone (PD 89/HN7, 32-34 metres).
 - meta-fine micaceous (phlogopite > sericite) feldspathic sandstone (PD 89/HN7, 36-38 metres).
 - weathered biotite quartz microdiorite (PD 89/HN7, 38-40 metres).
 - hematized magnetite-bearing banded iron formation or original banded magnetite-carbonate-clinoamphibole-talc rock. (DD 87/88, 106 metres).
- 2. The anomalous lead could not be explained mineralogically in the samples from PD 89, though traces of pyrite and pyrrhotite/pentlandite were recorded. The secondary goethite may have scavenged lead.
- 3. The banded iron formation sample from DD 87/88, resembles previously described Lower Proterozoic BIF from the Middleback Ranges. The Hawks Nest BIF contains bands of fine grained interlocking quartz, where the latter appears to have replaced earlier carbonate, clinoamphibole and talc. This quartz is therefore not a primary component of chemical deposition.

D J GILBERT

Senior Project Petrologist

APPENDIX I

(to accompany CM 6432)

Petrography of samples from drill holes PD 89 and DD 87/88, Hawks Nest Prospect, South Australia (MRL 24503-24506)

Sample mark: PD 89/HN7, 32-34 metres (MRL 24503)

<u>Field description</u>: Meta-quartzite (4000-5000 ppm Pb)

Diagnosis and comments:

Micaceous (chloritized) quartzite/ferruginized phlogopite-rich fine sandstone/phyllite/meta-siltstone. Rare minute pyrite specks occur in some quartz grains, where the anomalous lead cannot be explained mineralogically.

The mineralogical composition is outlined below (approximate decreasing order of abundance):

Ouartz

Phlogopitic mica (some iron stained)

Sericitic mica

Potash feldspar (stain test)

Chlorite (after phlogopite)

Opaques: $(\le 1 \text{ vol } \%)$

- goethite (secondary patches and veinlets)
- pyrite (rare minute specks in quartz grains)

Rutile/leucoxene (disseminated grains)

Tourmaline (rare bluish-green variety)

Zircon (rare subhedral to subrounded detrital grains)

These percussion chips comprise the following metasedimentary rock types:

- i. chloritized micaceous quartzite (some quartz veined)
- ii. ferruginized micaceous (phlogopite > sericite) fine sandstone (quartz mainly 125 microns)
- iii. ferruginized phlogopite-rich rock (phlogopitized fine sandstone)
- iv. ferruginized phyllite/meta-siltstone

Minute sulphide inclusions (mainly pyrite) occur in some of the quartz grains within these metasedimentary rocks, where the anomalous lead cannot be explained mineralogically. The phlogopite-rich chip comprises randomly orientated phlogopitic micas which appear to represent potash-metasomatism, conceivably in the vicinity of a nearby intrusive body.

Sample mark: PD 89/HN7, 36-38 metres (MRL 24504)

Field description: Meta-quartzite (4000-5000 ppm Pb)

Diagnosis and comments:

7, 3

Meta-fine micaceous (phlogopite > sericite) feldspathic sandstone.

The mineralogical composition is outlined below (approximate decreasing order of abundance):

Quartz

Phlogopitic mica

Sericitic mica

Potash feldspar (stain test)

Opaques: (< 1 vol %)

- goethite (secondary)

- pyrite (rare subhedral specks in quartz)

- pyrrhotite/pentlandite (rare subhedral grains in quartz)

Rutile/leucoxene (scattered grains)

Tourmaline (rare subhedral grains)

Zircon (rare subrounded detrital grains)

This metasedimentary rock displays a relict clastic texture with abundant subangular to subrounded detrital quartz grains, cloudy incipiently sericitized feldspars (mainly potash feldspar) and crudely aligned micas (iron stained phlogopite > sericite). Much of the quartz forms a subpolygonal aggregate, where the grain size averages 150 microns (fine sand grade).

Rare subhedral tourmaline is sometimes present together with rare minute specks of sulphide (pyrite > pyrrhotite/pentlandite), where the latter are generally enclosed in quartz. Rare subrounded zoned detrital zircons are also evident.

Sample mark: PD 89/HN7, 38-40 metres (MRL 24505)

<u>Field description</u>: Weathered medium grained intrusive.

Diagnosis and comments:

Weathered biotite quartz microdiorite. Some percussion chips comprise ferruginized sericitic mica-clay-biotite-quartz rock (?altered microdiorite).

The mineralogical composition is outlined below (approximate decreasing order of abundance):

Plagioclase (An₁₂ to An₃₃; oligoclase-andesine; some zoned) Biotite

Sericitic mica (alteration of plagioclase)

Chlorite (after biotite)

Ouartz

Opaques:

- goethite/hematite (secondary; some forming subhedral pseudomorphs after sulphide?)
- pyrite (minute specks in silicates)

Rutile/leucoxene

A relict fine to medium grained igneous texture is evident in some of these percussion chips, with randomly orientated plagioclase laths (some zoned), scattered biotites and minor anhedral quartz. Scattered coarser grained plagioclase phenocrysts impart a microporphyritic texture in places.

Other percussion chips comprise mainly sericitic mica/clay together with scattered biotites (some bleached), quartz and rutile/leucoxene, where these probably represent completely altered/weathered microdioritic intrusive rock types.

This sample therefore represents a variously altered/weathered upper level intermediate intrusive body. The freshest percussion chip is best described as a biotite quartz microdiorite.

Sample mark: DD 87/88, 106 metres (MRL 24506)

Field description: Magnetic BIF.

Diagnosis and comments:

Hematized magnetite-bearing banded iron formation. The original rock type would have been a banded magnetite-carbonate-clinoamphibole-talc rock subsequently hematized and replaced by silica.

The mineralogical composition is outlined below (approximate decreasing order of abundance):

Quartz

Opaques:

- hematite (subhedral pseudomorphs after magnetite; also specular variety)
- magnetite (residuals in hematite)
- pyrite (rare <3 to 15 micron inclusions in hematized magnetite)

Greenish micaceous mineral (?talc)

Carbonate (rare minute <3 to 6 micron specks in quartz)

Clinoamphibole (rare minute greenish prismatic inclusions in quartz; possible tremolite/actinolite)

Apatite (rare subhedra)

This sample displays a distinctly banded texture with alternating bands of hematized magnetite and quartz. The quartz forms a fine grained strained sutured interlocking aggregate, where it appears to have replaced earlier carbonate, clinoamphibole and ?greenish talc.

The opaque bands were originally magnetite-rich, where subhedral to euhedral magnetites have been converted to hematite (recrystallized martite). Secondary specular hematite is also evident and minute traces of pyrite have also been recorded.

Microfaulting has also sometimes displaced the banding in this sample, which resembles some of the Lower Proterozoic banded iron formation rocks occurring in the Middleback Ranges.

The original rock type would have been a magnetite-carbonate-clinoamphibole-?talc BIF which has undergone subsequent hematization and replacement by silica. The quartz does not appear to represent a primary component of chemical deposition.

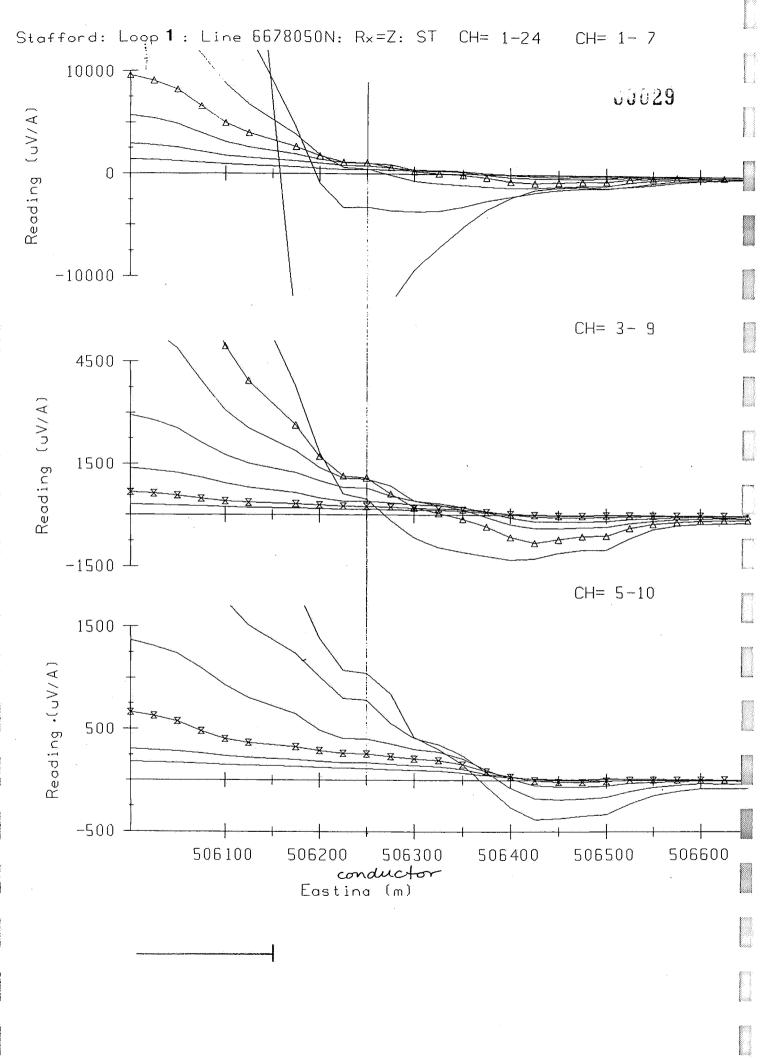
DJG:JOH\G\7\12.APX

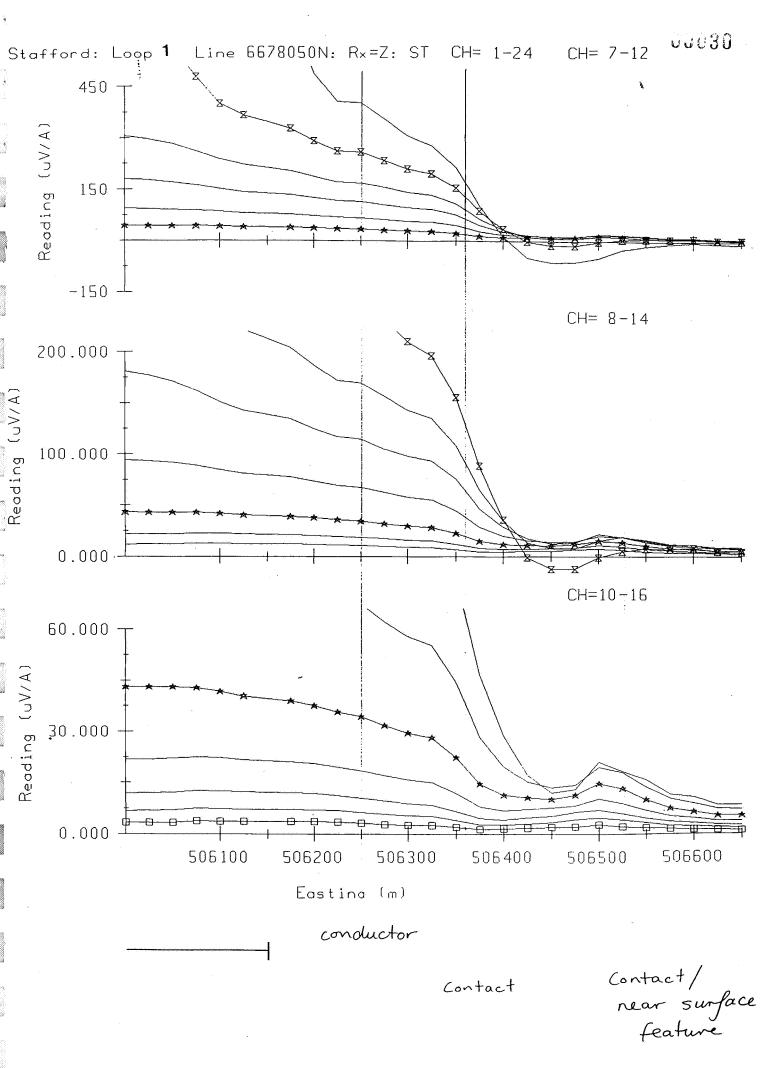
APPENDIX 2

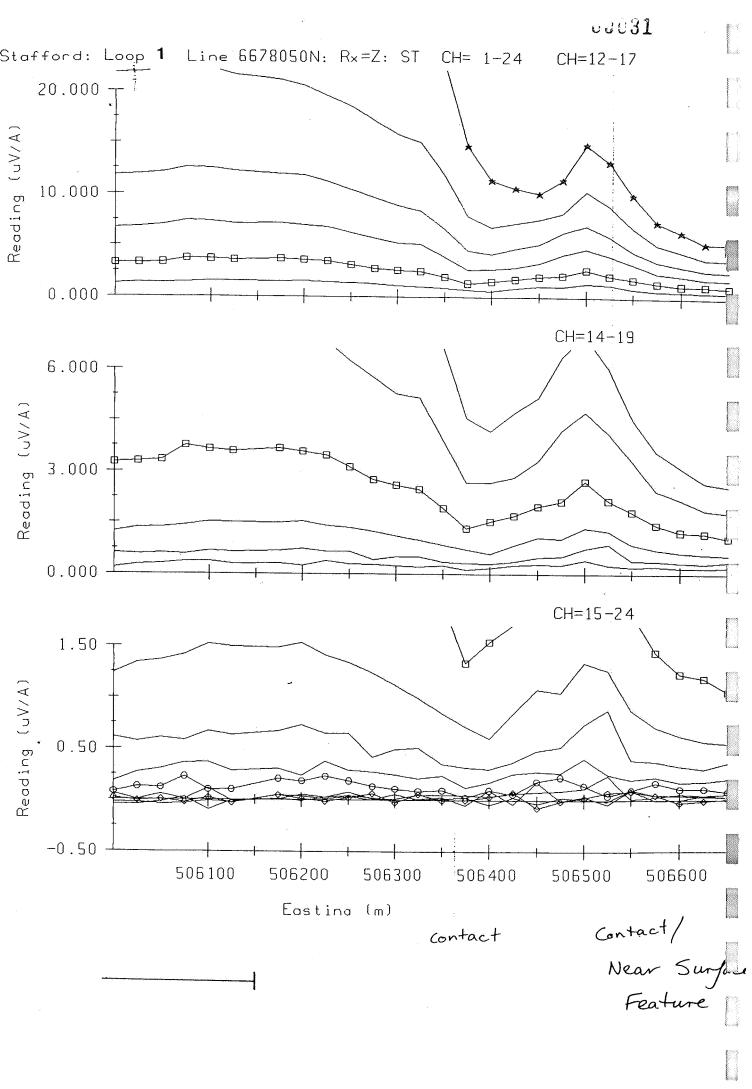
Log-linear and Linear-linear plots of Fixed loop TEM from Line 6678050N

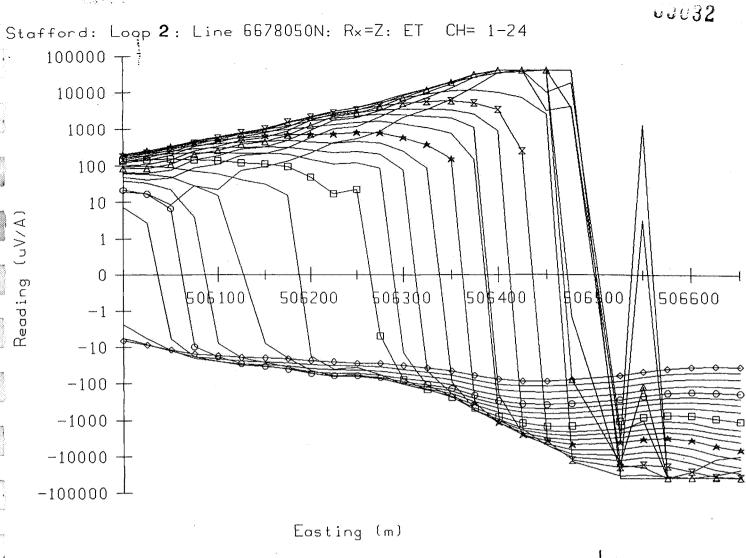
Easting (m)

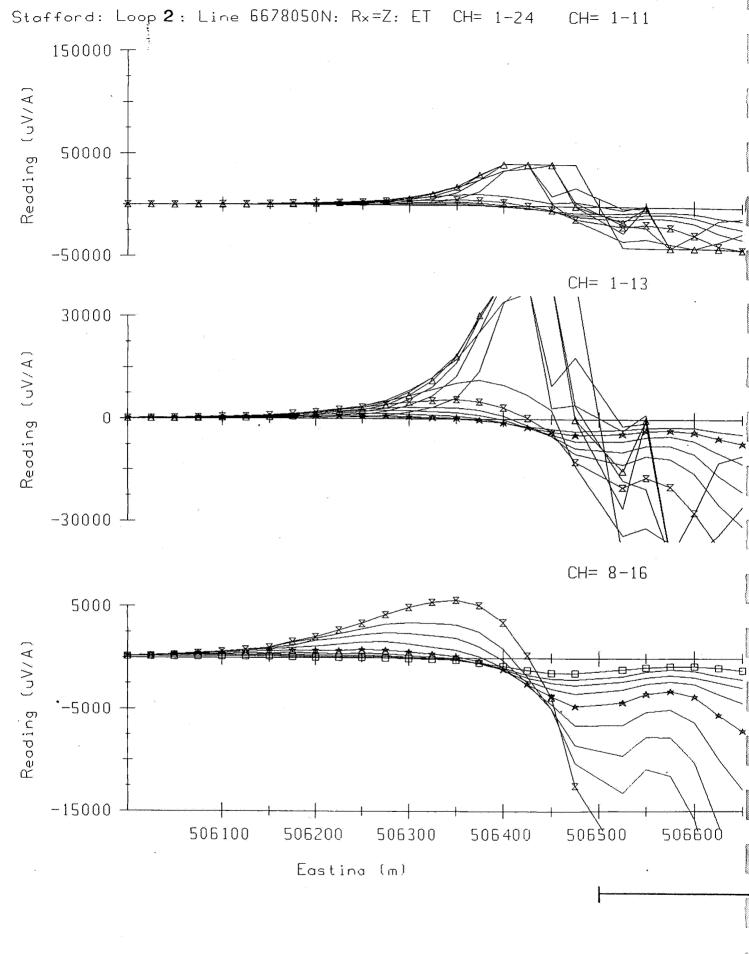
-100000 [⊥]







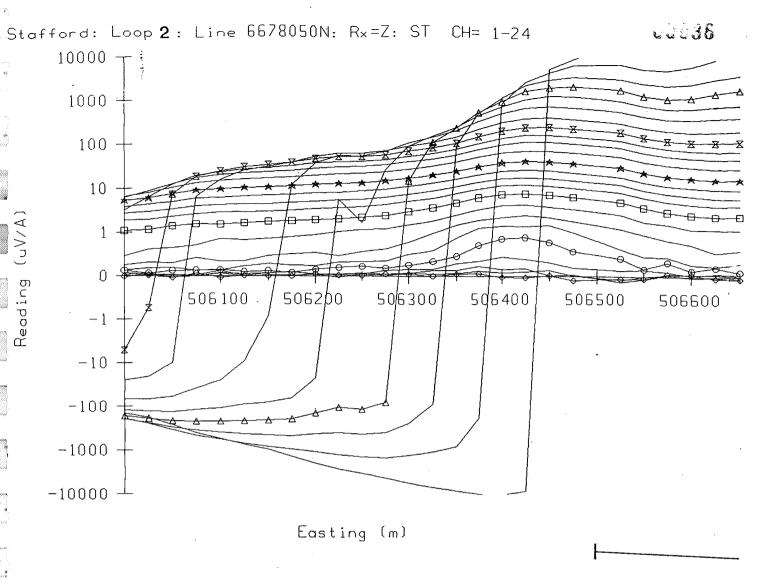


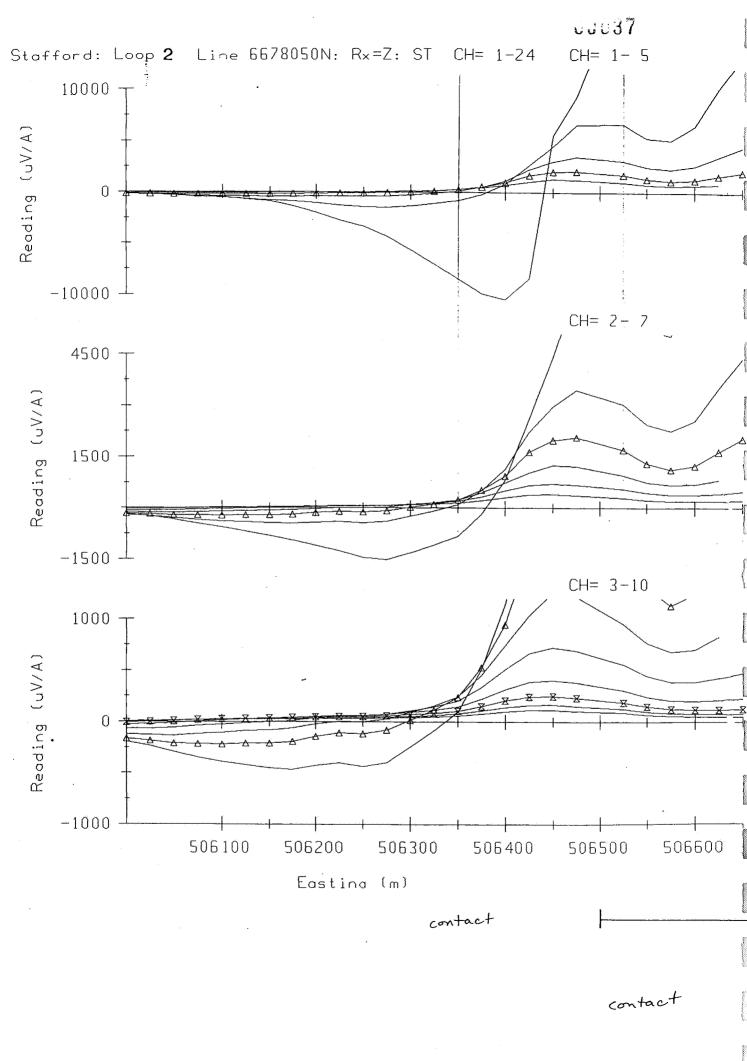


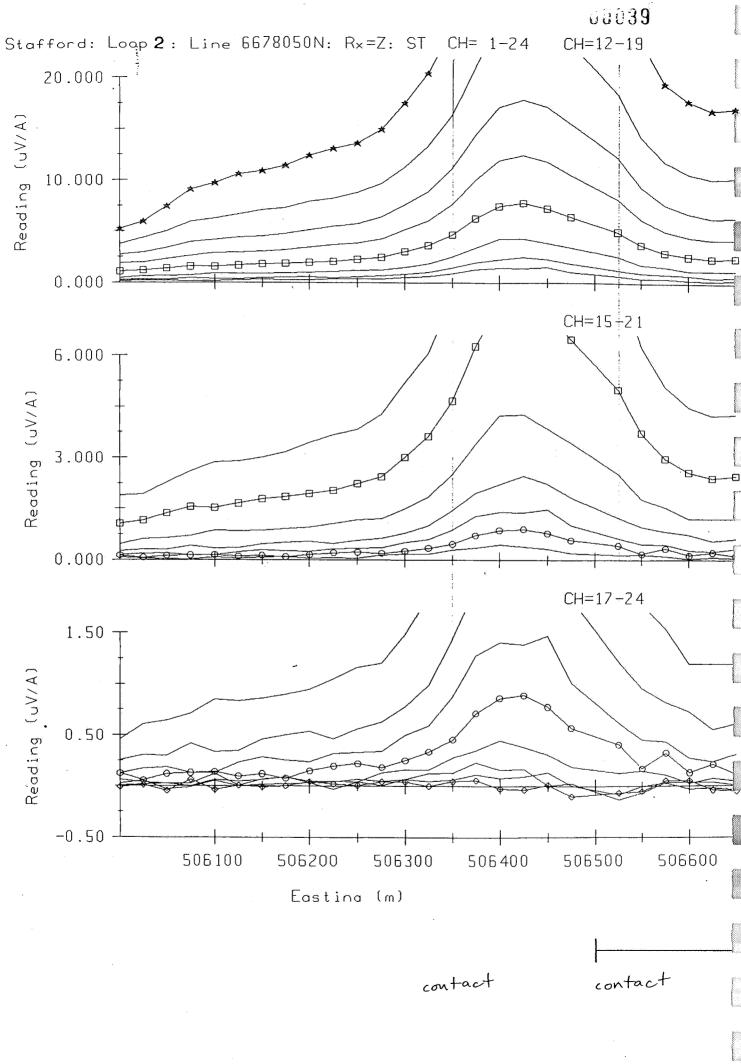
00034 tafford: Loop **2**: Line 6678050N: Rx=Z: ET CH= 1-24 CH=11-20 1500 Reading (uV/A) -1500 -4500CH=13-23 500 -Reading (uV/A) -500 -1500 -CH = 16 - 24Reading (uV/A) -150 -450 50650d 506600 506100 506200 506300

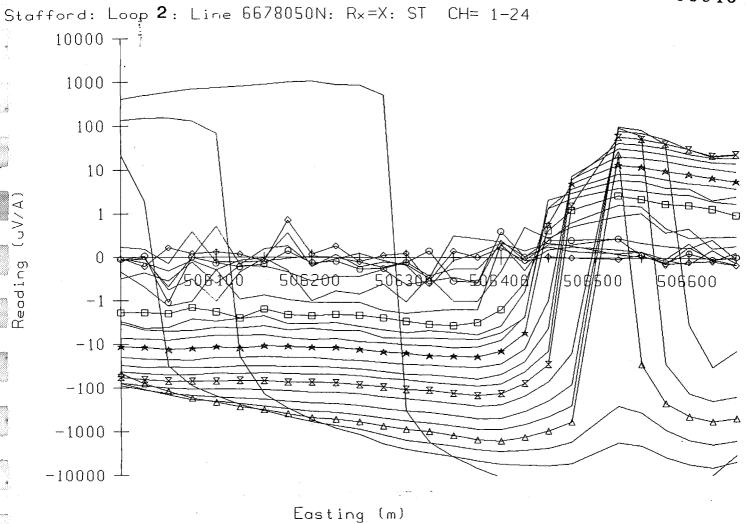
Eastina (m)

Stafford: Loop **2**: Line 6678050N: Rx=Z: ET CH= 1-24 CH = 19 - 2450 Reading (uV/A) -5.0 -150 CH=22-24 Reading (uV/A) -30 -60 -CH = 020.000 Reading (uV/A) 10:000 -0.000 506100 506500 506600 506200 506300 506400 Eastina (m)

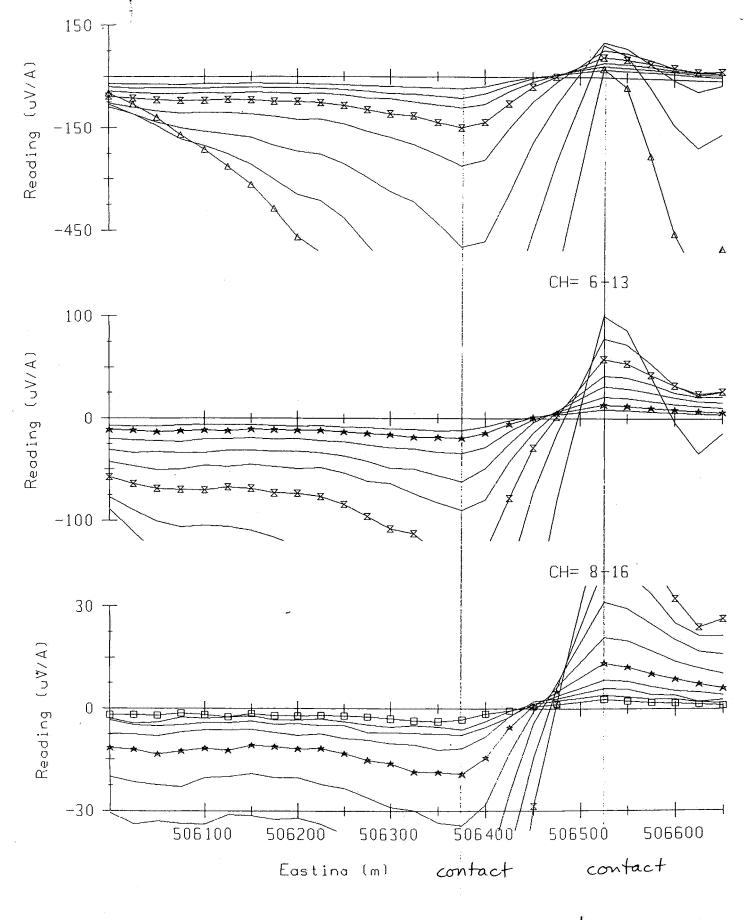


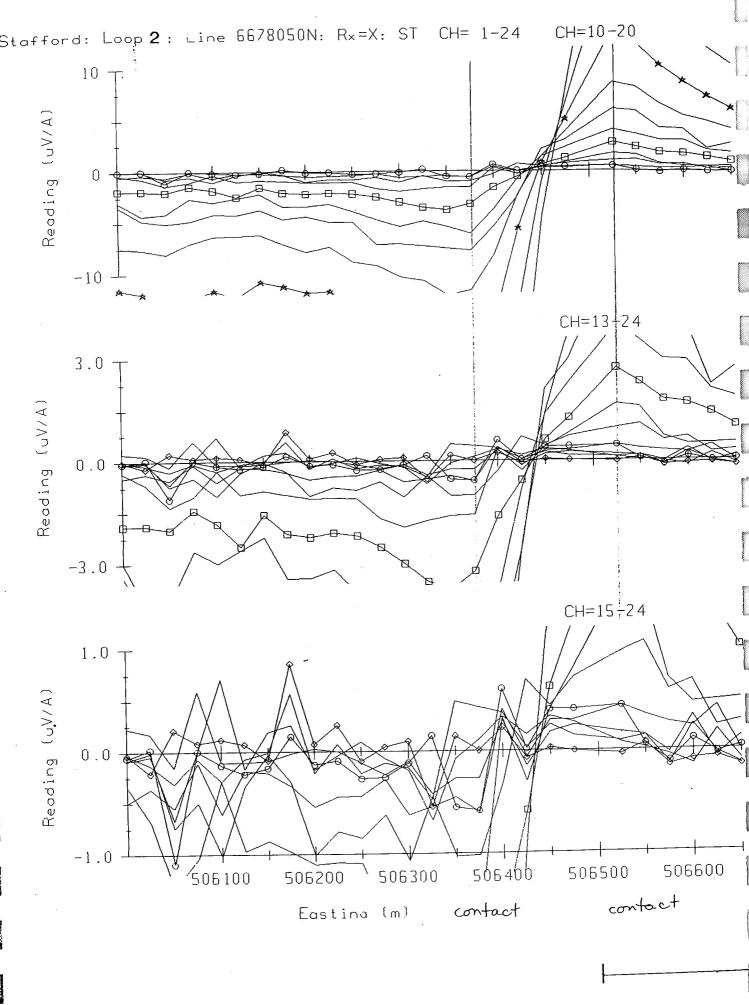






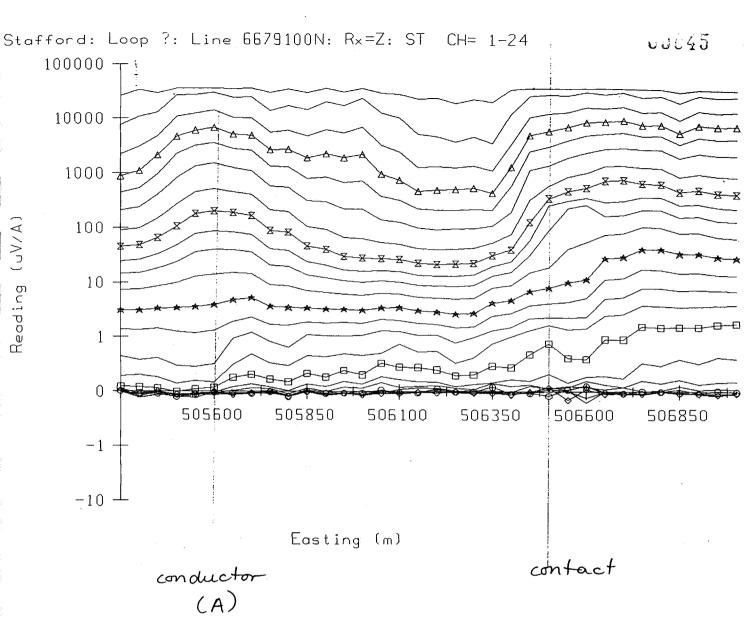
Stafford: Loop **2**: Line 6678050N: Rx=X: ST CH= 1-24 CH= 4-11

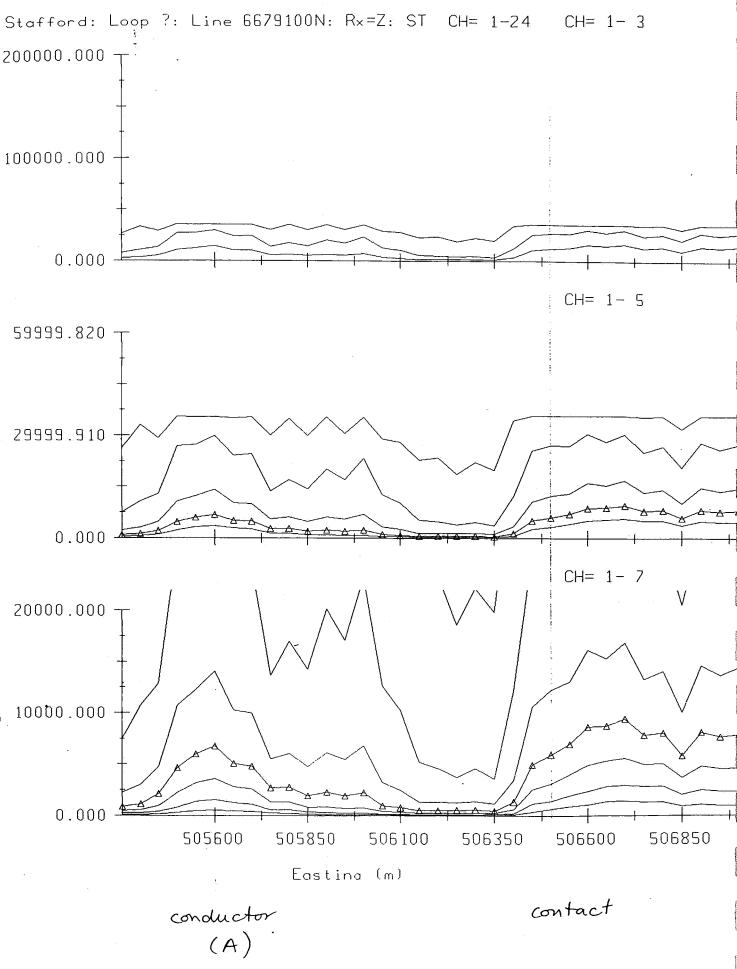


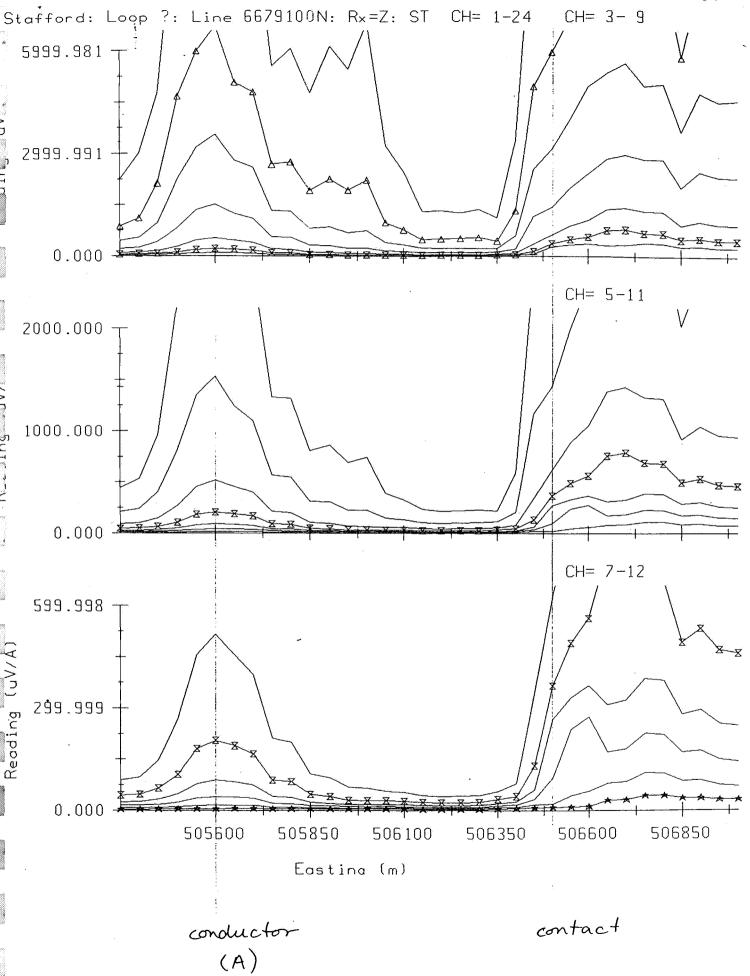


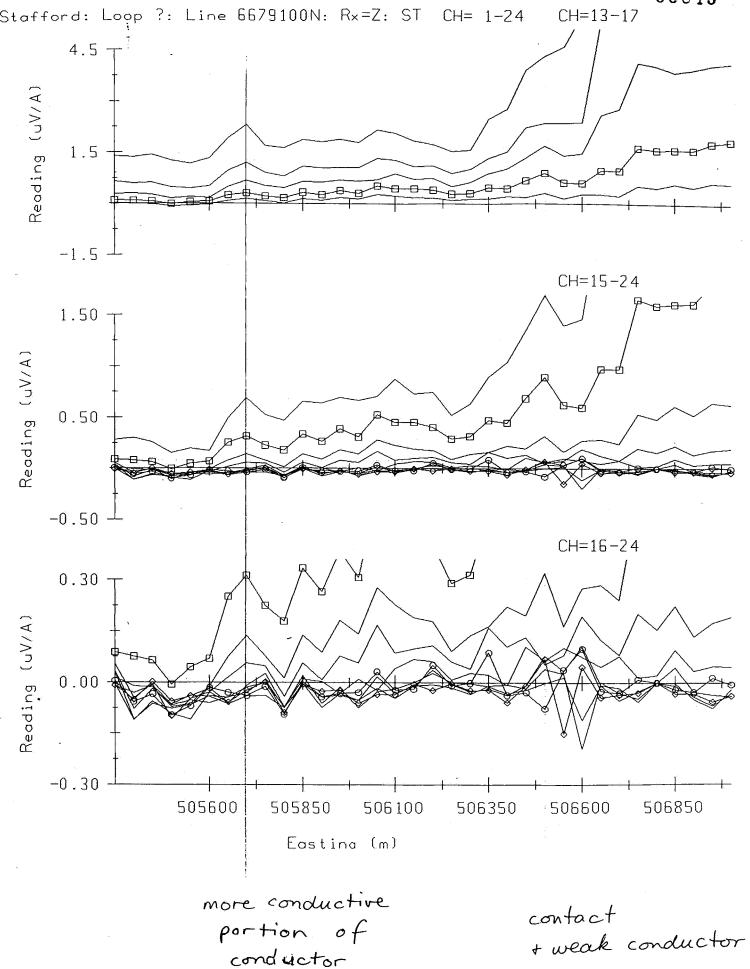
APPENDIX 3

Log-linear, Linear-linear and Decay Curve Plots of Moving and Fixed Loop TEM from Lines 6679100N and 6679400N

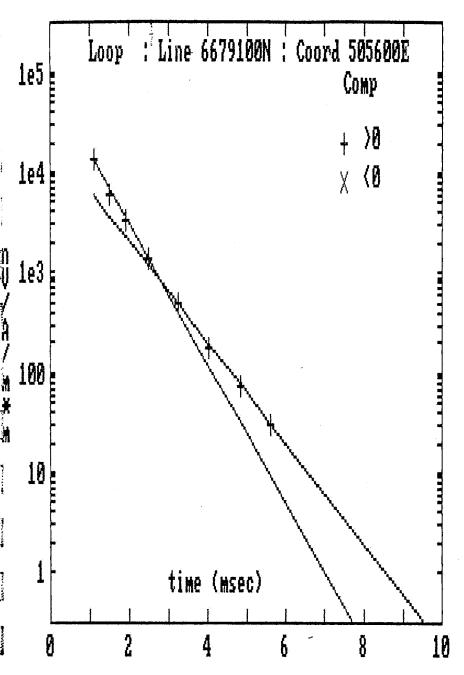






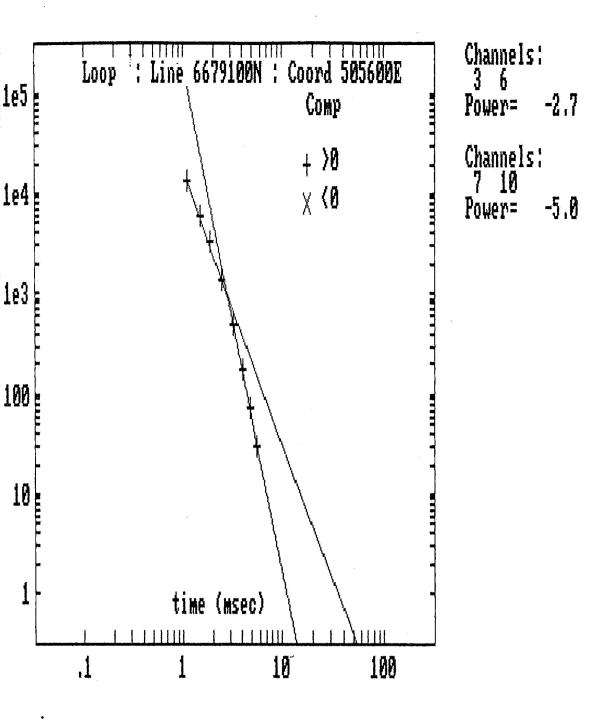


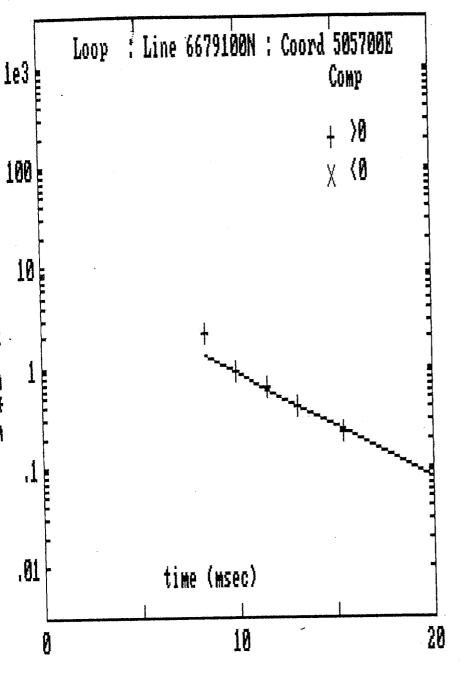
(A)

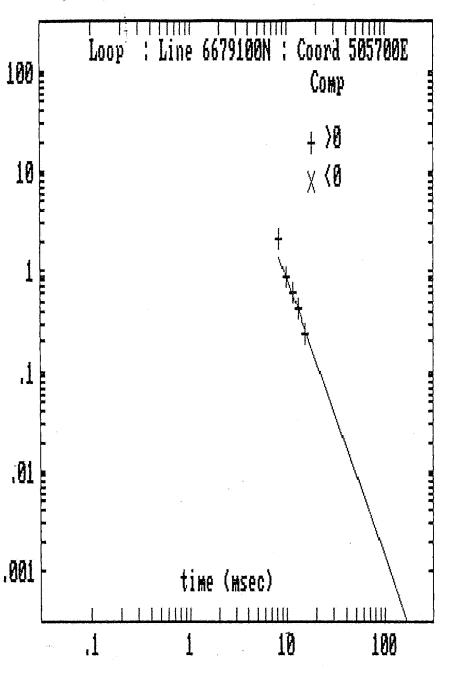


Channels:
3 6
TC= .6 msec
Sigma-t= 20.0 S

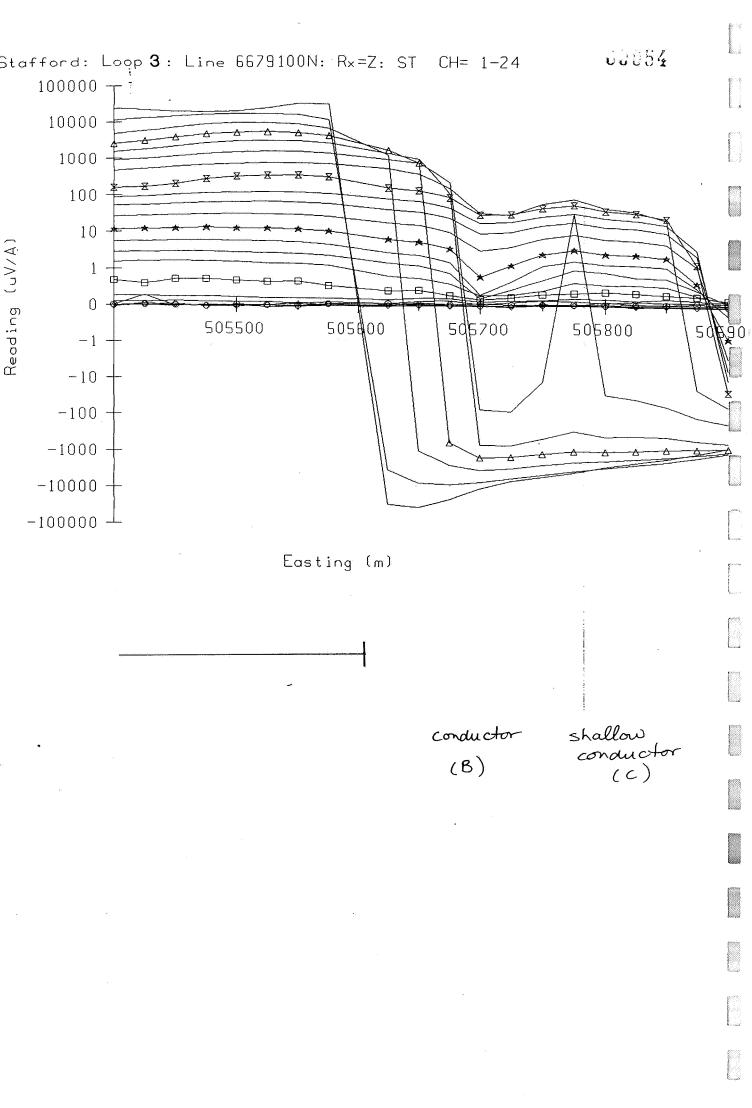
Channels:
7 10
TC= .9 msec
Sigma-t= 27.8 S

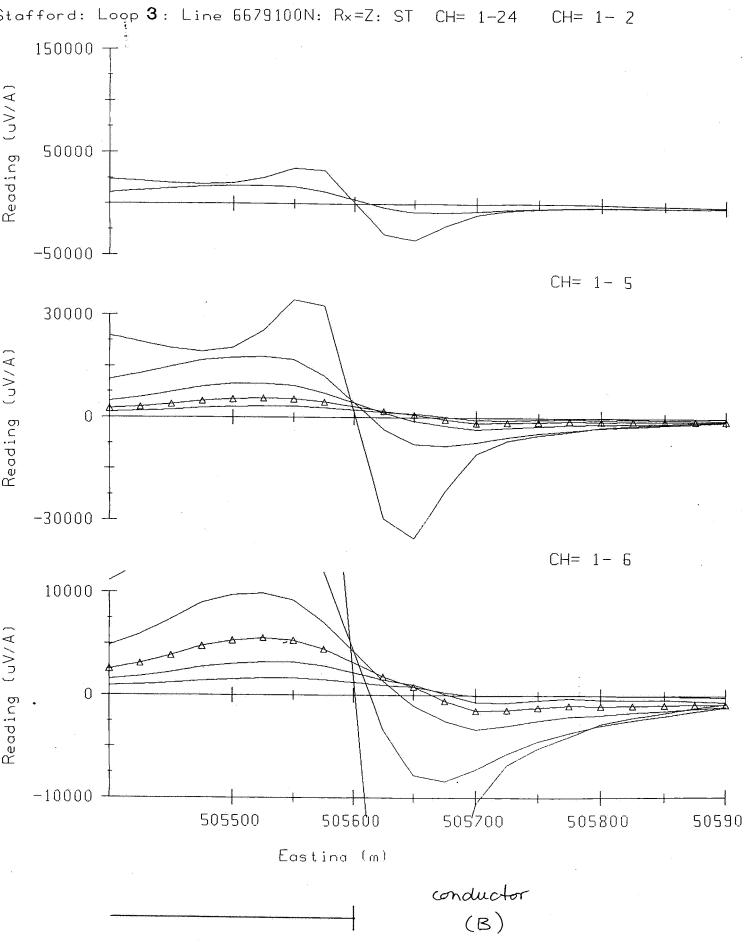


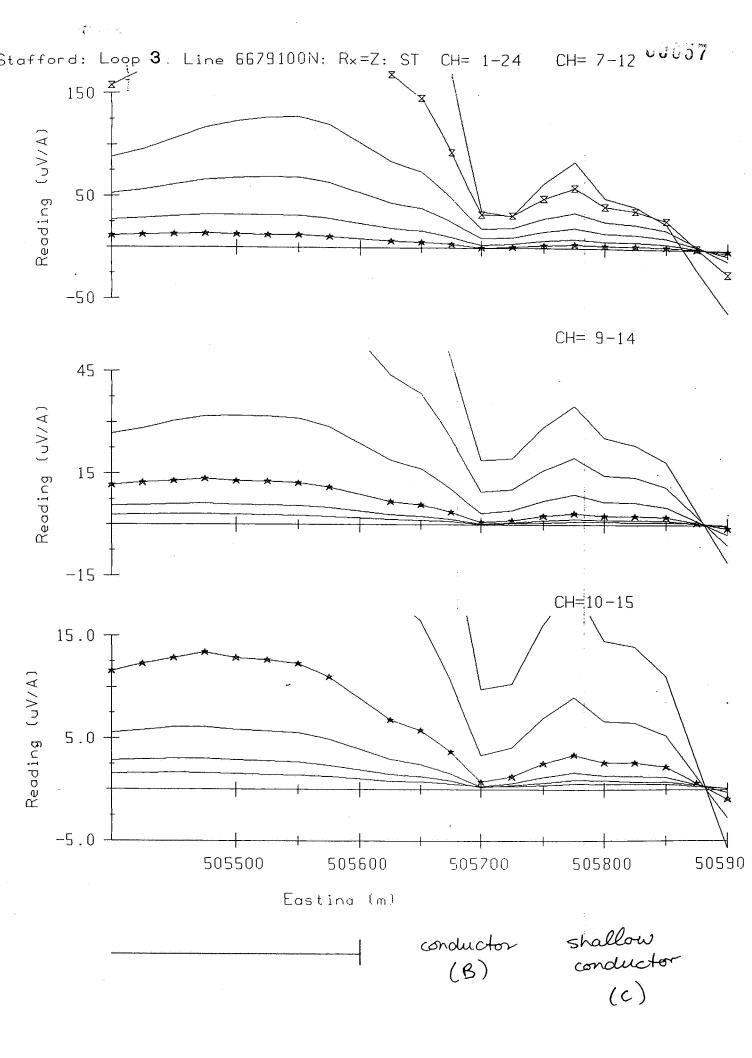




Channels: 13 15 Power= -2.8

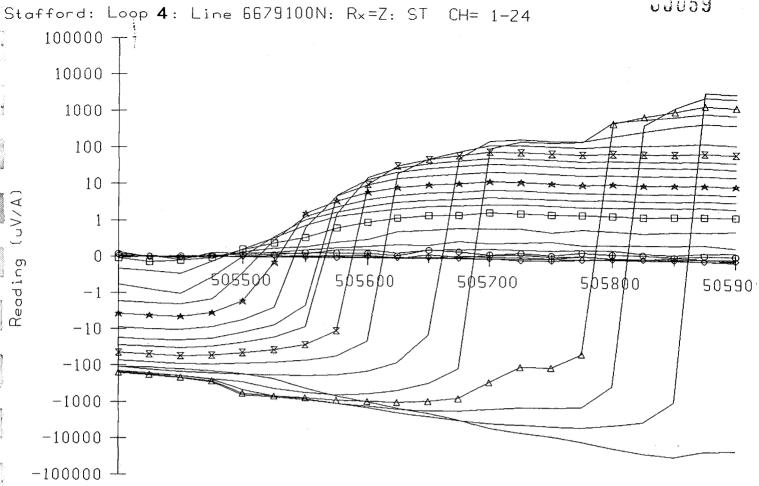




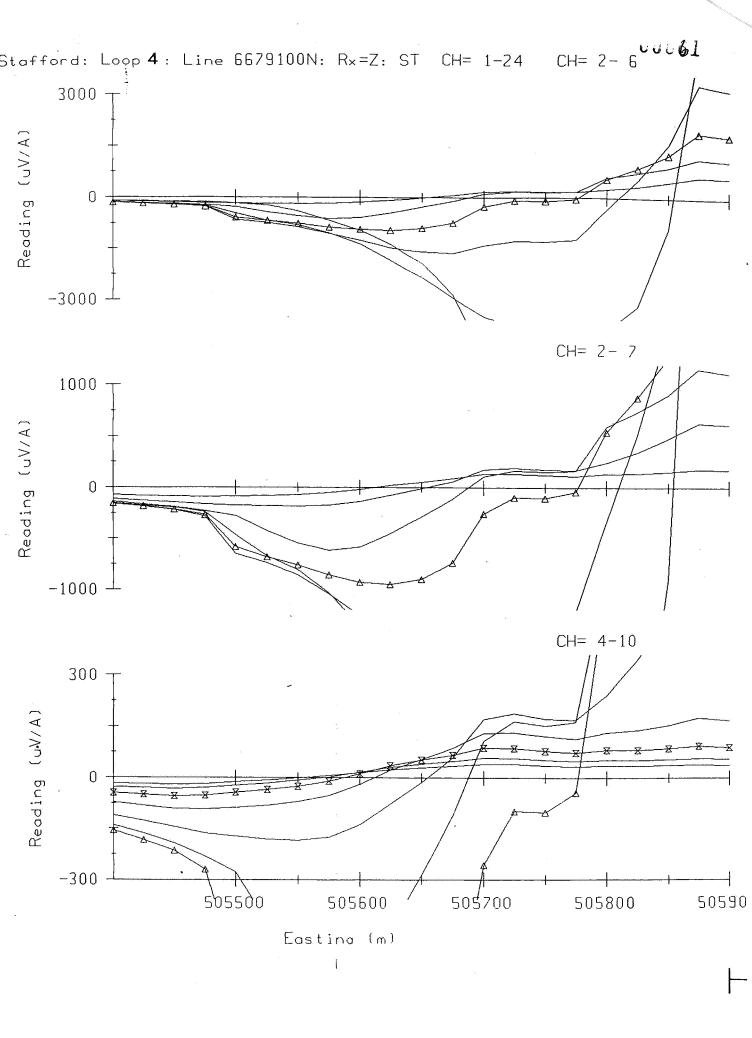


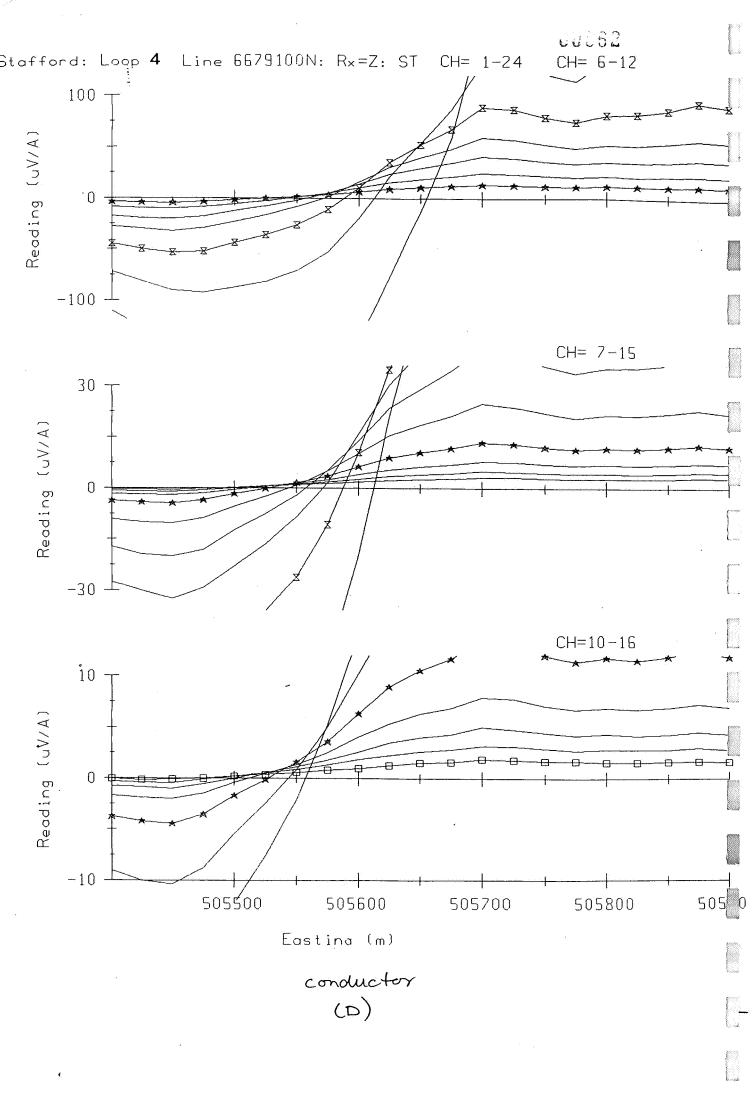
conductor (C)

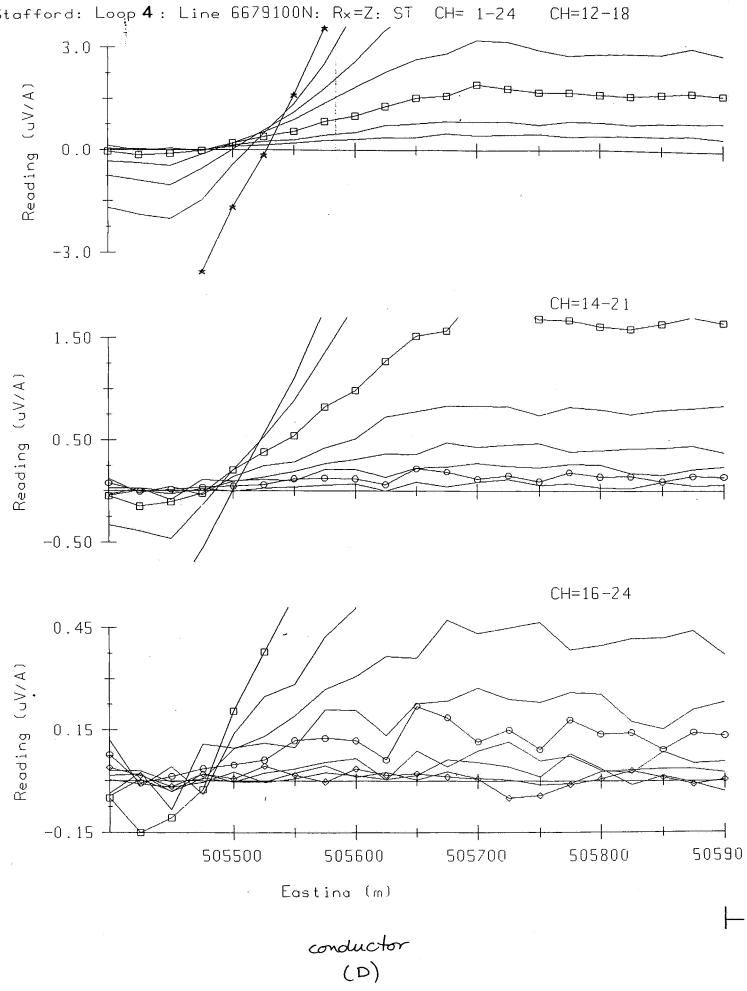
(B)

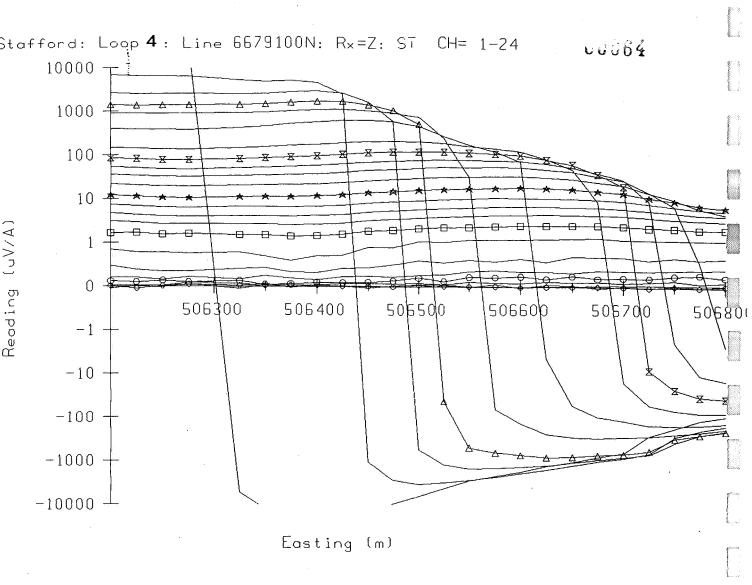


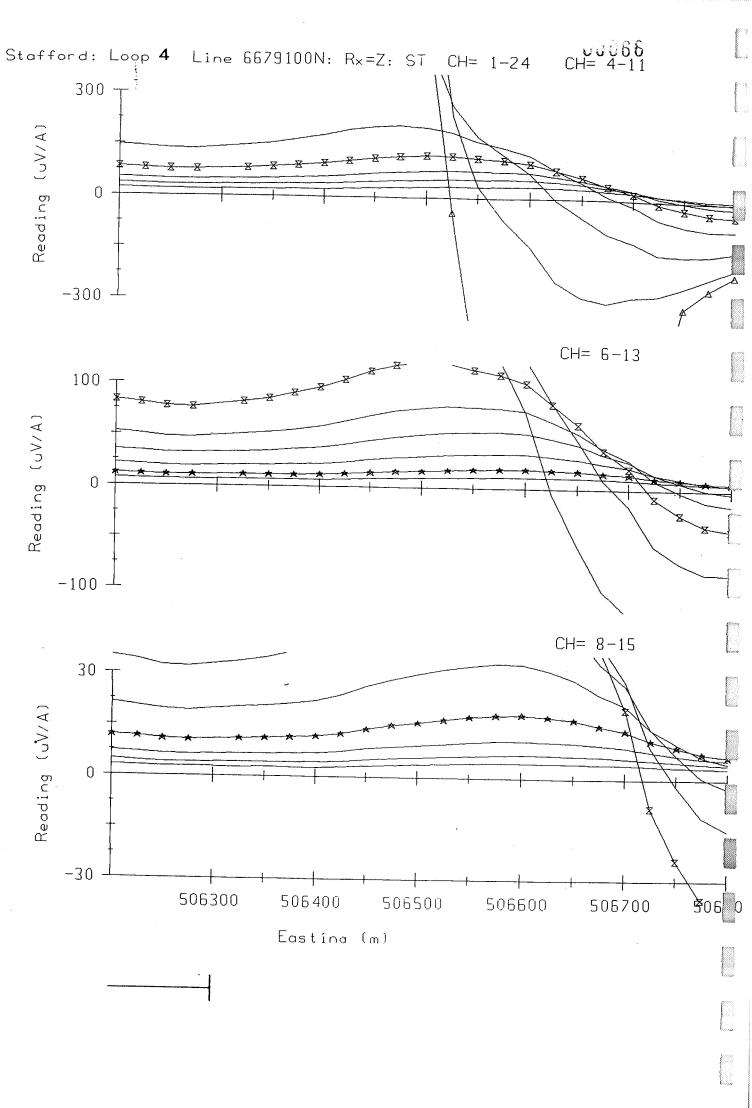
Easting (m)

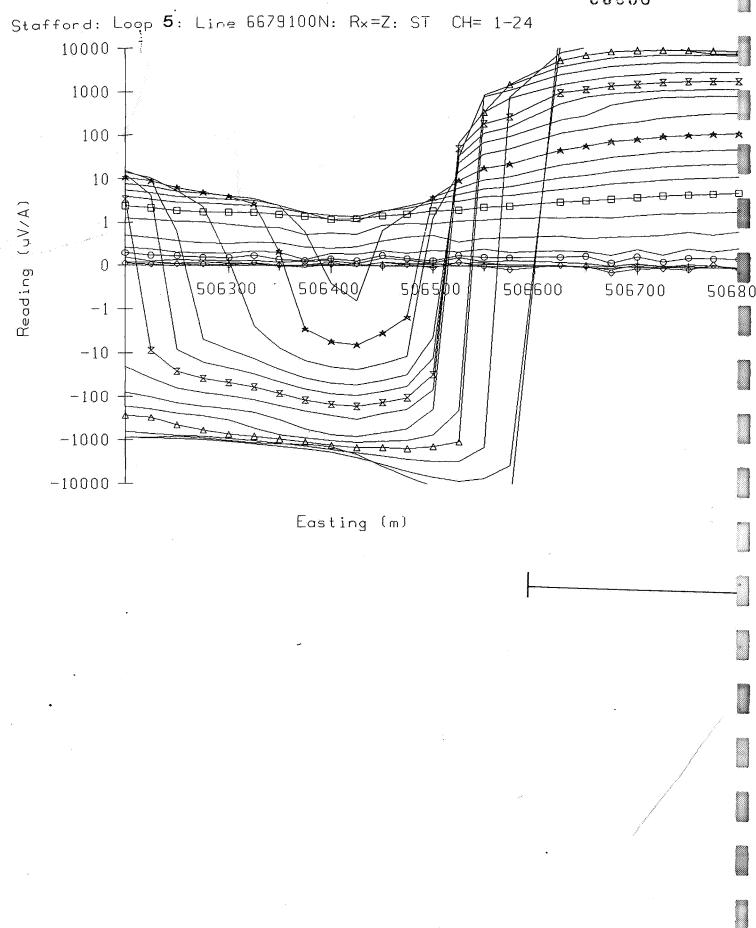


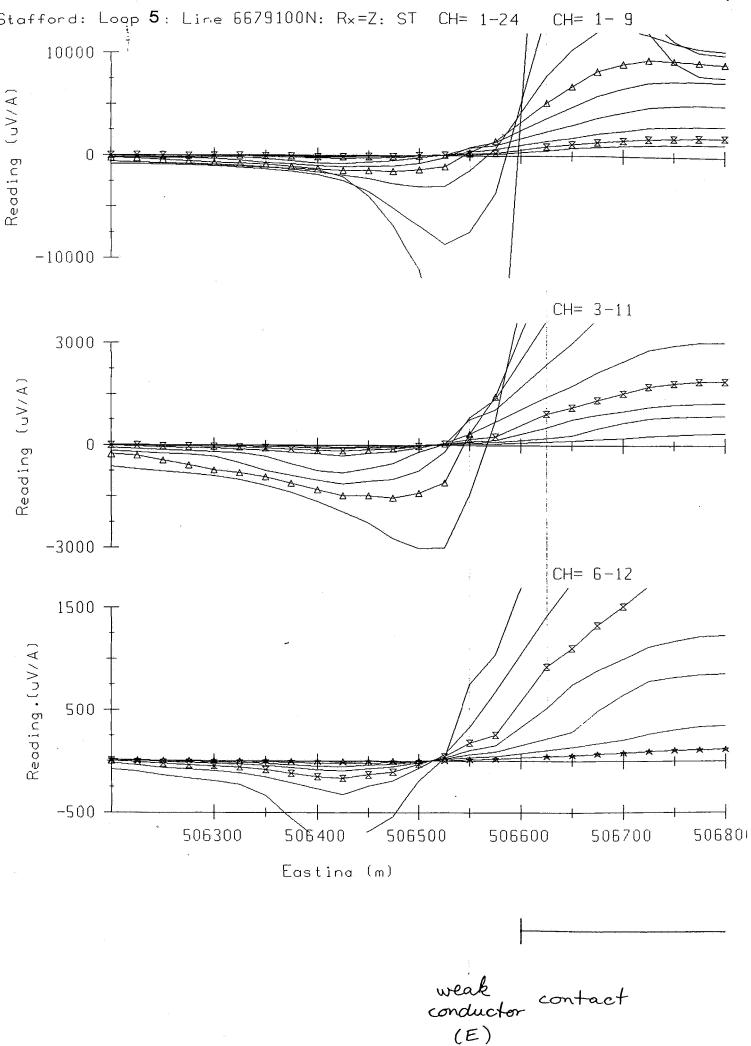


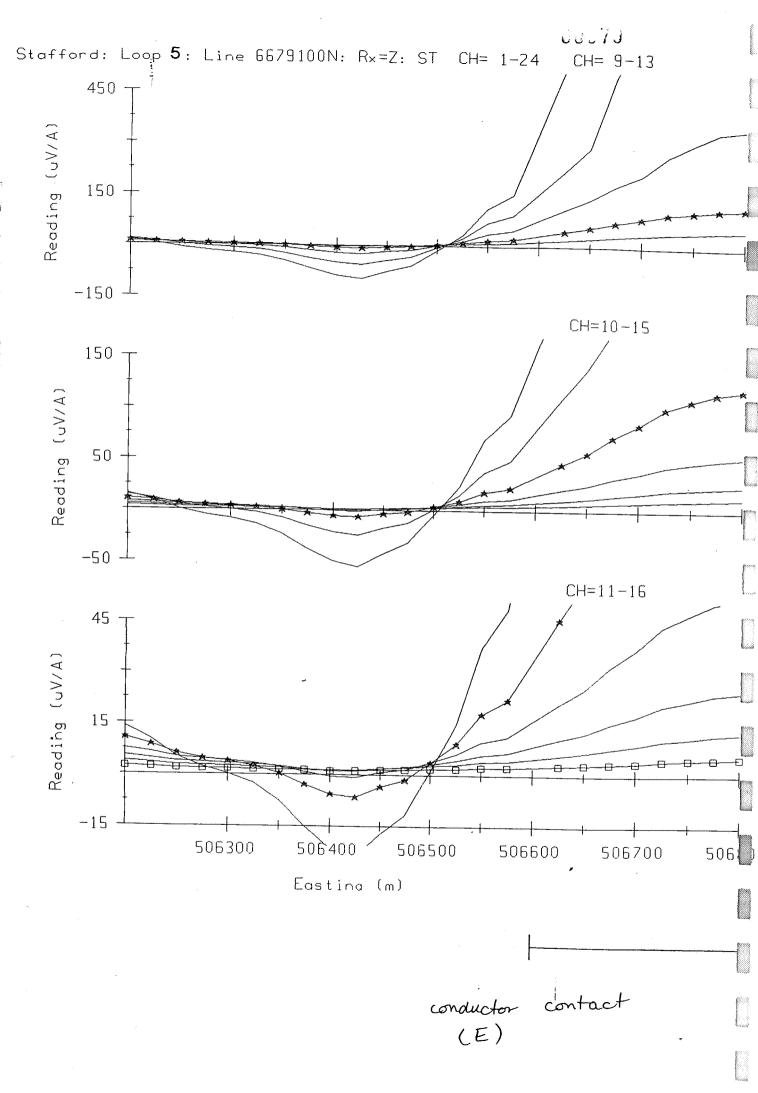


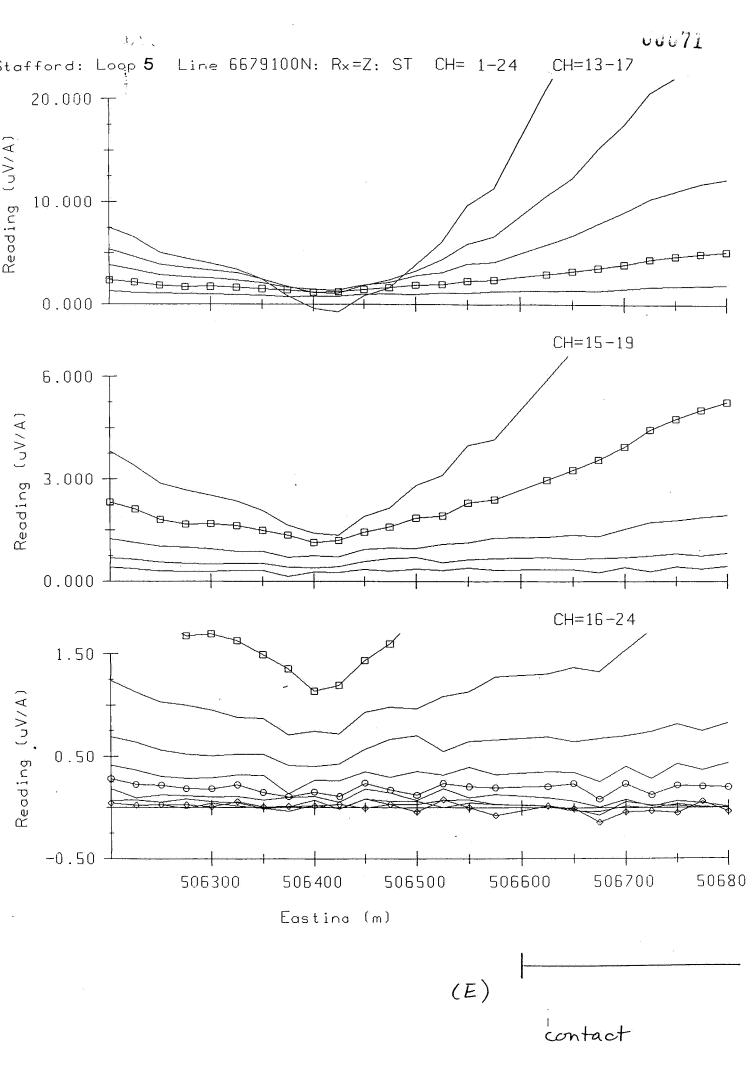


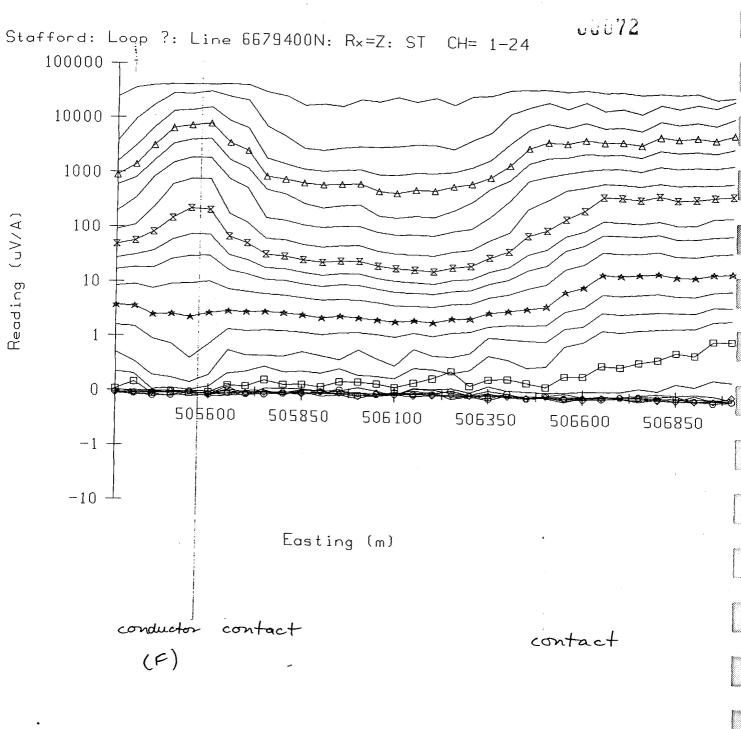


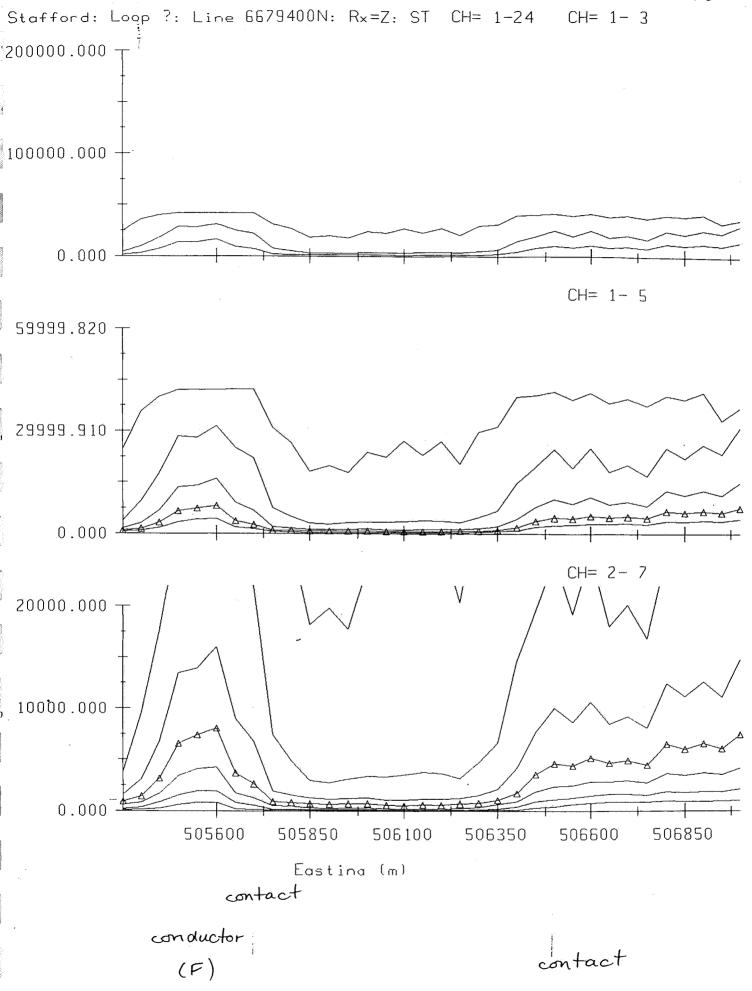


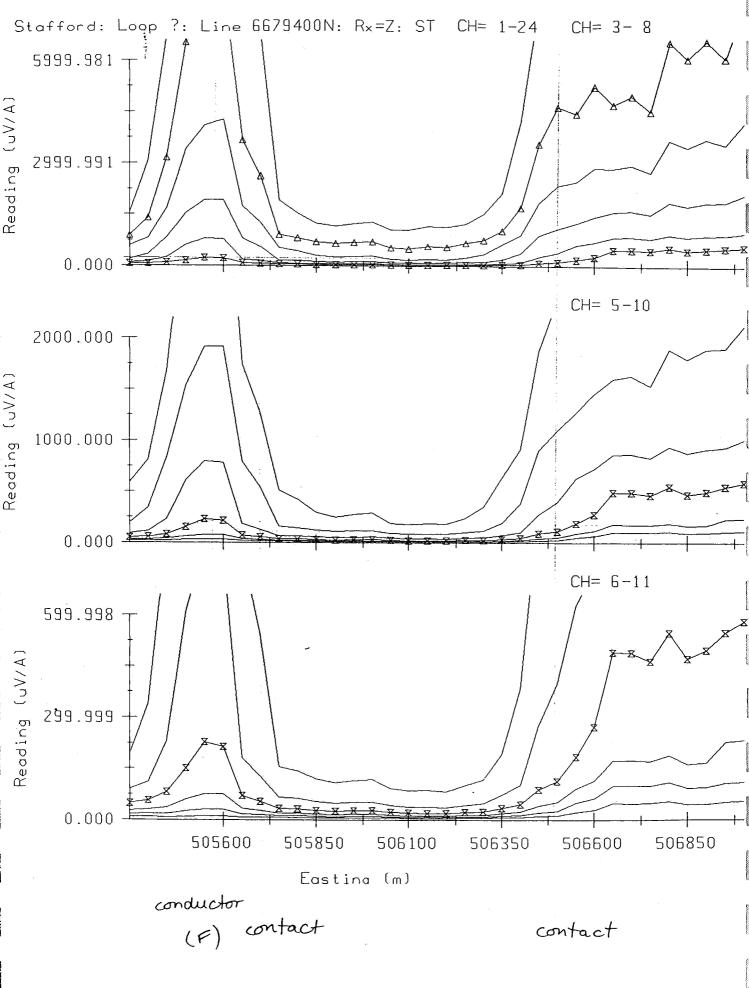


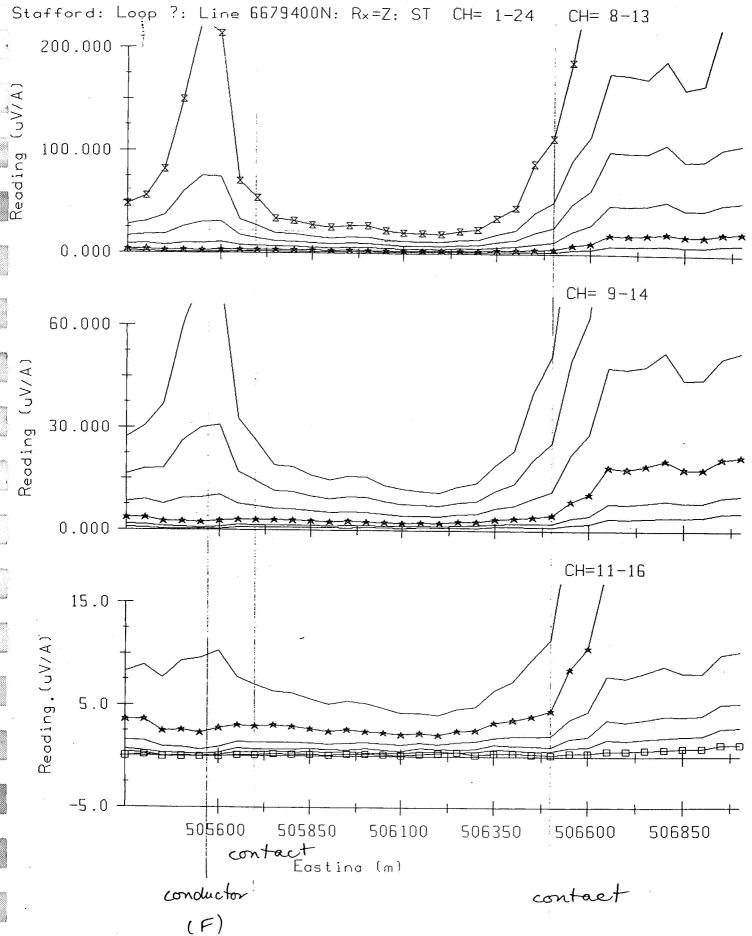


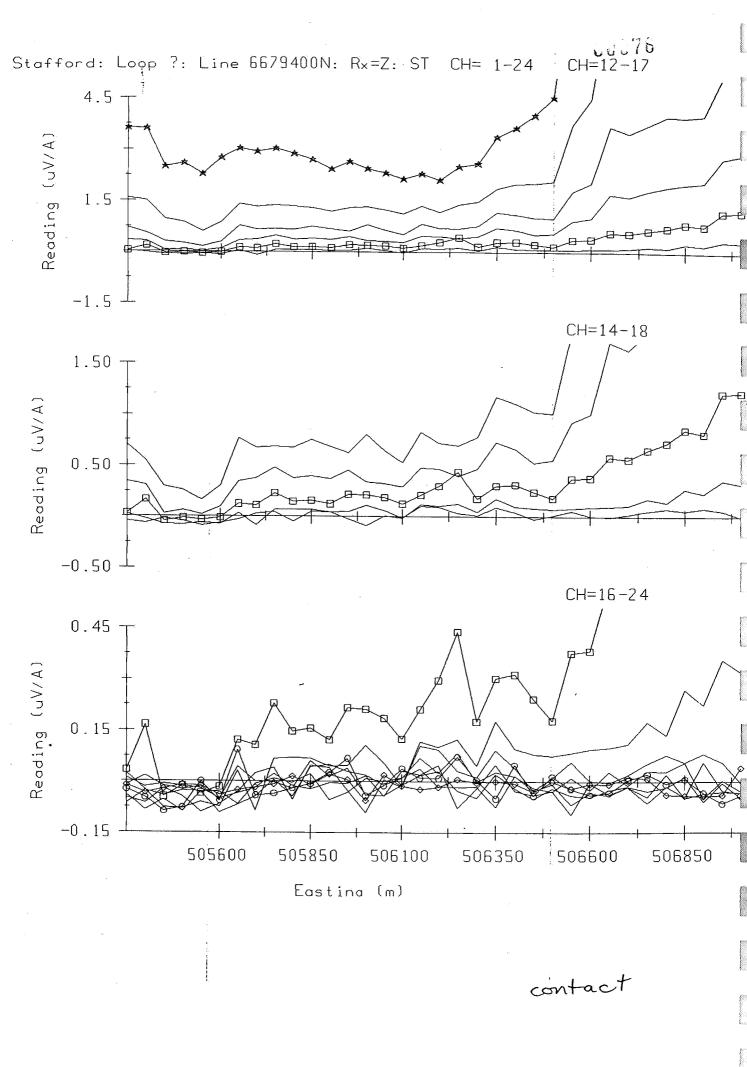


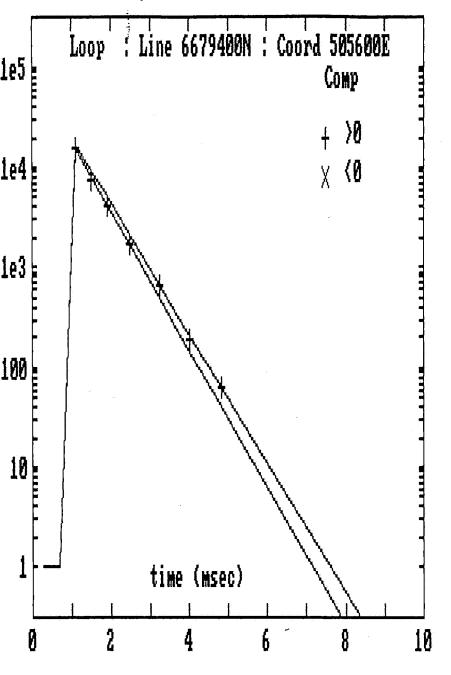


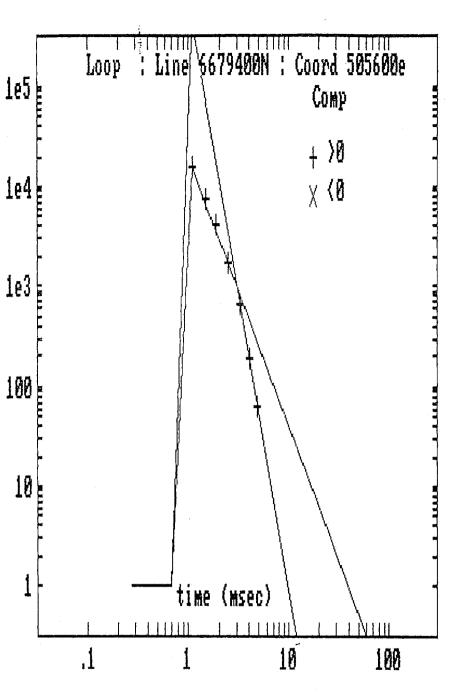










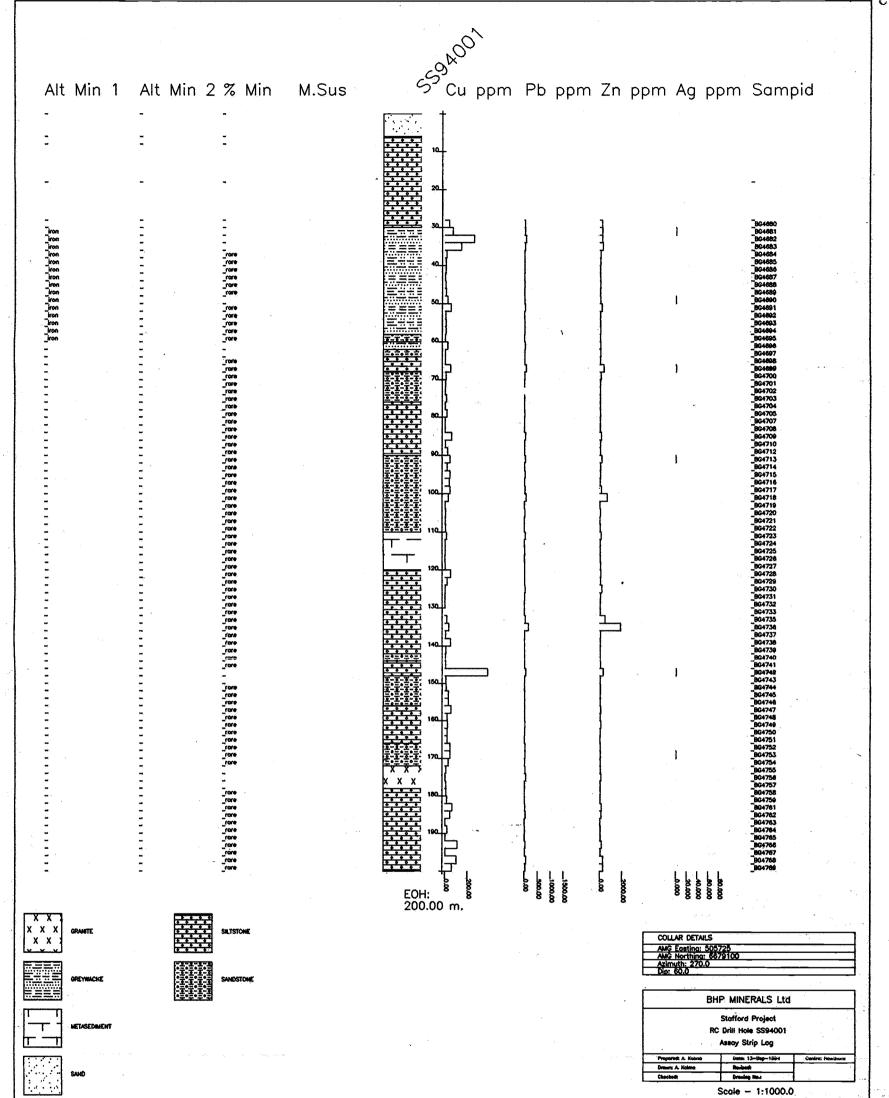


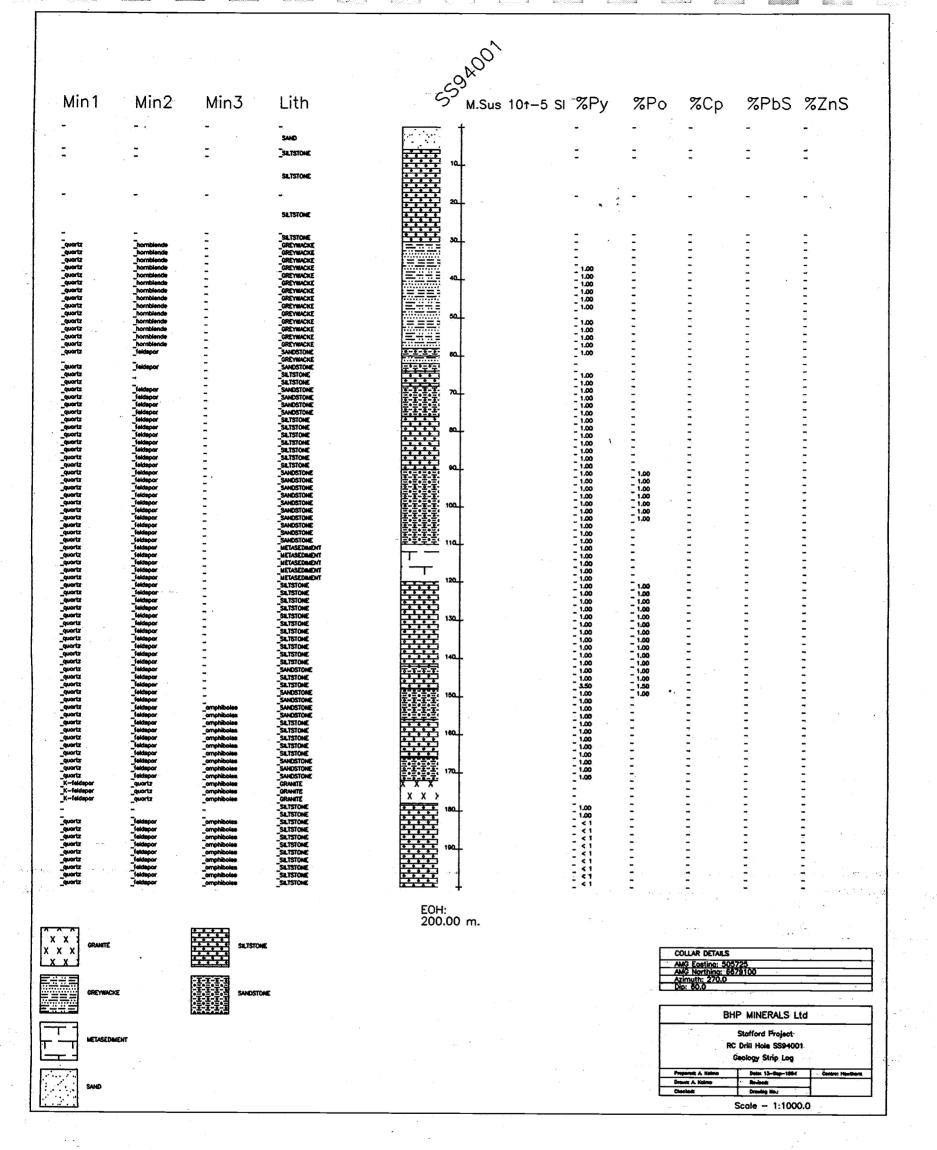
Channels: 3 6 Power= -2.7

Channels: 7 9 Power= -6.0

APPENDIX 4

Drillhole Sections, SS94001





UUU81

APPENDIX 5

English Logs, SS94001

Project : STAFFORD Easting : 505725

Hole Name: SS94001

Northing : 6679100

Hole Length: Amg Zone: 53 Contractor : FRANK WALSH DRILLING

(<<1%)

Locality : STAFFORD S Logged By : STEPHEN MCCAUGHEY

Latitude: Longitude: Inclination: 60 Azimuth: 270

GREYWACKE

Surface Rl : 190

Azimuth : 2/	U			Inclination: 60							
Depth From	- To (m) Sam	ple No.	Rocktype	Minerals	Colour	Pyrite/Pyrrhotite %	% Vein %	Vein Type	Alteration	Magsus
	0	6		siliceous		light -					
				SAND		Tan					
	6.	8		siliceous		Medium light Brown					
				SILTSTONE		(Umber)					
	8	18				Pale (very light) Tan					
				SILTSTONE	•	igii					
	18	28				Pale (very light) Tan					
				SILTSTONE		idii					
;	28	30	BG4680			Pale (very light) Tan				<u> </u>	_
				SILTSTONE		idii					
;	30	32	BG4681	meta-	quartz hornblende	Pale (very light)		rare	quartz	disrupted isolated	
				GREYWACKE	nornotende	Tan		ace (<<1%)		pa iron oxidmnant	
:	32	34	BG4682	meta-	quartz hornblende	Medium light		rare	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
				GREYWACKE	údiuptélide	Grey		ace (<<1%)		pa iron oxidiinant	
3	34	36	BG4683	meta-	quartz hornblende	Medium light		rare	quartz	disrupted isolated	
				GREYWACKE	normoteride	Grey		ace (<<1%)		pa iron oxidmnant	
3	36	38	BG4684	meta-	quartz hornblende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
				GREYWACKE	ijornateride	urcy		(<<1%)		ba 11 oil ox lamianc	
:	38	40	BG4685	meta-	quartz hornblende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace	rare ace	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
				GREYWACKE	lioi inprejide	ui ey		(<<1%)		pa ITOTI OXTONINATIC	
.4	40	42	BG4686	meta-	quartz hornblende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
				GREYWACKE	Horribterde	ui ey		(<<1%)		pa ITOTI OXIGIIIIAITE	E
•	42	44	BG4687	meta-	quartz hornblende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace	rare ace	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	CC CX
				CDEVUACKE	HOLLIDECIME	a. c,	X *	(//1%)		be trott ovidilitatic	(n

Project : STAFFORD Hole Name: SS94001 Easting : 505725

Northing : 6679100

SILTSTONE

Hole Length: Amg Zone: 53 Contractor : FRANK WALSH DRILLING

Locality: STAFFORD S Logged By: STEPHEN MCCAUGHEY

Latitude: Longitude: Azimuth: 270 Inclination: 60

Surface Rl : 190

AZIMUTH : 270	inclination: 60							
Depth From - To (m) Sample No.	. Rocktype	Minerals	Colour	Pyrite/Pyrrhotite %	Vein %	Vein Type	Alteration	Magsus
44 46 BG4688	3 meta- GREYWACKE	quartz hornbl ende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
46 48 BG4689	P meta- GREYWACKE	quartz hornbl ende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
48 50 BG4690	O meta- GREYWACKE	quartz hornbl ende	Medium light Grey		rare ace (<<1%)	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
50 52 BG469 ⁷	Meta- GREYWACKE	quartz hornbl ende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
52 54 BG4692	? meta- GREYWACKE	quartz hornblende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
54 56 BG4693	3 meta- GREYWACKE	quartz hornblende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
56 58 BG4694	meta- GREYWACKE	quartz hornblende	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
58 60 BG469	5 meta- SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	quartz	disrupted isolated pa iron oxidmnant	
60 62 BG4696	6 meta- GREYWACKE		Medium dark Grey					
62 64 BG4697	7 meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium light Grey					
64 66 BG4698	3 meta- SILTSTONE	quartz	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
66 68 BG4699	meta-	quartz	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		9 9 8

Project : STAFFORD Easting : 505725

Hole Name: SS94001

Northing: 6679100

Hole Length: Amg Zone : 53 Contractor : FRANK WALSH DRILLING

Locality: STAFFORD S Logged By: STEPHEN MCCAUGHEY

Latitude : Azimuth : 270 Longitude : Inclination : 60

Surface Rl : 190

Azimuth : 270	0			Inclination : 60							
Depth From	- To	(m) Sa	mple No.	Rocktype	Minerals	Colour	Pyrite/Pyrrhotite %	Vein %	Vein Type	Alteration	Magsus
ć	68	70	BG4700	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
7	70	72	BG4701	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
7	72	74	BG4702	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
7	74	76	BG4703	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium light Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
7	76	78	BG4704	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
7	78	80	BG4705	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
8	80	82	BG4707	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
8	82	84	BG4708	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
8	84	86	BG4709	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
8	86	88	BG4710	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
8	88	90	BG4712	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	trace 1%)	quartz		
Ş	90	92	BG4713	meta- SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)				

Project : STAFFORD Easting : 505725

Latitude :

Azimuth: 270

Hole Name : SS94001 Northing : 6679100

Hole Length: Amg Zone : 53 Surface Rl : 190 Contractor : FRANK WALSH DRILLING

Locality: STAFFORD S Logged By: STEPHEN MCCAUGHEY

Longitude : Inclination: 60

m - To	(m) S	ample No.	Rocktype	Minerals	Colour	Pyrite/Pyrrhotite %	Vein %	Vein Type	Alteration	Magsus
92	94	BG4714	meta- SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)				
94	96	BG4715	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
96	98	BG4716	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
98	100	BG4717	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
100	102	BG4718	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
102	104	BG4719	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
104	106	BG4720	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	epidote		
106	108	BG4721	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	epidote		
108	110	BG4722	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	epidote		
110	112	BG4723	vein METASEDIMENT	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	epidote		
112	114	BG4724	vein METASEDIMENT	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	epidote		
114	116	BG4725	vein METASEDIMENT	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	epidote		

Project : STAFFORD Easting : 505725

Hole Name : SS94001

Northing : 6679100

Hole Length: Amg Zone: 53 Contractor : FRANK WALSH DRILLING

Locality: STAFFORD S Logged By: STEPHEN MCCAUGHEY

Latitude : Azimuth: 270 Longitude: Inclination: 60 Surface Rl : 190

epth From - To	o (m) S	ample No.	Rocktype	Minerals	Colour	Pyrite/Pyrrhotite %	Vein %	Vein Type	Alteration	Magsus
116	118	BG4726	vein METASEDIMENT	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	epidote		
118	120	вс4727	vein METASEDIMENT	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<	rare ace (<<1%)	epidote		
120	122	BG4728	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
122	124	BG4729	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
124	126	BG4730	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
126	128	BG4731	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
128	130	BG4732	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
130	132	BG4733	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	epidote		
132	134	BG4 73 5	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	quartz		
134	136	BG4736	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	quartz		
136	138	BG4737	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	quartz		
138	140	BG4 738	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	quartz		

Project : STAFFORD Easting : 505725 Latitude : Hole Name: SS94001

Azimuth: 270

Northing : 6679100

Hole Length: Amg Zone : 53

Surface Rl: 190

Contractor : FRANK WALSH DRILLING

Locality: STAFFORD S Logged By: STEPHEN MCCAUGHEY

Longitude:

SILTSTONE

amphiboles

Inclination: 60

From - T	o (m) S	Sample No.	Rocktype	Minerals	Colour	Pyrite/Pyrrhotite % V	/ein %	Vein Type	Alteration	Magsus
140	142	BG4739	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medîum dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	quartz		
142	144	BG4740	siliceous vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	quartz	i	
144	146	BG4741	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	quartz		
146	148	BG4742	meta- vein SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar pyroboles	Medium dark Grey	1-2%	rare ace <<1%)	quartz		
148	150	BG4743	meta- vein SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (< widespread trace (<1%)	rare ace <1%)	quartz		
150	152	BG4744	siliceous meta- SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<				
152	154	BG4745	siliceous meta- SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<				
154	156	BG4746	siliceous meta- SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<				
156	158	BG4747	SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphīboles	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<				
158	160	BG4748	SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<				
160	162	BG4749	SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<				
162	164	BG4750	STI TOTONE	quartz feldspar	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<				

Project : STAFFORD Easting : 505725

Hole Name: SS94001

Inclination: 60

SILTSTONE

Hole Length : Northing : 6679100 Amg Zone: 53 Contractor : FRANK WALSH DRILLING

Locality : STAFFORD S Logged By : STEPHEN MCCAUGHEY

Latitude : Azimuth: 270 Longitude:

Surface Rl : 190

amphiboles

			•
Colour	Pyrite/Pyrrhotite %		Magsus
	*		

Depth From - To (m) Sample No.	Rocktype	Minerals	Colour	Pyrite/Pyrrhotite % Vein %	Vein Type	Magsus
164 166 BG4751	SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<		
166 168 BG4 7 52	SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<		
168 170 BG4753	SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<		
170 172 BG4754	siliceous SANDSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium dark Grey	widespread trace (<		
172 174 BG4755	vein GRANITE	K-feldspar quartz amphiboles	Medium light Red			
174 176 BG4756	vein GRANITE	K-feldspar quartz amphiboles	Medium light Red			
176 178 BG4757	Vein GRANITE	K-feldspar quartz amphiboles	Medium light Red			
178 180 BG4758		•	Medium Grey	widespread trace (<		
180 182 BG4759			Medium Grey	widespread trace (<		
182 184 BG4761	meta- SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium Grey	rare trace (<		
184 186 BG4762	e meta- SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphīboles	Medium Grey	rare trace (<		C :
186 188 BG4763	meta-	quartz feldspar	Medium Grey	rare trace (<		(C) (C) (C)

Hole Length:

Contractor : FRANK WALSH DRILLING

Locality: STAFFORD S Logged By: STEPHEN MCCAUGHEY

Project : STAFFORD Easting : 505725 Latitude :

Hole Name : SS94001 Northing : 6679100 Longitude:

Amg Zone : 53 Surface Rl : 190

epth From - To (m) S	ample No.	Rocktype	Minerals	Colour	Pyrite/Pyrrhotite % Vein %	Vein Type	Alteration	Magsus
188 190	BG4764	meta- SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium Grey	rare trace (<			
190 192	BG4765	meta- SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium Grey	rare trace (<	epidote		
192 194	BG4766	meta- SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium Grey	rare trace (<			
194 196	BG4767	meta- SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium Grey	rare trace (<			
196 198	BG4768	meta- SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium Grey	rare trace (<			
198 200	BG4769	meta- SILTSTONE	quartz feldspar amphiboles	Medium Grey	rare trace (<			
andard Samples Logge	ed Samplo	Number From To						

Duplicate Samples logged	Sample Number	From	To
SS94001 SS94001	BG4706 BG4734	80 130	82 132
ss94001	BG4760	180	182

APPENDIX 6

Assay Results, SS94001

BHP Mine	rals - S	outher	n Pro	terozoi	ic Logsh	eet (Pa	age No '	1	of 2)						
ile ID	Sample	From	То	AuAv	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Co	Fe	Mn	Ni	P	Ars	U	Flag
ss94001	BG4680	28	30	02	40	 2E	220			 - /-			7/0	47		
SS94001	BG4681	30	32	02	70	25 25	220 250	5 1	25 30	5.45 6.4	500 1000	.55 .80	340 580	13 14		OB OB
94001	BG4682	32	34	.02	260	70	230	5	16	7.65	820	60	360	15		OB
_394001	BG4683	34	36	02	145	30	270	5	13	9.75	1300	55	530	14		ОВ
SS94001	BG4684	36	38	02	15	11	90	5	11	4.14	640	35	350	6		OB
94001	BG4685	38	40	02	10	10	60	5	14	5.15	580	50	580	8		OB
94001 5594001	BG4686 BG4687	40 42	42 44	02 02	10 4	10 6	50 45	5 5	11 10	4.16	390	45	460	13		OB
SS94001	BG4688	44	46	02	6	7	80	5	7	4.16 7.5	370 790	40 50	380 740	10 15		OB OB
94001	BG4689	46	48	02	11	5	45	5	11	5.5	440	55	770	14		OB
94001	BG4690	48	50	02	25	8	70	.5	8	7.55	710	55	1100	19		ОВ
SS94001	BG4691	50	52	02	55	35	185	5	8	9.9	1100	.60	1460	13		OB
SS94001	BG4692	52	54	02	.8	6	35	5	8	4.46	340	40	330	14		ОВ
94001 94001	BG4693 BG4694	54 56	56 58	02 02	10 10	10 13	40	5	6	6.5	510	50	1080	17		OB
SS94001	BG4695	58	60	02	3	5	75 50	5 5	6 3	7.55 3.46	690 490	55 30	1450 200	12 6		OB OB
~§94001	BG4696	60	62	02	25	30	60	5	5	7.35	560	35	1760	60		OB
94001	BG4697	62	64	02	3	12	70	5	4	5.8	560	45	1960	14		OB
್ವ94001	BG4698	64	66	02	3	7	55	5	4	3.54	460	35	270	8		OB
SS94001	BG4699	66	68	02	50	70	370	1	17	5.2	790	45	670	40		OB
94001	BG4700	68	70	02	10	12	125	5	8	4.4	670	40	310	19		OB
94001 \$\$94001	BG4701 BG4702	70 72	72 74	02 02	.5 2	4 -3	45 40	5 5	5 6	4.08 3.72	340 370	45 50	260 290	4		OB
SS94001	BG4703	74	76	02	14	4	40	5	9	4.4	370	45	290	7		OB OB
94001	BG4704	76	78	02	4	5	55	5	10	4.86	430	55	490	8		OB
94001	BG4705	78	80	02	18	8	70	5	10	6.25	470	55	860	12		OB
SS94001	BG4707	80	82	02	2	5	50	5	12	4.8	420	60	430	13		OB
SS94001	BG4708	82	84	02	2	6	55	5	9	5.5	530	60	650	6		OB
94001 94001	BG4709 BG4710	84 86	86 88	02 02	60 5	50 7	165 65	5 5	12 9	7.25 6.9	510 590	50 55	1780 690	35 10		OB
SS94001	BG4712	88	90	02	25	9	75	5	12	8	690	65	1500	9		OB OB
~594001	BG4713	90	92	02	45	40	185	.5	18	4.8	690	45	300	70		OB
94001	BG4714	92	94	02	19	11	60	5	9	3.72	450	40	270	10		ОВ
JJ94001	BG4715	94	96	02	45	25	70	5	1,3	4.52	400	55	330	20		OB
SS94001	BG4716	96	98	02	40	17	50	5	8	5.15	430	45	320	40		OB
94001 94001	BG4717 BG4718	98 100	100 102	02 02	45 30	35 70	145 680	5 5	9 7	4.02 5	400	40 50	260	20		OB
SS94001	BG4719	102	104	02	.30 4	6	30	5 5	13	3.92	590 250	50 55	300 360	60 9		OB OB
SS94001	BG4720	104	106	02	8	20	60	5	7	5	520	50	580	11		OB
94001	BG4721	106	108	02	5	6	30	5	5	3.68	340	40	280	5		OB
94001	BG4722	108	110	02	6	6	40	5	6	4.68	300	55	340	7		OB
SS94001	BG4723	110	112	02	15	40	135	5	8	3.52	320	50	300	13		OB
SS94001 94001	BG4724	112	114	02	3	6	50	5	5	5.05	430	60	860	8		OB
394001	BG4725 BG4726	114 116	116 118	02 02	2 1	7 4	45 40	5 5	4 6	5.45 5.15	480 500	55 60	420 570	5 5		OB OB
SS94001	BG4727	118	120	02	3	8	75	5	6	6.1	600	60	1020	4		OB
2394001	BG4728	120	122	02	50	17	90	5	7	8.5	780	60	1480	19		OB
94001	BG4729	122	124	02	20	16	70	5	4	5.65	550	25	3700	13		OB
SS94001	BG4730	124	126	02	4	25	210	5	5	8.45	1240	50	2400	19		OB
SS94001	BG4731	126	128	02	1	11	80	5	4	5.3	770	45	420	8		OB
94001 94001	BG4732 BG4733	128 130	130 132	02 02	1 -1	6 6	55 40	5 5	5	5.1	640	40	480	9		OB
SS94001	BG4735	132	134	02	17	45	40 470	5 5	4 3	4.14 5.6	420 890	35 25	560 260	7 50		OB OB
SS94001	BG4736	134	136	02	35	145	1850	5	11	11.1	1580	40	1180	35		OB
94001	BG4737	136	138	02	7	8	60	5	6	5.35	790	35	670	35		OB
94001	BG4738	138	140	02	50	5	55	5	6	4.56	610	25	750	13		ОВ
SS94001	BG4739	140	142	02	10	5	50	5	4	3.82	500	25	770	4		OB
SS94001	BG4740	142	144	02	5	9	55	5	5	4.62	580	30	1340	4		0B
94001 - 94001	BG4741 BG4742	144	146 148	02	8 380	8 50	70 710	5 5	.6 16	6.15	820 1040	45 45	1000	9		OB
SS94001	BG4742	146 148	150	.02 02	380 9	50 9	310 50	.5 5	16 8	7 3. 86	1060 300	45 40	3300 370	290 70		DS OB
94001	BG4744	150	152	02	12	5	45	5	13	3.74	280	50	340	17		OB OB
1 1 2						-							0			

																6663
SS94001	BG4745	152	154	02	30	16	55	5	15	3.7	290	50	370	35		ОВ
SS94001	BG4746	154	156	02	30	12	45	5	13	4.14	310	50	370	25		08
SS94001	BG4747	156	158	02	55	16	85	5	12	5.85	880	50	480	25		OB
SS94001	BG4748	158	160	02	19	8	55	5	15	5.1	350	60	760	25		OB
SS94001	BG4749	160	162	02	25	19	105	5	9	6.15	870	50	620	14		OB
SS94001	BG4750	162	164	02	20	9	55	5	16	5.35	380	55	800	25		OB
SS94001	BG4751	164	166	02	20	6	.30	5	11	3.9	250	45	380	17		ОВ
SS94001	BG4752	166	168	02	45	25	40	5	15	3.64	260	45	370	35		OB
SS94001	BG4753	168	1,70	.02	45	25	65	.5	16	4.66	340	55	590	25		OB
SS94001	BG4754	170	172	02	30	16	40	5	14	3.96	510	45	410	18		OB
SS94001	BG4755	172	174	02	10	35	65	5	-2	2.76	440	6	20	.5		C2
SS94001	BG4756	174	176	02	3	60	100	5	-2	2.16	310	-5	5	5		OB
SS94001	BG4757	176	178	02	9	14	45	5	5	2.16	220	18	210	1.4		OB
SS94001	BG4758	178	180	02	12	6	45	5	9	3.5	440	35	450	1.0		C3
SS94001	BG4759	180	182	02	17	7	50	5	15	4.98	390	55	1040	17		OB
SS94001	BG4761	182	184	02	65	20	145	5	17	9.6	800	60	2600	30		OB
\$\$94001	BG4762	184	186	02	45	45	135	5	9	9.55	920	55	2800	30		OB
SS94001	BG4763	186	188	02	3	5	25	5	17	4.92	430	60	490	30		OB
S S94001	BG4764	188	190	02	20	9	45	5	17	6.85	630	70	1220	35		OB
BHP Mine	rals - S	outher	n Pro	terozo	ic Logshe	et (Pa	age No i	2	of 2)						
Hole ID	ħ.	From	To	AuAv	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Co	Fe	Mn	Ni	P	Ars	U	Flag
		400	400									-,			-,,,-	
SS94001	BG4765	190	192	02	4	.6 	45	5	12	6.25	570	55	1060	9		OB
SS94001	BG4766	192	194	02	110	30	145	5	10	9.45	600	40	3850	30		ОВ
SS94001	BG4767	194	196	02	2	8	50	5	5	5.65	440	50	1020	.4		ОВ
SS94001	BG4768	196	198	02	100	60	270	5	8		1400	60	980	11		OB
SS94001	BG4769	198	200	02	60	35	280	5	8	10.8	1640	70	870	20		OB

