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EL 1117

SHEOAK HILL

PROGRESS REPORTS FOR THE PERIOD 15/3/83 TO 14/3/88

Submitted by
Shell Co. of Australia Ltd, Billiton Australia and Western Mining Corp. Ltd
1988

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CONTENTS ENVELOPE 5545

TENEMENT: E.L. 1117 - Sheoak Hill.

TENEMENT HOLDER: The Shell Company Of Australia Ltd.

REPORT: Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 15th June 1984. Pgs. 3-⁷/₈
Report No. 08.2310.

PLANS: Sheoak Hill E.L. Location Plan. Drg. No. A/MT 22/121. Fig. 1. Pg. 8
Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles. Sheets 1, 2, 5, 6 & 7. 5545-1 To 5
Drg. No. A/FD 05/006 To A/FD 05/010. Figs. 2 To 6.
Magnetic Profile Line 35N. Fig. 7. Pg. 9
36N. Fig. 8. Pg. 10
37N. Fig. 9. Pg. 11
38N. Fig. 10. Pg. 12
39N. Fig. 11. Pg. 13
40N. Fig. 12. Pg. 14
44N. Fig. 13. Pg. 15
45N. Fig. 14. Pg. 16
46N. Fig. 15. Pg. 17

REPORT: Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 15th September 1984. Pgs. 18-21
Report No. 08.2554.
Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 15th December 1984.. Pgs. 22-26
Report No. 08.2674.

APPENDIX 1: Rock Chip Geochemistry. EL 1117 Pgs. 27-28

PLANS: Summary Of Ground Reconnaissance & Sample Locations. Pg. 29
Drg. No. A/FK 23/001. Fig. 2.

REPORT: Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 15th March 1985. Pgs. 30-34
Report E.L. 08.2851. D.
Appendix
Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 15th June 1985. Pgs. 35-42
Report No. 008.2856. Pgs. 40-42
Appendix

PLANS: Residual Magnetic Intensity Contours-Barna. Drg. No. 5545-6
A/FK 23/010. Fig. 2.

<u>PLANS:</u> Magnetic Variation Contours-Barna. Drg. No. A/FK 23/009.	5545-7
Fig. 3.	
<u>REPORT:</u> Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th September 1985.	Pgs. 43-47
Report No. 08.2875.	
Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th December 1985.	Pgs. 48-52
Report No. 08.3094.	
<u>PLANS:</u> Sheoak Hill Interpreted Geology. Drg. No. A/FK 23/020.	Fig. 1. Pg. 53
Ground Magnetic Profiles And Magnetic Trends. Drg. No.	Pg. 54
A/FK 23/012. Fig. 2.	
<u>REPORT:</u> Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th March 1986.	Pgs. 55-68
Report No. 08.3260.	
<u>APPENDIX 1:</u> Petrographic Descriptions.	Pgs. 69-122
<u>APPENDIX 2:</u> Analytical Results.	Pgs. 123-155
<u>APPENDIX 3:</u> RAB Logs And Analyses.	Pgs. 156-199
<u>PLANS:</u> Aeromagnetic Contours Sheoak Hill. Drg. No. A/FK 23/013.	Pg. 200
Fig. 2.	
Outcrop Geology Sheets 3, 4, 8, 9, 12 & 14. Drg. No.	5545-8 To 13
A/FK 23/027 To A/FK 23/032. Figs. 4 To 9.	
Miltalie North Geology With Geochemical Overlays For Zn & Mn.	Pg. 201
Drg. No. A/FK 23/043. Fig. 10.	
Location Map & Anomalous Geochemistry - Sheets 3, 4, 8, 9 & 12.	5545-14 To 18
Drg. No. A/FK 23/033 To A/FK 23/037. Figs. 11 To 15.	
Sheoak Hill Location Plan Sheet 14. Drg. No. A/FK 23/019.	5545-19
Fig. 16.	
Channel Rock Chip Cu Geochemistry Sheet 14.	5545-20
Drg. No. A/FK 23/038. Fig. 17.	
Channel Rock Chip Pb Geochemistry Sheet 14.	5545-21
Drg. No. A/FK 23/039. Fig. 18.	
Channel Rock Chip Zn Geochemistry Sheet 14.	5545-22
Drg. No. A/FK 23/040. Fig. 19.	
Channel Rock Chip Mn Geochemistry Sheet 14.	5545-23
Drg. No. A/FK 23/041. Fig. 20.	
Channel Rock Chip Fe Geochemistry Sheet 14.	5545-24
Drg. No. A/FK 23/042. Fig. 21.	

<u>PLANS:</u>	Regional Profile 13 Geology & Geochemistry.	Pg. 202
	Drg. No. A/FK 23/023. Fig. 22.	
	Profile 36N Geology. Drg. No. A/FK 23/024. Fig. 23.	Pg. 203
	Profile 44N RAB Drilling & Ground Magnetics.	Pg. 204
	Drg. No. A/FK 23/022. Fig. 24.	
	Profile 45N RAB Drilling & Ground Magnetics.	Pg. 205
	Drg. No. A/FK 23/021. Fig. 25.	
	Profile 67N Geology & Geochemistry. Drg. No. A/FK 23/025.	Pg. 206
	Fig. 26.	
	Profile 68N Geology & Geochemistry. Drg. No. A/FK 23/026.	Pg. 207
	Fig. 27.	
 <u>REPORT:</u>	 Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th June 1986.	 Pgs. 208-211
	Report No. 08.3332.	
	Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th September 1986.	Pgs. 212-215
	Report No. 08.3344.	
	Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th December 1986.	Pgs. 216-219
	Report No. 08.3476.	
	Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th March 1987.	Pgs. 220-230
	<i>App.</i>	²²² 223-230
 <u>PLANS:</u>	 Sheet 6231 Barna Regional Stream Sediment Sampling Bulk	 5545-25
	Leach Au. Drg. No. A/FB 01/112.	
 <u>REPORT:</u>	 Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th June 1987.	 Pgs. 231-232
	Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th September 1987.	Pgs. 233-234
	Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th December 1987.	Pgs. 235-236
	Progress Report E.L. 1117 Period Ending 14th March 1988.	Pgs. 237-238

2" C"

5545.

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CONTENTS - TRANSPARENCY CYLINDER NO.

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EL 1117

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THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITED

METALS DIVISION

SHEOAK HILL E.L. 1117, SOUTH AUSTRALIA

PROGRESS REPORT

FOR QUARTER ENDING 15TH JUNE, 1984

AUTHOR: K.J. HELLSTEN

REPORT NO: 08.2310

DATE: JUNE, 1984

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CONTENTS

0004

1.0	INTRODUCTION
2.0	SUMMARY OF EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES 16-3-84 TO 15-6-84
3.0	STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure No.	Title	Scale	Drawing No.
1	Sheoak Hill E.L. 1117, Location Plan	1:500,000	A/MT22/121
2	Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles, Sheet 1	1:50,000	A/FDO5/006
3	Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles, Sheet 2	1:50,000	A/FDO5/007
4	Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles, Sheet 5	1:50,000	A/FDO5/008
5	Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles, Sheet 6	1:50,000	A/FDO5/009
6	Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles, Sheet 7	1:50,000	A/FDO5/010
7	Magnetic Profile Line 35N	1:10,000	
8	Magnetic Profile Line 36N	1:10,000	
9	Magnetic Profile Line 37N	1:10,000	
10	Magnetic Profile Line 38N	1:10,000	
11	Magnetic Profile Line 39N	1:10,000	
12	Magnetic Profile Line 40N	1:10,000	
13	Magnetic Profile Line 44N	1:10,000	
14	Magnetic Profile Line 45N	1:10,000	
15	Magnetic Profile Line 46N	1:10,000	

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Sheoak Hill E.L. 1117 (Figure 1) was granted to The Shell Company of Australia Limited on 15th March, 1983 for an initial term of 1 year. An extension of this tenure to 24 months was granted on 13th February, 1984 with the expenditure commitment remaining at \$40,000 p.a.

This report summarises the exploration activities within Exploration Licence 1117 during the period 16th March, 1984 to 15th June, 1984. During this time a joint venture agreement has been entered into with Poseidon who will fund the exploration programme whilst Shell remains as manager and operator. Reporting on E.L.s 1116 and 1117 will therefore be done separately in future.

2.0 SUMMARY OF EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES 16-3-84 TO 15-6-84

During the report period exploration has concentrated on the outline and definition of significant aeromagnetic trends for future bedrock testing. Nine regional ground magnetic profiles (35N, 36N, 37N, 38N, 39N, 40N, 44N, 45N and 46N) totalling 24 line kilometres were completed. The locations of these lines are shown in Figures 2-6 while the magnetic profiles are given as Figures 7-15.

The lines were run along tracks or fencelines where possible, however, on some magnetic features no such access was available. Here the line was photolocated and surveyed using a compass bearing and pacing. All lines were pegged every 200 metres and covered with detailed ground magnetics using Geometrics G856 digital proton precession magnetometers. Readings were taken every 10 metres with a roving magnetometer while diurnal variations were monitored by a base station taking readings every 4 minutes.

Each evening the data was transferred to tape using a H.P. 85 portable computer which also facilitated printout and plotting of the roving, base and corrected roving magnetometer readings. Later the information was transferred to the Adelaide office HP 9845 for storage, presentation plotting and modelling.

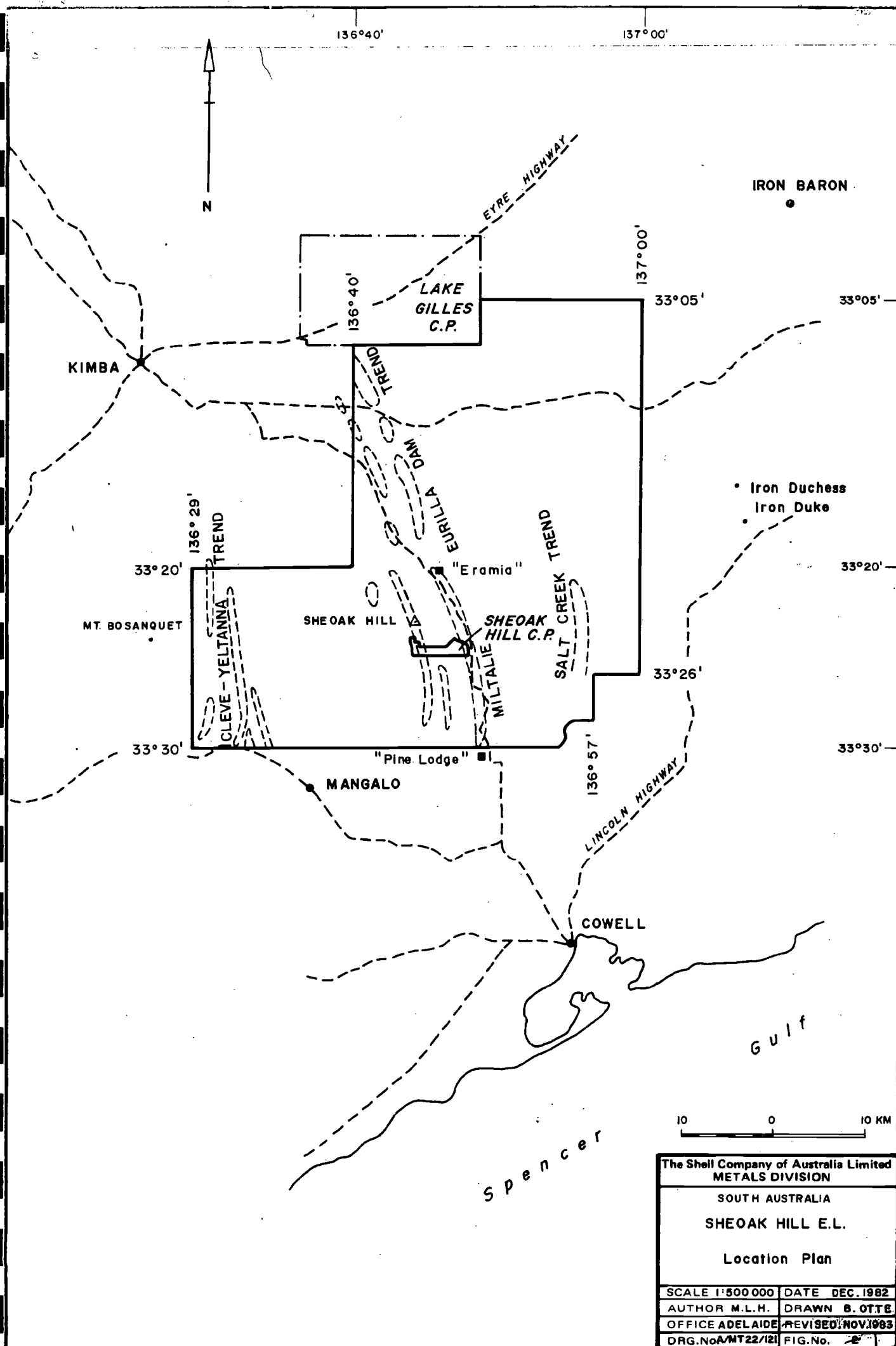
Ranking, modelling and assessment of the magnetic profiles is planned for the following quarter prior to drill testing of bedrock sources.

0007

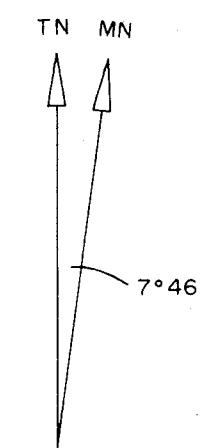
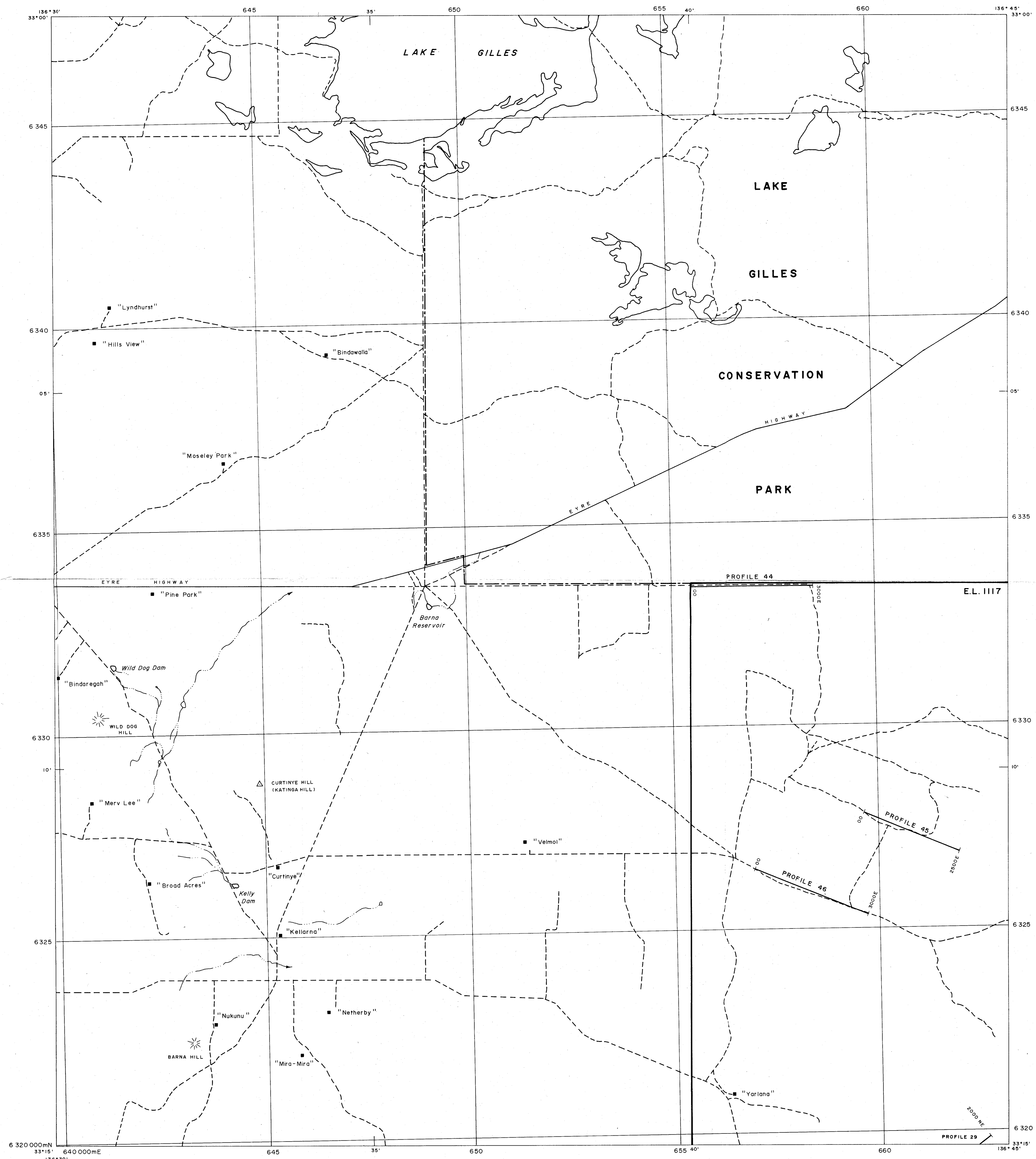
3.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

Expenditure for the quarter ending 31/3/84.

	\$	<u>Project to Date</u> \$
Staffing/Support	7 692	24 723
Concession Payments	2 769	5 282
Site preparation/Payments to Landholders & Consultants	141	885
Geology, Geophysics, Drawing Research & Computer	344	1 933
Overheads	184	2 520
 TOTAL	 11 130	 35 343

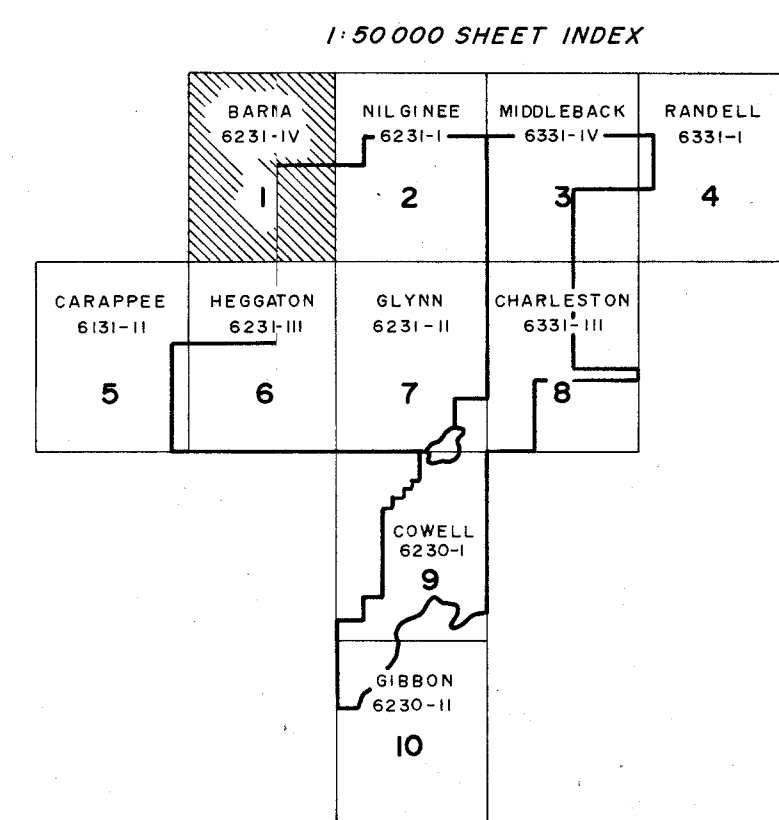


The Shell Company of Australia Limited METALS DIVISION	
SOUTH AUSTRALIA	
SHEOAK HILL E.L.	
Location Plan	
SCALE 1:500 000	DATE DEC. 1982
AUTHOR M.L.H.	DRAWN B. OTTE
OFFICE ADELAIDE	REVISED NOV 1983
DRG. NoA/MT22/121	FIG. No. 2



Magnetic value was taken from Barna
1:50 000 sheet and is correct for 1983.
Annual change is 03' easterly.

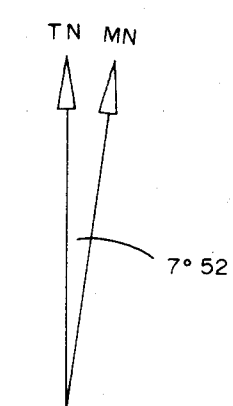
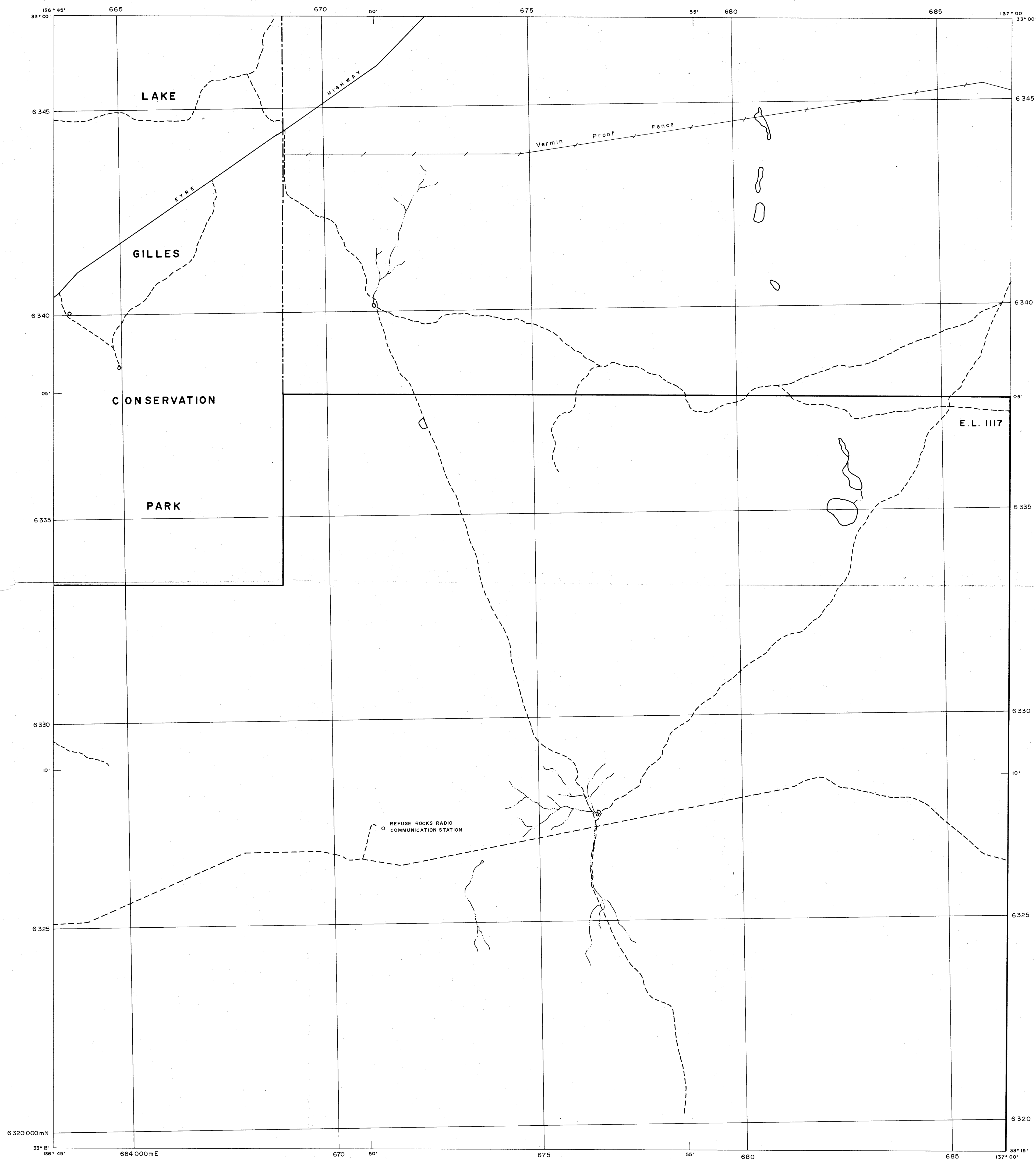
DOE PROFILE 29 1000E
Magnetic profile with end co-ordinates



METRES 1000 0 1 2 KM

The Shell Company of Australia Limited	
METALS DIVISION	
SOUTH AUSTRALIA	
SHEOK HILL	
(Sheet 1)	
Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles	
Scale 1:50 000	
REVISED MAR 1984	REPORT No
FIG. No 2	DRG. No. A/FD 05/006
DATE MAY 1983	AUTHOR K.J.H.
DRAWN B.J.O.	OFFICE ADELAIDE

5545-1



Magnetic value was taken from Nilginee 1:50000 sheet and is correct for 1983. Annual change is 03' easterly.

1:50000 SHEET INDEX

IARNA 6131-IV	NILGINEE 6231-IV	MIDDLEBACK 6331-IV	RANDELL 6331-I
1	2	3	4
CARAPPEE 6131-II	HEGGATON 6231-III	GLYNN 6231-II	CHARLESTON 6331-III
5	6	7	8
RUDALL 6130-I	MINIGALO 6230-IV	COWELL 6230-I	
10	11	12	
		GIBBON 6230-II	
		13	

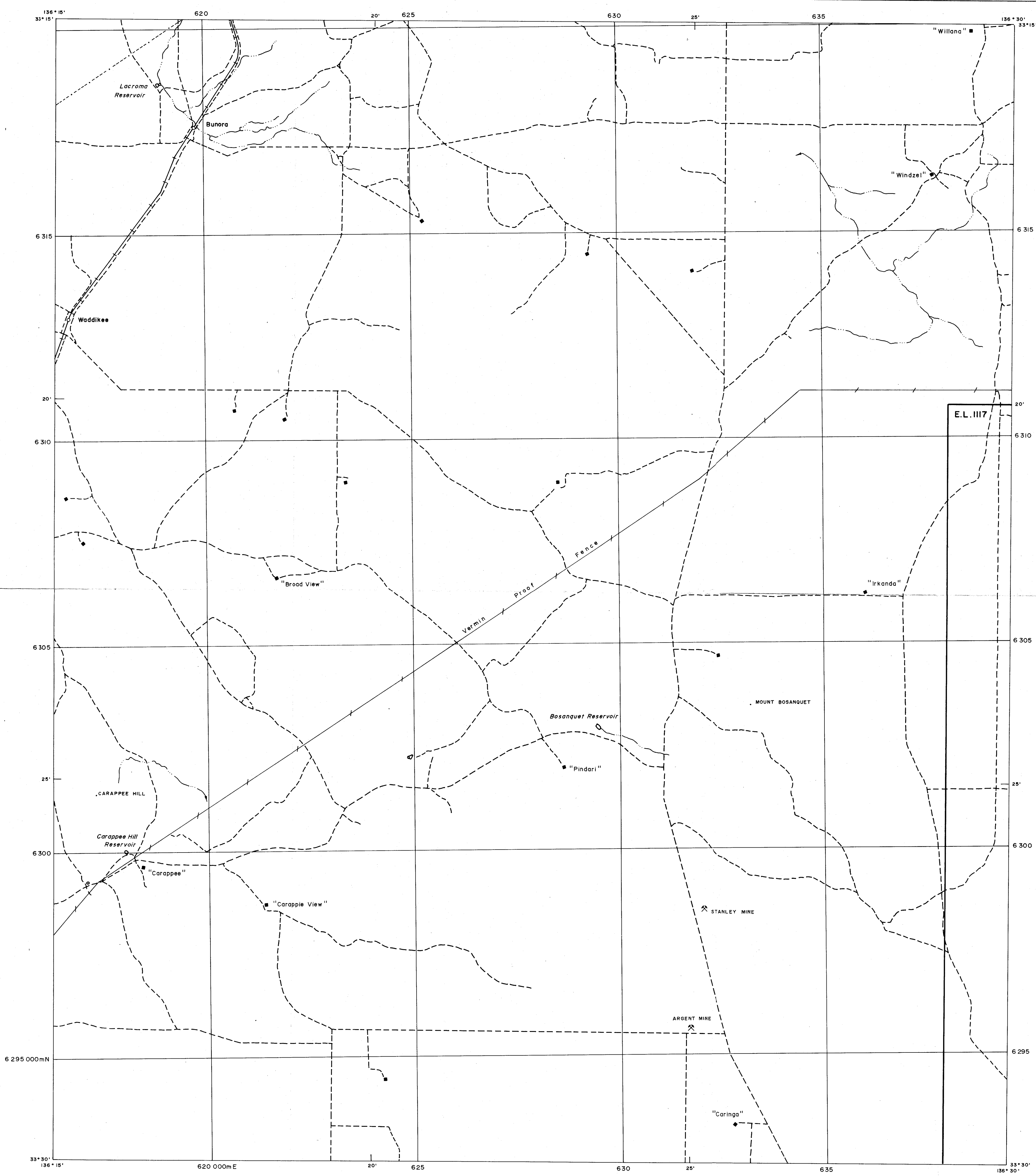


METRES 000 0 1 2 KM

The Shell Company of Australia Limited
METALS DIVISION
SOUTH AUSTRALIA
SHEOAK HILL
(Sheet 2)
Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles
Scale 1:50 000

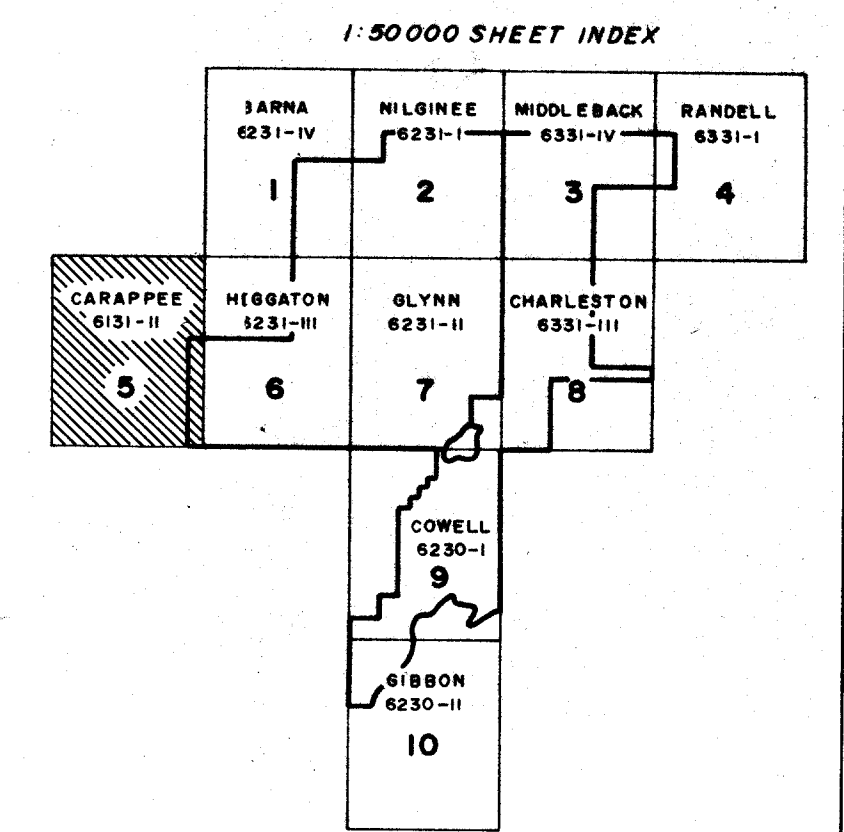
REVISED:	REPORT No.
FIG. No. 3	DRG. No. A/FD 05/007
DATE MAY 1983	AUTHOR K.J.H.
DRAWN B.J.O.	OFFICE ADELAIDE

5545-2



TN MN
7°39'

Magnetic value was taken from Carapsee
1:50 000 topo sheet and is correct for 1983.
Annual change is 03' easterly.



METRES 000 0 1 2 KM

The Shell Company of Australia Limited
METALS DIVISION

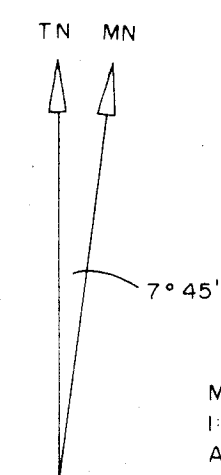
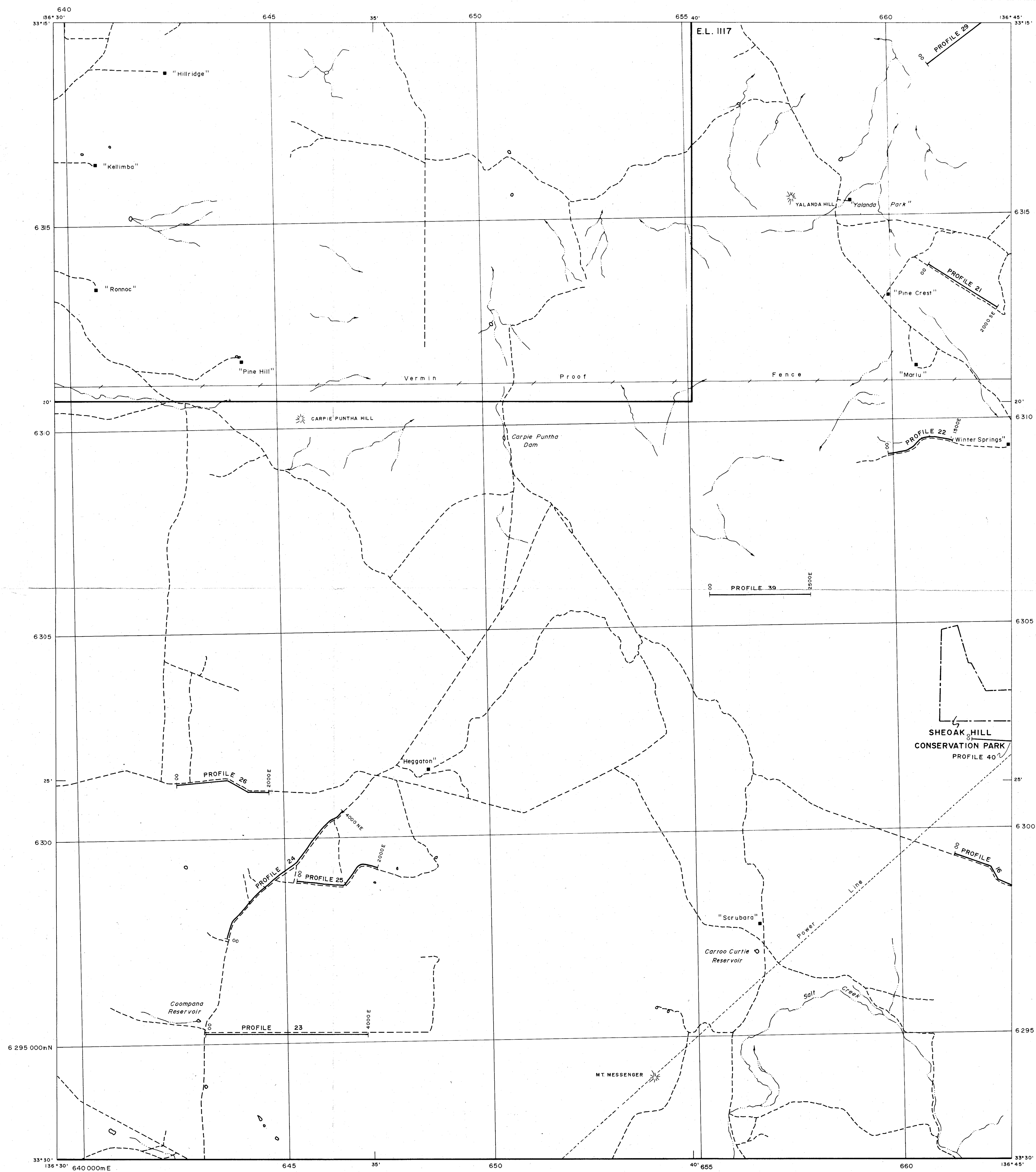
SOUTH AUSTRALIA
SHEOAK HILL
MIDDLEBACK RANGE
(Sheet 5)

Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles

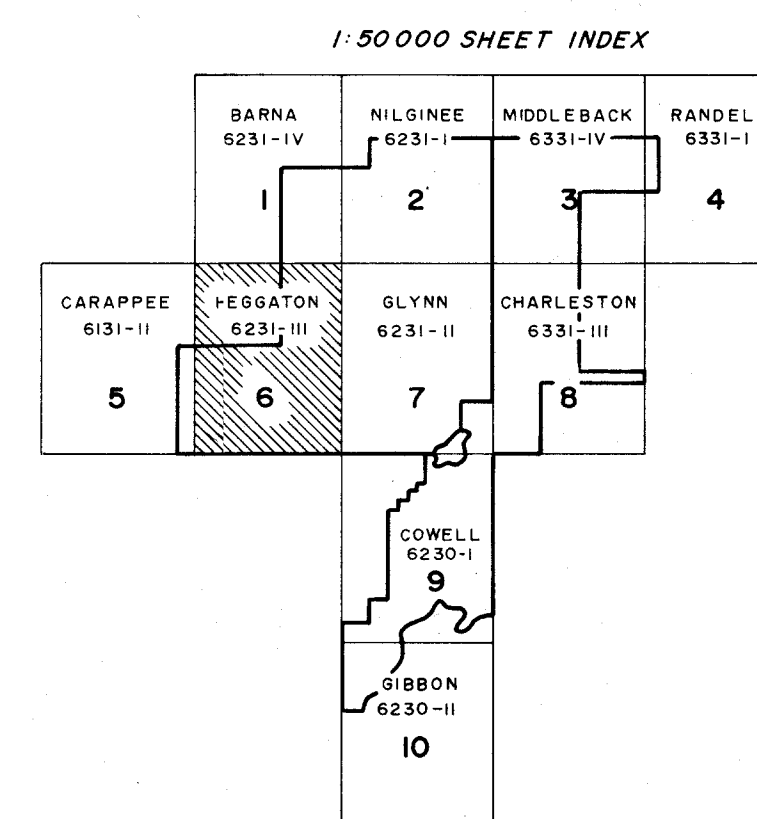
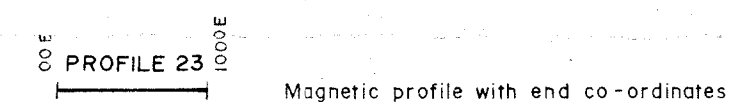
Scale: 1:50 000

REVISED:	DATE
AUTHOR K. J. H.	DRAWN
OFFICE ADELAIDE	REP No
FIG. No: 4	DRG. No. A/PD 05/008

5545-3



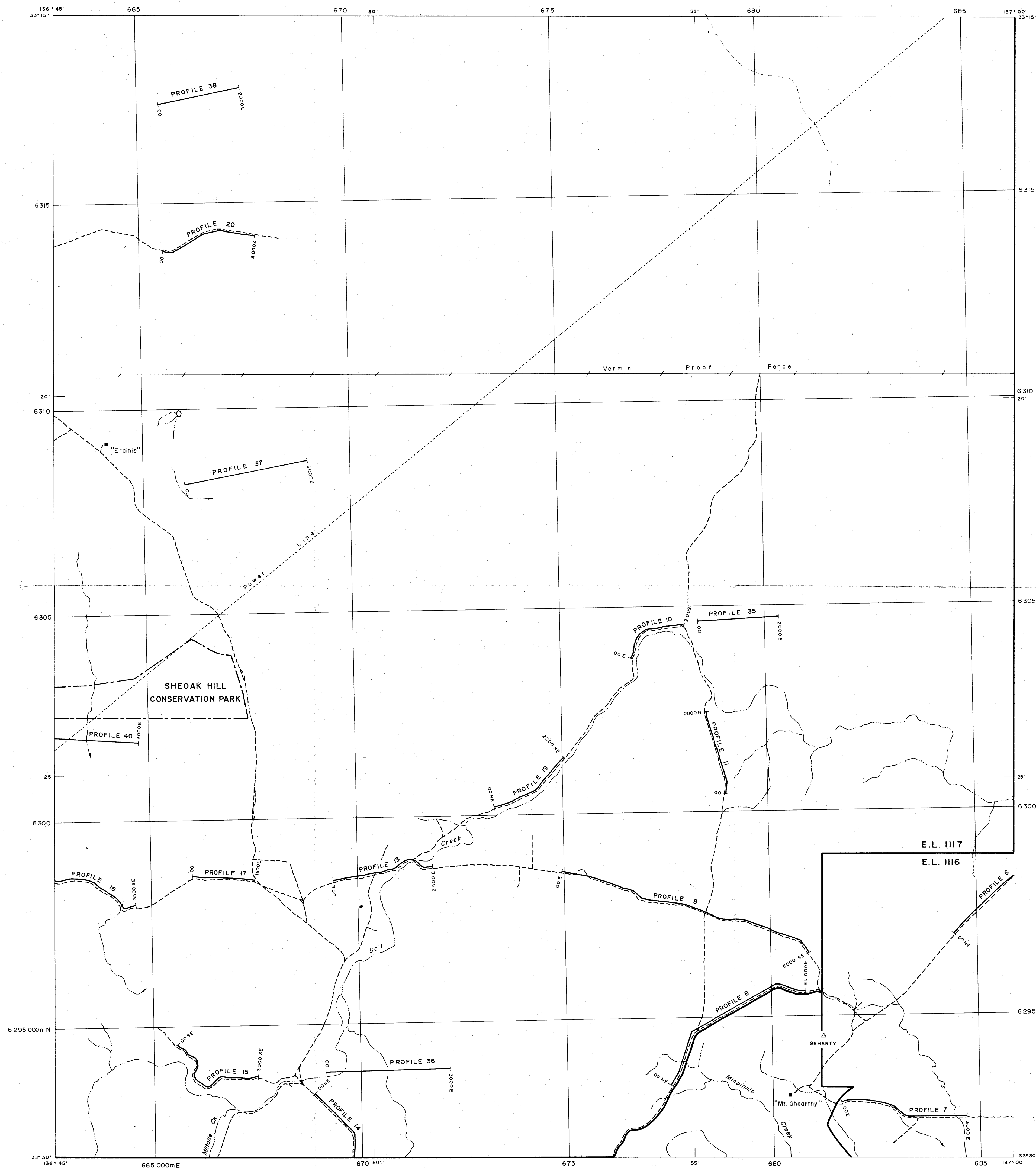
Magnetic value was taken from Heggaton
1:50 000 sheet and is correct for 1983.
Annual change is 03' easterly.



METRES 1000 0 1 2 KM

The Shell Company of Australia Limited	
METALS DIVISION	
SOUTH AUSTRALIA	
SHEOAK HILL	
(Sheet 6)	
Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles	
Scale 1:50 000	
REVISED: MAR. 1984	REPORT No.
FIG. No. 5	DRG. No. A/FD 05/009
DATE MAY 1983	AUTHOR K. J. H.
DRAWN B. J. O.	OFFICE ADELAIDE

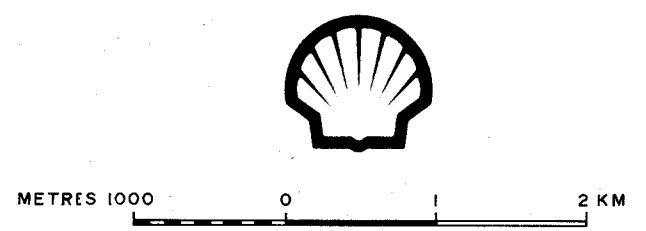
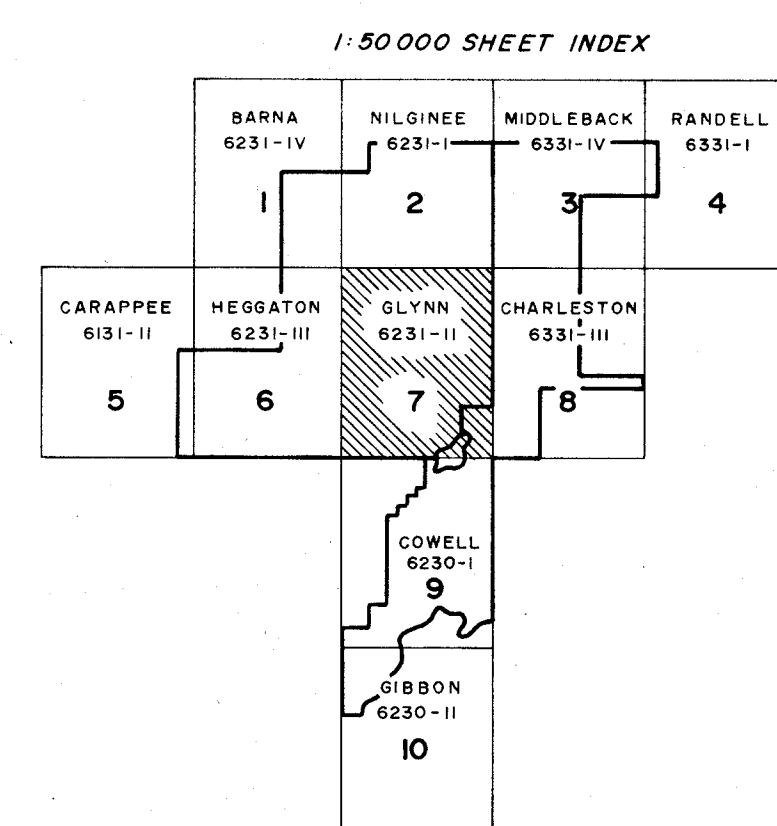
5545-4



TN MN
7°52'

Magnetic value was taken from Glynn 1:50,000 sheet and is correct for 1983. Annual change is 03' easterly.

ONE PROFILE 17 TWO Magnetic profile with end co-ordinates



The Shell Company of Australia Limited METALS DIVISION	
SOUTH AUSTRALIA SHEOAK HILL	
(Sheet 7) Regional Ground Magnetic Profiles	
Scale 1:50,000	
REVISED: MAR. 1984	REPORT No.
FIG. No. 6	DRG. No. A/FD 05/010
DATE MAY 1983	AUTHOR K.J.H.
DRAWN B.J.O.	OFFICE ADELAIDE

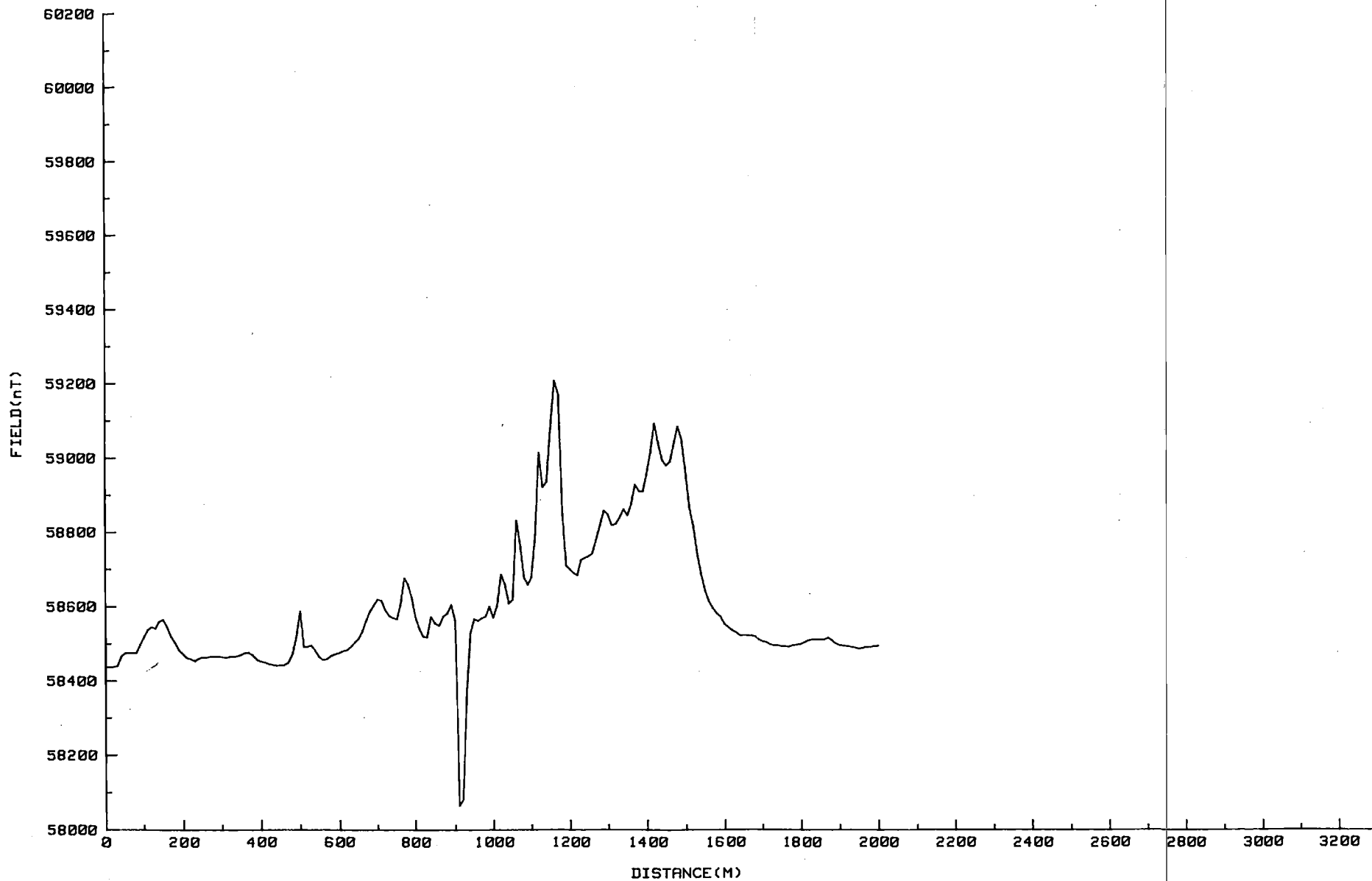
5545-5



SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA
METALS DIVISION
TOTAL MAG. FIELD - PROFILE

SHEOK HILL
REGIONAL PROFILE
1:10000

LINE NAME : 35N
DETAIL No 1 TO 201
FIG. 7



0003



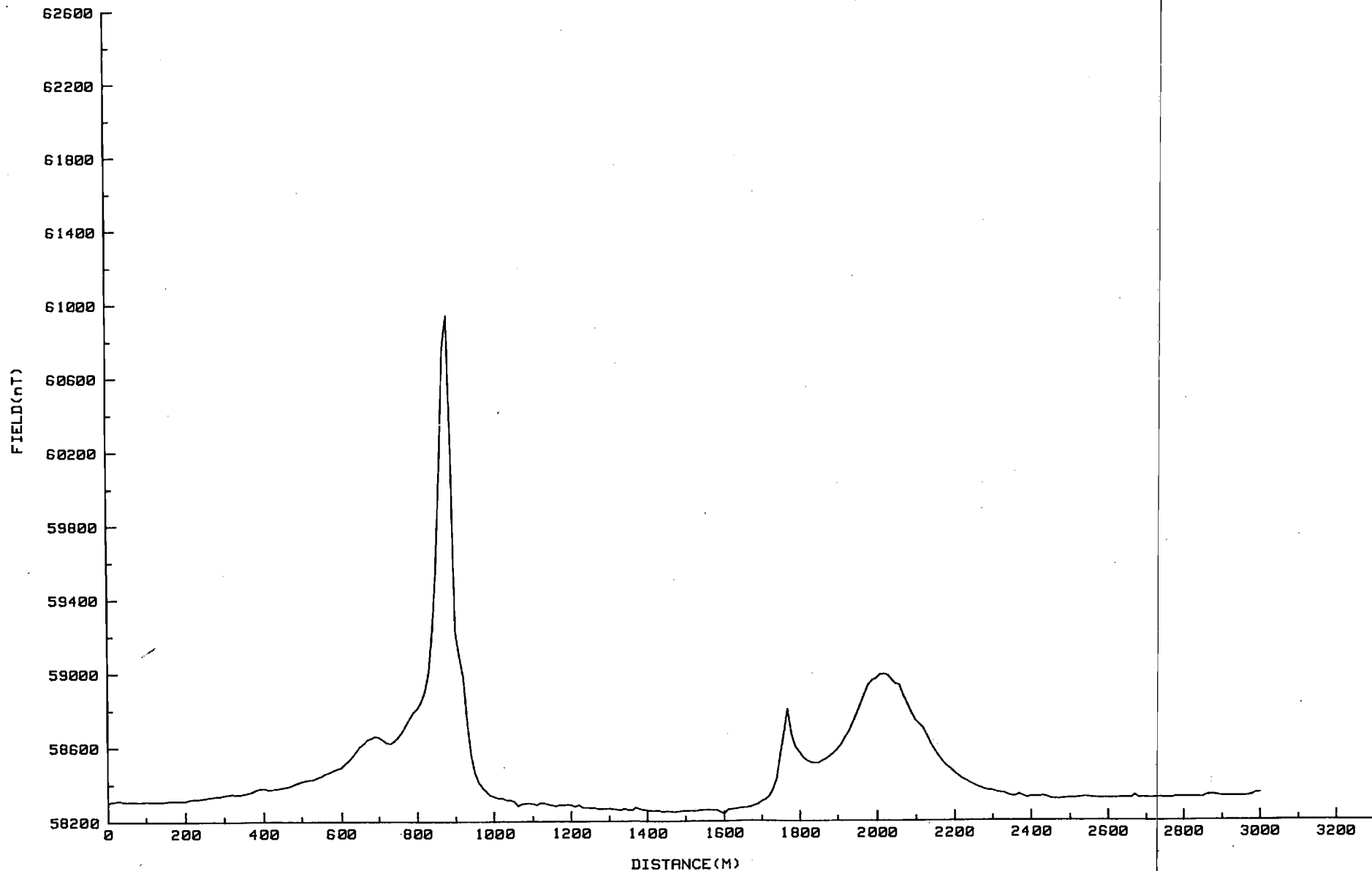
SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA

METALS DIVISION

TOTAL MAG. FIELD - PROFILE

SHEOK HILL
REGIONAL PROFILE
1:10000

LINE NAME : 36N
DETAIL No 1 TO 301
FIG. 8



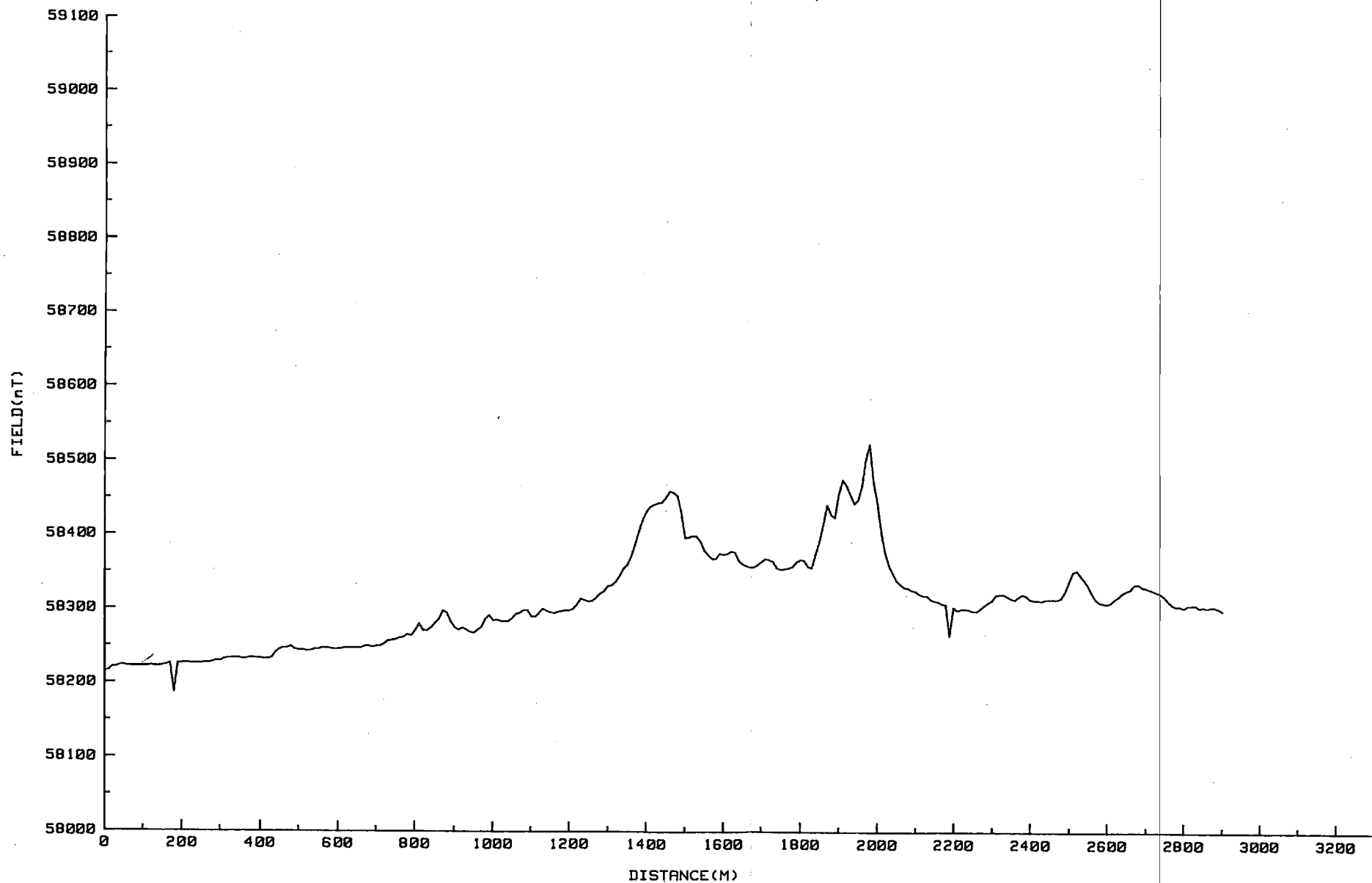


SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA
METALS DIVISION
TOTAL MAG. FIELD - PROFILE

SHEOK HILL
REGIONAL PROFILE
1:10000

LINE NAME : 37N
DETAIL No 1 TO 291
FIG. 9

0011

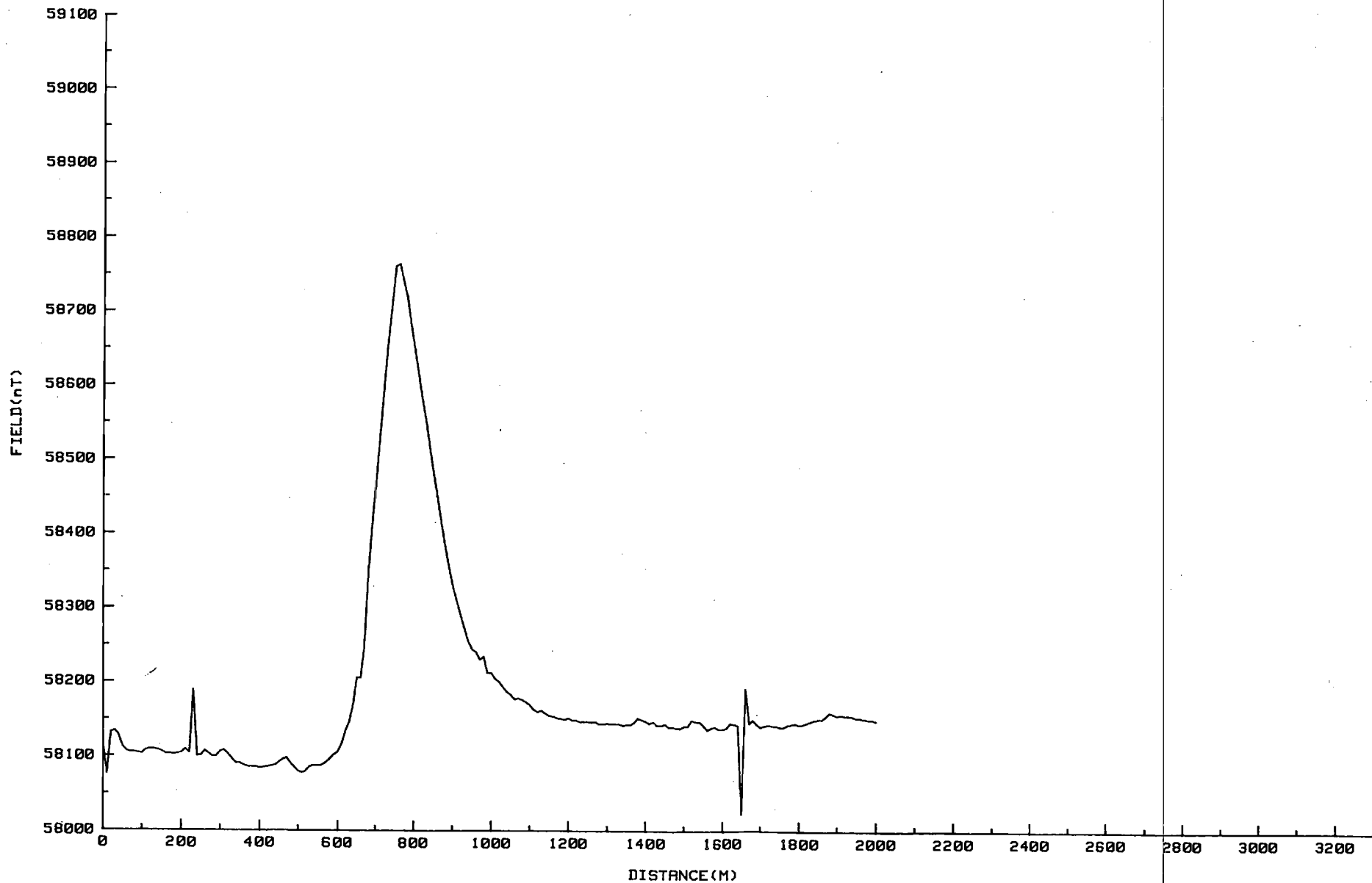




SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA
METALS DIVISION
TOTAL MAG. FIELD - PROFILE

SHEOK HILL
REGIONAL PROFILE
1:10000

LINE NAME : 38N
DETAIL No 1 TO 201
FIG. 10





SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA

METALS DIVISION

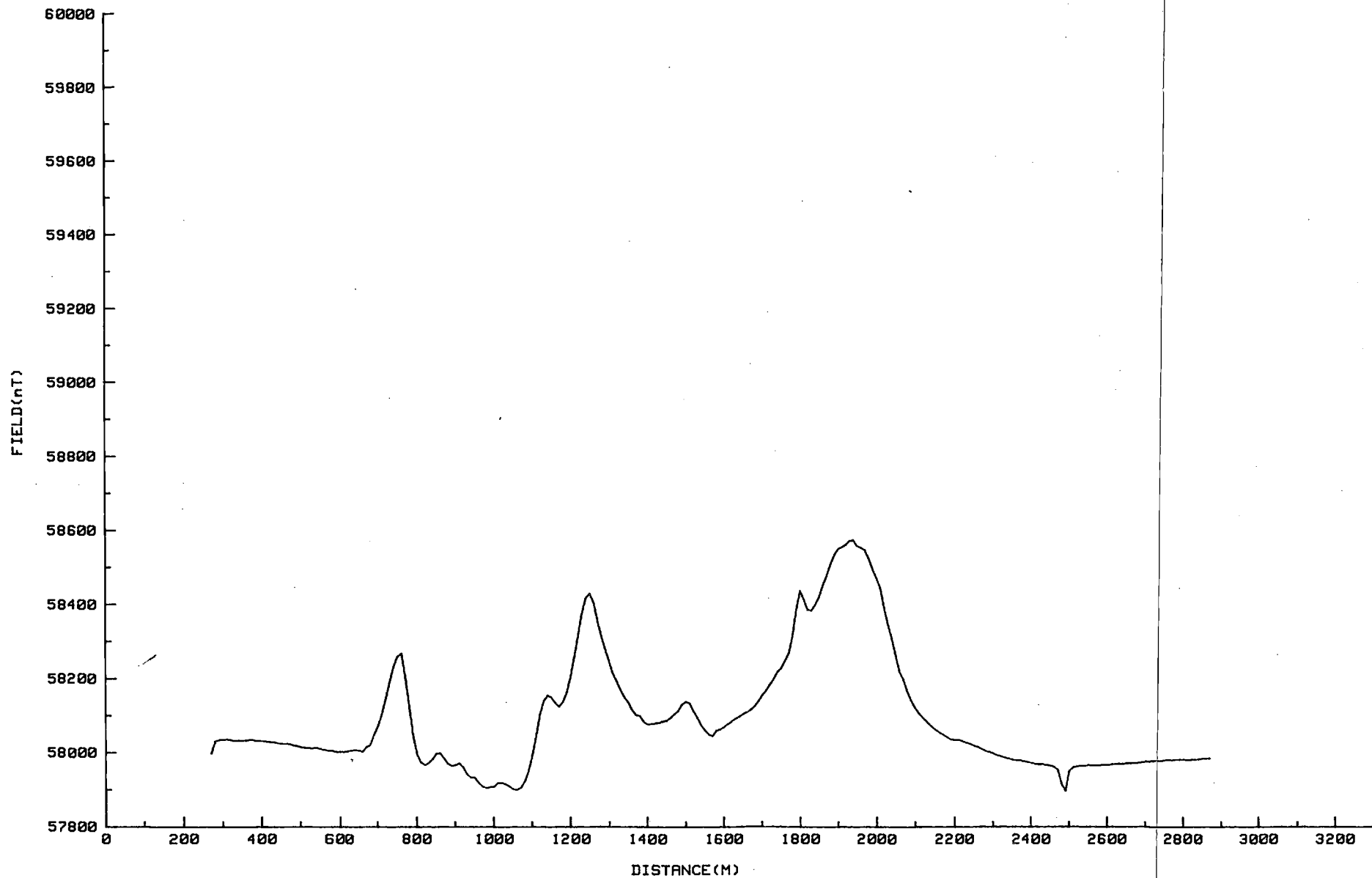
TOTAL MAG. FIELD - PROFILE

SHEOAK HILL
REGIONAL PROFILE

1:10000

LINE NAME : 39N
DETAIL No 1 TO 261

FIG. II

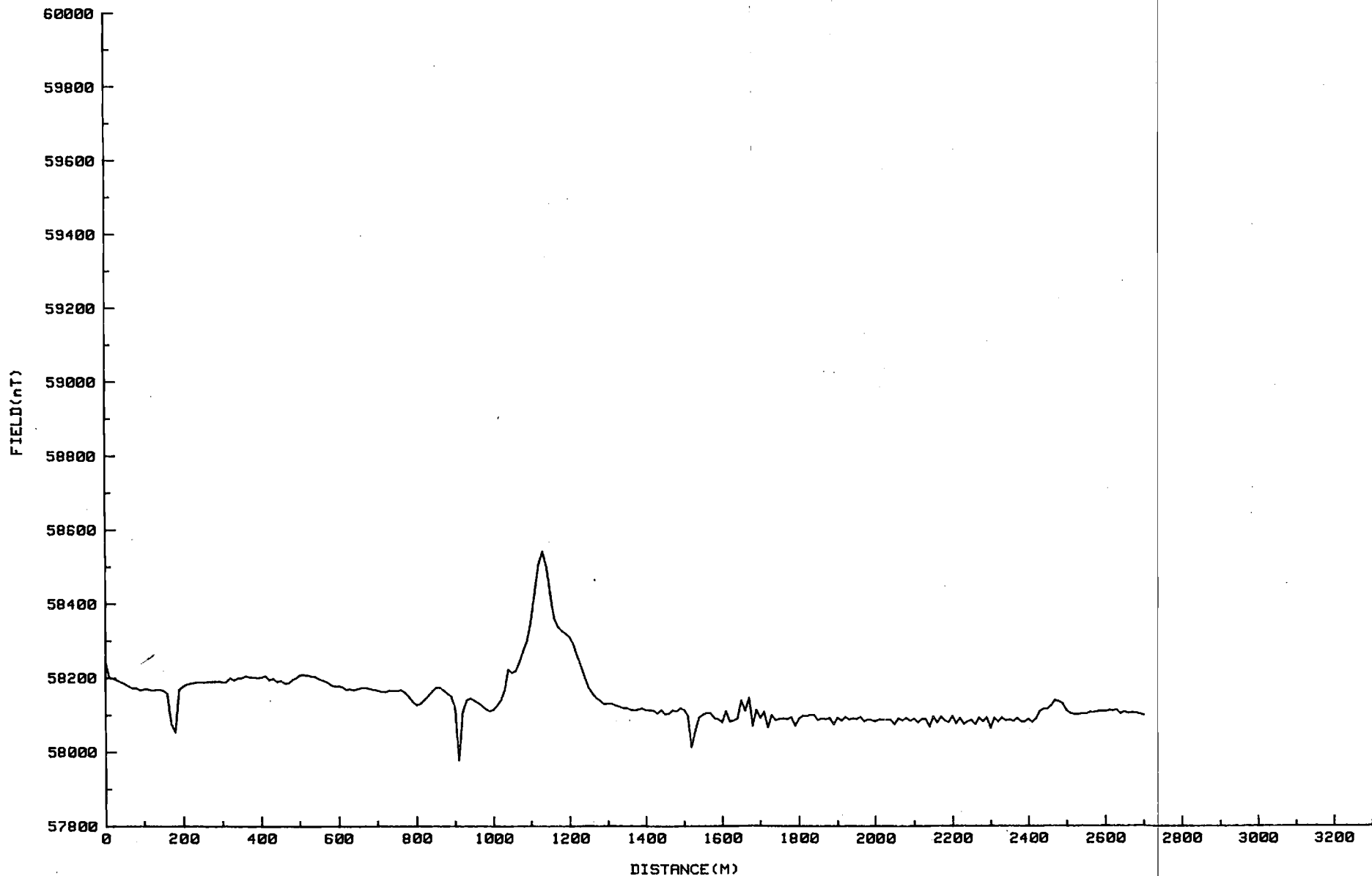




SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA
METALS DIVISION
TOTAL MAG. FIELD - PROFILE

SHEOK HILL
REGIONAL PROFILE
1:10000

LINE NAME : 40N
DETAIL No 1 TO 271
FIG. 12





SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA

METALS DIVISION

TOTAL MAG. FIELD - PROFILE

SHEORH HILL

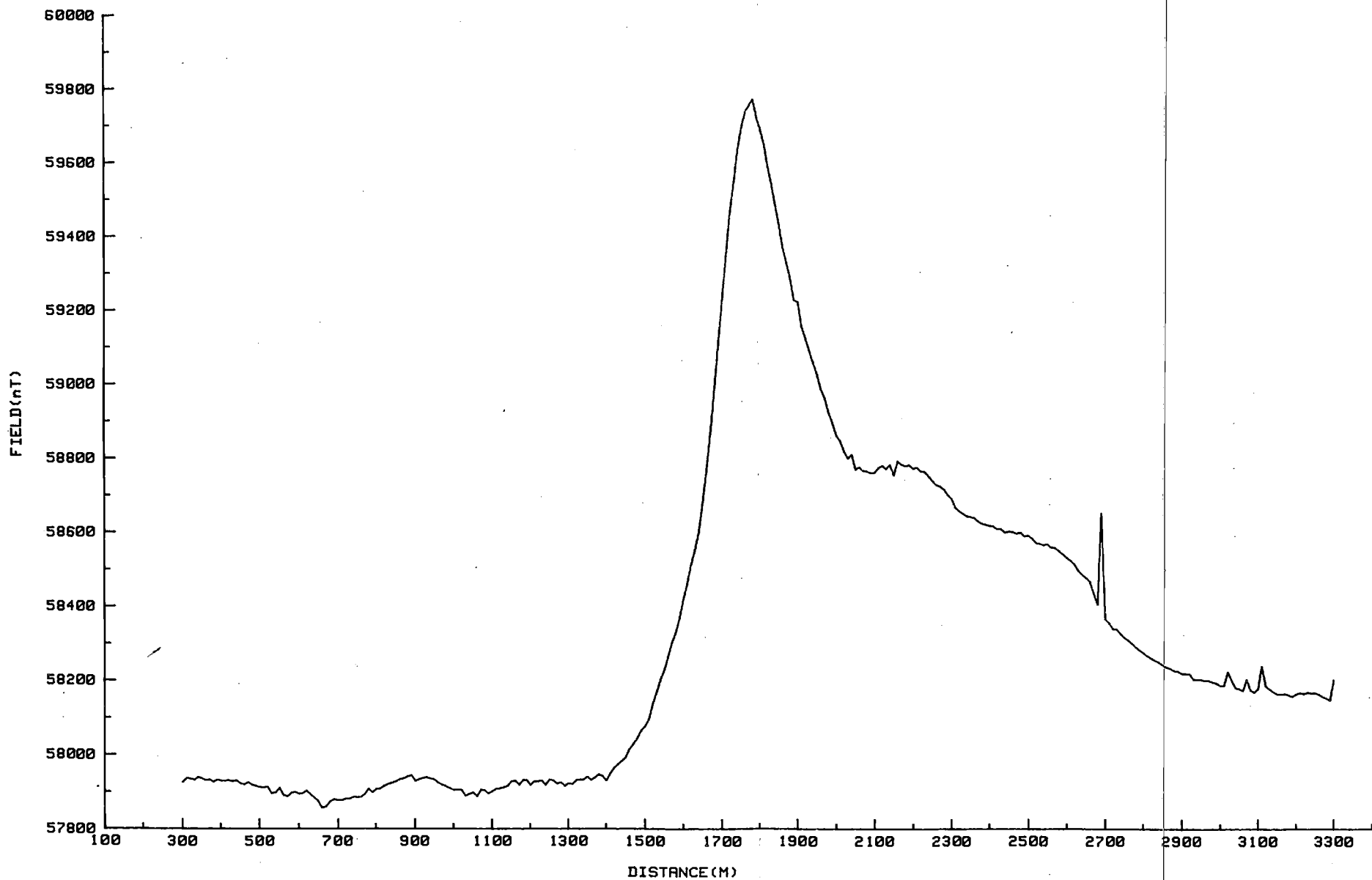
REGIONAL PROFILE

1:100000

LINE NAME : 44N

DETAIL No 1 TO 301

FIG. 13

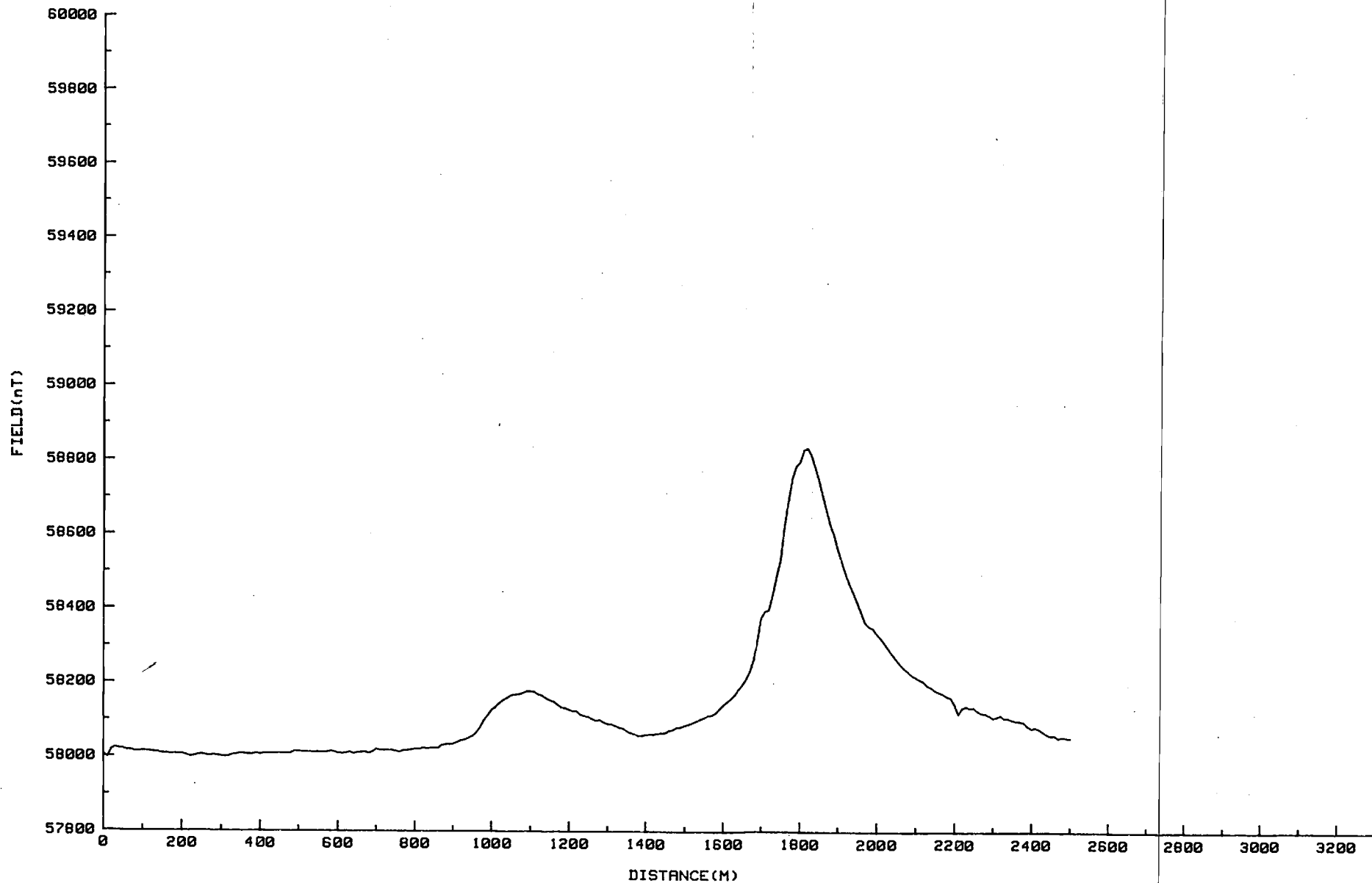




SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA
METRIS DIVISION
TOTAL MAG. FIELD - PROFILE

SHEOK HILL
REGIONAL PROFILE
1:10000

LINE NAME : 45N
DETAIL No 1 TO 251
FIG. 14





SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA

METALS DIVISION

TOTAL MAG. FIELD - PROFILE

SHEOK HILL

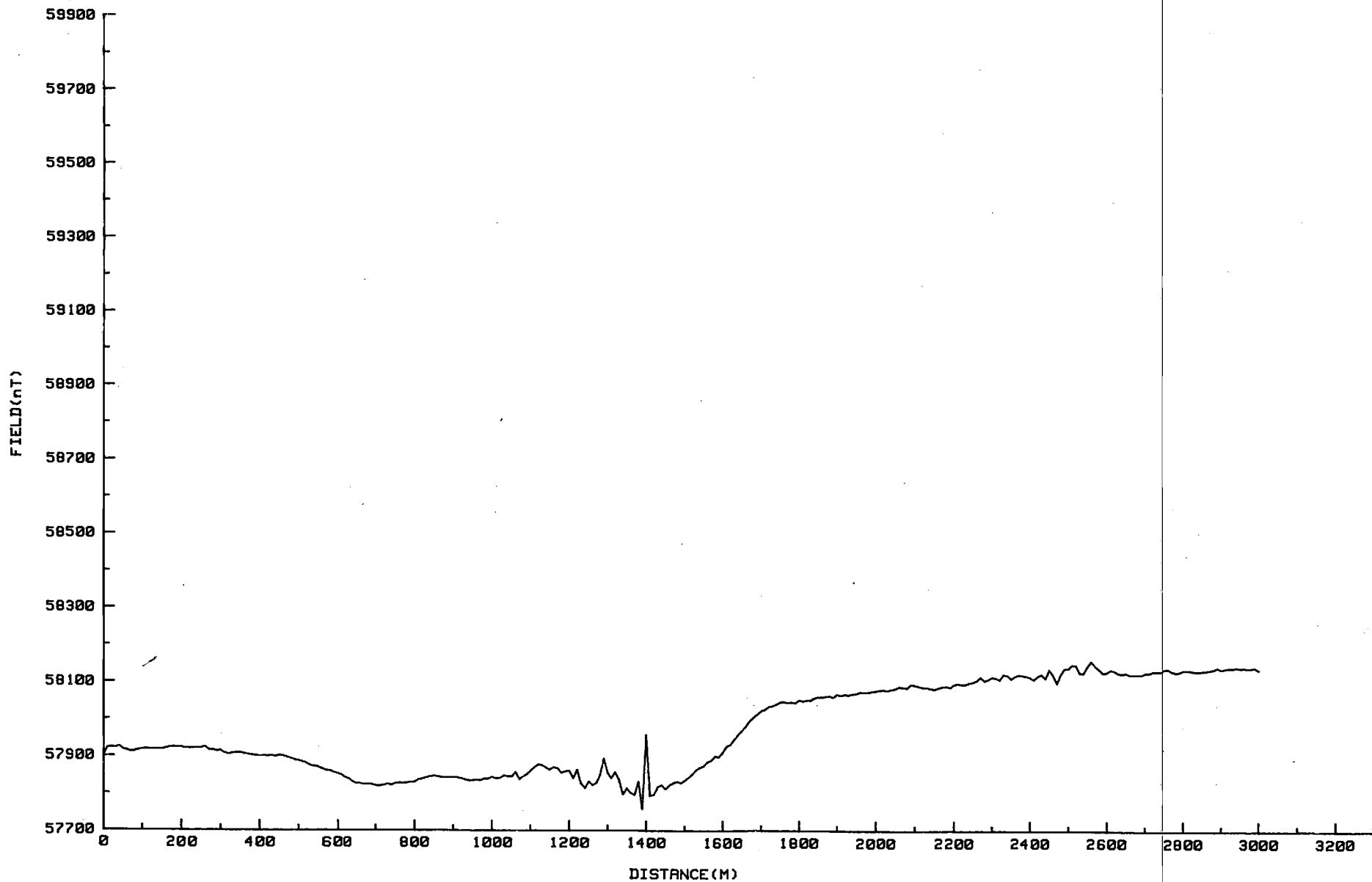
REGIONAL PROFILE

1:10000

LINE NAME : 46N

DETAIL No 1 TO 301

FIG.15



BILLITON AUSTRALIA
THE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITED
SHEOAK HILL EL 1117, SOUTH AUSTRALIA
PROGRESS REPORT
FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 15TH SEPTEMBER 1984

AUTHOR: G.J. DAVIDSON
DATE: OCTOBER 1984

REPORT NO: 08.2554

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08.2502.gjd



CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
1.0 INTRODUCTION AND ACTIVITIES	1
2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT	2

FIGURE

<u>Drawing No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>
A/MT22/121	Sheoak Hill EL, Location Plan	1:500 000

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Sheoak Hill EL 1117 (Figure 1) was granted to The Shell Company of Australia Limited on 15th March, 1983 for an initial term of 1 year. An extension of this tenure to 24 months was granted on 13th February, 1984 with the expenditure commitment remaining at \$40 000 p.a.

A joint venture agreement has been entered into with Poseidon who will fund the exploration programme whilst Shell remains as manager and operator.

During the quarterly period (15/6/84 - 15/9/84) work on the licence was inactive. However a programme of reconnaissance rock chipping is planned for the final quarter of the year along known iron formation trends.

2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

0021

Expenditure for the quarter ending 30th June 1984.

		<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	4 275	28 998
Concession Payments		5 282
Site preparation/ Payments to Landholders & Consultants		885
Geology, Geopysics, Drawing		
Research & Computer	931	2 864
Overheads	1 428	3 948
	<u>6 634</u>	<u>41 977</u>

BILLITON AUSTRALIA
THE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITED
SHEOAK HILL, SOUTH AUSTRALIA
PROGRESS REPORT
FOR QUARTER ENDING 15TH DECEMBER 1984

AUTHOR: G.J. DAVIDSON

REPORT NO: 08.2674

DATE: DECEMBER 1984

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CONTENTS

1.0 INTRODUCTION

2.0 WORK UNDERTAKEN IN THE QUARTER

3.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

APPENDICES

APPENDIX I: Rock Chip Geochemistry

<u>Figure No</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Drawing No</u>
1	Sheoak Hill El, Location Plan	1:500 000	A/MT22/121
2	Summary of Ground Reconnaissance and Sample Locations	1:500 000	A/FK23/001

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Sheoak Hill EL 1117 (Figure 1) was granted to The Shell Company of Australia limited on 15th March, 1983 for an initial term of 1 year. An extension of this tenure to 24 months was granted on 13th February, 1984 with the expenditure commitment remaining at \$40 000 p.a.

A joint venture agreement has been entered into with Poseidon with Shell remaining as manager and operator.

The joint venture partners seek base metal targets of the stratiform Broken Hill-Aggeney's style in the Lower Proterozoic Hutchison Group of the Gawler Craton. The basic exploration tools are magnetic horizons associated with BIF horizons such as the Middleback Jaspilite. It is therefore important to establish at an early stage that the magnetic horizons in the licence area are related to chemical sedimentation. During the quarterly period (15/9/84 - 15/12/84) work on the licence consisted of reconnaissance mapping and sampling

3.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

Expenditure for the quarter ending 30th September 1984.

		<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	2 024	2 467
Geology, Geophysics, Drawing, Research & Computer	(482)	307
Overheads	(1 132)	259
	<hr/> 410	<hr/> 3 033

?

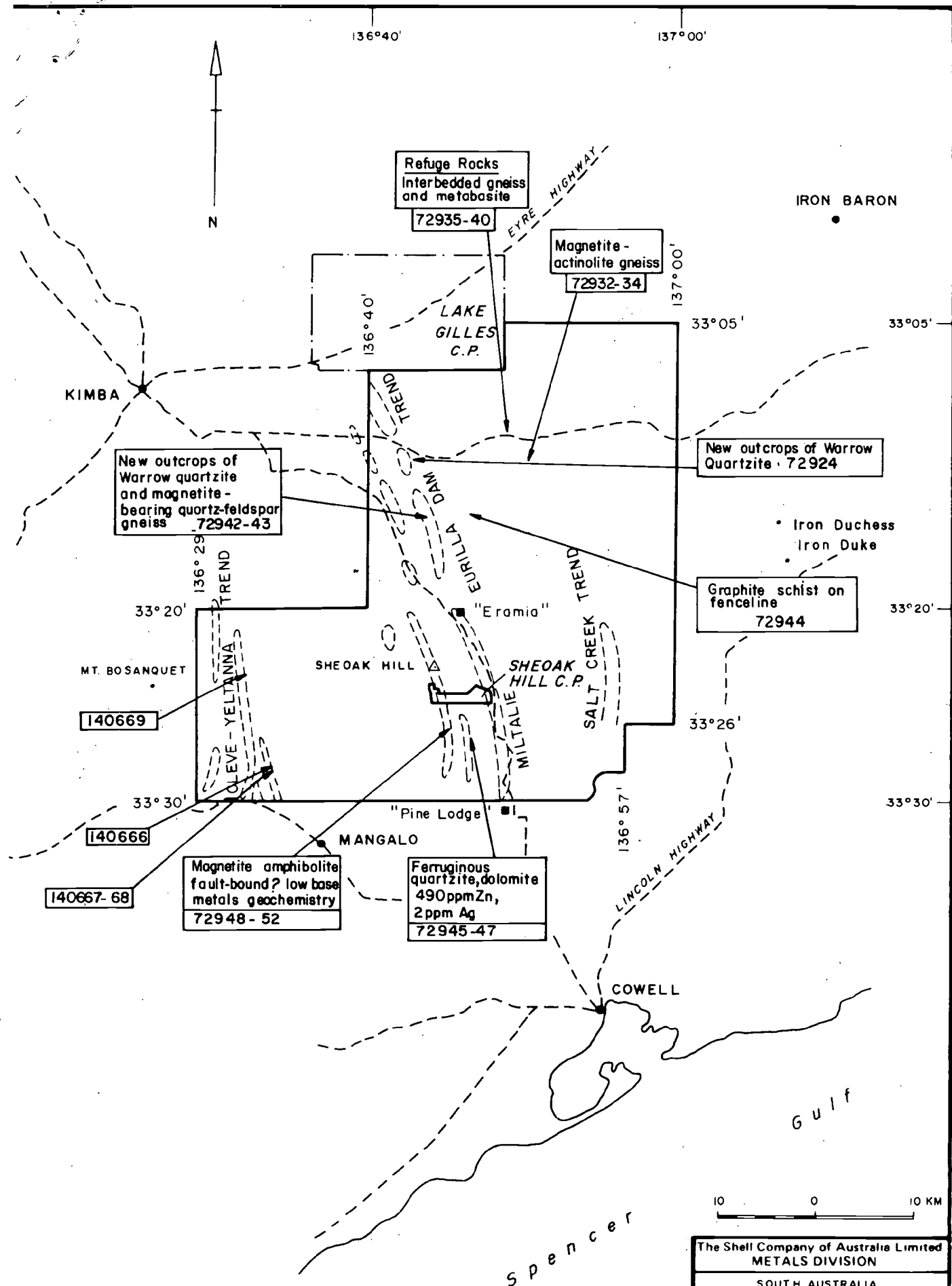
We are in the process of changing our method of calculating our indirect costs and proportioning regional office costs. We will base the calculation on a dollar spent basis instead of a time writing basis. The figures for this quarter include adjustments to correct the year to date total.

APPENDIX I

Rock Chip Geochemistry

0028

[illegible]



The Shell Company of Australia Limited
METALS DIVISION

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

**SHEOAK HILL E.L.
Summary of Ground
Reconnaissance
& Sample Locations**

SCALE 1:500 000 DATE DEC. 1984

AUTHOR M.L.H. DRAWN K.M.B.

OFFICE ADELAIDE REVISED.

DRG. No A/FK 23/00 FIG. No. 2

BILLITON AUSTRALIA
THE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITED
SHEOAK HILL, SOUTH AUSTRALIA
PROGRESS REPORT
FOR QUARTER ENDING 15TH MARCH 1985

AUTHOR: G.J. DAVIDSON

REPORT NO: 08.2851

DATE: APRIL 1985

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CONTENTS

- 1.0 INTRODUCTION AND WORK UNDERTAKEN IN THE QUARTER
- 2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

<u>Figure</u> <u>No</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Drawing</u> <u>No</u>
1	Sheoak Hill EL, Location Plan	1:500 000	A/MT22/121

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND WORK UNDERTAKEN IN THE QUARTER

Sheoak Hill EL 1117 (Figure 1) was granted to The Shell Company of Australia limited on 15th March, 1983 for an initial term of 1 year. An extension of this tenure to 24 months was granted on 13th February, 1984 with the expenditure commitment remaining at \$40 000 p.a.

A joint venture agreement has been entered into with Poseidon with Shell remaining as manager and operator.

The joint venture partners seek base metal targets of the stratiform Broken Hill-Aggeney's style in the Lower Proterozoic Hutchison Group of the Gawler Craton.

In the last quarter, no active field-work occurred. Substantial progress has been made, however, in reprocessing and contouring the existing BMR aeromagnetics over the area using a Sydney-based contractor. The results of this work are expected shortly and will form the basis of subsequent exploration planning.

0034

2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT - SHEOAK HILL (FK23)

	<u>Expenditure for the Quarter</u> <u>Ending 31/12/84</u>	<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	3 408	34 413
Concession Payments		5 282
Analysis/Assays	373	373
Site preparation/ Payment to Landholders & Consultants		885
Geology, Geophysics, Drawing, Research & Computer	251	2 633
Overheads	388	3 204
	<hr/> 4 420	<hr/> 46 790

BILLITON AUSTRALIATHE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITEDSHEOAK HILL, SOUTH AUSTRALIAPROGRESS REPORTFOR QUARTER ENDING 15TH JUNE 1985

AUTHOR: G.J. DAVIDSON, P.J. ELLIOTT

DATE: JUNE 1985

REPORT NO: 08.2856

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CONTENTS

1.0 INTRODUCTION & SUMMARY OF WORK UNDERTAKEN IN THE QUARTER

2.0 AEROMAGNETIC DATA REPROCESSING

3.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

<u>Figure No</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Drawing No</u>
1	Sheoak Hill EL, Location Plan	1:500 000	A/MT22/121
2	Residual Magnetic Contours Barna Sheet	1:100 000	A/FK23/010
3	Magnetic Variation Contours Barna Sheet	1:100 000	A/FK23/009

0038

1.0 INTRODUCTION AND WORK UNDERTAKEN IN THE QUARTER

Sheoak Hill EL 1117 (Figure 1) was granted to The Shell Company of Australia limited on 15th March, 1983 for an initial term of 1 year. An extension of this tenure to 24 months was granted on 13th February, 1984 with the expenditure commitment remaining at \$40 000 p.a.

A joint venture agreement has been entered into with Poseidon with Shell remaining as manager and operator.

The joint venture partners seek base metal targets of the stratiform Broken Hill-Aggeney's style in the Lower Proterozoic Hutchison Group of the Gawler Craton.

In the last quarter, no active field-work occurred. Reprocessing and contouring the existing BMR aeromagnetics over the area occurred, using a Sydney-based contractor. The work has cheaply supplied a much improved picture of the aeromagnetics on which to base a planned second-half program.

At present, approximately 20 aeromagnetic trends will be followed up in the second-half program with rock chipping, ground magnetics and RAB drilling.

2.0 AEROMAGNETIC DATA REPROCESSING

The BMR data for the Barna 1:100 000 sheet was obtained in digital form and sent to Pitt Research Pty Ltd. The data was corrected for levelling errors and flight lines left out of the original contour plots were included. Two sheets were produced:-

- a) Levelled Residual Magnetic Contours (Figure 2)
- b) Magnetic Variation Contours (Figure 3)

A more detailed description of what these sets of contours represent is included as Appendix A.

3.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT - SHEOAK HILL (FK23)

	<u>Expenditure for the Quarter</u> <u>Ending 31/3/85</u>	<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	2 497	36 910
Concession Payments	3 009	8 291
Analysis/Assays	110	483
Site preparation/ Payment to Landholders & Consultants		885
Geology, Geophysics, Drawing, Research & Computer	1 345	3 978
Overheads	399	3 603
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	7 360	54 150
	<hr/>	<hr/>

APPENDIX A



Pitt Research Pty. Limited

Suite 4, 1st floor.
250 Pacific Highway.
Crows Nest, NSW 2065.
Australia

0041

Telex: AA24458 Telephone: (02) 438-3700, (02) 438-3916

17th May 1985

Mr. Peter J. Elliott,
Billiton Australia,
66 Glen Osmond Road,
Parkside,
S.A. 5001

Dear Peter,

Please find enclosed the following contour maps for the Barna 1:100,000 map sheet:

- (a) Levelled Residual Magnetic Field contours
- (b) Magnetic variation contours

Comments on the above maps are:

Residual Magnetic Contours:

Data was interpolated to a square grid mesh of 200m x 200m. With this limitation, the contours are accurately positioned along the traverse flight paths. In the case of regional surveys, the interpolation of contours between flight lines is not as one would desire, due to the large traverse spacing. Manual contours based on the computer map would in this case considerably revise the structural trends, and could be very useful. Doug Morrison (Southlands Geophysical Services) would be prepared to prepare such contours in pencil from our computer drawn contours for a price of per kilometre. Ball point was used to obtain a resolution normally requiring a scale of 1:50,000.

Magnetic Variation Contours:

The magnetic variation map is an attempt to define and map areas in which changes in the magnetic field are arising from near-surface geology and to attempt to quantify the degree of magnetisation of such regions. I feel this to be important because mineralisation appears to frequently occur in such regions, and they are also amenable to field inspection.

The raw observation data is first filtered by a one-dimensional high pass filter to extract the high frequency component of this data. The cut-off period is say 300 metres per half

cycle. This is done in an attempt to locate near surface magnetic sources. I have assumed that 'peaks' of narrow anomalies and 'steps' in the level of the magnetic field are due to changes in magnetic susceptibility of near-surface rocks. Profiles of this resulting data would be generally appear as bursts of 'noise'. Contour mapping of this high frequency information is not possible. This information is usually completely lost when contour maps are produced, particularly if these maps use a large grid cell size, or are 'filtered'. The ideal data for the above treatment is that derived from high-resolution caesium vapour magnetometers operated with high frequency sampling.

To produce a contourable map of the above information, the data derived from above is next demodulated by means of a special r.m.s. low pass filter of the same frequency as the above high pass filter. This filter is really a weighted square root of mean square filter in the same sense as is applied in electrical engineering when dealing with the power of an alternating electrical signal. For the data for each traverse, this process produces a profile which is always positive and which indicates the position and degree of magnetic variation due to near surface bodies.

To extract information in areas of low magnetic contrast, the logarithm of the above data is next computed.

After all the above operations are completed, the resulting information is gridded and contoured.

Anaglyph Contours of Residual Magnetics:

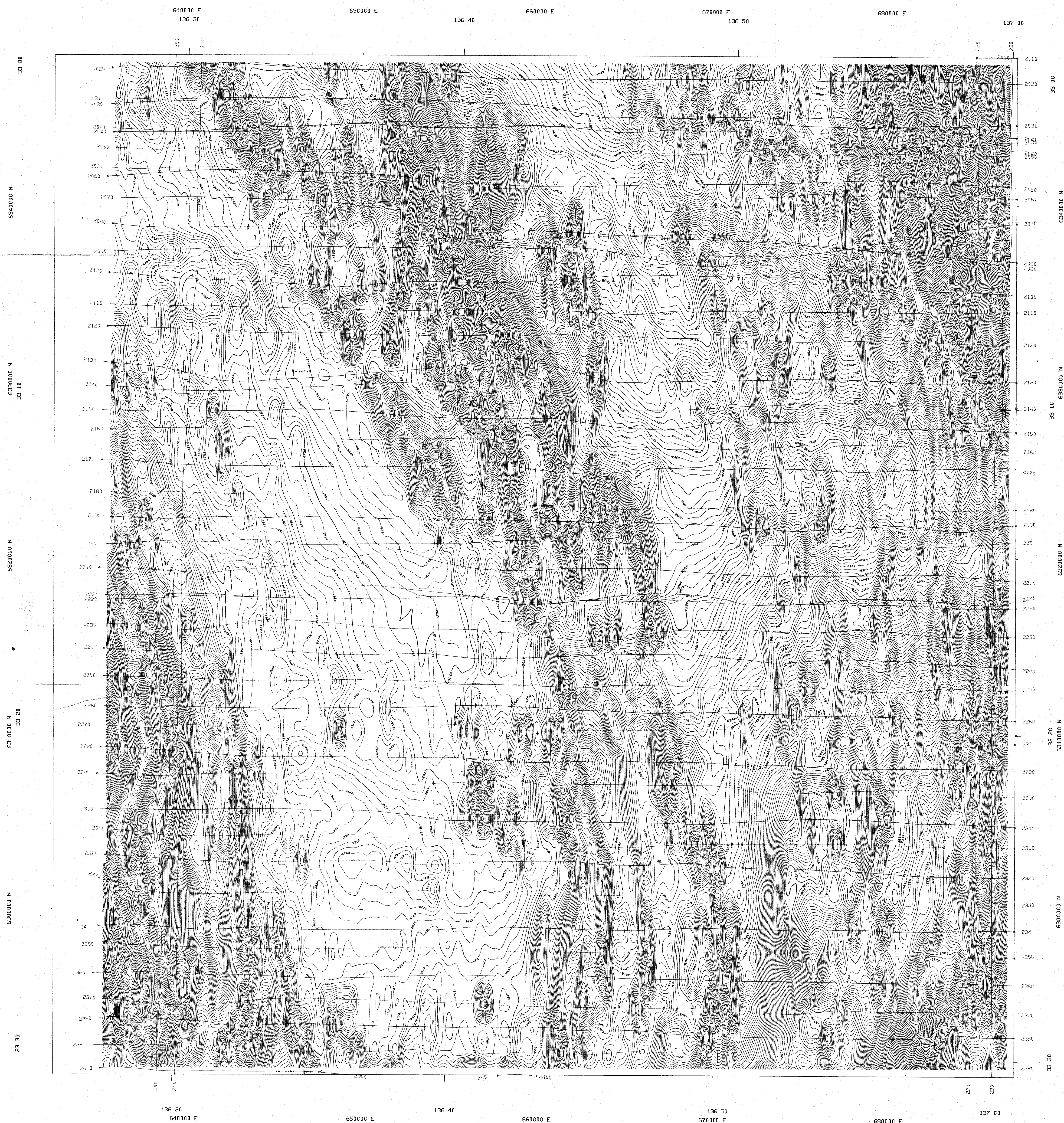
I suggest that consideration be given to plotting of an anaglyph of the residual magnetics. The set aside could perhaps be used for this purpose.

Please let me know if there is any query on work to date and if we can be of any further service on this or subsequent projects. An invoice for \$3,400 is included to cover work to date.

Yours sincerely,
PITT RESEARCH PTY LIMITED



John C. Pitt
Managing Director



DATA PROCESSING AND MAPPING

The airborne geophysical data for this map was acquired by the BMR for the S.A. Department of Mines. The nominal flight altitude was 150 metres and the nominal traverse spacing was 1.600 metres.

Initial data processing was performed by the BMR, this including initial levelling, diurnal correction and subtraction of IGRF.

Final data processing, editing, levelling and mapping was performed by Pitt Research Pty Limited assisted by Southlands Geophysical Services.

Contours were generated from data interpolated to a grid resolution of 200 metres by 200 metres.

Contours are shown at intervals of 4.0 nano-Teslas.

The low sides of bold contour lines are indicated by dashes.

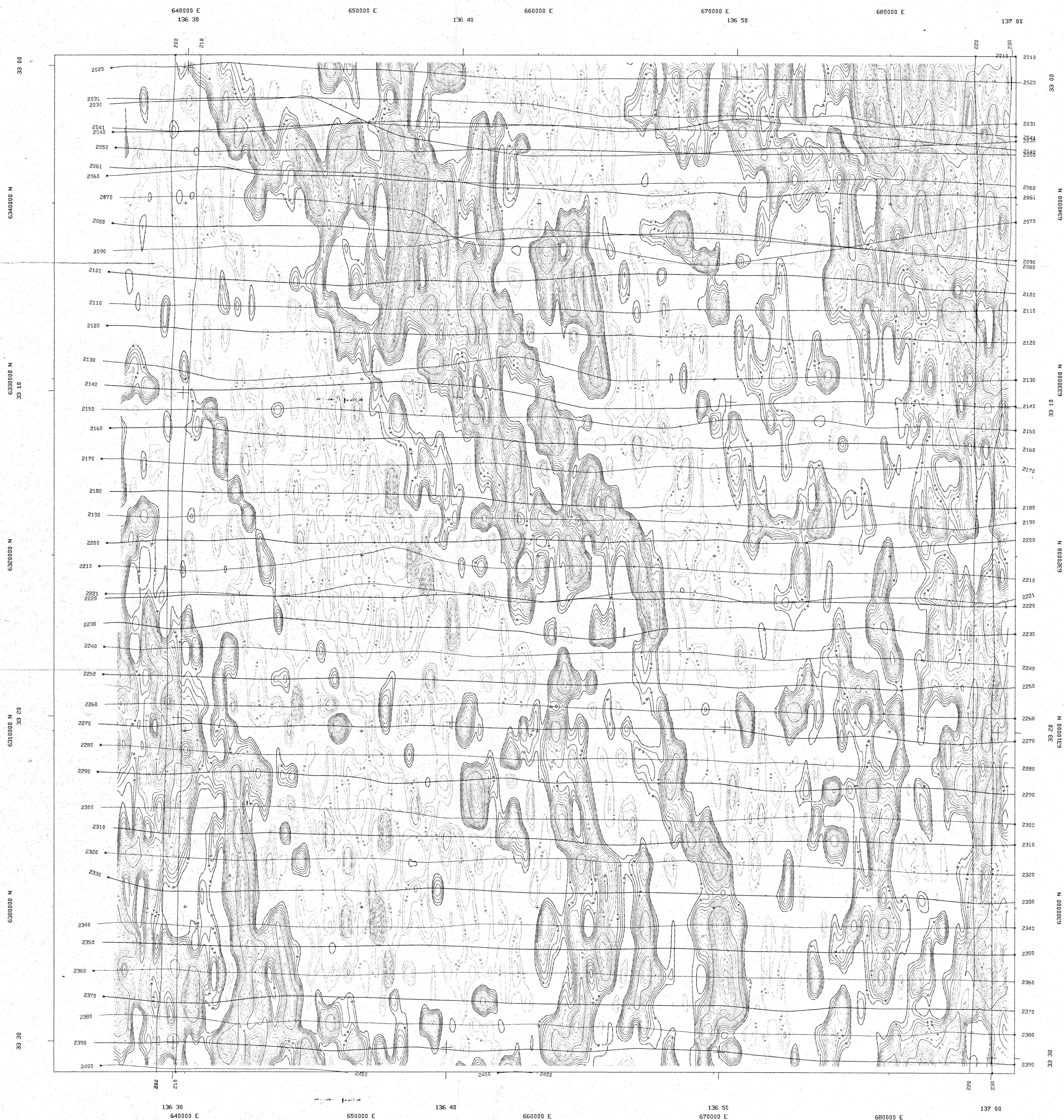
2000 0 2000 4000 6000 8000 10000 Metres

BILLITON AUSTRALIA

BARNA - S.A.
BMR - REGIONAL GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY
RESIDUAL MAGNETIC INTENSITY - CONTOURS

SCALE: 1 : 100 000	
DRN: J.C.P.	
CKD:	
APPD:	
ISSUED:	FIG No. 2
DATE: 9th May 1985	SHEET: A/FK 23/010
High precision geophysical mapping by PITT RESEARCH PTY LIMITED	

5545-6



DATA PROCESSING AND MAPPING

The airborne geophysical data for this map was acquired by the BMR for the S.A. Department of Mines. The nominal flight altitude was 150 metres and the nominal traverse spacing was 1,600 metres.

Initial data processing was performed by the BMR, this including initial levelling, diurnal correction and subtraction of IGRF.

Final data processing, editing, levelling and mapping was performed by Pitt Research Pty Limited assisted by Southlands Geophysical Services.

Contours were generated from data interpolated to a grid resolution of 200 metres by 200 metres.

The magnetic variation shown indicates regions with magnetic anomalies having a width of less than 300 metres only. Such anomalies can necessarily arise only from near surface structures.

Contours are shown at intervals of 0.2 units. The colour sequence for increasing magnetic variation is green, blue, black and red.

The low sides of bold contour lines are indicated by dashes.

2000 0 2000 4000 6000 8000 10000 Metres

BILLITON AUSTRALIA

BARN - S.A.
BMR - REGIONAL GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY
MAGNETIC VARIATION - CONTOURS

SCALE:	1 : 100 000	
DRN:	J.C.P.	
CKD:		
APPD:		
ISSUED:		FIG. No. 3
DATE:	9th May 1985	SHEET: A/FK 23/009

High precision geophysical mapping by
PITT RESEARCH PTY LIMITED

5545-7

BILLITON AUSTRALIATHE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITEDSHEOAK HILL, EL 1117, SOUTH AUSTRALIAPROGRESS REPORTFOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH SEPTEMBER 1985

AUTHOR: K. J. HELLSTEN

REPORT NO: 08.2875

DATE: SEPTEMBER 1985

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CONTENTS

1.0 SUMMARY

2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT

<u>Figure</u> <u>No</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Drawing</u> <u>No</u>
1	Sheoak Hill EL, Location Plan	1:500 000	A/MT22/121

1.0 SUMMARY

Exploration Licence 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted to The Shell Company of Australia Limited on 15 March 1983, and is current until 14 March 1986. The licence area is subject to a joint venture agreement between Billiton Australia and Poseidon Limited, with the former being manager and operator of exploration.

No field work has been conducted during the report period, however, considerable time has been spent in preparation for a major rock chip and RAB sampling programme due to commence early in following quarter. This includes compilation of the existing geological plans, rock chip sample analytical results and reprocessed BMR aeromagnetic data for the Barna 1:100 000 sheet (see Report No. 08.2856). An interpretation of the aeromagnetism, in conjunction with the outcrop maps and regional ground magnetic profiles, is presently underway.

On completion of this work, comprehensive check geological mapping, rock chip sampling and ground magnetic programme will be commenced. RAB drilling is proposed in areas of poor or nil outcrop to gain valuable geological and geochemical data.

0047

2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT - SHEOAK HILL (FK23)

	<u>Expenditure for the Quarter</u> <u>Ending 14/9/85</u>	<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	1 983	38 893
Concession Payments		8 291
Analysis/Assays		483
Site preparation/		
Data Processing	4 000	5 385
Geology, Geophysics,		
Drawing, Research &		
Computer	984	4 462
Overheads	465	4 068
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	7 432	61 582
	<hr/>	<hr/>

BILLITON AUSTRALIA

THE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITED

SHEOAK HILL EL 1117, SOUTH AUSTRALIA

PROGRESS REPORT

FOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH DECEMBER 1985

AUTHOR: K.J. HELLSTEN
DATE: DECEMBER 1985

REPORT NO: 08.3094

DISTRIBUTION

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Copy 3: Billiton/Melbourne
Copy 4: Billiton/Adelaide

CONTENTSPage

1.0	SUMMARY	1
2.0	EXPENDITURE STATEMENT	2

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u> <u>No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Drawing</u> <u>No.</u>
1	Sheoak Hill Interpreted Geology	1:125 000	A/FK23/020
2	Sheoak Hill Magnetic Profiles and Trends	1:125 000	A/FK23/012

0051

1.0 SUMMARY

During the report period an extensive programme of geological mapping and rock chip sampling, supplemented by RAB drilling, was completed.

Geological mapping was concentrated in a north-south package of chemical sediments and complementary zone of several en echelon magnetic ridges extending from the Yarlana area to Miltalie North in the south (Figures 1 and 2). Limited work was also conducted on the Coompana Reservoir Trend. In conjunction with the mapping, 483 composite, channel rock chip samples were collected across outcropping chemical sediments, calc- silicate horizons and several quartzites.

The results of the geological and geochemical samples have recently been compiled, however, drafted copies are not yet available, Discussion of the results will therefore be left until the following quarterly report.

A RAB drilling programme totalling some 1414 metres and 65 holes was completed in early December in areas of poor or nil exposure. Relatively intense magnetic anomalies were tested on profiles 13, 36, 44, 45, 67 and 68 (Figure 2). Drafting of the drill sections is underway, however, the analytical results have been delayed due to heavy demands at the laboratory. Drill sections, plans and interpretations will be included in the following quarterly report when all data are received and drafted.

0052

2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT: SHEOAK HILL

	<u>Expenditure for the Quarter</u> <u>Ending 30/9/85</u>	<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/support	7 038	45 931
Concession payments		8 291
Analysis/assays		483
Site preparation/ payments to landholders & consultants	(600)	4 785
Geology, geophysics, drawing research & computer	261	4 723
Overheads	8	4 475
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 6 707	\$ 68 688
	<hr/>	<hr/>

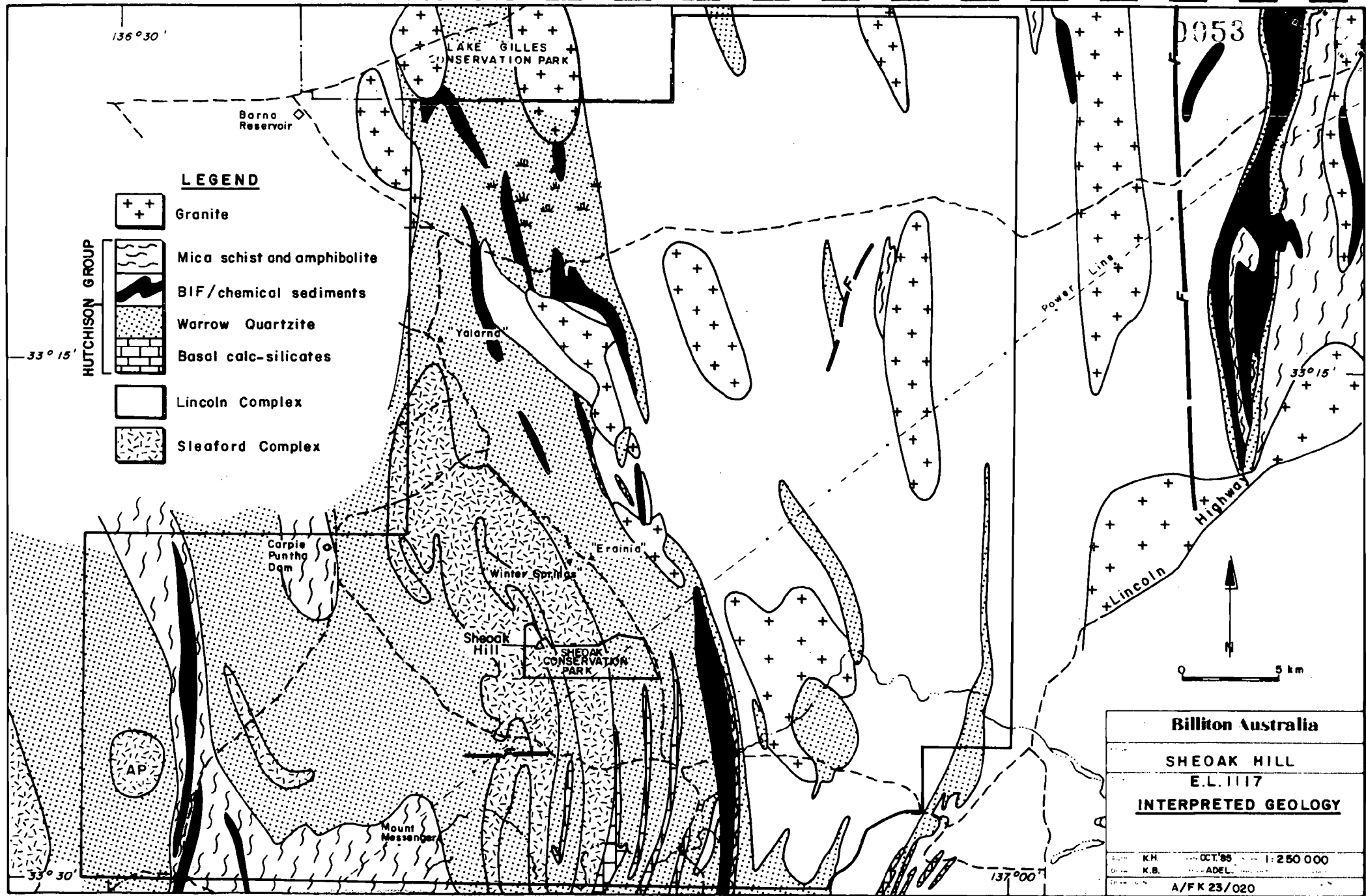
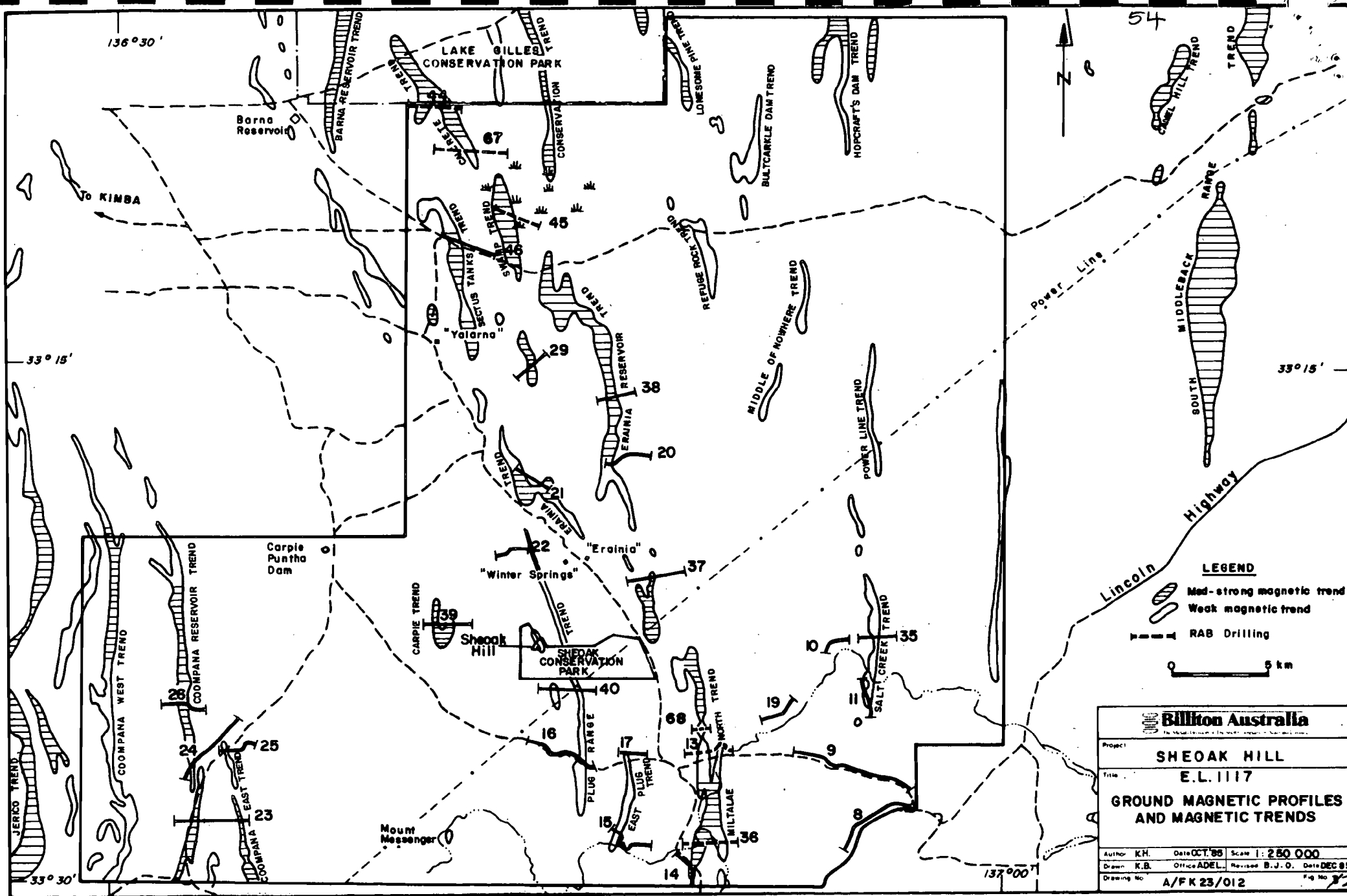


Fig. 1.



Billiton Australia <small>The National Geophysical & Environmental Research Institute</small>			
Project: SHEOAK HILL			
Title: E.L.1117			
GROUND MAGNETIC PROFILES AND MAGNETIC TRENDS			
Author: K.H.	Date: OCT. 88	Scale: 1:250 000	
Drawn: K.B.	Office: ADEL.	Revised: B.J.O.	Date: DEC 88
Drawing No: A/FK 23/012	Fig No: 2		

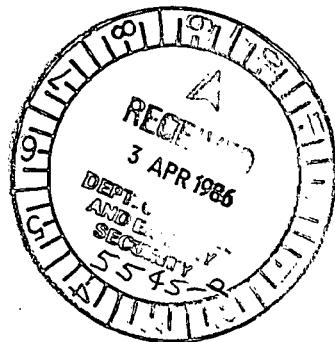
BILLITON AUSTRALIATHE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITEDSHEOAK HILL EL 1117, SOUTH AUSTRALIAPROGRESS REPORTFOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH MARCH 1986

AUTHOR: R. C. BERG
DATE: MARCH 1986

REPORT NO: 08.3260

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CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
1.0 INTRODUCTION	1
2.0 WORK COMPLETED	2
3.0 GEOLOGICAL SETTING	3
4.0 GEOLOGICAL MAPPING	4
5.0 ROCK CHIP SAMPLING	6
6.0 RAB DRILLING	7
7.0 CONCLUSION	9
8.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT	10

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX I: PETROGRAPHIC DESCRIPTIONS

APPENDIX II: ANALYTICAL RESULTS

APPENDIX III: RAB LOGS AND ANALYSES

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Drawing No.</u>
1	Sheoak Hill Interpreted Geology	1:250 000	A/FK23/020
2	Sheoak Hill Aeromagnetic Contours	1:250 000	A/FK20/013
3	Sheoak Hill Magnetic Profiles and Trends	1:250 000	A/FK23/012
4	Outcrop Geology - Sheet 3	1:25 000	A/FK23/027
5	Outcrop Geology - Sheet 4	1:25 000	A/FK23/028
6	Outcrop Geology - Sheet 8	1:25 000	A/FK23/029
7	Outcrop Geology - Sheet 9	1:25 000	A/FK23/030
8	Outcrop Geology - Sheet 12	1:25 000	A/FK23/031
9	Outcrop Geology - Sheet 14	1:25 000	A/FK23/032
10	Miltalie North Geology with Geochemical Overlays for Zn and Mn	1:100 000	A/FK23/043
11	Location Map and Anomalous Geochemistry - Sheet 3	1:25 000	A/FK23/033
12	Location Map and Anomalous Geochemistry - Sheet 4	1:25 000	A/FK23/034
13	Location Map and Anomalous Geochemistry - Sheet 8	1:25 000	A/FK23/035
14	Location Map and Anomalous Geochemistry - Sheet 9	1:25 000	A/FK23/036
15	Location Map and Anomalous Geochemistry - Sheet 12	1:25 000	A/FK23/037
16	Location Map - Sheet 14	1:25 000	A/FK23/019
17	Sheet 14 - Rock Chip Geochemistry Cu Contours	1:25 000	A/FK23/038
18	Sheet 14 - Rock Chip Geochemistry Pb Contours	1:25 000	A/FK23/039
19	Sheet 14 - Rock Chip Geochemistry Zn Contours	1:25 000	A/FK23/040
20	Sheet 14 - Rock Chip Geochemistry Mn Contours	1:25 000	A/FK23/041

LIST OF FIGURES (CONT'D)

<u>Figure No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Drawing No.</u>
21	Sheet 14 - Rock Chip Geochemistry Fe Contours	1:25 000	A/FK23/042
22	Profile 13N - Ground Magnetism and and RAB Drilling	1:10 000	A/FK23/023
23	Profile 36N - Ground Magnetism and RAB Drilling	1:10 000	A/FK23/024
24	Profile 44N - Ground Magnetism and RAB Drilling	1:10 000	A/FK23/022
25	Profile 45N - Ground Magnetism and RAB Drilling	1:10 000	A/FK23/021
26	Profile 67N - Ground Magnetism and RAB Drilling	1:10 000	A/FK23/025
27	Profile 68N - Ground Magnetism and RAB Drilling	1:10 000	A/FK23/026

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence EL 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted in 1983 and is current until 15/3/87.

This quarterly report describes the results of the work carried out in the previous reporting period, since the geochemical analyses and compilation have only recently been completed.

0060

2.0 WORK COMPLETED

The work described in this report consisted of:

- Geological mapping on 1:25 000 scale.
- Channel rock chip sampling (483) accompanying the mapping.
- RAB drilling over six magnetic profiles (P 13, 36, 44, 45, 67, 68).

3.0 GEOLOGICAL SETTING

The eastern part of the licence covers the granitic gneisses of the Lincoln Complex, overlain in the west by the Lower Proterozoic chemical-metasedimentary sequence of the Hutchison Group (Figure 1).

Two prospective aeromagnetic trends, associated with BIFs, cherts, calc-silicates, are apparent from the aeromagnetic map (Figure 2), called the Miltalie-Eurilla Dam trend and the Campoona trend.

4.0 GEOLOGICAL MAPPING

Geological mapping on 1:25 000 scale has been carried out over the main magnetic trends, concentrating on the Miltalie-Eurilla Dam trend (Figure 3).

Two areas have been highlighted as prospective by the geological mapping:

- i) A stacked sequence of chemical sediments has been outlined on the Miltalie North trend (Figure 3), stratigraphically above the Warrow Quartzite.

Calc-silicates and banded carbonates)	Upper
Banded chert + Mn)	= Middleback
Massive Mn-rich ironstone)	Jaspilite
Biotite schist	=	Cook Gap Schist
+ Banded dolomite/opalite	=	Katunga Dolomite
Massive quartzite	=	Warrow Quartzite
Quartzo-feldspathic gneiss	=	Lincoln Complex

A sub-basin is proposed in this area with the margins defined by the chemical sedimentary sequence laterally, and the magnetic units along strike. This basin is at least 12 km long (N-S), is closed to the north, but remains open to the south - towards Miltalie.

In the central portion of the sub-basin, the chemical sedimentary package has an apparent thickness in excess of 1 km. Subvertical dips occur throughout, however, some structural thickening is probable. The basin is bounded by Warrow Quartzite to the east and west, and hence appears to represent a regional syncline. This is difficult to prove, as neither the magnetic horizon nor the cherts or manganese-rich units crop out on the western side of the inferred fold axis.

The main magnetic anomaly lies within the calc-silicates, but does not crop out. Some drilling was therefore carried out in this area during the RAB programme.

- ii) Several en echelon, relatively intense magnetic anomalies (the Calcrete, Swamp and northern section of the Erainia Reservoir trends) occur in the north central portion of the EL. No surface expression is present, however, they lie adjacent to Warrow Quartzite outcrops, and hence are probably due to Hutchison Group sediments. RAB drilling has been completed on profiles 44, 45 and 67 (Figure 3), to determine the magnetic source and host sequence.

On the northern section of the Erainia Reservoir trend, graphitic cherts and graphitic schists crop out immediately east of the magnetic horizon, upgrading the area. Further south, the magnetic unit is seen as magnetic diorites within granites and the Lincoln Complex, and hence is not an attractive exploration target.

Other geologically interesting areas not previously noted by the SADME mapping, are a package of calc-silicates in the Lincoln Complex, 4 km north of "Erainia", and 'pyjama' rocks near the Erainia trend.

==

A brief visit to the Coompana Reservoir trend confirmed the presence of chemical units. Only banded cherts were noted near the major magnetic anomaly, however, some previously unrecognised 'pyjama' rock was noted west of the trend.

The results of the geological mapping are presented as outcrop geology sheets (Figures 4 to 9), together with the petrography.

Details of the petrographic descriptions are given in Appendix I.

5.0 ROCK CHIP SAMPLING

Channel rock chip sampling has been carried out in conjunction with the geological mapping.

A total of 483 samples have been collected. Generally, 25 m composite samples were taken and analysed for Cu, Pb, Zn, Mn, Fe and Ag by AAS. Selected samples on the Miltalie North trend have been analysed for Au.

All analytical results are given in Appendix II.

The rock chip sampling located a base metal anomalous sub-basin with Pb/Zn/Mn ranging from 40-850 / 40-530 / 200->10% respectively, in the Miltalie North area. RAB drilling confirmed these anomalous areas.

A summary geological plan, with geochemical overlays for Zn and Mn, is presented in Figure 10.

Rock chip locations with anomalous geochemistry, are shown on Figures 11 to 16.

Analytical results of the Miltalie North area have been plotted and contoured (Figures 17 to 21).

6.0 RAB DRILLING

Six RAB lines have been completed over regional magnetic profiles and in areas of anomalous rock chip geochemistry (Figure 3).

In total, 1414 m were drilled in 65 holes, 13 holes and 835 m (av. 64 m) using Underdale's Gryphon rig, and 579 m in 52 holes (av. 11 m) with the Investigator. Obviously there is extremely deep weathering in the north of the licence area, especially in the uncleared areas.

In general, anomalous geochemistry and prospective rock types have only been identified in the Miltalie North area (P 68). Details of each profile are described hereafter.

Profile 13: (Figure 22)

Background base metal values were recorded on the entire line, which consists of a sequence of interbedded quartz-mica schists, chlorite-amphibole schists and quartz-diopside calc-silicates. The peak result was 115 ppm Cu over the bottom 3 m in RSH 20, with lead values less than 20 ppm Pb and zinc below 50 ppm Zn in all samples. Manganese values increase steadily towards the east, however, the most geochemically anomalous horizons from the rock chip sampling (the cherts and Mn ironstones) were not tested by the RAB drilling, due to impenetrable alluvials associated with Salt Creek.

Profile 36: (Figure 23)

Geochemical results for RSH 42-52 were not anomalous. The best results were 90 ppm Cu over the bottom 3 m in RSH 42, and 1 m @ 140 ppm Cu for RSH 44, 10-11 m. The low levels of base metals and the unfavourable stratigraphy over the western magnetic ridge on lines 13N and 36N indicate all future exploration on the prospect should be concentrated north of Profile 13N.

Profile 44: (Figure 24)

Non-magnetic leucocratic granite was intersected in all six holes on profile 44, without significant geochemistry.

Profile 45: (Figure 25)

The eight holes on profile 45 intersected mainly dolerite/amphibolite (max. susc. 350×10^{-5}). Depth of weathered bedrock was generally 50-60 m and drilling progress was slow. No significant base metal anomalies emerged.

Profile 67: (Figure 26)

All holes bottomed in granite ?gneisses with generally background geochemistry. Weakly elevated lead (av. 110 ppm Pb) was present in RSH 11, 14-24 m, and RSH 12 with 2 m @ 440 ppm Pb (18-20 m). In both holes, however, the best results are in weathered bedrock and kaolin, with lead values dropping to background (20-50 ppm) in the fresher bottom samples. Weakly elevated zinc (125 ppm) is also present in RSH 14, 34-42 m. No further work is warranted.

Profile 68: (Figure 27)

The RAB drilling on this line confirms the geological and geochemical results of the rock chip sampling programme. Lead values are universally low, being less than 20 ppm Pb. Cu and Zn are of the same order of magnitude as those from the rock chips with peak results being:

RSH 33: 6-12 m (6 m) @ 165 ppm Zn
RSH 34: 6- 9 m (3 m) @ 140 ppm Cu, 200 ppm Zn
RSH 38: 4- 6 m (2 m) @ 175 ppm Zn
RSH 40: 6- 8 m (2 m) @ 320 ppm Cu, 300 ppm Zn, 9.45% Mn

All petrographic descriptions are given in Appendix I, and drill logs with geochemical analyses in Appendix III.

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7.0 CONCLUSION

Evaluation of the main magnetic trends by regional ground magnetics, mapping and RAB drilling, located one prospective area, the Miltalie North area.

The similar levels of base metals in RAB and surface samples indicate the existing large, low order, geochemical anomaly at Miltalie North is probably not the surface expression of a relatively shallow base metal deposit. Target generation will therefore need to concentrate on hidden targets.

A sirotem grid of 5 x 1.5 km is hence proposed as the best exploration tool to cover the base metal anomalous sub-basin.

8.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT: SHEOAK HILL

	<u>Expenditure for the Quarter</u> <u>Ending 31/12/85</u>	<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	27 675	73 606
Concession Payments	75	8 366
Analyses/Assays	5 665	6 148
Site Preparation/Payments to Landholders & Consultants	2 906	7 691
Geology, geophysics, drawing research & computer	2 718	7 441
Overheads	2 954	7 429
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 52 690	\$ 121 378
	<hr/>	<hr/>

APPENDIX I: PETROGRAPHY

Pontifex & Associates Pty. Ltd.

0070

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A.H. 31 3816

26 KENSINGTON ROAD, ROSE PARK
SOUTH AUSTRALIA

P.O. BOX 91, NORWOOD	
SOUTH AUSTRALIA 5067	
KJH	KA
FILE	FK23/802
REC'D	3/12/85

MINERALOGICAL REPORT NO. 4668

by A.C. Purvis PhD. & I.R. Pontifex MSc.

28th November, 1985

TO:

Mr. Ken Hellsten
Shell Metals
66 Glen Osmond Road,
PARKSIDE S.A. 5063

YOUR REFERENCE:

3945/FK23/KJH/02

MATERIAL:

Rock samples (45)

IDENTIFICATION:

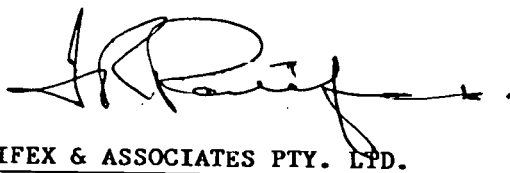
33967 - 34000
34101 - 34110

WORK REQUESTED:

Brief description with comments
on comparisons with rocks previously
examined from Menninnie Dam
Binocular Microscope examination
initially, but thin sections as
required.

SAMPLES & SECTIONS:

Returned to you with this report.



PONTIFEX & ASSOCIATES PTY. LTD.

SUMMARY COMMENTS

This report covers a batch of 45 samples for brief description under binocular microscope, but with thin sections prepared from 23 selected samples as directed in your order No. 2945/FK23/KJH/02.

These rocks were sectioned to enable information to be provided for you which was not resolvable in hand specimen, mainly on the basis that they were:

- (1) possible or probable calc-silicates and potassic calc-silicates or igneous amphibolites,
- (2) quartzites which could be of either detrital origin (meta-quartz sandstones), or of chemical origin (meta-cherts), or
- (3) gneisses of igneous or sedimentary origin.

Potassic calc-silicates are represented by samples 33972(A), 74, 34103, and the sample labelled 'Plug Range'. Apatite is abundant in 33974 and in the Plug Range sample. These rocks relate closely to potassic, and phosphatic-potassic calc-silicates in the Menninnie Dam Sequence. No 33992 is a coarse actinolite rock and probably derived from an impure dolomite.

Some of the quartzites contain detrital heavy minerals and thus appear to be meta-quartz sandstones, and considered to represent Warrow Quartzite. This correlation is supported by the local preservation of fresh alkali feldspar, which is a common constituent of the Warrow Quartzite. These samples include 33977, 80 and 96. No. 33988 is a calcareous meta-arkose and possibly also a facies of the Warrow Quartzite. No. 33997 is a sericite-bearing quartzite possibly a metasandstone.

Other quartzites have layers of graphite \pm apatite (33979, 33995) or silicified and/or limonitised ?silicate \pm oxide layers (33999, 34102), and may be graphitic or ferruginous metacherts.

Summary Comments continued:

The quartz fabric seen in the thin sections of most of the quartzites, indicates a period of exaggerated grain growth followed by recrystallisation. The original (exaggerated grain growth) fabric is preserved in 33997 and 34110, with the quartz C-axes lying in the foliation, but most of the others have the quartz C-axes at about 90° to the foliation (33972, 77, 80, 88, 95, 96). Some samples (33979, 33999, 34101) have their quartz C-axes at 45-90° to the foliation. The lower angles of (C-axes to foliation) occur in the possible metacherts and the higher angles in the metasandstones. No. 33995 has alternating domains of different fabrics but may be a metachert.

Samples 339712(B), 33987, 34101 appear to be metabasalts or metadolerites although W034101 has tourmaline-decorated quartz veins and a metamorphosed quartz-chlorite-altered area now rich in quartz and garnet. No. 33971 appears to be a metamorphosed brecciated quartz-diorite but No. 34110 appears to be metamorphosed arkosic sandstone. No. 34994 is an allanite-rich quartz-monzonite and is probably rich in rare-earth elements. Sample 34104 (not sectioned) is a muscovite-tourmaline-bearing pegmatite.

In the interests of economy only a limited number of sections were cut, as requested in your order. However many of the unsectioned rocks include quartzites which really need also to be examined in thin section to determine whether they are of detrital (Warro Quartzite?), or chemical origin. Some weathered, layered, quartzofelspathic rocks (33984, 85, 91, 93) were also not sectioned but are not likely to have been chemical sediments. Following receipt of this report it is suggested that any remaining samples, where the binocular microscope assessment does not provide sufficient information should be selected for follow-up petrography.

Several ferruginous/manganiferous lithologies, 33998, 34000, 34101(part), and 34107(part) were not sectioned, and very little could be ascertained in hand specimen. Therefore a representative polished section is being made of each of these four samples and will be checked for possible gossanous (or other genetic) characteristics. These will be reported on within the week.

DESCRIPTIONS OF THIN SECTIONS

33971 : biotite-quartz-plagioclase gneiss with zircon,
 apatite and allanite :
 quartz diorite gneiss.

This rock is dominated by large clots of coarse plagioclase to 10mm in diameter in a biotite-rich matrix. Lenses of recrystallised quartz are rare and about 1mm in size.

Parts of the matrix contain interstitial quartz, but most of it consists of fragments of feldspar grains in fine biotite. The quartz occurs in a vein-like layer 3-5mm thick containing a similar abundance of feldspar fragments to the adjacent biotite-rich rock.

Accessories include opaque oxides, apatite, zircon and allanite.

This appears to be a quartz-diorite, which was brecciated and quartz-veined before being metamorphosed.

33972A : layered potassic calc-silicate with concordant
quartz veins.

Layers in this rock are 2-5mm thick and are alternately rich in microcline and partly sericitised plagioclase. Quartz-rich lenses up to 2mm wide appear to be partly disrupted concordant veins. They have a strong fabric (C-axes at 90° to the veins).

Clinopyroxene is common (20 - 30%) in the various layers as grains 0.2 to 2mm in size, and is accompanied by minor (5%) green hornblende. Accessories include sphene, apatite and allanite.

The feldspars are granular with grains 0.2 to 1mm in size. The sericitisation of the plagioclase is quite variable in intensity and is much stronger in some layers than in others. Where the plagioclase is strongly altered the clinopyroxene is commonly altered to limonite stained clays.

One of the quartz ?veins contains limonite after intergranular sulphides (?).

33972 : amphibolite with concordant quartz veins.

This is a basic amphibolite with brown hornblende in most parts of the rock. Actinolite pseudomorphs of clinopyroxene grains are abundant to dominant in some layers. Plagioclase is abundant (40-45%), it is commonly weakly sericitised, and uniformly distributed as grains 0.2-0.5mm in size. There are scattered opaque oxide grains, other accessories include apatite and zircon and scattered small grains of epidote in the more highly sericitised felspar grains.

Concordant quartz veins to 2mm swide; and thin late stage veins of clay and limonite are present.

33974 : potassic calc-silicate, with layers containing clinopyroxene, microcline and apatite; retrogressed adjacent to an epidote vein.

This is a strongly layered rock with layers 2-10mm thick which in hand specimen are alternately greenish grey and pale pink and appear to consist of clinopyroxene and alkali feldspar. The layering is locally disrupted and lenticular possibly reflecting some mobility of calcium during a pre-metamorphic veining episode.

The mineralogy is confirmed in thin section and it is seen that there are also layers of pure or nearly pure, apatite up to 1mm thick, indicating a close similarity with some of the potassic calc-silicates in the Menninnie Dam Sequence.

The dominant layering is of clinopyroxene layers with minor microcline alternating with microcline layers with minor clinopyroxene and apatite. The apatite layers occur within the microcline layers or adjacent to the clinopyroxene layers.

The texture is mostly granular with grains about 0.2mm some of the clinopyroxene is coarse (to 4mm grain size). Some of the more irregular, originally clinopyroxene rich layers are cut by veins of epidote and these layers are extensively retrogressed to coarse prismatic actinolite. A thinner quartz-epidote vein is also present with no associated retrogression.

Accessory sphene is common in the clinopyroxene rich layers and some of the apatite layers.

33977 : weathered quartzite with traces of tourmaline,
leucoxenised sphene, apatite and zircon
(?Warrow Quartzite).

This is a weathered quartzite with a layering defined by clay patches. In thin section it consists of small grains ($<0.4\text{mm}$) with a strong fabric (C-axes 90° to layering) and large grains $1\text{-}2\text{mm}$) with little or no fabric. Patches of clay are scattered and by analogy with other quartzites in this suite, were probably derived from biotite and alkali feldspar.

The most common accessory is leucoxene after sphene, but apatite, blue-green tourmaline and rare zircon are also present. Their presence suggests that this was a sandstone with traces of heavy minerals and ?feldspars. The larger unoriented quartz grains may be remnants of detrital grains.

33979 : quartzite with accessory graphite and apatite
 (meta impure chemical chert)

As in 33977 this rock has fine quartz grains with a strong fabric (C-axes at 45° to layering) and deformed coarser grains with no fabric. The coarser grains in this case are up to 4mm in size as residual cores within the fine quartz and the fabric is considered to represent recrystallisation subsequent to exaggerated grain growth.

A layering is indicated by thin laminae of schistose graphite with small leached out grains (?pyrite or alkali felspar) and traces of apatite. These layers are locally stained by limonite. This may have been a chemical sediment, in the form of a weakly graphitic-phosphatic chert.

33980 : layered feldspathic quartzite with accessory rutile
 and zircon (Warroo Quartzite).

This is a well-layered quartzite in hand specimen with elongate grains of white feldspar and limonitic layers. In this section it is seen to consist of small quartz grains about 0.4mm in size with a strong fabric (C-axes at 90° to layering).

Scattered lenticular grains of alkali feldspar are 0.2 to 2mm long and in some layers are limonitised and/or sericitised and locally leached out.

Accessory zircon and rutile are common and are 0.1 to 0.4mm long. They are probably detrital indicating that this rock was a sandstone with accessory heavy minerals.

33986 : mafic amphibolite with biotite and opaque oxides.

This is a schistose, apparently lineated amphibolite cut at right angles to the lineation, and showing abundant end sections of green hornblende and weakly zoned plaioclase is present in roughly equal amounts. Both minerals have a grainsize of 0.2-0.5mm. Accessory opaque oxides (rimmed by sphene), apatite and biotite are present.

Some of the felspar is sericitised close to minute fracture which locally expand into epidote lenses.

33987 : schistose, fine grained ^(ortho) amphibolite with very minor alkali feldspar (metabasalt).

This rock has a protomylonitic texture with somewhat lenticular grains of plagioclase and very minor alkali feldspar, to 0.2mm and of green hornblende, to 0.4mm; all set in a matrix of very finely recrystallised plagioclase and minor fine acicular hornblende. The plagioclase is locally altered to sericite, particularly in the vicinity of thin quartz veins.

Lenticular shear zones contain schistose fine amphibole and a very fine feldspar mosaic and are similar to the thin discrete shear zone in No. 33972A.

Accessories include sphene and broken acicular apatite crystals, suggesting that this is a metabasalt.

33988 : actinolite-plagioclase-quartz-microcline schist
(?metasandstone)

calcareous meta-arkose

Grains of microcline and minor sericitised plagioclase 0.5 to 1.5mm in diameter are scattered through this rock in a schistose matrix of actinolite, microcline and quartz, with a grainsize of 0.1-0.4mm. Accessories include apatite, sphene and rare allanite.

This appears to have been a felspathic quartz sandstone although in hand specimen it is different to distinguish from a potassic calc-silicate.

33989 : layered, felspar-rich amphibolite, partly retrogressed to sericite and epidote, with traces of scapolite and concordant quartz veins.

In hand specimen this is a strongly layered rock with prominent quartz layers or veins. In thin section it is seen to be plagioclase-rich, with layers of granular felspar, some of which are totally retrogressed to sericite + epidote. Minor hornblende is present, and there are some hornblende-rich layers 1-2mm thick composed dominantly of schistose green hornblende. Rare radioactive grains occur in the hornblende, enclosed in pleochroic haloes. Traces of scapolite occur as poikiloblastic grains to 2mm.

Concordant quartz veins to 3mm wide are common and are 5-10mm apart.

Accessories include apatite and leucoxene after sphene.

It is likely that this rock is a mixed chemical-volcaniclastic sediment.

33992 : epidote-bearing actinolite rock.

Actinolite prisms to 10mm comprise most of this rock, together with about 1-2% epidote as interstitial grains to 4mm long and traces of alkali feldspar.

It is likely that the original rock was an impure dolomite.

33994 : metamorphosed, allanite-rich, quartz-monzonite

This sample was sectioned because,

- (1) it appeared to be potassium feldspar rich, and
- (2) it had scattered coarse grains of possible calc-silicate minerals.

These coarse grains are seen in thin section to be allanite and make up about 2% of the rock. There are also abundant accessory grains of sphene, apatite and zircon, suggesting that the rock is rare-earth-element-rich granitoid. The allanite grains are up to 2mm in diameter with dark and pale yellow-brown zones.

The grain size is about 0.7mm with about 35-40% each of sericitised plagioclase and fresh microcline. Opaque oxides chlorite and quartz make up the remainder with 15-20% quartz. The quartz is recrystallised but occurs in patches 0.5-1mm in size. Some of the feldspar is recrystallised also and occurs as grains less than 0.05mm in size.

33995 : layered weakly graphitic quartzite.

This is a quartzite with a diffuse layering on a scale of 5-20mm in hand specimen.

In thin section it consists of quartz grains 0.2 to 0.5mm in size, with a strong fabric probably reflecting recrystallisation following exaggerated grain growth. The darker areas contain traces of ?graphite and sericite with a layer-parallel orientation.

This may have been a weakly graphitic chert or less probably a graphitic sandstone.

The quartz fabric is not uniform, with domains to 10x30mm but with the C-axes mostly about 90° to the foliation.

33996 U sericite-bearing quartzite, with traces of
 tourmaline and leucoxene (?Warrow quartzite).

This is a massive weakly layered quartzite in hand specimen.

In thin section it is seen to have minor muscovite defining two schistositities at about 30° to each other, and quartz grains 0.05 to 0.4mm in size with a strong fabric (C-axes at a high angle to the schistosity). Tourmaline grains to 0.4mm in size have greenish-brown rounded cores and pale-green rims, and appear to be essentially of detrital origin. Other probably detrital grains include leucoxene and rare zircons.

It is suggested that this rock is a metasandstone.

33997 : weathered muscovite-bearing quartzite
 (?Warrow Quartzite)

In hand specimen this is a quartzite with subparallel limonite veins. In thin section the quartz is seen as grains 0.5 to 2mm in length with rare grains to 5mm. These grains are elongate parallel to the sparse muscovite in the rock, and have undulose extinction and sutured grain boundaries. They thus appear to have escaped the recrystallisation which has affected the previously described quartzites, but have a moderately developed fabric. In this sample however the grains are elongate parallel to their C-axes which tend to be parallel to the schistosity.

Small leached or clay-altered grains were probably feldspar. There are no detrital heavy minerals, but this rock was possibly part of the Warrow Quartzite.

33999 : quartzite with silicified and limonitised layers :
 metachert or BIF (?)

This is a layered quartzitic rock with weathered brown limonitic layers in hand specimen alternating with paler quartzitic layers.

The thin section shows lenticular layers from 0.1 to 2mm thick. Quartz layers consisting of granular quartz with a strong fabric (C-axes at 45° to the layering) alternate with silicified and/or limonitised layers. These weathered layers contain fine granular fabric-free quartz and/or fine limonite, locally after a granular mineral with grains about 0.2mm in size.

Similar layers occur in weathered banded-iron-formations, and correspond to amphibole + clinopyroxene + magnetite at depth. This rock is considered to be a weathered BIF.

34101 : iron-rich amphibolite, with tourmaline and a garnet-quartz-rich layer : (meta iron-rich basalt or dolerite).

This is mostly an amphibolite with schistose dark green (iron-rich) hornblende dominant over granular quartz and weakly sericitised plagioclase. Thin laminae of fine grained opaque oxides to 4mm long are scattered, and large felspar grains contain biotite and secondary sericite or carbonate.

Tourmaline is concentrated along one side of a concordant quartz vein and is strongly zoned. The core has patches of bluish green and orange-brown and the rim is a dark to very dark greenish brown, almost black. The tourmaline crystals are about 1-2mm in size and are subhedral.

Similar tourmaline crystals occur on one side of a layer, 8-10mm thick, of quartz-garnet. This layer has abundant grains of garnet about 1mm in size, locally intergrown with sericitised plagioclase, in a quartz-rich matrix with minor hornblende and tourmaline, accessory opaque oxides and apatite. This layer was probably chloritised and silicified before metamorphism.

This is considered to be a metamorphosed iron-rich basalt or dolerite, with zones of quartz-chlorite tourmaline alteration and tourmaline-decorated quartz veins.

34102 : quartzite with porous silicified layers;
 (meta chemical sediment).

This is a layered quartzite, with soft white porcelaneous layers alternating with hard glassy quartzitic layers. The layers are 1-10mm thick, and are locally offset by microfaults.

The quartzitic layers have fine grained quartz with a strong fabric (C-axes at 45-90° to the layering). The silicified porcelaneous layers are porous with textures indicating former granular to prismatic minerals with a grain size of 0.2 to 2mm and these appear to have been amphibole + pyroxene.

The rock was probably a chemical sediment.

34103 : layered, microcline-magnesiohornblende-
 clinopyroxene rock:
 (potassic calc-silicate)

This is a strongly but irregularly layered rock with some lenticular veins. The layers are from 1 to 15mm thick and are mostly either pale green magnesiohornblende or fine granular clinopyroxene, with minor to very minor microcline. Some microcline-rich layers are also present but the thickest layer is predominantly clinopyroxene.

Veins cutting the clinopyroxene rich layer consist of :

- (1) actinolite + quartz
- (2) microcline, and
- (3) quartz with limonite after sulphides and
 leached-out areas.

34107 : weathered, garnet-bearing, layered metasediment(?)
including limonite boxwork after probable amphibole
and colloform possible phosphatic minerals :
(?phosphatic potassic, calc-silicate).

In hand specimen this is a layered rock with thick brown limonitic layers, alternating with thinner greenish to cream layers with scattered small dark crystals.

In thin section limonite-rich layers alternate with layers rich in kaolin, or in colloform unidentified clays + chalcedony + phosphates, with small interstitial patches of possible jarosite, and a dark-green mineral (?vivianite), and accessory residual quartz. Small grains of garnet about 0.5mm in size are scattered along the pale limonite-fine layers, and make up 5 to 20% of these layers.

The limonite-rich layers have 15-35% limonite in colloform clays + chalcedony, with a few limonite-veined garnet grains. Some of these layers contain leucoxene possibly after sphene.

The limonite texture suggests the former presence of amphibole and (or clinopyroxene) to suggest a calc-silicate. The colloform minerals include phosphates. This could establish clear link with the phosphatic-potassic calc-silicates such as No. 33974. Analyses for phosphorus, as well as Cu, Pb and Zn (to test the nature of the yellow and green secondary minerals), are suggested for this sample.

34110 : garnet-biotite-quartz-plagioclase gneiss
 (?metasediment)

This is a quartz-rich, biotite, quartz, felspar gneiss, with quartz (40%) showing a strong quartz fabric (C-axes parallel to layering), and a strong layer-parallel schistosity defined by fine schistose bitite (20%). Plagioclase (35-40%) occurs largely as anhedral grains 0.5-2mm in size with some smaller grains in biotite-plagioclase lenses. There is a trace of allanite.

Thick biotite-rich layers 2-4mm and 8-10mm thick respectively, have abundant (225%) garnet grains, less than 1mm in diameter, and some limonite after pyrite grains to 0.4mm in size.

About 10% of the biotite is oriented at a high angle to the schistosity.

The abundance of quartz and the presence of garnet suggest a metasedimentary gneiss rather than an igneous gneiss.

PLUG RANGE: garnetiferous, potassic, calc-silicate, with
 abundant epidote.

In hand specimen this is a heterogeneous rock with an irregular layering possibly defined by alkali felspar (pink) and clinopyroxene (green) with scattered garnet patches.

This is broadly confirmed in thin section, but the layering is irregular and lenticular, and there is much less clinopyroxene than would appear to be the case, in hand specimen. Much of the green area is composed of an aggregate of heterogeneous, zoned clinozoisite-epidote grains, 0.5-2mm in size, probably after calcic plagioclase. The clinopyroxene occurs as grains to 3mm, but is commonly altered, at least partly, to actinolite and/or carbonate + quartz. The original clinopyroxene content was about 20%.

The alkali felspar (15-20%) is weakly perthitic-microcline, as irregular lenses of grains to 0.5mm in size.

The garnet is an orange colour, and may be a grossular-almandine-spessartite solid solution. It occurs as amoeboid patches up to 15mm in diameter, together with coarse sphene and apatite as grains to 1mm long.

This is a moderately phosphatic potassic calc-silicate, less clearly layered than No. 33974.

Pontifex & Associates Pty. Ltd.

0096

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SUPPLEMENTARY MINERALOGICAL REPORT TO PREVIOUS REPORT 4668.

6th December, 1985

TO:

Mr. Ken Hellsten
Shell Metals
66 Glen Osmond Road,
PARKSIDE S.A. 5063

YOUR REFERENCE:

4956/FK23/KJH/02

MATERIAL:

Selected ironstones, and one
rock sample from previous batch
of 45, described in report 4668

IDENTIFICATION:

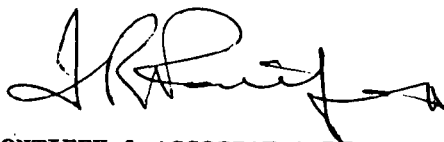
33998, 34000, 34104,
34107, 34109

WORK REQUESTED:

Preparation and description
of polished sections and one
thin section.

SAMPLES & SECTIONS:

Returned with whole batch
of 45 samples.



PONTIFEX & ASSOCIATES PTY. LTD

SUMMARY COMMENTS

One lump of each of the ironstone samples 33998, 34000, 34104, 34107 were examined in polished section since there was negligible indication of their genesis in hand specimen.

This did allow certain pre-existing minerals to be interpreted from their boxwork/replica forms, and some suggestions of genesis. They are not true gossans, even though minor completely oxidised pyrite occurs in some of these ironstones.

As a group they appear to represent a gneissic schistose assemblage of amphiboles, mica, lesser oxidised garnets rare graphite; possible oxidised altered feldspars; with oxidised magnetite and ilmenite in 34107. Tentative interpretations are:

33998 :	amphibolite or calc silicate
34000 :	graphitic cherty calc-silicate (?chemical sediment)
34104 :	metasediment cherty, micaceous, garnet-rich layers.
34107 :	"basic-gneiss"

The sample 34109 examined in an extra thin section is tough massive, unusually white, clinopyroxene rock, with cloudy diffuse "tremolitic" alteration, and quartz veinlets. It is not a quartzite as suggested in the hand specimen description, previous report.

33998 : massive yellowish limonite with fairly abundant relict textures after probable amphibole : tentatively interpreted as a completely ferruginised ?amphibolite rock or an ?actinolite-tremolite rock possibly related to the calc-silicates in this suite.

Macroscopically, this is an extremely fine mass of yellowish limonite, with minor, scattered, very small voids, rare small fibrous component, some veins of dark brown goethite, and local crusts of white calcrete.

The polished section is seen in reflected light to consist of massive, apparently microcrystalline limonite commonly with a weakly micaceous/schistose layered fabric, and highly irregular supergene/colloform layering.

In many areas however the limonite does form replicas and rare boxwork after random poorly-defined prisms, almost certainly of former amphibole. There is no indigenous quartz, although some of the amphibole appears to be silicified.

34000 : massive limonite rock, relict cherty domains
+ minute pyrite grains; minor fine graphite,
minor pseudomorphs after pyrite in a former aggregate
largely of amphibole;
??graphitic, cherty calc-silicate facies; oxidised,
meta ?chemical sediment.

Macroscopically, this massive limonite rock is slightly darker brown than 33998, it is inherently vaguely layered, and has some very fine cellular areas scattered on the sawn surface.

Relict textures, very poorly preserved in limonite indicate that at least 50% of the rock consisted of random to weakly schistose fibro-lamellar form crystals, almost certainly amphibole.

Minor irregular areas of cherty quartz contain sparse minute pyrite grains and/or extremely fine graphite. Minor, equally fine graphite occurs elsewhere in clusters. Minor boxwork after clusters of coarser (0.1mm) crystals of pyrite also occur locally.

This may have been a carbonaceous, pyritic, iron-silica-rich chemical sediment.

34104 : layered micaceous, amphibole, garnet 'gneiss' with
 a cherty layer;
 completely oxidised to limonite and minor MnO, as
 boxwork and replica;
 ?? meta sediment, possibly with cherty and calc-
 silicate layers.

In hand specimen this is massive, microcrystalline limonite, incorporating a discontinuous, lenticular cherty layer, and one surface is strongly micaceous.

Microscopically, the micaceous surfaces are seen as part of layers of schistose ?biotite, completely altered to ?vermiculite, then oxidised to limonite with minor interstitial fillings and veinlets of manganese oxides. They layers grade into and incorporate irregular lenses of limonite boxwork-replica after amphibole and/or pyroxene.

A layer up to 10mm thick between the micaceous layers is dominated by limonite + MnO replica, and some boxwork after a loose-packed aggregate of garnet crystals average size about 0.3mm, together with (partly as a matrix), finer oxidised amphibole.

The chert lense contains several oxidised garnet crystals.

34107 : massive limonite after an aggregate of possible altered feldspars amphibole and/or micas; with scattered fine oxidised magnetite, grains of ilmenite, and boxwork after garnet; possibly an oxidised "basic-gneiss".

Macroscopically, this is massive, dark brown, cryptocrystalline limonite/goethite, possibly siliceous. No distinctive relict textures but some fine cellular areas and semi-planar voids apparently along shrinkage or dessication partings.

In polished section the most distinctive features are small (to 0.05mm) irregular grains of magnetite (5% of the whole rock), with a vaguely layered to random distribution and now completely oxidised and pseudomorphed by martite/limonite. Accessory small ilmenite laths and subrounded grains of ilmenite is locally scattered in the vicinity of the magnetite.

Boxwork after subrounded/dodecahedral crystals, about 0.4mm across are locally loosely clustered, (in a vague layer), and these seem almost certainly to be after garnet.

The major host to these minor components is massive and may be limonitised, altered feldspars or amphiboles; and/or micas; apart from minor veins with sparry quartz, there is no "rock-forming" quartz. Trace minute graphite flakes occur locally.

34109 : massive clinopyroxene rock, meta 'pure' dolomite;
veined by quartz (ex chert laminations?)

This tough massive white rock is not a felspathic quartzite?
as previously reported.

Petrographically, it is seen to consist of a weakly layered,
massive very fine granular aggregate of diopsidic clinopyroxene,
clouded by extremely fine fibrous tremolitic alteration. The white
colour indicates a very Mg-rich metamorphic calc-silicate, conceivably
derived from a 'pure' dolomite.

Quartz veinlets occur mostly along the layering, more closely
spaced in some bands than in others. They may be original chert
laminae.

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BRIEF BINOCULAR MICROSCOPE DESCRIPTIONS OF HAND SPECIMENS

(not cut in thin section)

WITH COMMENTS ON STRATIGRAPHIC REPRESENTATION

WHERE APPROPRIATE

28th November, 1985

- 33967 : A. thick, bedded, feldspathic quartzite, meta-sandstone, possibly Warrow Quartzite.
 B. mica quartzofeldspathic gneiss, metasediment.

The very large rock with this number is a thick bedded quartzite on a 30mm to 50mm scale. One bed is a coarse crystalline mass of more or less fused quartz grains. This is interlayered with a bed 50mm thick, of fine layered quartz and subordinate feldspar altered to clays (stained pale reddish brown by limonite). The rock is identified as a metafeldspathic sandstone, which may represent Warrow Quartzite.

The smaller samples is a medium grained, mica quartzofeldspathic gneiss, almost certainly a metasediment.

- 33968 : (micaceous), feldspathic-quartzite; metafeldspathic and weakly micaceous sandstone, Warrow Quartzite?

A vaguely layered to massive coarse quartzite with minor cream coloured, partly altered feldspar grains, and lesser weathered muscovite flakes, all with a quite clearly defined layered distribution throughout the quartzite.

- 33969 : A. medium grained, micaceous quartz-felspar gneiss
 B. finer slightly more massive micaceous quartzose-
 felspathic gneiss/quartzite.

quartz-felspathic gneiss/quartzite

Several lumps of rock in this sample have a gneissic layering with abundant schistose muscovite ubiquitous through a generally subordinate, medium size, granuloblastic aggregate of quartz and felspar. Minor biotite accompanies muscovite.

One large different rock consists of layers with a finer grained more massive granuloblastic aggregate of quartz and felspar, with finer mica more or less intergranular. The mica is sparse and not particularly schistose in one reddish-coloured band; but more abundant, schistose biotite, in a dark grey band.

Both lithologies appear to be meta clastic sediments.

33970 : grey, laminated, very fine quartzite ? metachert.

Macroscopically, this is a fairly homogeneous, massive very fine metamorphically-microcrystalline quartzose rock. It is dark grey, possibly due to trace dispersed graphite. A vague thin layering is manifest as trains or variably continuous laminae of an indeterminate white phase, and a weak fissile planar parting.

33973 : massive coarse quartzite, genesis indeterminate.

This is a massive coarse quartzite, apparently recrystallised and with exaggerated quartz crystal growth. Genesis indeterminate in hand specimen.

- 33974 :
- A. petrographically identified as potassic-calc-silicate rock.
 - B. massive clinopyroxene rock (?metadolomite)
 - C. (quartz)-felspar with actinolite possible apatite, trace garnet.

One large rock (A) in this sample is identified in thin section as a potassic calc-silicate.

Two other, different, rocks occur in the sample however and are seen in hand specimen to be:

B : massive aggregate of pale green clinopyroxene; conceivably a metamorphosed impure dolomite.

C : a pale-coloured granoblastic aggregate of white felspar (apparently K-spar and plagioclase), quartz; possible apatite; also minor green actinolite in irregular layers, lenses and along shears. Trace extremely small garnet crystals are scattered. This is tentatively regarded as a calc-silicate-bearing feldspathic rock, conceivably related to 33974A.

33975 : massive quartzite, (genesis indeterminate in hand specimen)

This is a massive fairly homogeneous pale grey quartzite, apparently fine to medium grained, with poorly defined patches of clear to pinkish subhedral crystalline quartz.

Individual quartz grains are fused into a siliceous mass, without any (relict), textures to allow an interpretation of the original rock type.

33976 : gneissic, probable biotite granitoid; accessory garnet and magnetite.

At least 60% of this rock consists of a fine to medium, metamorphic granulose aggregate of quartz and felspar, including pinkish probable K-spar. Fine biotite (20%) is uniformly disposed throughout, not particularly schistose, in fact probably with a relict igneous mode of occurrence. Accessory small (0.5mm) crystals of garnet and of magnetite are scattered. (The rock weakly attracts a swinging magnet.)

33978 : massive structureless quartzite, minor possible
relicts of altered felspar.

Fine crystalline quartzite, with individual crystals indistinguishable in handspecimen, but fused into a structureless mass. Rare cream coloured 'grains' appear to be 'altered' felspar, possible K-spar.

Similar to many aspects of 3397; it lacks the commonly fissile characteristics of the preceding sample, 33977 which was identified petrographically a probable Warrow Quartzite.

- 33979 :
- A. identified in thin section quartzitic meta-chemical chert.
 - B. macro identification suggests similar chert with colloform nodules of quartz and possible phosphate.
 - C. ?? silicified carbonate with some boxworks

One lump of rock in this sample (A) was identified in thin section as a quartzite with accessory apatite and graphite, probably a meta-impure chemical chert.

One other lump in the sample (B) not sectioned has a massive, cherty, siliceous composition, but includes irregular domains of adjacent colloform/spherulitic texture, also probably mostly siliceous but including fibrous, radiating crystals, with 'cauliflower' arrangement and yellowish. This may include phosphatic material, as alluded to in the description of the thin section 33979(A).

A third lump of rock in this Sample (C), has a very fine rather heterogeneous siliceous matrix similar to that in B, but is characterised by extensive areas of siliceous boxwork, partly gradational to replica, which appears to be after carbonate. Some of this boxwork includes vague, microspherulitic, yellowish secondary material, which is probably limonitic-siliceous, but should be checked chemically as a possible secondary metallic salt. This sample C may be a silicified limestone.

33981 : laminated fine quartzite (??meta quartz
sandstone) accessory fine hematite grains.

This is a homogeneous, cream-coloured, extremely fine crystalline quartzite with a laminated structure with a coincidental fine foliation. Minor discrete small grains (to 1mm) are scattered along the layering. These are moderately highlighted on the weathered surface, also seen under binocular on a freshly broken surface (where they appear as micro-augen). Accessory very small hematite grains are scattered through one of the three lumps of rock in this sample.

This appears to be a meta quartz sandstone (?Warrow Quartzite), but a thin section is needed to confirm this.

33982 : A. fine quartzite with parting planes (along
the bedding?)
B. more heterogeneous quartzite with small quartz
"augen" in matrix of very fine crystalline quartz.

One rock in this sample is a cream coloured, fine crystalline quartzite in which the crystals are essentially fused into a fairly homogeneous mass. This mass has numerous parallel parting planes, presumably along an original bedding. Minor small voids along the bedding, seen on the weathered surface, may be original feldspars, altered and removed.

The other rock consists of a layered loosepacked aggregate of irregularly lenticular/ovoid grains of glassy deformed quartz grains ("augen"), incorporated within a matrix of microcrystalline quartz. It is uncertain in hand specimen if the "augen" are of entirely metamorphic, or possibly original sedimentary origin, these need to be determined in thin section. The rock does appear however to be a metasediment.

33983 : quartzite : of "fused" "glassy" quartz mass
with a purplish colour.

The two lumps in this sample consist of a 'fused' mass of apparently coarse crystalline, "glassy" quartz with a distinctive purplish hue. A vague layering is manifest as clay-filled, sub-parallel but wavy microfractures. Genesis indeterminate from hand specimen study.

33984 : thin bedded felspathic quartzite (?Warrow),
partly altered to clays by deep weathering.

About 60% of this rock consists of a laminated to thin bedded, rather loosely-packed aggregate of quartz grains, average size about 1mm, slightly elongated in the plane of the layering.

The remaining 40% consists of voids partly filled by clays, and interpreted to mostly represent completely altered and partly leached out felspar grains. Some continuous laminae of white clays are interbedded however, to suggest some original pelitic layers, which would have been metamorphosed, but since broken down again by prolonged weathering.

33985 : essentially the same as 33984, but less clearly
bedded, due to more abundant and widespread
clays.

33990 : weathered, (micaceous) and feldspathic quartzite, with a tectonically elongated fabric (?Warrow Quartzite).

Six lumps of rock constitute this sample, they are all basically quartzites, all more or less thin bedded, with parting along the bedding. Some are quite coarse and obviously granulose with a loose-packed aggregate of partly elongate to strongly elongate grains, with pore space and or clays representing former feldspars intergranular. Other sub-samples are more "cherty" without the obvious granularity or former feldspar content. Accessory muscovite is intergranular in some of the samples.

33991 : weathered, sheared quartzo-feldspathic metasediment with weak protomylonite fabric, feldspar retrograded to micas now largely altered to clays.

The four sub-samples forming this sample are basically "quartzitic" but rather than massive/granulose, the quartz has been tectonically elongated and attenuated, possibly in a shear zone to produce a fine virtual proto-mylonite structure. Original intergranular feldspars have been similarly elongated and retrograded to schistose micas, altered to clays, between the quartz.

33993 : thin bedded, argillised-felspathic, quartzitic
metasediment (?Warrow Quartzite).

This is a single, large sample of laminated to thin bedded quartzite. It is basically microcrystalline to massive, but the layering is produced by variably continuous laminae, and minor small grains scattered along the bedding of 'clays', almost certainly after felspar(s).

33994:

Five lumps of rock in this sample are the same, and were identified in one thin section as a meta, allanite-rich, quartz monzonite.

One lump is a weakly schistose amphibolite, with small crystals of dark green amphibole (hornblende), similarly oriented and aggregated with a subordinate amounts of white (?altered) plagioclase crystals.

33998 :

Massive, micro to cryptocrystalline (?siliceous) goethite,
to be checked in polished section.

34000 :

As for 33998

34104 :

One lump in this sample is a muscovite-tourmaline ("granitic")
pegmatite. Three other lumps consist of vaguely layered extremely
fine/compact (?siliceous) limonite, and the genesis will attempt
to be determined in polished section.

34105 : massive quartzite with vuggy clay patches.

This is a massive, white to off-white coarse crystalline
quartzite, with minor randomly scattered partly vuggy patches of
clays, which are possibly after felspar.

Probably a meta sandstone.

34106 : saccharoidal and moderately porous quartzite,
 variably iron-stained, rare fine limonite
 boxwork.

This is a yellowish to brownish coloured quartzite, breaking in hand specimen along at least two parallel planes which probably represent bedding. This quartzite is quite saccharoidal with fairly abundant, irregular, intergranular voids, partly filled by yellowish and brownish limonite. Also there are abundant, small drusy voids enclosed by microsparry quartz.

Rare limonite boxwork occurs in several of the voids.

34107 :

One subsample in this sample was identified in thin section as a weathered, garnet-bearing, laeured metasediment. The other subsamples are massive to vaguely layered, botryoidal and fragmental, ferruginous/manganiferous material, to be examined in polished section.

34108 : lineated, biotite-quartz-felspar schist;
 meta pelitic sediment.

This is a fine crystalline, grey lineated schist, composed essentially of abundant fine biotite and rarer muscovite, ubiquitous through a very fine granular aggregate of quartz and felspar.

34109 : tectonised feldspathic-quartzite?
 = *Diapsidite*

This is a mass of fine to irregularly medium grained 'white' quartz and/or deformed felspar, and 'glassy' quartz in patches and sets of parallel veinlets. Pale green veneers, partly along slip planes appear to consist of extremely fine fibrous actinolite.

This rock needs to be investigated in thin section for a satisfactory diagnosis, and will be further reported on together with the iron-stones.

07354/FK23/R

802

0113

RSH53

35136

L45/1800E : fine grained amphibolite;
 accessory biotite, garnet, opaque oxides, rarer
 apatite: {meta dolerite}

These chips consist of a subequal abundance of randomly interlocking subhedral crystals of green actinolitic-hornblende and plagioclase, average size about 0.3mm. The plagioclase is commonly partly altered to sericite ± clouded saussurite.

Accessory quartz, biotite, opaque oxides, garnet and rarer apatite occurs in some chips.

RSH56

35243

L45/2100 : sillimanite-quartz gneiss (in which the sillimanite has been retrograded to fibrolite-sericite); incorporating decussate fine muscovite apparently of greisen, hydrothermal-type genesis.

Most of these chips are dominated by stressed, inequigranular granoblastic quartz aggregate, with a grain size of 0.03mm to 3mm, and generally with strongly sutured, intergranular intergranular contacts.

The other components which may form up to 50% of the quartzose chips consist of:

1. decussate fine muscovite, i.e. non-schistose, and apparently a hydrothermal alteration phase, which may be after plagioclase, but partly together with quartz in a greisen-like relationship.
2. fibrolitic sillimanite, intimately mixed with extremely fine sericite (retrograde sillimanite), incorporating rarer sillimanite prisms. Together with the quartz, representing sillimanite-quartz gneiss.

Some separate chips consist entirely of the fibrolitic-sericitic component, (having broken out of the gneiss during percussion drilling).

RSH61/74

35456

L44/2150E : chips of (plagioclase), perthitic-microcline
and abundant quartz; pegmatitic-granite or
leuco-granite.

This chips forming this sample are much the same as for 35418 except that there is a higher proportion of quartz (80%) and lesser K-spar (15%) up to 6mm size. The K-spar is basically microcline, and commonly perthitic.

Minor sericitised plagioclase is composite with quartz, and several individual chips of clouded plagioclase are present.

Several contamination chips of laterite are present.

RSH60

35418

L44/1850E : chips of quartz and microcline, probably a granitic-pegmatite (or coarse leucogranite), moderately stressed; accessory biotite, monazite.

About half of these chips consist of weakly stressed, inequigranular but generally fine allotriomorphic quartz. The other approximate half consists of microcline and perthitic microcline, also weakly to moderately stressed, and these are highlighted on the stained offcut.

These minerals occur independently as chips up to 6mm, indicating a fairly coarse original grain size; also they form composite chips.

Minor flakes of biotite occur separately, these have been selectively crushed during drilling.

Two coarse (2mm) chips of monazite occur in the section examined.

The perthitic nature of some of the microcline, and the presence of monazite indicates a probable granitic-pegmatite, rather than simply a straight forward leuco-granite.

RSH63

35519

L44/1650E : leucogranite moderately tectonised with localised sericitic alteration and recrystallisation of quartz, also some quartz veining + sericite.

These chips are leuco, quartzo-felspathic as in 35243, 35456, but include chips of quartz micromosaic not seen in those chips. This micromosaic is however composite with several chips of stressed microcline, and rarely with partly sericitised plagioclaes, and indicates an original leucogranite (?pegmatitic) in which quartz has selectively recrystallised.

Some chips have been even more strongly tectonised however, manifest as sericitised micro-fractured, and evidence of invasion by generally fine vein quartz + seicite. Several chips with quite coarse vein quartz are present.

Some chips are very fine quartzo-felspathic, and quite extensively sericitised, these may be considered as microgranite.

APPENDIX II: ANALYSES



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0124



NATA REGISTERED No. 1526

OUR REF.: COM851861

YOUR REF.: 3944/FK23/KJH/01

Mr. K. Hellsten
The Shell Co. of Aust. Ltd.
66 Glen Osmond Road
PARKSIDE

SA 5063

October 29, 1985

Dear Ken

RE: JOB COM851861

Enclosed are the assays for the samples delivered to our
Laboratory on October 10, 1985

Yours Sincerely,
COMLABS PTY LTD

per

c.c.:

No. of copies : 0

Report Length 17 pages



JOB COM851861

ANALYTICAL REPORT O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0125

SAMPLE		Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
Profile 1	W { 1	12	14	14	<1	1.00	48
	2	6	14	<2	<1	0.52	55
	3	7	16	4	<1	0.64	42
Profile 2	E { 4	8	18	2	<1	0.63	55
	5	5	18	2	<1	0.71	40
	W { 6	7	8	<2	<1	0.54	55
3	W { 7	6	20	<2	<1	0.57	50
	8	7	18	<2	<1	0.69	75
	E { 9	7	22	<2	<1	0.59	34
4	W { 10	7	8	<2	<1	0.52	60
	11	8	12	<2	<1	0.63	50
	12	12	14	<2	<1	0.62	85
	13	6	22	<2	<1	0.50	32
	E { 14	5	24	3	<1	0.64	55
5	W { 15	3	32	2	<1	0.56	38
	16	6	24	2	<1	0.63	55
	17	4	14	<2	<1	0.51	48
	E { 18	4	14	<2	<1	0.55	70
6	W { 19	6	20	7	<1	0.95	110
	20	4	26	10	<1	1.03	100
	E { 21	4	16	4	<1	0.71	80
11	E { 22	4	18	<2	<1	0.73	48
	23	2	8	<2	<1	0.60	42
	W { 24	7	10	2	<1	0.84	85
12	E { 25	4	12	<2	<1	1.46	42
UNITS		ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME		AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861

O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
12 { 26	3	36	<2	<1	0.49	75
27	5	20	<2	<1	0.49	32
w { 28	4	14	<2	<1	1.42	44
29	4	24	2	<1	1.04	28
13 { 30	3	26	2	<1	3.45	26
31	6	24	<2	<1	1.37	28
E { 32	4	4	<2	<1	0.81	28
E { 33	2	16	6	<1	0.80	55
34	3	8	4	<1	0.82	36
14 { 35	3	10	2	<1	0.93	75
36	4	24	7	<1	0.86	65
w { 37	4	28	9	<1	1.46	90
38	2	18	10	<1	1.05	70
15 { 39	3	24	12	<1	1.18	115
E { 40	3	16	9	<1	1.25	125
w { 41	6	12	3	<1	0.88	65
42	6	10	<2	<1	0.68	70
43	5	10	<2	<1	0.79	55
16 { 44	2	14	<2	<1	0.64	60
45	3	6	<2	<1	0.65	55
46	2	4	<2	<1	0.61	36
E { 47	4	<4	<2	<1	0.62	60
w { 48	3	8	<2	<1	0.53	36
49	10	8	<2	<1	0.80	90
17 { 50	5	44	<2	<1	0.62	46
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2

0126



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861
O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0127

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
17 { 51	5	32	<2	<1	0.54	60
52	5	24	4	<1	0.58	36
E { 53	5	14	<2	<1	0.51	50
W { 54	4	22	<2	<1	0.51	34
55	6	12	<2	<1	0.43	24
18 { 56	5	6	<2	<1	0.43	36
57	2	4	<2	<1	0.31	14
58	3	4	<2	<1	0.41	26
59	<2	14	<2	<1	0.29	14
E { 60	2	20	<2	<1	0.28	32
W { 61	65	28	18	<1	6.15	48
62	4	18	<2	<1	0.78	26
19 { 63	4	14	<2	<1	0.50	18
64	5	26	<2	<1	0.39	32
65	3	24	<2	<1	0.32	22
E { 66	4	16	<2	<1	0.41	60
E { 67	4	6	<2	<1	0.44	32
68	3	22	<2	<1	0.48	46
20 { 69	7	50	<2	<1	0.42	34
70	6	34	<2	<1	0.81	55
W { 71	4	60	<2	<1	0.52	60
E { 72	14	22	4	<1	0.92	200
14 { 73	5	6	<2	<1	0.35	42
21 { 74	3	10	<2	<1	0.30	36
22 { 75	<2	16	<2	<1	0.29	16

UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2



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ANALYTICAL REPORT

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O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn	
23 { W 76 E 77 E 78	2 <2 3	10 8 8	<2 <2 <2	<1 <1 <1	0.33 0.34 0.41	36 24 34	0128
24 { W 79 E 80 E 81 E 82	3 3 <2 4	40 20 16 16	<2 <2 <2 <2	<1 <1 <1 <1	0.30 0.40 0.44 0.39	46 85 30 44	
25 { W 83 E 84 E 85 E 86	2 5 <2 2	16 12 6 10	<2 <2 <2 5	<1 <1 <1 <1	0.28 0.56 0.39 0.43	20 46 55 42	
26 { W 87 E 88 E 89	18 8 3	10 22 6	14 7 <2	<1 <1 <1	3.95 0.92 0.54	280 75 28	
27 { E 90 W 91 W 92	4 4 3	24 44 12	2 <2 5	<1 <1 <1	0.72 0.39 0.66	28 24 55	
28 { E 93 E 94 E 95 E 96 W 97	10 6 2 4 12	20 24 18 24 16	10 3 3 4 3	<1 <1 <1 <1 <1	4.25 0.82 0.67 0.50 0.47	220 60 60 95 42	
29 { W 98 E 99 E 100	9 5 3	12 10 10	<2 5 <2	<1 <1 <1	0.54 0.74 0.40	34 75 75	
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2	



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ANALYTICAL REPORT O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0129

	SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
30	101	5	<4	<2	<1	0.36	42
	102	10	4	<2	<1	0.61	50
	103	3	<4	<2	<1	0.27	28
31	104	4	20	<2	<1	0.34	44
	105	4	12	<2	<1	0.48	30
	106	7	8	<2	<1	0.47	42
	107	5	4	<2	<1	0.25	28
	108	3	6	<2	<1	0.25	32
	109	4	14	<2	<1	0.26	26
	110	3	8	<2	<1	0.25	36
	111	3	12	<2	<1	0.25	34
	112	5	85	<2	<1	0.27	34
9	113	4	18	<2	<1	0.38	60
	114	5	4	<2	<1	0.36	50
	115	4	10	<2	<1	0.27	18
	116	3	10	<2	<1	0.22	24
	117	3	18	<2	<1	0.25	36
10	118	4	6	<2	<1	0.34	50
	119	3	<4	<2	<1	0.23	26
	120	7	14	<2	<1	1.05	65
36	121	16	4	4	<1	1.95	42
	122	12	4	3	<1	1.57	38
38	123	8	<4	5	<1	0.65	55
	124	5	<4	3	<1	0.49	75
	125	6	4	2	<1	0.52	44
	UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
	SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2



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ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861

O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
E { 126	7	8	5	<1	0.61	60
E { 127	12	46	10	<1	2.05	60
37 { 128	5	8	2	<1	0.99	80
W { 129	4	4	3	<1	0.97	50
W { 130	8	6	3	<1	0.90	46
E { 131	3	6	3	<1	0.29	44
E { 132	3	14	2	<1	0.36	44
35 { 133	4	<4	2	<1	0.30	36
E { 134	5	4	4	<1	0.42	48
W { 135	2	<4	2	<1	0.31	24
W { 136	5	<4	3	<1	0.30	65
39 { 137	3	<4	2	<1	0.32	48
E { 138	4	<4	2	<1	0.34	60
E { 139	3	4	4	<1	0.84	32
E { 140	20	4	10	<1	1.75	750
34 { 141	7	<4	5	<1	7.70	180
E { 142	5	8	8	<1	5.95	460
W { 143	12	4	12	<1	3.80	630
W { 144	7	4	8	<1	2.00	430
W { 145	5	16	12	<1	3.60	155
W { 146	9	16	9	<1	1.00	220
W { 147	8	6	9	<1	1.11	165
33 { 148	7	<4	7	<1	1.02	120
W { 149	60	<4	14	<1	1.30	230
W { 150	36	20	18	<1	3.45	360
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2

0130



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861
O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn	
E { 151	30	12	10	<1	1.19	130	0131
W { 152	7	12	10	<1	0.82	260	
32 { 153	4	30	8	<1	0.49	125	
W { 154	3	16	<2	<1	0.58	60	
40 { 155	4	20	2	<1	0.29	24	
W { 156	3	12	5	<1	0.34	42	
E { 157	3	20	2	<1	0.33	22	
W { 158	5	<4	3	<1	0.33	55	
W { 159	2	6	3	<1	0.32	26	
41 { 160	5	4	4	<1	0.34	36	
W { 161	2	4	2	<1	0.27	26	
W { 162	3	12	2	<1	0.31	38	
E { 163	7	8	3	<1	0.48	44	
14 { 164	6	26	2	<1	0.62	44	
W { 165	5	8	4	<1	0.37	42	
W { 166	6	14	<2	<1	0.44	55	
E { 167	5	10	<2	<1	0.27	65	
W { 168	5	6	2	<1	0.42	135	
W { 169	4	8	2	<1	0.43	38	
43 { 170	9	6	3	<1	0.35	60	
W { 171	2	8	4	<1	0.27	50	
W { 172	5	8	2	<1	0.41	65	
W { 173	4	8	<2	<1	0.37	55	
E { 174	5	24	<2	<1	0.35	70	
42 { 175	7	22	<2	<1	0.36	46	
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2	



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861
O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0132

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
12 { 176	4	10	2	<1	0.40	42
12 { 177	4	8	2	<1	0.35	32
12 { 178	4	8	2	<1	0.24	38
w { 179	5	16	2	<1	0.33	44
e { 180	3	20	3	<1	0.42	40
49 { w { 181	8	26	2	<1	0.37	20
e { 182	2	34	4	<1	0.52	75
48 { 183	5	14	7	<1	0.72	105
48 { 184	14	14	8	<1	1.10	195
48 { 185	6	8	2	<1	0.35	34
w { 186	10	4	2	<1	0.61	80
e { 187	5	8	2	<1	0.29	34
47 { 188	5	10	2	<1	0.25	34
47 { 189	4	6	2	<1	0.29	38
w { 190	4	4	<2	<1	0.39	85
w { 191	3	22	<2	<1	0.27	46
w { 192	4	22	<2	<1	0.21	30
46 { 193	3	18	<2	<1	0.28	26
46 { 194	4	16	<2	<1	0.30	36
46 { 195	2	8	<2	<1	0.19	16
e { 196	4	44	<2	<1	0.21	28
w { 197	3	14	<2	<1	0.32	22
w { 198	4	8	<2	<1	0.38	34
w { 199	5	10	2	<1	0.24	6
45 { 200	8	10	3	<1	0.12	4
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861
O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0133

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
45 { 201	8	8	<2	<1	0.42	20
202	4	8	<2	<1	0.24	38
E { 203	3	4	<2	<1	0.23	22
W { 204	<2	8	<2	<1	0.36	40
50 { 205	5	16	2	<1	0.28	18
E { 206	3	18	<2	<1	0.29	22
W { 207	5	14	4	<1	0.39	42
208	5	30	4	<1	0.37	32
51 { 209	20	16	24	<1	2.90	150
E { 210	12	14	10	<1	0.62	48
W { 211	2	80	<2	<1	0.34	34
212	2	38	<2	<1	0.32	26
52 { 213	<2	10	2	<1	0.39	80
214	4	14	<2	<1	0.30	24
215	3	6	<2	<1	0.40	30
E { 216	<2	<4	<2	<1	0.38	24
W { 217	7	10	3	<1	0.31	60
218	6	8	2	<1	0.32	48
53 { 219	14	14	7	<1	0.54	65
E { 220	14	8	4	<1	0.38	100
E { 221	5	4	2	<1	0.36	34
222	4	8	18	<1	1.41	260
223	8	10	22	<1	2.35	400
56 { 224	10	<4	10	<1	0.44	65
225	6	4	2	<1	0.34	36
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861

O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0134

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
W { 226	2	8	2	<1	0.32	20
W { 227	3	16	<2	<1	0.31	22
W { 228	4	4	<2	<1	0.34	55
W { 229	3	12	2	<1	0.23	36
W { 230	4	<4	<2	<1	0.35	42
W { 231	3	8	2	<1	0.28	18
55 { 232	3	6	<2	<1	0.31	22
55 { 233	2	10	<2	<1	0.36	26
55 { 234	2	14	<2	<1	0.31	28
E { 235	4	16	<2	<1	0.25	28
W { 236	20	50	12	<1	1.77	42
W { 237	3	4	<2	<1	0.37	20
54 { 238	3	6	<2	<1	0.33	26
54 { 239	10	6	<2	<1	0.37	22
E { 240	3	<4	<2	<1	0.24	22
E { 241	7	65	6	<1	0.62	30
E { 242	3	44	3	<1	0.30	26
E { 243	3	48	5	<1	0.40	26
60 { 244	9	30	18	<1	1.04	50
60 { 245	5	20	3	<1	0.73	38
60 { 246	5	18	9	<1	0.89	46
W { 247	4	14	3	<1	0.52	22
E { 248	26	8	28	<1	8.25	105
E { 249	7	6	9	<1	2.75	40
61 { 250	4	6	3	<1	0.75	32
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861
O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
61 { 251	4	4	4	1	0.50	32
252	4	6	2	<1	0.52	40
w { 253	10	4	4	<1	0.91	80
62 { 254	3	8	<2	<1	0.33	34
255	2	6	<2	<1	0.42	60
256	4	8	3	<1	0.62	46
w { 257	6	<4	4	1	1.36	38
63 { 258	48	26	34	1	7.85	160
259	22	12	44	1	1.04	185
260	14	24	44	<1	0.95	160
E { 261	20	12	50	<1	1.01	95
64 { 262	6	4	3	<1	0.59	38
263	2	12	<2	<1	0.26	18
264	3	10	<2	<1	0.36	18
265	3	12	2	<1	0.36	38
w { 266	4	12	2	<1	0.36	30
66 { 267	6	<4	6	<1	0.39	120
268	12	<4	7	<1	0.47	90
269	10	4	24	<1	0.68	460
270	75	<4	110	<1	1.74	7.70%
271	195	4	210	<1	32.7	7.15%
272	26	<4	32	1	9.45	1.78%
E { 273	7	<4	5	<1	0.64	440
69 { 274	50	<4	12	<1	2.35	220
275	50	<4	12	<1	2.10	185
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2 AAS2A

0135



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- 12 -



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JOB COM851861

ANALYTICAL REPORT O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0136

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
69 { 276	50	<4	12	<1	3.75	220
277	42	4	20	<1	3.70	310
w/ 278	55	<4	14	<1	3.95	290
E 279	95	<4	18	<1	2.55	350
280	46	<4	10	<1	2.65	160
72 { 281	44	<4	20	<1	3.95	200
282	48	<4	10	<1	3.90	170
283	55	<4	14	<1	3.60	220
w 284	30	<4	12	<1	3.30	175
w { 285	90	6	530	1	0.74	14.1%
286	170	14	810	<1	0.97	18.6%
73 { 287	16	6	70	<1	1.07	5650
288	6	<4	22	<1	0.35	1100
289	40	<4	12	<1	1.38	440
290	42	<4	9	<1	1.29	250
E 291	20	14	22	<1	1.96	200
E { 292	110	12	175	<1	34.0	1600
293	95	8	220	<1	37.5	1300
76 { 294	75	4	80	1	16.0	4500
295	12	4	5	<1	1.18	230
w 296	4	<4	2	<1	0.48	140
w { 297	280	<4	120	<1	1.28	6.10%
298	750	4	280	<1	0.25	13.6%
78 { 299	9	<4	2	<1	0.27	690
E 300	6	6	16	<1	0.76	620
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2 AAS2A



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861
O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0137

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
E { 301	8	8	12	<1	0.51	100
302	9	24	18	<1	0.55	130
59 { 303	5	90	14	<1	0.44	80
304	6	120	12	<1	0.81	80
W { 305	7	80	10	<1	0.60	170
W { 306	5	12	6	<1	0.41	105
58 { 307	3	8	3	<1	0.33	70
308	16	80	22	<1	1.07	105
E { 309	12	75	28	<1	0.89	120
E { 310	8	70	6	<1	0.48	75
57 { 311	3	16	3	<1	0.34	44
W { 312	3	22	3	<1	0.31	28
W { 313	4	12	4	<1	0.30	75
58.5 { 314	6	8	4	<1	0.31	55
E { 315	7	6	4	<1	0.41	48
1.4 { 316	3	4	4	<1	0.40	38
65 { 317	5	<4	3	<1	0.37	60
E { 318	6	6	12	<1	0.95	110
319	9	6	24	<1	1.59	240
320	12	6	24	<1	2.10	290
68 { 321	12	<4	6	<1	0.52	820
322	22	<4	9	<1	0.30	6500
323	22	4	6	<1	0.33	1.55%
W { 324	7	<4	4	<1	0.36	1350
E { 325	55	<4	22	<1	2.55	450
70 {						
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2 AAS2A



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861
O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0138

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
72 { 326	150	12	110	<1	31.8	1.60%
w { 327	100	34	85	<1	21.7	2700
71 328	7	16	3	<1	0.53	110
E { 329	80	8	22	<1	2.75	440
74 { 330	44	6	24	<1	3.35	340
w { 331	44	<4	12	<1	4.05	290
w { 332	7	8	9	<1	0.79	120
75 { 333	6	6	5	<1	0.54	75
334	7	12	4	<1	0.87	85
335	8	10	22	<1	1.50	105
336	12	<4	2	<1	0.55	210
E { 337	12	8	8	<1	0.41	165
E { 338	30	36	400	<1	25.8	1900
83 { 339	32	14	270	<1	17.0	710
340	14	8	40	<1	2.30	400
w { 341	14	12	175	<1	8.95	1000
67 342	4	8	20	<1	3.55	85
w { 343	250	<4	350	<1	19.8	24.0%
81 { 344	145	8	180	<1	24.2	8.70%
345	160	8	105	<1	19.3	12.8%
346	18	4	26	<1	2.55	1200
E { 347	16	4	34	<1	2.40	2150
w { 348	9	<4	4	<1	0.44	550
88 { 349	220	8	195	1	7.75	13.7%
E { 350	48	8	46	1	12.5	8850
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2 AAS2A



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861
O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

	SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn	
E	351	60	6	28	1	4.60	1.39%	0139
	352	270	<4	360	<1	25.6	18.3%	
77	353	370	6	320	<1	22.3	17.9%	
	354	270	26	175	<1	22.6	4.70%	
w	355	300	95	220	<1	32.8	5.60%	
	356	115	95	250	<1	13.5	2.80%	
	357	380	850	230	2	2.85	6.60%	
	358	70	36	40	<1	0.75	1.15%	
79	359	80	12	26	<1	0.57	8050	
	360	120	20	24	<1	0.80	1.56%	
	361	7	6	4	<1	0.57	270	
E	362	10	10	14	1	0.98	175	
	363	16	8	16	<1	0.81	300	
80	364	24	6	6	<1	0.69	135	
	365	30	6	14	<1	0.71	210	
	366	135	6	160	<1	13.1	12.0%	
	367	340	8	240	<1	18.6	23.0%	
	368	165	6	140	<1	19.7	17.5%	
82	369	160	4	115	<1	0.94	7.80%	
	370	40	<4	12	<1	0.44	1.25%	
	371	48	12	24	<1	1.34	850	
	372	22	<4	7	<1	2.05	640	
	373	20	6	8	<1	2.30	350	
84	374	12	4	9	1	1.75	260	
	375	85	4	12	1	4.15	1000	
	UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	
	SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2 AAS2A	



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861
O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

	SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn	
84	376	130	8	60	<1	12.7	2.65%	0140
E	377	165	6	42	<1	7.70	3.55%	
W	378	10	4	16	<1	1.24	135	
	379	18	8	44	<1	2.55	175	
	380	12	8	42	<1	3.75	115	
	381	22	<4	9	<1	1.50	260	
85	382	24	<4	14	<1	1.68	185	
	383	6	<4	4	<1	0.45	230	
	384	380	24	140	<1	7.85	4.45%	
E	385	36	4	8	<1	1.11	350	
W	386	5	4	4	<1	0.49	170	
	387	7	<4	12	1	0.63	610	
	388	80	<4	105	<1	0.82	2.00%	
	389	14	<4	50	<1	2.80	1650	
86	390	18	<4	10	<1	1.19	850	
	391	6	8	8	<1	0.58	75	
	392	12	8	16	<1	0.84	105	
	393	20	22	30	<1	1.35	135	
E	394	20	20	22	<1	1.47	120	
E	395	65	6	16	<1	1.25	1.10%	
	396	28	6	34	1	7.95	1200	
	397	55	6	42	1	0.89	2900	
91	398	195	8	120	1	0.53	3.35%	
	399	10	4	2	<1	0.34	260	
W	400	5	50	3	<1	0.41	105	
	UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm	
	SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2 AAS2A	



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851861

O/N : 3944/FK23/KJH/101

0141

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
W { 401	20	6	6	<1	0.81	175
E { 402	14	6	12	<1	0.81	100
E { 403	185	6	170	1	0.45	6.40%
E { 404	32	<4	36	1	4.95	790
90 { 405	40	<4	20	<1	3.10	5750
406	18	4	7	<1	0.59	1650
W { 407	7	55	3	<1	0.31	290
W { 408	24	6	10	<1	0.53	3050
409	200	10	150	<1	1.07	20.2%
410	18	8	9	<1	2.25	1.75%
89 { 411	6	4	14	<1	1.96	780
412	20	20	34	<1	2.65	620
413	4	6	18	<1	2.35	450
414	18	12	18	<1	1.56	290
415	7	14	18	<1	0.54	90
416	14	16	18	<1	0.75	130
E { 417	7	10	8	1	0.42	60
W { 418	6	22	2	<1	0.45	65
7 { 419	4	30	2	1	0.34	26
E {						
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2 AAS2A



0142

**Head Office and
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Tel: (08) 43 5722
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OUR REF.:

YOUR REF.:

COM851967

3946/FK23/KJH/03

Mr. K. Hellsten
The Shell Co. of Aust. Ltd.
66 Glen Osmond Road
PARKSIDE

SA 5063

November 5, 1985

[illegible]

Dear Ken

RE: JOB COM851967

Enclosed are the assays for the samples delivered to our laboratory on October 28, 1985

Yours Sincerely,
COMLABS PTY LTD

per :

c.c.: Adelaide - ~~Shell~~

No. of copies : 1

Report Length 4 pages



ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851967
O/N : 3946/FK23/KJH/03

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
419	12	8	12	<1	0.89	185
420	7	<4	5	<1	0.63	130
421	10	<4	12	<1	1.09	110
422	18	20	14	<1	1.13	80
423	12	<4	4	<1	0.77	230
424	10	<4	5	<1	0.78	310
425	6	4	4	<1	0.43	220
426	18	14	16	<1	1.23	165
427	14	<4	50	<1	2.75	390
428	30	<4	65	<1	3.80	500
429	6	<4	36	<1	1.82	310
430	8	<4	34	<1	1.71	320
431	14	<4	7	<1	0.95	75
432	16	<4	7	<1	1.07	44
433	6	<4	5	<1	0.59	65
434	12	<4	6	<1	1.03	230
435	16	24	24	<1	1.22	100
436	10	6	55	<1	2.65	290
437	22	<4	60	<1	3.15	280
438	40	<4	70	<1	3.45	380
439	26	6	75	<1	4.10	400
440	16	6	50	<1	2.45	300
441	14	<4	70	<1	3.60	530
442	18	4	70	<1	3.60	520
443	14	6	55	<1	2.80	430
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2

0143



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- 2 -



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JOB COM851967

O/N : 3946/FK23/KJH/03

ANALYTICAL REPORT

0144

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
444	22	<4	65	<1	3.50	360
445	20	4	75	<1	4.00	370
446	22	6	75	<1	3.65	440
447	18	10	65	<1	3.40	650
448	8	14	6	<1	1.09	20
449	10	26	8	<1	0.68	20
450	10	16	5	<1	0.71	28
451	14	26	10	<1	1.21	20
452	7	20	2	<1	0.43	70
453	6	10	3	<1	0.44	60
454	4	28	8	<1	0.73	90
455	3	16	3	<1	0.30	65
456	3	4	6	<1	0.51	65
457	3	10	4	<1	0.25	24
458	4	28	<2	<1	0.16	24
459	7	24	7	<1	0.56	44
460	5	6	4	<1	0.25	18
461	4	32	2	<1	0.21	22
462	8	22	9	<1	0.73	46
463	5	16	16	<1	0.74	115
464	3	16	8	<1	0.39	34
465	2	10	6	<1	0.47	48
466	2	10	5	<1	0.39	34
467	3	12	12	<1	0.87	42
468	3	20	12	<1	0.83	75
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2



ANALYTICAL REPORT **JOB COM851967**
O/N : 3946/FK23/KJH/03

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
469	4	12	4	<1	0.47	55
470	3	14	5	<1	0.50	38
471	6	34	5	<1	0.50	32
472	8	20	40	<1	1.80	230
473	3	18	34	<1	1.45	185
474	3	10	9	<1	0.72	75
475	3	24	28	<1	1.28	145
476	2	22	18	<1	1.00	120
477	4	22	36	<1	1.69	270
478	6	20	32	<1	1.41	220
479	6	18	30	<1	1.43	230
480	4	20	40	<1	2.05	310
481	4	16	22	<1	1.08	150
482	3	26	12	<1	0.96	110
483	7	18	28	<1	1.53	210
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2

0145



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ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM851967

O/N : 3946/FK23/KJH/03

SAMPLE	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
447B	12	26	10	<1	1.35	20
UNITS	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	%	ppm
SCHEME	AAS1	AAS1	AAS1	AAS3	AAS2 AAS2A	AAS2

0146

0147



NATA REGISTERED No. 1526

OUR REF.:

YOUR REF.:

COM852030

3947

Rick

RT

Small assays on
rock chips from
Mittal's 14th prospect
K

[illegible]

Mr. K. Hellsten
The Shell Co. of Aust. Ltd.
66 Glen Osmond Road
PARKSIDE

SA 5063

November 13, 1985

Dear Ken

RE: JOB COM852030

Enclosed are the assays for the samples delivered to our Laboratory on November 11, 1985

Yours Sincerely,
COMLABS PTY LTD

per :

PR Harvey

c.c.: Shell - Parkside

No. of copies : 1

Report Length 8 pages



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0148

ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM852030
O/N : 3947

SAMPLE	Au
241	<0.01
242	<0.01
243	<0.01
244	<0.01
245	0.031
246	0.03
247	<0.01
248	<0.01
249	<0.01
250	<0.01
251	<0.01
252	<0.01
253	<0.01
254	<0.01
255	<0.01
256	<0.01
257	<0.01
258	<0.01
259	<0.01
260	<0.01
261	<0.01
262	<0.01
263	<0.01
264	<0.01
265	<0.01
UNITS	ppm
SCHEME	FAS1

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM852030

O/N : 3947

SAMPLE	Au
266	<0.01
267	<0.01
268	<0.01
269	<0.01
270	<0.01
271	<0.01
272	<0.01
273	<0.01
274	<0.01
275	<0.01
276	<0.01
277	<0.01
278	<0.01
279	<0.01
280	<0.01
281	<0.01
282	<0.01
283	<0.01
284	<0.01
285	<0.01
286	<0.01
287	<0.01
288	<0.01
289	<0.01
290	<0.01
UNITS	ppm
SCHEME	FAS1

**ANALYTICAL REPORT**JOB COM852030
O/N : 3947

SAMPLE	Au
291	<0.01
292	<0.01
293	<0.01
294	<0.01
295	<0.01
296	<0.01
297	<0.01
298	<0.01
299	<0.01
300	<0.01
301	<0.01
302	<0.01
303	<0.01
304	<0.01
305	<0.01
306	<0.01
307	<0.01
308	<0.01
309	<0.01
310	<0.01
311	<0.01
312	<0.01
313	<0.01
314	<0.01
315	<0.01
UNITS	ppm
SCHEME	FAS1



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ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM852030
O/N : 3947

SAMPLE	Au
316	<0.01
317	<0.01
318	<0.01
319	<0.01
320	<0.01
321	<0.01
322	<0.01
323	<0.01
324	<0.01
325	<0.01
326	<0.01
327	<0.01
328	<0.01
329	<0.01
330	0.05
331	<0.01
332	<0.01
333	<0.01
334	<0.01
335	<0.01
336	<0.01
337	<0.01
338	<0.01
339	<0.01
340	<0.01
UNITS	ppm
SCHEME	FAS1



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0152

ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM852030

O/N : 3947

SAMPLE	Au
341	<0.01
342	<0.01
343	<0.01
344	<0.01
345	<0.01
346	<0.01
347	<0.01
348	<0.01
349	0.03
350	<0.01
351	<0.01
352	<0.01
353	<0.01
354	<0.01
355	<0.01
356	<0.01
357	<0.01
358	<0.01
359	<0.01
360	<0.01
361	<0.01
362	<0.01
363	<0.01
364	<0.01
365	<0.01

UNITS ppm

SCHEME FAS1

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM852030

O/N : 3947

SAMPLE	AU
366	<0.01
367	<0.01
368	<0.01
369	0.011
370	0.031
371	<0.01
372	<0.01
373	<0.01
374	<0.01
375	<0.01
376	<0.01
377	0.021
378	<0.01
379	0.021
380	<0.01
381	<0.01
382	<0.01
383	<0.01
384	<0.01
385	<0.01
386	<0.01
387	<0.01
388	<0.01
389	<0.01
390	<0.01
UNITS	ppm
SCHEME	FAS1



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0154

ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM852030

O/N : 3947

SAMPLE	Au
391	<0.01
392	<0.01
393	<0.01
394	<0.01
395	<0.01
396	<0.01
397	<0.01
398	<0.01
399	<0.01
400	<0.01
401	<0.01
402	<0.01
403	0.04
404	<0.01
405	<0.01
406	<0.01
407	<0.01
408	<0.01
409	<0.01
410	<0.01
411	<0.01
412	<0.01
413	<0.01
414	<0.01
415	<0.01
UNITS	ppm
SCHEME	FAS1



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JOB COM852030
O/N : 3947

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SAMPLE	Au
416	<0.01
417	<0.01
UNITS	ppm
SCHEME	FAS1

APPENDIX III: RAB LOGS WITH ANALYTICAL RESULTS

SUMMARY DRILL LOGS

0157

PROJECT ...SHEPAK HILL.....

Hole	Co-ordinates	Depth		Mag. Susc.	Bedrock description
		Total	To bedrock		
RSH 1	44/1720E	6	—	—	Nodular calcareate - hole collapsing
2	44/1760E	2	—	—	" "
3	44/1800E	2	—	—	" "
4	45/900E	33	—	—	Fine running sands, hole abandoned.
5	45/1100E	12	—	—	" "
6	45/1780E	40	32	40	Pale green clays, ? dolerite or amphibolite
7	45/1850E	42	32		Pale-Dk green fine-grained gte dolerite
8	67/500E	8.5	6		Pw Granite ? gneiss
9	67/600E	21	8		Pw-red fresh, gtz, feldsp biot granitoid
10	67/650E	28	7.8 (27)		Hard, coarse grained mica-poor granitoid
11	67/700E	30	16	40	Even med-fine grained biot, gtz, fels granite
12	67/750E	27	7.10	15	" " "
13	67/800E	36	24	10	" " "
14	67/900E	42	35	15	" " "
15	13/700E	13	10	40	Qtz mica schist.
16	13/800E	14	10	12	" " "
17	13/860E	12	6	15	Laminated cherts + ser. epist schist
18	13/890E	12	6	40	Qtz mica schist.
19	13/950E	12	8	200	Fine grained massive feldspathic amphibolite
20	13/1100E	9	4	25	Pale green ser. ? sls + mica schist.
21	13/1300E	2	1	60	Dk green grey mica sch + amphib.
22	13/1450E	8	5.5	40	Dk grey green chloritic mica schist
23	13/1500E	6	5	150	" " "
24	13/1570E	8	4	30	Dk grey green amphibolite bearing ? chert.
25	13/1650E	6	—	—	River sands
26	13/1850E	6	—	—	" "
27	13/1000E	12	6	35	W. ferruginous gtz mica schist.
28	68/50E	6	3	15	Dk green fine gr. chl. amph. schist
29	68/80E	4	1		" " "
30	68/110E	4	1		Dk green, red massive chl schist
31	68/170E	4	1		Dk green chl sch + pale gtz, ser. sch
32	68/250E	6	2		Qtz mica schist + ser. gtz schist
33	68/300E	12	7		Yellow green, ser, chl. brecciated rock

0158

PROJECT SHEOAK HILL

[illegible]

FK 25/500

1 → 1000000 map sheet
2 → outcrop/ridge geol. file
300000 J 10 km, 0159

TABLE: RAB DRILLING SUMMARY

SHEAR HILL; LINE 44 and LINE 45.

DATE	WELL NO	LOCATION	DEPTH OF BROWNE/END HOLE	LITHOLOGY	SAMPLE NO'S (2 m)
14/11	RSH 4*	L 45/900E	- / 33 m	sand, Abandoned.	126506 → 522
12/11	5*	1100E	- / 12 m	sand, Abandoned.	126523 → 528
12/11	6*	1780E	32/40 m	amphibolite	126529 → 548
13/11	7*	1850E	32/42 m	amphibolite	126549 → 569
27/11	53	1800E	64/71 m	amphibolite	35101 → 136
27/11	54	1900E	50/62 m	contam. amphibolite	35137 → 167
28/11	55	2000E	52/82 m	contam. quartzite	35168 → 208
28/11	56	2100E	60/70 m	quartzite	35209 → 243
29/11	57	2200E	- / 56 m	sand, Abandoned.	35244 → 271
29/11	58	1700E	62/72 m	amphibolite	35272 → 307
30/11	59	1500E	48/50	contam. amphibolite	35308 → 332
14/11	RSH 1*	L 44/1720E	28/16 m	sand, Abandoned	126501 → 503
30/11	RSH 1A	1720E	28/42 m	weathered granite	35333 → 353
12/11	RSH 2*	1760E	- / 2 m	sand, Abandoned	126504
30/11	RSH 2A	1760E	40/58 m	weathered granite	35371 → 399
14/11	RSH 3*	1800E	- / 2 m	sand, Abandoned.	126505.
1/12	60	1850E	52/73 m	weathered granite	{ 35354 → 35370 35400 → 35419
2/12	61	2150E	66/76 m	hard granite	35420 → 457
2/12	62	2725E	54/63 m	musc granite	35458 → 489
3/12	63	1650E	50/60 m	pink granite	35490 → 519

NOTE: Magnetic susceptibilities are all very low ($K: 20 \times 10^{-5}$), except the amphibolite of RSH 53 ($K: 350 \times 10^{-5}$)

- UNDERDALE DRILLING - TOTAL METREAGE: 83.5 m

* SOUTHERN DRILLING - TOTAL METREAGE: 137 m



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ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: SHEKAR HILL CONTRACTOR: SOUTHLAN COLLAR CO ORDS: 44/1720E
LOCALITY: PROBLY 44 RIG TYPE: INVESTIGATOR AZIMUTH: S. D. O. NO:
HOLE NO. R54-1 LOGGED BY: K. J. HILLSTEN DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: 12-11-85

RSHI - 46
 JOB COM 852126
 O/N: 3948 / FK23 / KJH / RAB

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	Pink brown - brown fine sandy soil - calcareous nodules.	126501
	4	fl fl grading to fine red brown silty clay.	02
	6	Tight red-brown clay with fine sand-silt qtz grains	03
		Hole abandoned due to collapsing ground in calcareous band and fine running sands down hole	
RSH 2	11/1760E		
0	2	Hard nodular calcareous + fine sandy soil	126504
		Hole continually collapsing - abandoned	
RSH 3	11/1800E		
0	2	Pink brown fine sand + nodular calcareous	126505
		Hole collapsing - abandoned	
RSH 4	15/1900E		
0	2	Fine grey-brown clay and clay rich soils	126506
	4	Brown-yellow brown fine sandy clay + semi cemented silcrete	07
	6	Orange-brown fine sandy clay	08
	8	Yellow-brown-dark brown v. tight clay	09
	10	Red-brown-maroon tight clay + fine sand	126510
	12	Green fine rounded sands with minor clay, sub-rounded qtz. - SILCRETE.	11
	14	Red coarse sub-angular qtz grains with less fine fensile. - SILCRETE.	12
	16	A A	13
	18	Fine gr grey-green clay rich silcrete with lower fensile	14
	20	A A	15
	22	Red coarse angular gravel	16

[illegible]

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1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

PROJECT: *SURFAC 1146* CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS:
LOCALITY: *Passive AS* RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. No:
HOLE No. *BSH-9 (cont.)* LOGGED BY: *K.J. HENSTEN* DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: *12-11-85*

ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM 852126
ON/3948/FK23/KJH/RAB

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
22	24	Red. fine gr grey brown - cream ^{semi-consolidated} silicate, variable coarse qtz grains.	126517
24	26	A A rounded fine qtz grains - running sands.	18
	28	A A Unconsolidated running sands.	19
	30	A A	126520
32	32	A A	21
	32	A A	22
		Rem compressor for 5 minutes to clear hole but	
		continued collapsing of fine running sands - abandoned	
RSH 5	45/1100E		
0	2	Tight red brown clay grading to fine yellow-brown sand	126523
	4	Pin - red brown tight ball clays.	24
	6	A A	25
	8	A A	26
	10	Cream - massive fine gr running sands.	27
	12	A A	28
RSH 6	45/1780E	Hole collared 30m south of line.	
0	2	Pink brown - brown sandy soil and nodular calcare.	126529
	4	Pink brown light clays with fine, angular qtz grains.	30
	6	Red coarse angular qtz grains in fine light clays.	31
	8	A A	32
	10	Tight red brown - cream clays	33
	12	A A grading to fine orange brown sands.	34
	14	Cream porcellaneous clays and red brown fine sands - ferricrete	35
	16	Cream kaolinitic clays with minor, massive Fe staining.	36
	18	A A	37

[illegible]



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They conducted a 100 percent inspection of the Teacher
Registration in Testing, Administration, and Evaluation
Testing reported there. They found that the
A. The results of the inspection were as follows:

0161

PROJECT: *SHEOAK HILL* CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS:
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO. *BSH. 6. (part)* LOGGED BY: *K. J. HELMSTADT* DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: *12-11-85*

ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB com 852/26
O/N: 3948/FK23/KJH/RAB

(95)

[illegible]

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM 852126
O/N 3948 | FK23 | KJH | RAB

PROJECT: SHEAR HILL CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: 45/1850E
LOCALITY: PERCHES 45 RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO. RSH. 7. LOGGED BY: K.T.H. DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: 12-11-85

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
		Hole collared approx 30m 5th of Line	
0	2	Light brown sandy soil + calcareous grading to light clays	126549
	4	Tight red brown - brown clays	50
	6	A A	51
	8	Cream - grey fine grtz sand cemented with pallid grey var. clays	52
	10	A A	53
	12	Poorly sorted, immature gravel, subangular grtz, Fe stain with Fe clays	54
	14	A A	55
	16	Cream kaolinitic powder chips of cream, hard claystone, grtz + Fe stone - silcrete.	56
	18	A A	57
	20	A A	58
	22	A A	59
	24	Cream - dk brown saprolitic ball clays	126560
	26	A A	61
	28	Cream - yellow brown lumpy, pallid clays	62
	30	A A	63
	32	A A, Using H ₂ O from 31m	64
11-11-85	34	W-Pe, dk green - olive green, fine grained grtz dolerite or etc.	65
	36	A A, mafic intrusive - dolerite, 10% contamination	66
	38	A A, 15% up-hole contamination	67
	40	A A	68
	42	A A, sample 42-50% up-hole contamination	69

[illegible]

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ON REQUEST.

JOB COM

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: *SHERPA HILL*... CONTRACTOR:..... COLLAR CO ORDS: *67/500E*
LOCALITY: *PROSNA, A.S.*... RIG TYPE:..... AZIMUTH:..... S.D.O. NO:.....
HOLE NO. *R34.8*... LOGGED BY: *K. J. HELGREN*... DECLINATION:..... LABORATORY:.....
DATE: *13-11-85*.....

41

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	Red brown sand: soil + nodular calcite.	126570
	4	Cream-gray, clay rich calcite - micaceous	71
	6	A A	72
	8	Hard, pink-red. fresh Kapor, plag, qtz, mica poor granite -	73
8	8.5	granite gneiss	74
RSH 9	67/6008		1
0	2	Orange brown fine sand + calcite nodules.	126575
	4	Brown-yellow brown fine sand + clay, micaceous calcite.	76
	6	A A	77
	8	A A	78
	10	Orange brown, w qtz, feldsp, biotite schist - vein qtz	77
	12	Pw, red, even grained qtz, feldsp, biot. granitoid "gneiss"	80
	14	A A	81
	16	A A	82
	18	A A	83
	20	A A	84
	21	A A	85

[illegible]



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0164

1. The first of these is the fact that the United States is a party to the 1948 Convention on the High Seas, which provides that every state has the right to sail ships on the high seas under its flag. This is a principle of international law which is binding on all states, including the United States.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: SHEPHERD HILL CONTRACTOR: _____ COLLAR COORDS: 67/650E
LOCALITY: _____ RIG TYPE: _____ AZIMUTH: _____ S. D. O. N°: _____
HOLE N° RSH 10 LOGGED BY: K. T. H. DECLINATION: _____ LABORATORY: _____
DATE: 13-11-88

(69)

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	Orange brown fine sand + calcareate	1265 86
	4	A A	87
	6	Cream - medium fine sand + semi-coarsel siltstone	88
	8	A A	89
	10	Cream - medium fine powder, chips of w. siliceous ? granite	90
	12	A A	91
	14	A A	92
	16	A A	93
	18	Cream - yellow brown fine ^{Kalutitic} powder, angular gte + w. ? granite	94
	20	A A	95
	22	A A	96
	24	A A	97
	26	A A	98
	28	A A, Hard, fresh, red - coarse grained, micro por granitoid	99

[illegible]



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NOT A

0165

1. The following information is being furnished to you for your information only. It is not intended to be used for any other purpose.

PROJECT: SHEDAK HILL CONTRACTOR: _____ COLLAR CO ORDS: 67/700E
LOCALITY: _____ RIG TYPE: _____ AZIMUTH: _____ S. D. O. NO: _____
HOLE NO. RSH. 11 LOGGED BY: KTH DECLINATION: _____ LABORATORY: _____
DATE: 17-11-85

ANALYTICAL REPORT

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...and the
Department of Testing
... ..

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: SHENK HRS CONTRACTOR: _____ COLLAR CO ORDS: 67/75DE
LOCALITY: LAOKE 67 RIG TYPE: _____ AZIMUTH: _____ S. D. O. NO: _____
HOLE NO. RSH-12 LOGGED BY: K. J. H. DECLINATION: _____ LABORATORY: _____
DATE: 12-11-85

(126)

[illegible][illegible]



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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

0167

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: *SHEBOA 4-14* CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: *67/800 E*
LOCALITY: *100 ft 145 67* RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S. D. O. NO.:
HOLE NO. *RSH 13* LOGGED BY: *K. J. H.* DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: *11-11-85*

(162)

[illegible]

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

204.

[illegible][illegible]



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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL METHODS

0169

1. The following information was obtained from the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., on the subject of the above-captioned case:

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: SHEAR MILLS CONTRACTOR: _____ COLLAR CO ORDS: 12 / 7295
LOCALITY: PROFILE 13 RIG TYPE: _____ AZIMUTH: _____ S. D. O. NO: _____
HOLE NO. RSH. 15 LOGGED BY: K. J. HEUTEM DECLINATION: _____ LABORATORY: _____
DATE: 13-11-85

231

[illegible]



RAB / PERCUSSION DRILL LOG

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service to its members and the public.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: SHEPPHILL CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: 13/8605
 LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
 LOGGED BY: K. J. HURLEY DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
 HOLE NO. RSH 17 DATE: 14.11.85

(36)

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	Fine pink brown sandy soil + calcareate	126682
	4	Red brown - cream red potted clays with siliceous bands	83
	6	A A grading to fine damp sand - clays	84
	8	W red brown ferrug. mica schist and massive f.g. pale green, var. epid. sch.	85
	10	A A	86
	12	Laminated cherts and red massive pale green epidote, sericite rock, calc-silicate (15)	87
RSH 18	13/890E		
0	2	Light brown - orange brown fine sandy soil + calcareate	126688
	4	Tight red brown - cream clays	89
	6	Fine green gte rocks grading to red-brown clays with coarse gte	90
	8	Cream - green clays, w. cream var schist and red brown mica schist	91
	10	W. ferrug. gte mica schist with 5% coarse angular var gte frags	92
	12	Pw - red. fresh gte mica schist, variably ferruginous (40)	93
RSH 19	13/950E		
0	2	Orange brown - brown fine sandy soil + calcareate	126694
	4	Tight red brown gritty clays with siliceous bands	95
	6	Red. tight, potted cream clays with siliceous bands - coarse gte frags	96
	8	A A	97
	10	W - Pw red brown mica schist - 'rough' (200)	98
	12	Pw - fresh dk green grey, fine grained massive, foliated amphibolite	99

RESULTS IN PPM						
Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn	
14	6	12	(1)	1.23	125	
10	8	9	(1)	4.05	36	
8	10	12	(1)	3.65	65	
38	6	44	(1)	8.90	36	
38	4	40	(1)	6.15	32	
44	(4)	44	(1)	4.85	44	
16	10	22	(1)	2.30	165	
10	10	16	(1)	3.00	85	
7	4	8	(1)	1.25	28	
9	6	14	(1)	1.73	46	
34	(4)	28	(1)	5.30	105	
48	(4)	28	(1)	4.95	80	
12	6	16	(1)	1.92	140	
14	6	9	(1)	2.15	28	
55	10	24	(1)	7.65	42	
40	6	20	(1)	5.20	38	
50	4	42	(1)	4.55	120	

0171



RAB / PERCUSSION - DRILL LOG

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: SHEWAN HILL CONTRACTOR: COLLAR COORDS: 13/1100E
 LOCALITY: PROFILE 13 RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
 HOLE NO. RSH 20 LOGGED BY: K.T.H. DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
 DATE: 14/11/85

(69)

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	Light brown - pinkish brown fine sandy soil + calcareate	126700
	4	Tight brown gritty clays with hard siliceous bands.	01
	6	Yellow brown fine sand + pale green grey ser. schist + mica schist	02
	8	Pale red fresh dk green grey siliceous mica schist	03
	9	Pale green - grey calcareate + quartz, red massive schist - 2 calcareate. (25)	04
RSH 21	13/1300E		
0	2	Fine sandy soil + calcareate with hard fresh, dk green mica sch + amphib from 1 m (60)	126705
RSH 22	13/1450E		
0	2	Fine orange brown sandy soil, minor calcareate	126706
	4	Tight red brown clays	07
	6	A A grading to dk mica schist @ 5.5m	08
	8	Dark green grey chloritic, mica schist, red gte pore, minor ser gte.	09
RSH 23	13/1500E		
0	2	Fine orange brown sand, minor calcareate	126710
	4	Tight, damp red brown clays v. close drilling in tacky clays	11
	6	A A grading to dk green dk schist @ 5m	12
RSH 24	1570E		
0	2	Orange brown - brown fine sand, minor calcareate	126713
	4	Tight, damp tacky red brown clays, minor siliceous bands	14
	6	Grey brown tacky clays grading to cream mica schist gte to 7m	15
	8	Dark grey green fine grained amphibole bearing quartz schist.	16

RESULTS IN PPM						
Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn	
12	<4	12	<1	1.22	155	
36	4	18	<1	4.40	110	
90	<4	28	<1	4.85	115	
105	16	24	<1	4.65	135	
140	4	34	<1	4.55	95	
60	<4	14	1	1.89	155	
14	6	12	<1	1.10	220	
18	14	32	<1	2.80	250	
60	8	46	<1	3.80	200	
70	6	32	<1	3.60	100	
14	6	16	<1	1.52	210	
26	14	22	<1	3.65	150	
55	12	80	<1	5.45	115	
14	10	24	<1	1.97	200	
20	8	24	1	1.21	300	
90	<4	30	<1	3.00	370	



RAB / PERCUSSION DRILL LOG

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0172

The following is a statement of the results of the analysis of the sample submitted to the laboratory for analysis.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: SHEDAR HILL CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: 13/1650E
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO: RSH 25 LOGGED BY: K.F.H. DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: 14-11-89

(95)

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	Fine sticky orange brown sands, river sands	126717
	4	A A becoming damper	18
	6	A A river w. mica schist	19
		Hole abandoned in wet sticky river sands	
RSH 26 13/1850E			
0	2	Orange brown fine river sands + gravels	126720
	4	A A getting damper	21
	6	A A hole collapsed while changing rods - abandoned + rods blocked with sands	22
RSH 27 13/1000E			
0	2	Pink brown fine sandy soil + silcrete	126723
	4	A A grading to light red brown clays + silcrete	24
	6	Rel. tight, cream-brown gritty clays with silcrete bands	25
	8	A A with Fe stain + ferrug? mica sch frags	26
	10	A A	27
	12	W ferrug gte mica schist (35)	28

RESULTS IN PPM					
Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
16	18	20	1	1.67	175
14	8	16	1	1.75	105
48	12	16	<1	7.50	28
40	14	22	<1	6.60	32
55	26	18	<1	5.30	24
65	6	50	<1	5.75	40



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0173

PROJECT: SPEDAK HILL CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: 68/50E
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO. RSH 28 LOGGED BY: R. J. Housley DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: 19-11-85

ANALYTICAL REPORT

(119)

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	Fire brown - orange brown sandy soil, grading to light clay.	126729
	4	Grey brown red light clay with minor pale green w. chl schist.	30
	6	Pale green epidote rich - dk green red. fresh, fine gr. chl. schist (15)	31
RSH 29	68/80E		
0	2	Light brown - orange brown soil + calcareous w. chl at 2m	126732
	4	Pu - fresh dk green, red. massive chl schist.	32
RSH 30			
RSH 30	68/110E		
0	2	Brown fine sandy soil, pow chl sch. 1-2m	126734
	4	Red fresh dk green chl schist	35
RSH 31	68/170E		
0	2	Brown - light brown soil - calcareous w. chl sch.	126736
	4	Pu - fresh dk green - pale green chl, resist. gts schist	37
RSH 32	68/230E		
0	2	Grey brown - dk brown clay soil + calcareous	126738
	4	W, mica sch + chl schist	39
	6	Pale green calc. gts sch - dk brown gts mica schist	40

RESULTS IN PPM						
Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn	
26	8	24	<1	2.70	560	
70	6	32	<1	4.95	165	
70	6	32	<1	4.40	120	
28	6	20	<1	2.15	410	
60	4	20	<1	3.25	320	
26	8	18	<1	2.00	710	
55	8	20	<1	3.05	320	
26	10	20	<1	1.35	420	
44	14	28	<1	2.35	105	
26	10	50	<1	2.50	950	
28	6	95	<1	4.05	250	
55	4	110	<1	4.40	220	



RAB / PERCUSSION DRILL LOG

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT:..... CONTRACTOR:..... COLLAR CO ORDS: 68/2005
LOCALITY:..... RIG TYPE:..... AZIMUTH:..... S.D.O. NO:.....
HOLE NO. RSH 33.. LOGGED BY:..... DECLINATION:..... LABORATORY:.....
DATE: 17-11-83.....

(145)

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	Brown - dk brown clay rich soil	126741
	4	Massive - yellow brown clay, massive yellow br. Fe sh. chips	42
	6	A A	47
	8	A A, chips of pale green epidote rich, var. chl rich	44
	10	Pw - red fresh pale green - yellow, var. chl, tremolite rich	45
	12	A A	46
RSH 34 68/350E			
0	2	Red brown - dk brown clay + soil, minor calcareous	126747
	4	Red brown - yellow brown rd. light, ferruginous clays	48
	6	A A	49
	8	Pw - red fresh dk green grey, chl, biotite schist + massive pale green epidote	50
	9	A A	51
RSH 35 68/400E			
0	8	Dk brown clay + massive Mn ironstone	126752
RSH 36 68/450E			
0	2	Pw - red fresh biotite, gtz schist + massive vein gtz	126753
RSH 37 68/500E			
0	2	Pw - red fresh gtz biotite schist	126754

RESULTS IN PPM						
Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn	
30	8	34	<1	2.85	2500	
20	6	34	<1	10.8	410	
22	<4	95	<1	5.95	130	
30	6	150	<1	4.75	160	
55	22	185	<1	5.40	250	
70	10	160	<1	3.90	230	
40	10	36	<1	3.20	9200	
145	6	110	<1	6.45	1550	
160	<4	95	<1	7.35	460	
165	<4	220	<1	6.60	220	
120	<4	185	<1	6.70	230	
90	8	80	<1	7.95	2.85%	
22	4	32	<1	2.85	1750	
6	20	<1	2.80	520		



Sheet of

PROJECT: *SHEAR HILL* CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: *68/600E*
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S. D. O. NO:
HOLE NO. *RSH. 18* LOGGED BY: *K. T. H.* DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: *12-11-85*

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1. The first of these is the fact that the majority of the population of the United States is of European descent. This is a fact which has been recognized by the government and the people of the United States for many years. It is a fact which has been recognized by the government and the people of the United States for many years.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	Dk brown fine sandy soil + calcare	126755
	4	Pw - rd fresh, var ferrug qtz mica schist - talcifer.	56
	6	A A	57
RSH 79	68/650E		
0	2	Red brown fine sandy soil + calcare	126758
	4	Dk brown clay + sand + massive Mn rich Fe stone	59
	6	Fine yellow brown sand + clay with narrow bed + pale green soapy, var red	60
	8	Yellow brown w - dk green, rd massive, chl, amphib schist	61
RSH 80	68/700E		
0	2	Brown - dk brown fine sand - calcare	126762
	4	A p. with massive Mn ironstone	63
	6	Dk brown pebbles + sand, w ? mica schist.	64
	8	Hard fine grained massive Mn ironstone - siliceous	65
RSH 41	68/725E		
0	2	Orange brown fine sandy soil	126766
	3	Pw - rd fresh qtz mica schist - psammopelite	67

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0176



RAB / PERCUSSION DRILL LOG

Sheet of

PROJECT: *SHEPAK HILL* CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: *36/00E*
 LOCALITY: *MAFUS 36* RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO.:
 HOLE NO.: *RSH 42* LOGGED BY: *K.T. HOLLAND* DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
 DATE: *15-11-85*

(30)

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER	RESULTS IN PPM					
FROM	TO			Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
0	2	Fine orange brown sand & clay	126768	18	4	18	<1	2.00	580
	4	Red brown - dk brown tight clays	69	30	6	26	<1	4.00	460
	5	W - fine dk brown - red brown gte mica schist - vein gte	70	90	<4	44	<1	6.65	140
	7	Dk green grey chl. amphibole schist, calc. reactive, & mag. (850)	71	95	<4	42	<1	6.60	170
RSH 43 36/25W									
0	2	Fine orange brown sandy soil & calcareous	126772	14	<4	14	<1	1.76	370
	4	Orange brown - dk brown tight clays	73	20	6	20	<1	3.00	230
	5	Hard, red brown, ferrug. gte rich mica schist and w c/s (200)	74	16	<4	18	<1	3.00	80
RSH 44 36/150W									
0	2	Fine orange brown sand with minor calcareous	126775	14	6	16	<1	1.75	270
	4	Tight orange brown - dk brown clays	76	16	<4	18	<1	2.05	270
	6	A A	77	22	<4	22	<1	2.80	135
	8	Clay rich, red brown sands with irregular gte - lithic frags. v. sh. drilling	78	22	4	22	<1	3.25	120
	10	Pw - rd. fresh gte mica schist with 5% chl. amphib. sch. 10% gte	79	48	<4	32	<1	4.20	125
	11	A A rare chl. sch. (250)	80	140	4	50	<1	5.85	120
RSH 45 36/250W									
0	2	Fine orange brown sandy soil	126781						
	4	Orange brown - dk brown tight clays	82						
	6	A A	83						
	7	A A extremely lustrous clays failed to get return with back-up compressor after continued reaming.	84						
		Hole abandoned							

0177



RAB / PERCUSSION DRILL LOG

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: SHEPARK M44 CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: 36/1000W
 LOCALITY: PROFILE 34 RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.O.O. NO:
 HOLE NO. RSH 46 LOGGED BY: K. J. HILLIER DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
 DATE: 15-11-85 (55)

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER	RESULTS IN PPM					
FROM	TO			Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Fe	Mn
0	2	Orange brown fine sand	126785	14	10	22	<1	1.58	120
	4	Tight red brown - dk brown clay	86	12	8	20	<1	2.40	90
	6	A A	87	12	6	18	<1	3.05	70
	7	V. hard, massive cream - grey gneiss, minor dk grey chert	88	6	4	9	<1	1.24	28
RSH 47	36/1100W								
0	2	Light brown fine sandy soil, minor calcareous	126789	12	<4	14	<1	1.34	95
	4	Pw - rd. fresh green grey gte mica schist	90	20	4	34	<1	2.60	100
RSH 48	36/1170W								
0	2	Sandy soil - dk green fine gr. massive, feldsp. amphibolite	126791	7	<4	10	<1	0.81	105
RSH 49	36/1250W								
0	2	Fine sandy soil, pw - rd. fresh mica schist - granite gneiss	126792	12	<4	18	<1	1.79	140
RSH 50	36/1330W								
0	2	Fine sandy soil - pw gte mica schist - pink aplite granitoid	126793	12	4	18	<1	1.19	160
RSH 51	36/1400W								
0	2	Fine sandy soil - calcareous, pw gte light feldsp. granite	126794	6	8	12	<1	1.28	95
	3	Red ground light red gte feldsp. granite	95	5	12	14	<1	1.85	115
RSH 52	36/1500W								
0	2	Fine orange brown sand	126796	4	<4	7	<1	0.54	48
	4	Low - rd. fresh hard massive cream gneiss, var. feldsp.	97	7	4	10	<1	0.99	95
	5	P P	98	8	12	8	<1	1.43	32

0178



RAB / PERCUSSION DRILL LOG

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

JOB COM 852204
O/N07353/FK23/RB
FOR RSH53 - RSH63

PROJECT: SHEOK HILL CONTRACTOR: UNDERDALE COLLAR CO ORDS: 145 / 1800E

LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:

HOLE NO: RSH 53 LOGGED BY: R. G. B. DECLINATION: LABORATORY:

DATE: 27/11/95

RESULTS IN PPM

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
		drilled 30 m south of line - 13.00 hr. K=5000-10 ⁻⁵	
0	2	brown clay, minor calcareous K=40	35101
	4	orange brown, clay, minor calcareous K=40	102
	6	sandy brown clay	103
	8	sandy white sand	104
	10	red brown clay	105
	12	orange brown clay	106
	14	red brown clay, quartz	107
	16	white kaolinitic clay	108
	18	" " "	109
	20	red brown clay	110
	22	" " "	111
	24	" " "	112
	26	brown sandy clay K=90	113
	28	greenish brown sandy clay	114
	30	olive green sandy clay	115
	32	" "	116
	34	" "	117
	36	light green, clay sandy	118
	38	" "	119
	40	" "	120
	42	sandy green clay	121
	44	" "	122
	46	" "	123
	48	" "	124
48	50	sandy green and light brown clay	125



Sheet ... 2 ... of ... 2

PROJECT: *Sheep Hill* CONTRACTOR: _____ COLLAR COORDS: *L 45/1800E*
LOCALITY: _____ RIG TYPE: *GRIFFIN* AZIMUTH: _____ S.D.O. NO.: _____
HOLE NO. *EMC485H53* LOGGED BY: *R.C.B.* DECLINATION: _____ LABORATORY: _____
DATE: *22/11/85*

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0179

ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH (m)		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
50	52	sandy green clay	35126
	54	light brown clay, rare Q, bio. mass	127
	56	grey " " " "	128
	58	grey " " " "	129
	60	green " " " "	130
	62	green " " " "	131
	64	green " " " "	132
64	66	grey green, amphibole K=40	133
66	68	dark green, black massive amphibole; dolomite K=350	134
68	70	dark grey, massive amphibole; dolomite K=200	135
70	71	dark grey " " ; dolomite; E.O.H. K=250	35136
		E.O.H. at 14.45 HR. only BLADE DRILLING	
BS454	145	1900E, drilled 30 m south of line.	
0	2	brown and white, with calcareate, soil	35137
	4	brown clay, white calcareate	138
	6	brown clay	139
	8	red brown, fine grained, clay	140
	10	red brown clay, in layers	141
	12	red brown clay	142
	14	" " " "	143
	16	light red brown clay	144
	18	orange brown clay	145
	20	light brown and white clay	146
	22	" " " "	147

[illegible]



Sheet of

CONTRACTOR

COLLAR CO ORDS

L 45/1900E

LOCALITY

RIG TYPE:

AZIMUTH

S. D. O. №

HOLE NO *cont. RSH 54.*

LOGGED BY

DECLINATION

.LABORATORY

DATE _____

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
22	24	light brown and more white clay	35148
	26	" " "	149
	28	brown clay	150
	30	" "	151
	32	grey brown clay	152
	34	brown clay	153
	36	" "	154
	38	white and brown clay	155
	40	light green and brown clay	156
	42	light green clay with amphibole	157
	44	" " "	158
	46	" " " " and Quartz	159
	48	" " " " with quartz	160
check	50	light green brown clay with quartz and amphibole	161
	52	light brown clay with quartz, contaminated amphibole	162
	54	" " " Quartz, feldspar, amphibole	163
	56	brown clay, contain amphibole	164
	58	water! - Quartz - feldspar (very?), white; amphibole	165
	60	contaminated feldspar like quartzite (very?) amphibole	166
60	62	" " " E.D.H. [cores only]	167

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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

DATA

The author of the following report is a member of the Association of Textile & Apparel Manufacturers. The report is not intended to be a statement of fact, but a statement of opinion.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

[illegible]



Sheet of

COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

[illegible]

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS:
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO. RS-4-54 cor LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: 27/1/82

DEPTH M		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
50	52	light brown clay, sand 8 to 10% contaminated	35167
	54	light brown clay, sand 10% quartz, sandstone	163
	56	light clay, sand 10% quartz, sandstone	164
	58	Waters! - sand, sandstone, K	165
58	60	contaminated quartz, sandstone, K	166
60	62	" " contaminated, sandstone, E.O.H. K	167
		E.O.H. Road clay, 17.40 hr rewritten	
RS4	55	145/2000E 28/11 8.00 hr.	
0	2	orange sand and calcareous	351612
2	4	orange cream clay, sand	169
4	6	orange clay, silt sand	170
6	8	cream clay, sand	171
	10	red brown clay, sand	172
	12	orange	173
	14	brown	174
	16	red clay, sand, and green siltstone	175
	18	white siltstone and brown clay, sand	176
	20	cream clay, sand (quartz)	177
	22	creamy brown clay, quartz sand	178
	24	creamy white clay, quartz	179
	26	reddish white clay, white sand	180
	28	grayish white clay, sand	181
	30	reddish white clay, sand	182
	32	light gray clay	183

[illegible]



Sheet of

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: 145/20006
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO
MOLE NO RSH 55 cont LOGGED BY PCB DECLINATION: LABORATORY
DATE: 28/11/85

COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



0182

ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
		RS455 cor. 1	
32	34	light gray clay	35184
	36	dark brown clay	185
	38	brown clay and white clay	186
	40	light brown and white clay	187
40 -	42	yellow brown clay	188
	44	grayish brown "	189
	46	grayish brown "	190
	48	yellow green "	191
	50	light green "	192
	52	creamy brown "	193
52 -	54	water 1 brown clay, Quartz, subangular, 90% carbonaceous	194
	56	" " "	195
	58	" " some horizontal quartz	196
	60	" "	197
	62	" " "	198
	64	" " "	199
	66	" " "	200
	68	" " "	201
	70	" " "	202
	72	bit blacked, full, brown clay, Quartz, 90% carbonaceous	203
	74	" " "	204
	76	" " "	205
	78	" " "	206
	80	" " "	207
80 -	82	" quartzite "	35208

[illegible]



Sheet of

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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

1. The following information was obtained from the records of the Department of Defense, Department of the Army, Department of the Navy, Department of the Air Force, and Department of the Joint Chiefs of Staff:

0183

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: *43/2100E*
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S. D. O. N°:
HOLE N° *RS4.5.6.* LOGGED BY: *RLA* OCECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: *29/11/83*

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
		drilled 30 m south of lens	
0	2	light brown sandstone white calcareous	35209
	4	orange brown clay, silt	210
	6	" " " "	211
	8	light orange " "	212
	10	orange brown " "	213
	12	light brown " "	214
	14	light brown " "	215
	16	purplish brown and white clay, silt	216
	18	" " " "	217
	20	" " " "	218
	22	grey and white clay	219
	24	" " " "	220
	26	white silt and sandstone	221
	28	grey white silt/sand	222
	30	" " " "	223
	32	" " " "	224
	34	white karstic clay, with fine quartz pebbles	225
	36	" " " "	226
	38	" " " "	227
	40	" " " "	228
	42	" " " "	229
	44	" " " "	230
	46	" " " "	231
	48	" " " "	232
	50	" " " "	233

[illegible]



Sheet of

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: *L 45/2120*
 LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S. O. N°:
 MOLE N° *CR 15456* LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
 DATE:

COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



0184

Association of Testing Authorities, Australia
100 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000
Australia
Tel: 03 9600 6000
Fax: 03 9600 6001
Email: info@ata.edu.au

ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
50	52	white kaolinitic clay, fine Quartz, rare mica	35234
	54	" "	235
	56	" "	236
	58	" "	237
	60	" "	238
60	62	water! purulenta small large chips K=10	239
	64	"	240
	66	"	241
	68	"	242
68	70	" , E.O.H. 16.30/H.R. no pebbles	243
		(4400 yds) pure water sand from BP Kumba - 8/10/85	
RSH	57	L45/2200E start 17.30/hr 28/10/85	
0	2	brown soil, clay	35244
2	4	light brown silt, silicate	245
	6	light brown silt, clay	246
	8	" "	247
	10	" "	248
	12	orange brown silt, minor Quartz	249
	14	" " " "	250
	16	" " " "	251
	18	red brown silt, " "	252
	20	white cream clay, silt	253
	22	mauve clay, silt, minor basaltic waste (hardly visible)	254
22	24	" " " "	255

[illegible]

Sheet of

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: 245/22006
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. No
HOLE No. Cont R 3457 LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY
DATE:

COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



1. The following information was obtained from the files of the Department of Defense, Department of State, and the Department of Justice, regarding the activities of the following individuals:

ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
24	26	purple silt, clay, minor flint, gravel, quartz	35256
	28	" " " "	257
	30	" " " "	258
	32	creamy white silt, clay	259
	34	white " "	260
	36	white kaolinitic clay	261
	38	" "	262
	40	" "	263
	42	greenish white "	264
	44	greenish white " end 11.30	265
	46	slat 29 1/2" sand. cream white clay	266
	48	cream white clay	267
	50	" " "	268
	52	" " " fine quartz grains	269
	54	water! white clay, fine quartz grains, dark mica	270
	56	" clay, sand " 6.04	271
6.04 - RETURN HOLE COLLAPSED... 9.30 AM.			

RESULTS IN PPM

[illegible]



They will have a significant impact on the future
direction of testing activities. According to
testers, the current paper test is not optimal
for the future of testing. The future of testing
is in the hands of the test developers.



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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT:	CONTRACTOR	COLLAR CO ORDS: <i>245/1700E</i>
LOCALITY	RIG TYPE:	AZIMUTH
		S. D. O. N°:
HOLE N° <i>PSH. 5P.</i>	LOGGED BY: <i>RCB</i>	DECLINATION
	DATE: <i>29/11/85</i>	LABORATORY

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	white calcareous	35272
	4	brown and white sand	273
	6	red brown clay, gravel	274
	8	" " " "	275
	10	" " " "	276
	12	" " " "	277
	14	reddish white silt, clay	278
	16	" " " "	279
	18	light brown " "	280
	20	brown " "	281
	22	" " " "	282
	24	" " " "	283
	26	gray brown " "	284
	28	cream " "	285
	30	cream " "	286
	32	light brown " "	287
	34	" " " "	288
	36	" " " "	289
	38	brown " "	290
	40	grayish brown clay, silt	291
40	42	light green with calcareous/dolomite chips	292
	44	light green silt, clay (no dolomite chips) only few quartz	293
	46	" weathered conglomerate?	294
	48	" " "	295
48	50	" " "	296



RAB / PERCUSSION DRILL LOG

Sheet of

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: E 4.5/1700E
 LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.O.O.Nº
 HOLE Nº RS4.58 cal LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
 DATE: 28/11/85

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
50	52	green silt, no chips, weathered amphibole?	35297
	54	green silt	298
	56	" "	299
	58	brownish green "	300
	60	" " "	301
	62	brownish green "	302
62	64	hard, greenish brown silt, with amphibole chips, for quartz	303
64	66	hard, greenish brown silt, with amphibole chips, for quartz	304
66	68	hard, amphibole, green (petrographically sample) K=20	305
68	70	amphibole, green, contaminated (60%) K=20	306
70	72 m	amphibole, green, contaminated (60%) EOH	35307
		24/11/85 17.00 hr (2 m hammer)	

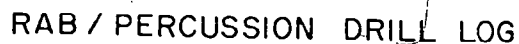
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ANALYTICAL REPORT

RESULTS IN PPM							
Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Ni	Fe	Mn	Nu
85	22	135	<1	75	7.05	390	
LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	
LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	
LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	
LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR



Sheet of

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR COORS *144/1720*
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.O.O. No.
HOLE No. *258.1A* LOGGED BY *RcB* DECLINATION: LABORATORY
DATE *30/11/85*

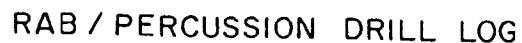
COMLABS Pty. Ltd.

[illegible]

ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
RSH. 44/1220E			
0	2	cream white calcareous	35333
2	4	" " red clay	334
	6	red brown clay	335
	8	orange brown sand	336
	10	cream brown clay	337
	12	red brown, gray clay	338
	14	red brown sand	339
	16	red white silicate, quartz (pyrox)	340
	18	white silicate	341
	20	purple brown ^{dust} gray clay	342
	22	purple brown ^{dust} gray clay	343
	24	red brown sand	344
	26	light brown sand, clay	345
	28	black shaly sand ^{1700 meters} granobol	346
	30	granobol	347
	32	"	348
	34	"	349
	36	granobol	350
	38	granobol	351
	40	granobol	352
	42	granite (conglomerate) & pink f. l. l. m. EOH	353
		18.15 EOH.	

RESULTS IN PPM							
Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Ni	Fe	Mn	Au
LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	
LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	
LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	LNR	
16	14	9	<1	24	2.70	140	
24	16	12	<1	44	4.85	210	
16	10	9	<1	26	2.45	170	
14	18	7	<1	18	2.20	240	
10	12	7	<1	4	1.40	105	<0.05



Sheet ... 1 ... of 2

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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

0190

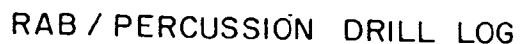
1. The first step in the process of the investigation of a crime is the identification of the crime. This is done by the police officer who is first on the scene. He or she will look for evidence that can help to identify the crime. This evidence can be in the form of a weapon, a fingerprint, or a piece of clothing. The police officer will also look for any other clues that can help to identify the crime.

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR COORDS: 44/17605
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S. D. O. NO.
HOLE NO. RPSH/2A LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY
DATE: 30/4/85

ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
		15.30 hr	
0	2	white calcareous soil	35371
2	4	" " "	372
	6	brown clay, silt	373
	8	cream sand	374
	10	light brown sand	375
	12	light brown sand	376
	14	light brown sand	377
	16	orange brown	378
	18	white siliceous, quartz sand	379
	20	red white siliceous, ferruginous	380
	22	grayish green clay (with red dust)	381
	24	light brown quartz sand, silt	382
	26	cream sand (white streak due to clay - 24%)	383
	28	red ferruginous - quartz feldspar - sand	384
	30	" " " "	385
30	32	milky white sugary quartz (siliceous?), feldspar	386
	34	" " " (siliceous?) "	387
	36	red ferruginous (ironstone) quartz ^{very} calcareous	388
	38	red ferruginous, Q, feldspar	389
	40	" "	390
	42	white Q hard feldspar granulated, fine grained	391
	44	argillaceous " " " "	392
	46	" "	393
	48	" "	394
	50	" "	395

[illegible]



Sheet 2 of 2

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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



0191

There is a large number of people in the United States who are interested in the study of the history of the United States. This is a very important subject, and it is one that is being studied by a large number of people. The study of the history of the United States is a very important subject, and it is one that is being studied by a large number of people.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: _____ CONTRACTOR _____ COLLAR CO ORDS: *244/1760E*
LOCALITY: _____ RIG TYPE: _____ AZIMUTH: _____ S.D.O. NO.
HOLE NO. *R542.A* LOGGED BY: *RCB* DECLINATION: _____ LABORATORY
1000 DATE: *1/12/85*

[illegible]



Sheet of

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR COLLAR CO ORDS 144/1850E
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO. R54.60. LOGGED BY: RCA DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE:

COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



They said the new law would be the first to
limit the number of people who could work in the
country's oil fields. The law would also limit the
number of people who could work in the country's
oil fields. The law would also limit the number of
people who could work in the country's oil fields.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

0192

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
		START 13.00 479	
0	2	calcrete, white	35354
	4	white calcrete, grey clay	355
	6	calcrete, quartz sand, silt, orange brown	356
	8	orange sand/silt	357
	10	orange brown sand/silt	358
	12	greenish white and brown clay	359
	14	brown clay, silt	360
	16	red brown sand, silt	361
	18	white siltstone, massive regular milky white	362
	20	" " "	363
	22	red and greenish grey clay	364
	24	" " " "	365
	26	brown clay	366
	28	hard, dark, silty, with iron, cream clay, sand	367
	30	subangular fine quartz, feldspar	368
	32	" "	369
	34	fine quartz, sandy siltstone (calcrete?), feldspar	370
	36	arenaceous siltstone/calcrete, fine quartz, feldspar	35400
	38	" " , mottled nodules	401
	40	" " "	402
	42	" " "	403
	44	red nodules (ironstone?) (ferruginous?), fine quartz, arenaceous silty clay	404
	46	white clay, milky white quartz, sandy fine quartz	405
	48	" " " " " "	406
	50	" " " " " "	407

[illegible]

Sheet 2 of 2

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1. The following information was obtained from the Bureau of Census, Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C., on the basis of a request for information made on 10/10/50:

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR COORDS: *L44/2150 L*
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.O.O. No:
HOLE No *RSH.6.1m* LOGGED BY: *R.B.* DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: *2/12*

ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
50	52	cream sludge, light gray tacky clay & broke (w/ll), fine quartz ^{Eone granitic dip?}	3544
	54	" " " " , fine quartz	446
	56	" " " " "	447
	58	" " , fine angular quartz, light gray clay.	448
	60	" " " fine angular quartz, are angular gran(?); clay	449
60	62	" " " fine subangular quartz, dark grey clay	450
	64	" " " " , light grey and green clay quartz ^{rare small}	451
	66	mud sand, huge, " " " , clay	452
+	68	" " " coarse angular quartz, malle quartz, clay	453
+	70	" " " " " , clay	454
+	72	mud sand cream " ; angular quartz, coarse white feldspar, clay	455
+	74	" " " coarse angular quartz feldspar, clay granite	456
+	76	mud sand grey, fine quartz, white feldspar, no mica, quartzite, sand	457
E.O.H. 12.30 HR, FINE GRANITE K= 10			
EASIER crushing than previous lot, drier more water			

[illegible]



Sheet of

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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



1. The following information was obtained from the records of the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management, regarding the land owned by the United States in the State of California:

0190

ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: 44/2725 E
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S. D. O. No:
HOLE No. P. 5 # 62. LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: 4-2-12/85

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	moving 11.5 to (amber. fine cuttings) start 16.30hr white calcareous	35458
	4	" " and orange brown sand	459
	6	light brown sand	460
	8	orange brown sand	461
	10	" " "	462
	12	red brown sand, ferruginous quartz	463
	14	" " "	464
	16	white " sandy silt red brown fine calc. calcareous	465
	18	" " " " " "	466
	20	" " " " " "	467
	22	purple brown dirt, grey white clay	468
	24	light brown shales, greenish white clay	469
	26	cream shales, " " " fine quartz	470
	28	" "	471
	30	" "	472
	32	" "	473
	34	" "	474
	36	" "	475
	38	" "	476
	40	" "	477
	42	" "	478
	44	light cream shales, soft greenish white calcareous fine quartz	479
	46	" "	480
	48	" "	481
48	50	" "	35482



Sheet ...2... of ...2...

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR COORDS: *L44/2725E*
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO. *R5H/62 cat* LOGGED BY: *RCB* DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: *1/16 2/2/85*

[illegible][illegible]

Sheet of

LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: *Skiff* AZIMUTH: S.D.O. No:

HOLE NO. *P.S.H. 63* LOGGED BY: *R.C.B.* DECLINATION: LABORATORY
DATE: *7/12/85*

^c COMLABS Pty. Ltd.

COMPILED AND ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



1. The first of these is the fact that the majority of the population of the United States is now living in urban areas. This is a result of the process of urbanization, which has been going on since the beginning of the 20th century. The population of the United States has increased from about 100 million in 1900 to over 200 million in 1960. At the same time, the population of rural areas has decreased from about 100 million in 1900 to about 50 million in 1960. This has led to a concentration of the population in urban areas, which has had a number of important consequences for the development of the United States.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

DEPTH		DESCRIPTION OF RETURNS	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
0	2	white calcareous, sand	35490
	4	" " , sand, red clay	491
	6	" " , red clay	492
	8	orange quartz sand	493
	10	brown sand and clay	494
	12	red brown clay and sand	495
	14	white quartz sand, siliceous	496
	16	" " " " "	497
	18	purple white sand, ferruginous, greenish white clay	498
	20	purple " " " "	499
	22	" " " " "	500
	24	greenish white clay, purple white dust, minor quartz, ferruginous	501
	26	greenish white siliceous, quartz, minor greenish white clay, ferruginous	502
	28	red and cream dust, fine quartz, siliceous	503
	30	red dust, fine coarse quartz, siliceous	504
	32	orange brown dust, fine angular quartz, greenish white sandy siliceous	505
	34	" " " " "	506
	36	mustard " " " "	507
	38	mustard " " " "	508
	40	orange dust, fine ferruginous quartz, subangular	509
40	42	cream " " "	35510
	44	" " " "	511
	46	" " " "	512
	48	" " " "	513
	50	used water, ferruginous quartz, cream dust	514

[illegible]



RAB / PERCUSSION DRILL LOG

Sheet...2....of 2

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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

ANALYTICAL REPORT

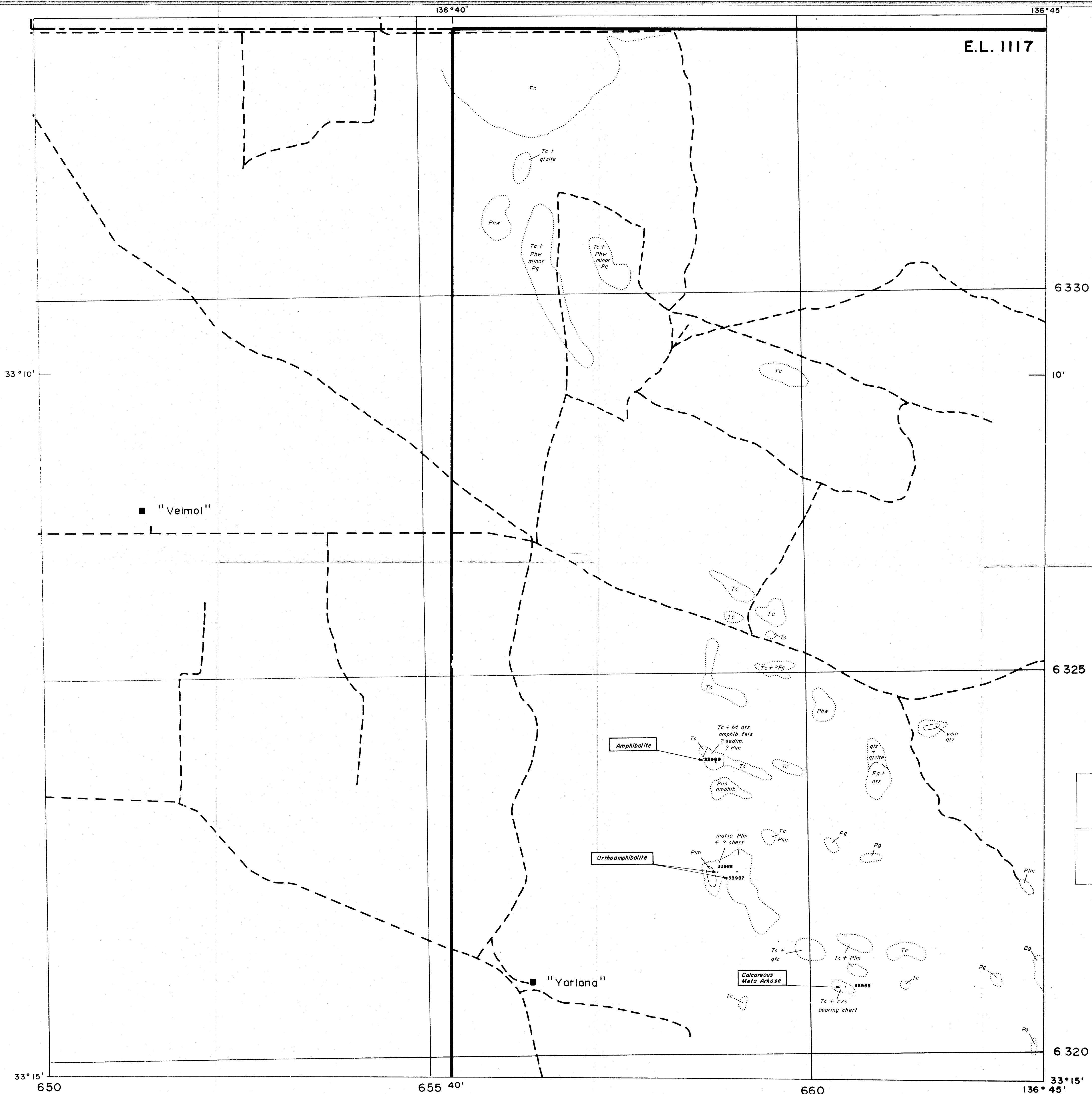
PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS: *144/1050E*
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.O.O.N°:
HOLE N° *K511.63 cont.* LOGGED BY: *R.C.B.* DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: *TA 3/12/85*

HOLE NO *K511.63 cont.*

LOGGED BY: ... R.C.B.

DATE: Feb. 3/12/85

[illegible][illegible]

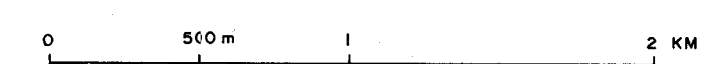
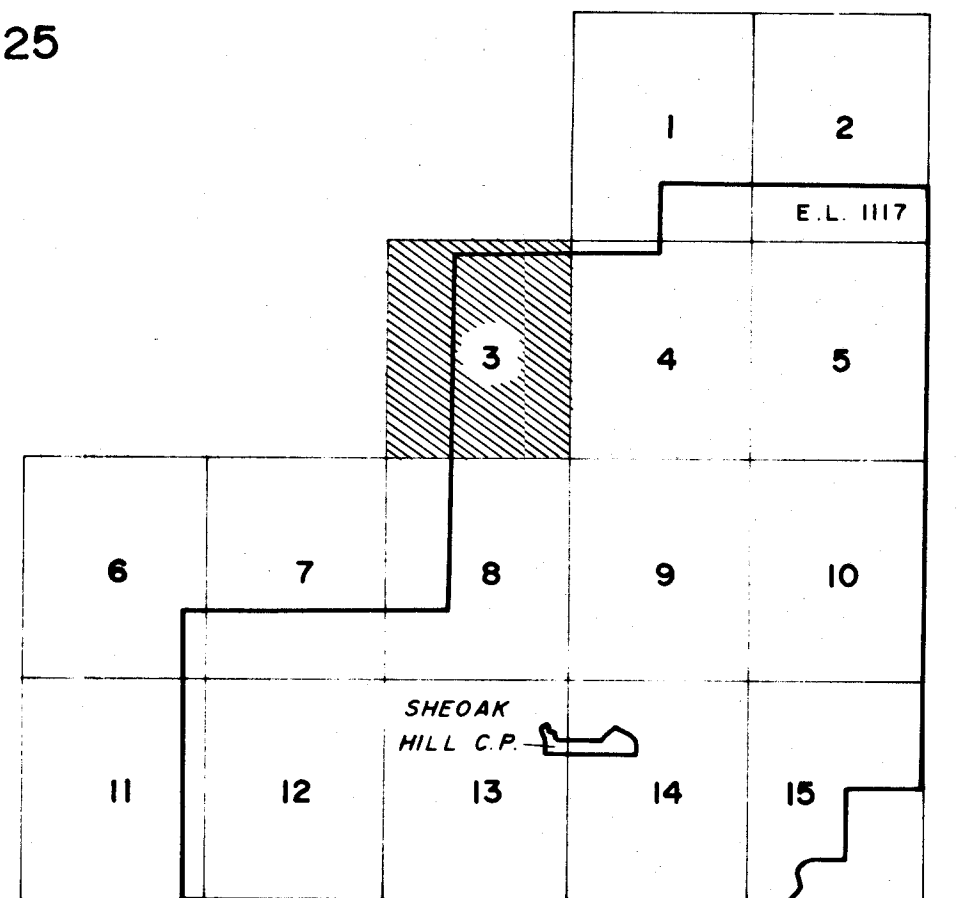


SHEOAK HILL 1:25000

LEGEND

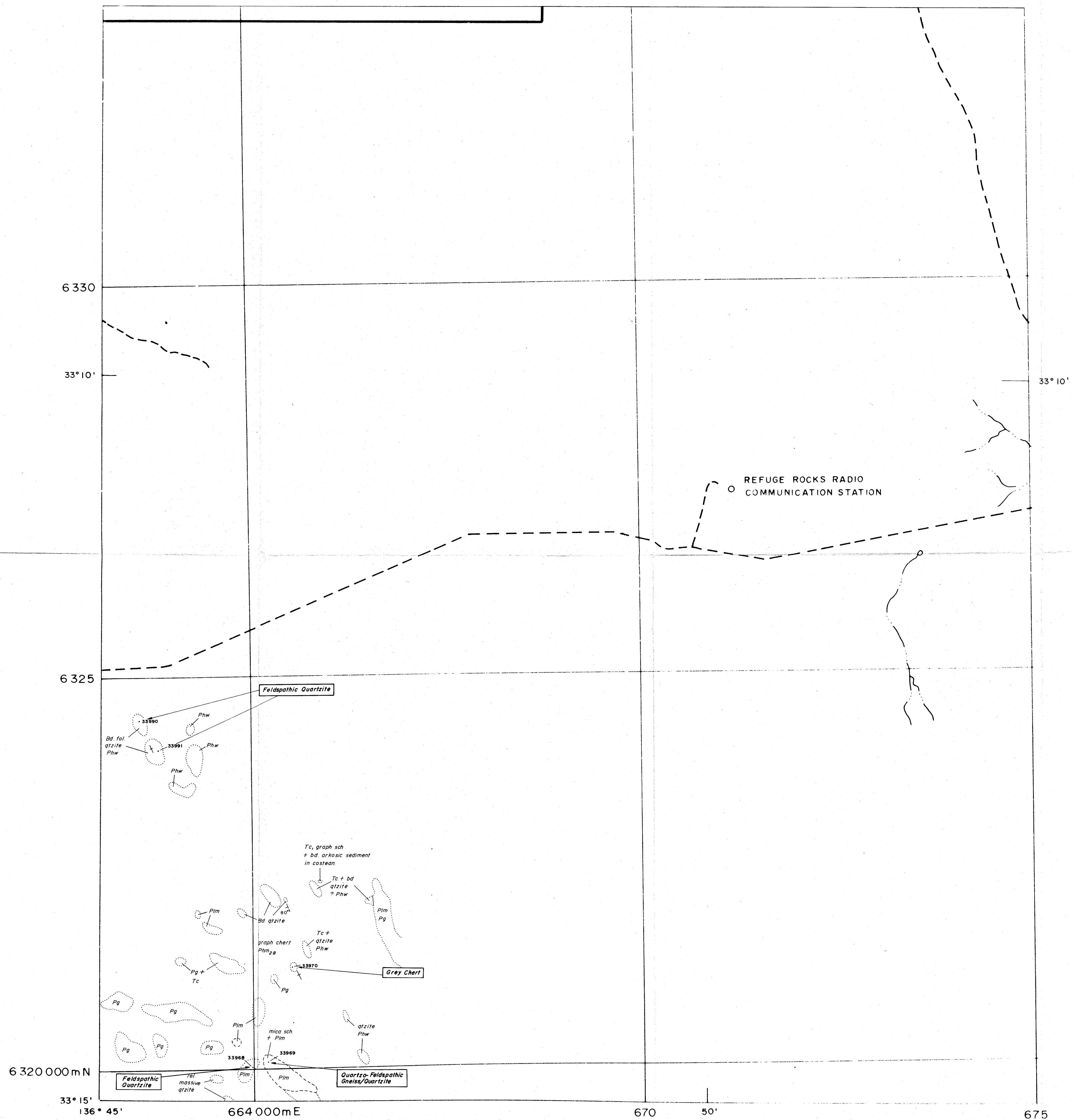
- Tc Calcrete
- Pg Granite
- Phm Undifferentiated Middleback Jasperite
- Phm_{2a} Manganiferous chert
- Phm_{2b} Bedded chert
- Phm_{2c} Calc-silicate
- Phs Schist
- Phw Warraw Quartzite
- Plm Lincoln Complex Gneiss
- Amphibolite Petrographic Description

1:25 000 SHEET INDEX



Billiton Australia			
Project SHEOAK HILL			
Title (Sheet 3)			
Outcrop Geology			
Author K.J.H.	Dept.	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn B.J.O.	Date OCT '85	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	S'ced	Date
Sheet No. 4	Drawing No. A/FK 23/027		

5545-8

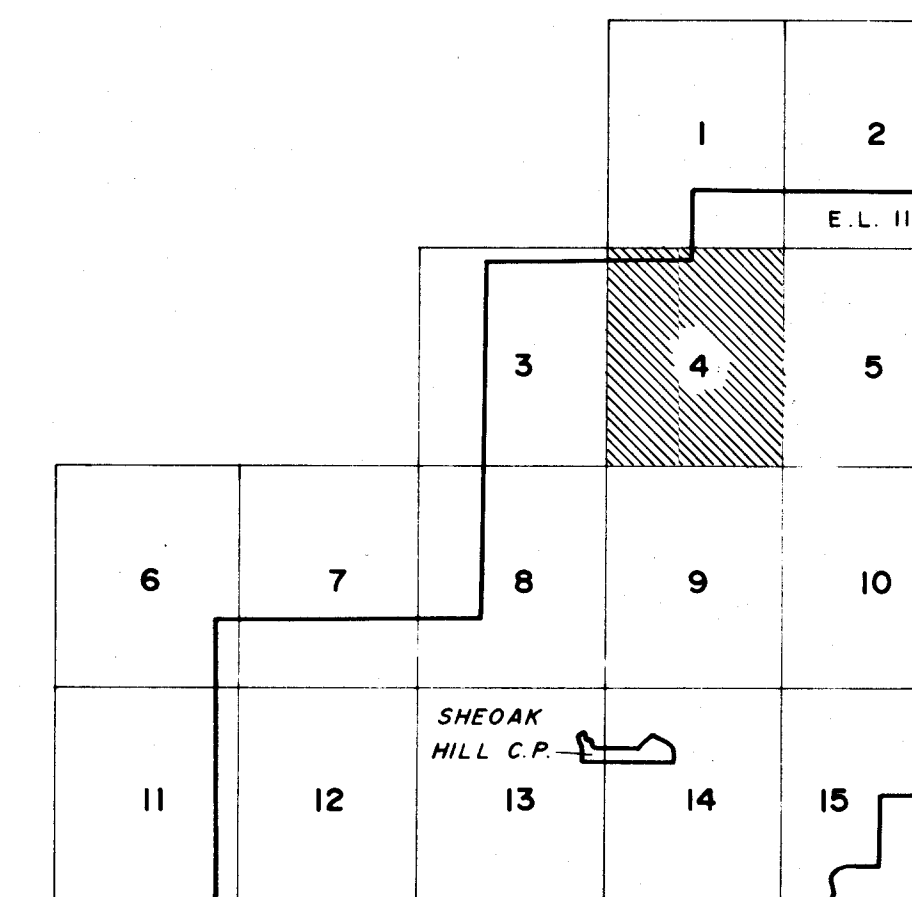


SHEOAK HILL 1:25000

LEGEND

- Tc Calcrete
- Pg Granite
- HUTCHISON GROUP**
 - Phm Undifferentiated Middleback Jaspilite
 - Phm_{2a} Manganiferous chert
 - Phm_{2b} Bedded chert
 - Phm_{2c} Calc-silicate
 - Phs Schist
 - Phw Warrow Quartzite
 - Plm Lincoln Complex Gneiss
- Amphibolite Petrographic Description

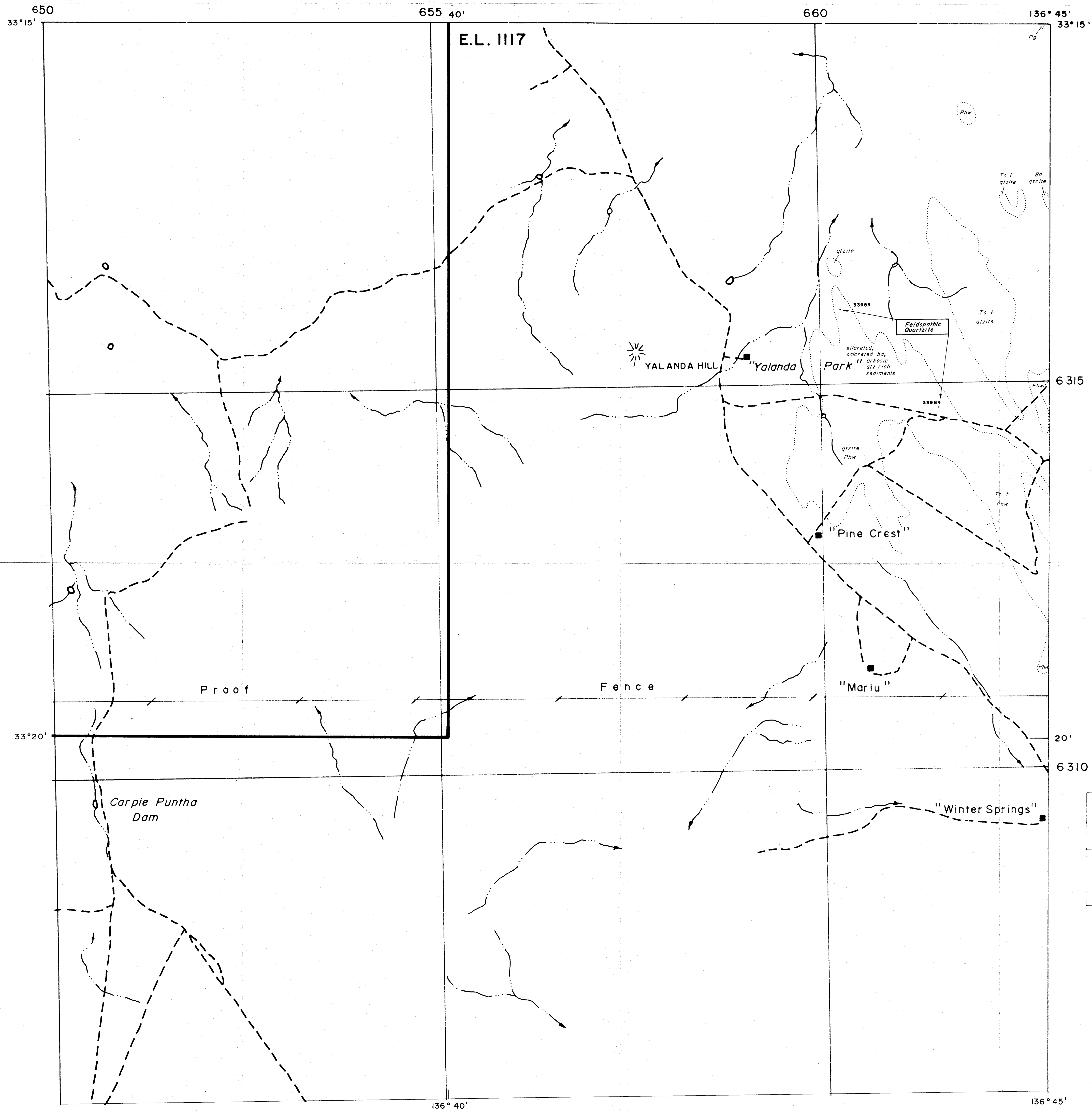
1:25 000 SHEET INDEX



0 500m 1 2 KM

Billiton Australia			
Project SHEOAK HILL			
Title (Sheet 4) Outcrop Geology			
Author K.J.H.	Dept.	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn B.J.O.	Date JAN'86	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Scanned	Date
Sheet No. 5	FIG No. 5	Drawing No.	A/FK 23/028

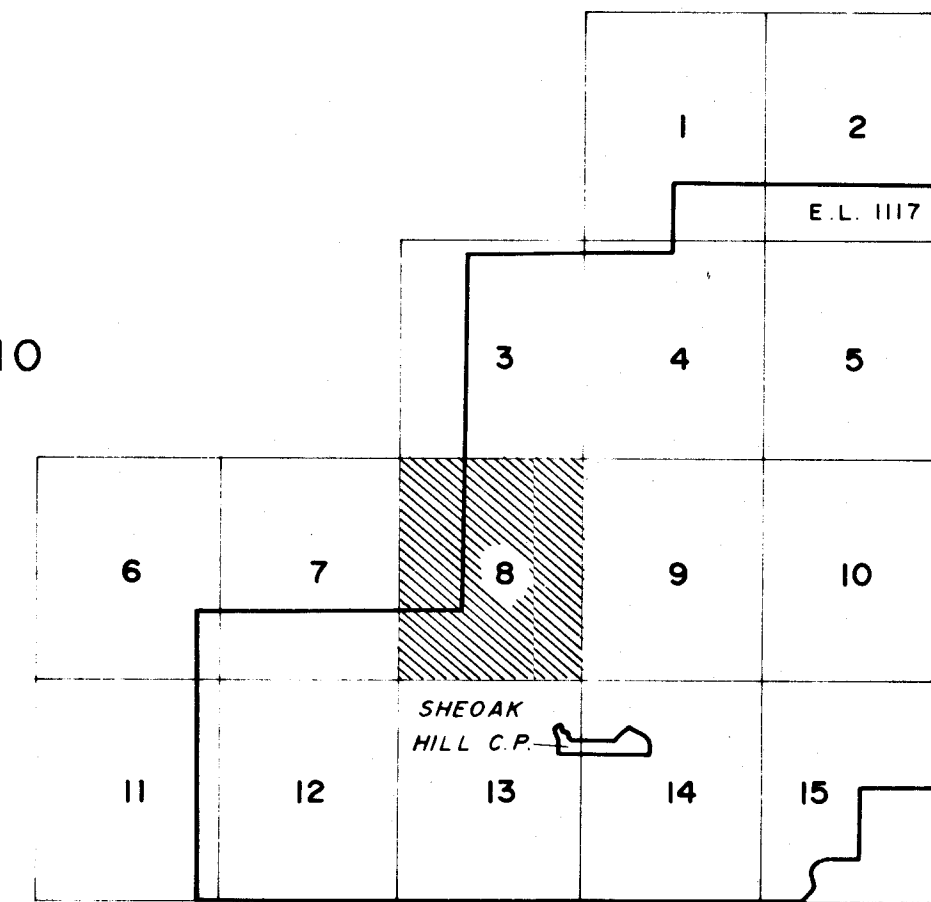
5545-9



SHEOAK HILL 1:25000
LEGEND

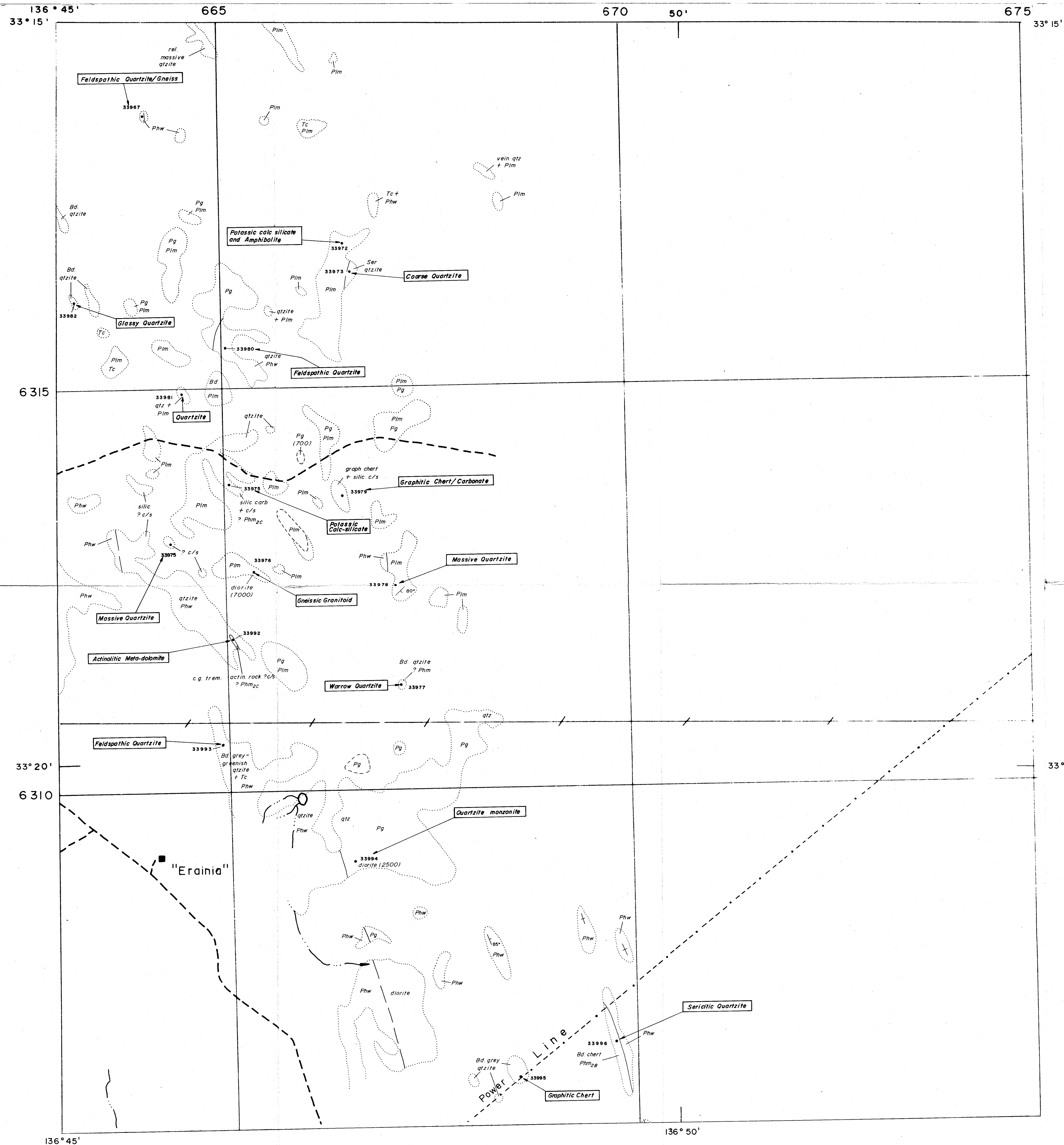
- Tc Calcrete
- Pg Granite
- HUTCHISON GROUP**
 - Phm Undifferentiated Middleback Jaspilite
 - Phm_{2a} Manganiferous chert
 - Phm_{2b} Bedded chert
 - Phm_{2c} Calc-silicate
- Phs Schist
- Phw Warrow Quartzite
- Flm Lincoln Complex Gneiss
- Amphibolite* Petrographic Description

1:25 000 SHEET INDEX



Billiton Australia			
Project		SHEOAK HILL	
Title		(Sheet 8)	
		Outcrop Geology	
Author K.J.H.	Dep.	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn B.J.O.	Date OCT '95	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	S'ced	Date
Sheet No		Drawing No	
FIG No 6		A/FK 23/029	

5545-10



SHEOAK HILL 1:25000
LEGEND

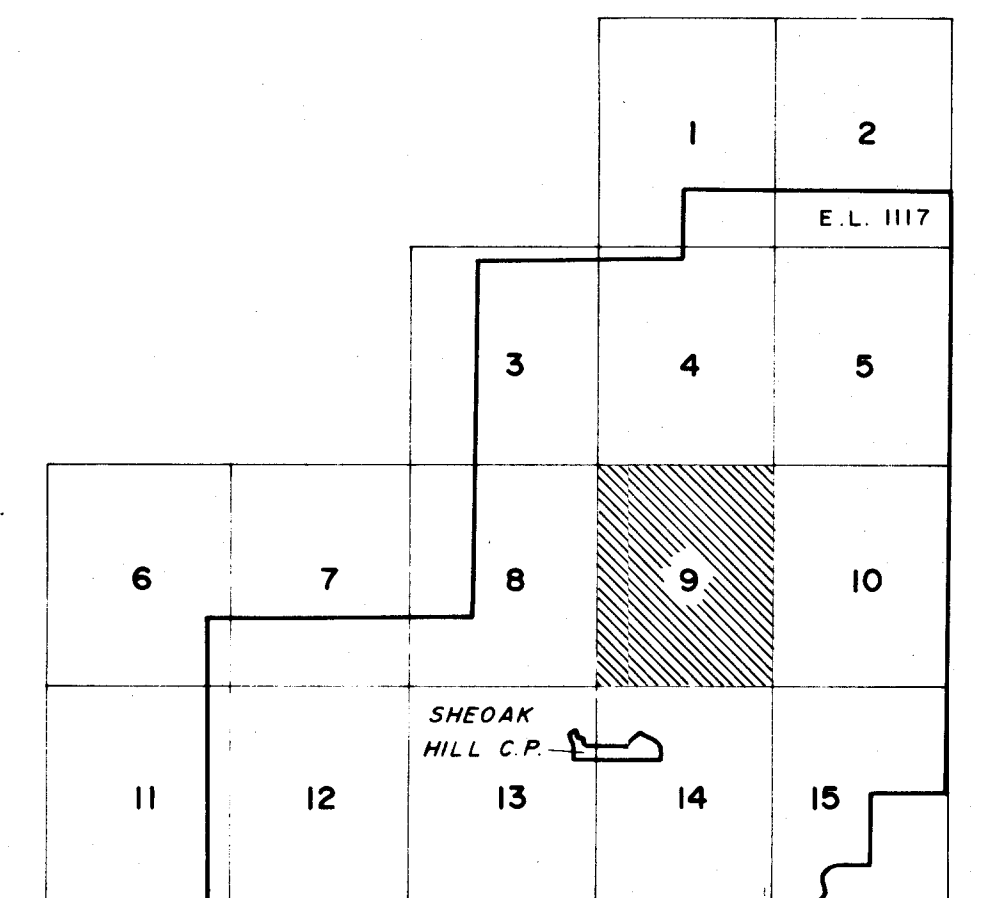
Tc Calcrete
Pg Granite

HUTCHISON GROUP

Phm	Undifferentiated Middleback Jaspilite
Phm _{2A}	Manganiferous chert
Phm _{2B}	Bedded chert
Phm _{2C}	Calc-silicate
Phs	Schist
Phw	Warrow Quartzite
Plm	Lincoln Complex Gneiss

Amphibolite Petrographic Description

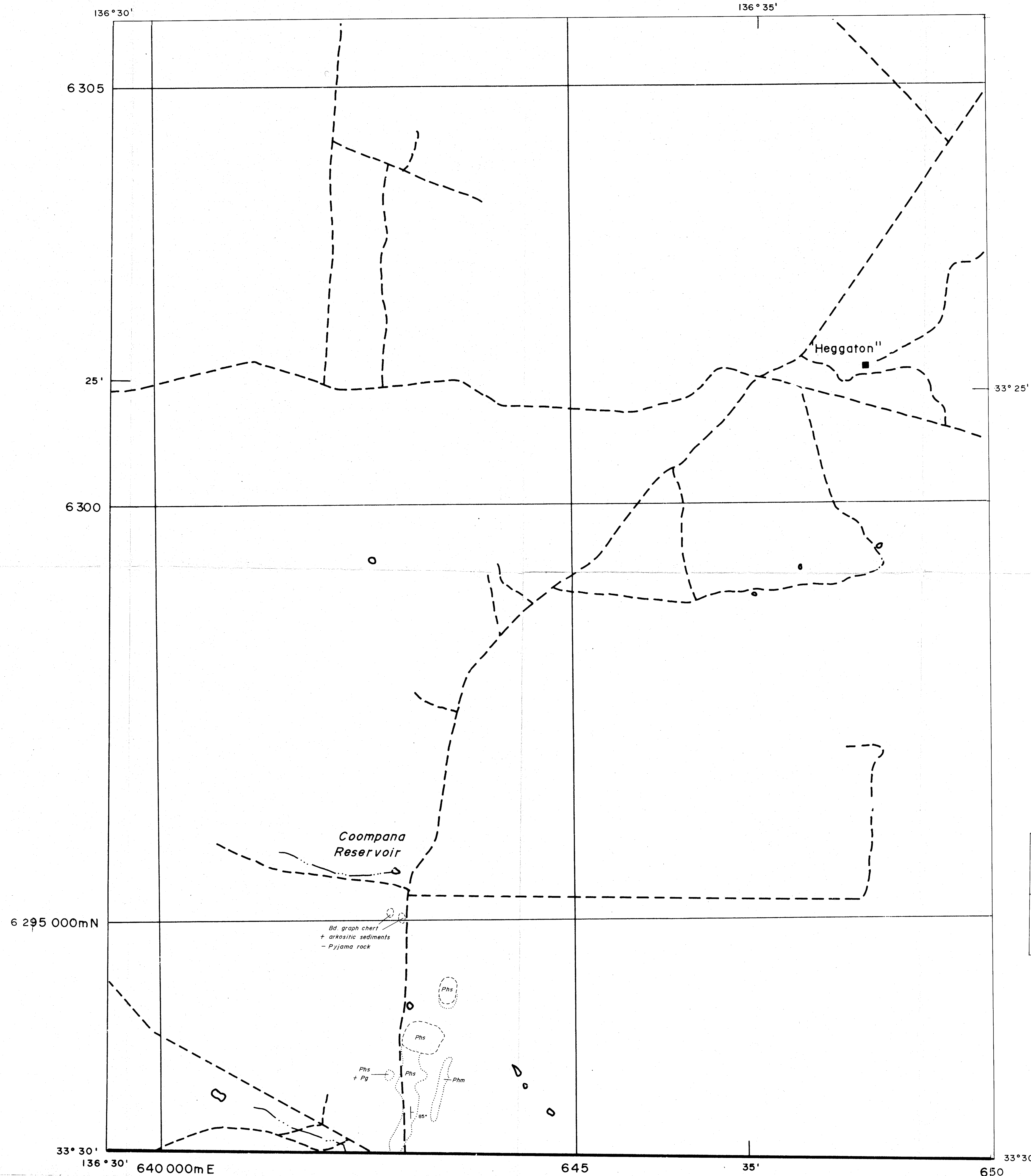
1:25 000 SHEET INDEX



0 500 m 1 2 km

Billiton Australia			
Project SHEOAK HILL			
Title (Sheet 9)			
Outcrop Geology			
Author K. J. H.	Dept.	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn B. J. O.	Date JAN '86	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	S'ced	Date
FIG No 7	Drawing No. A / FK 23 / 030		

5545-11

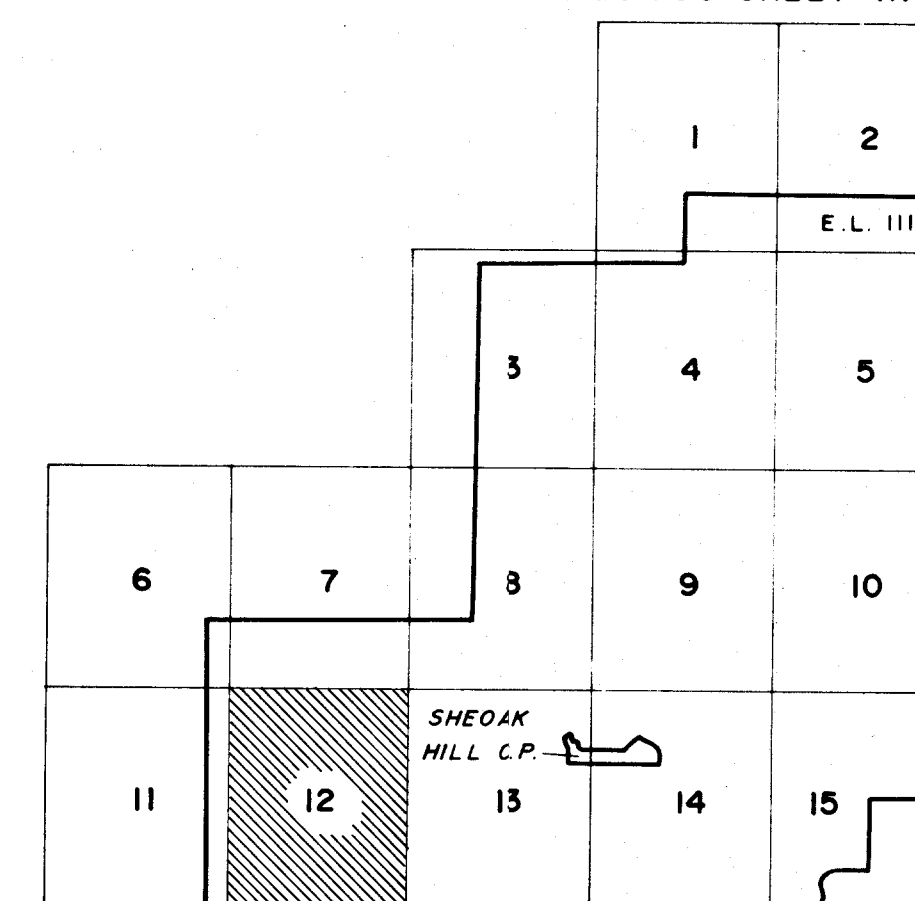


SHEOAK HILL 1:25000

LEGEND

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Tc | Calcrete |
| Pg | Granite |
| HUTCHISON GROUP | |
| Phm | Undifferentiated Middleback Jaspilite |
| Phm_{sa} | Manganiferous chert |
| Phm_{sb} | Bedded chert |
| Phm_{sc} | Calc-silicate |
| Phs | Schist |
| Phw | Warrow Quartzite |
| Flm | Lincoln Complex Gneiss |
| Amphibolite | Petrographic Description |

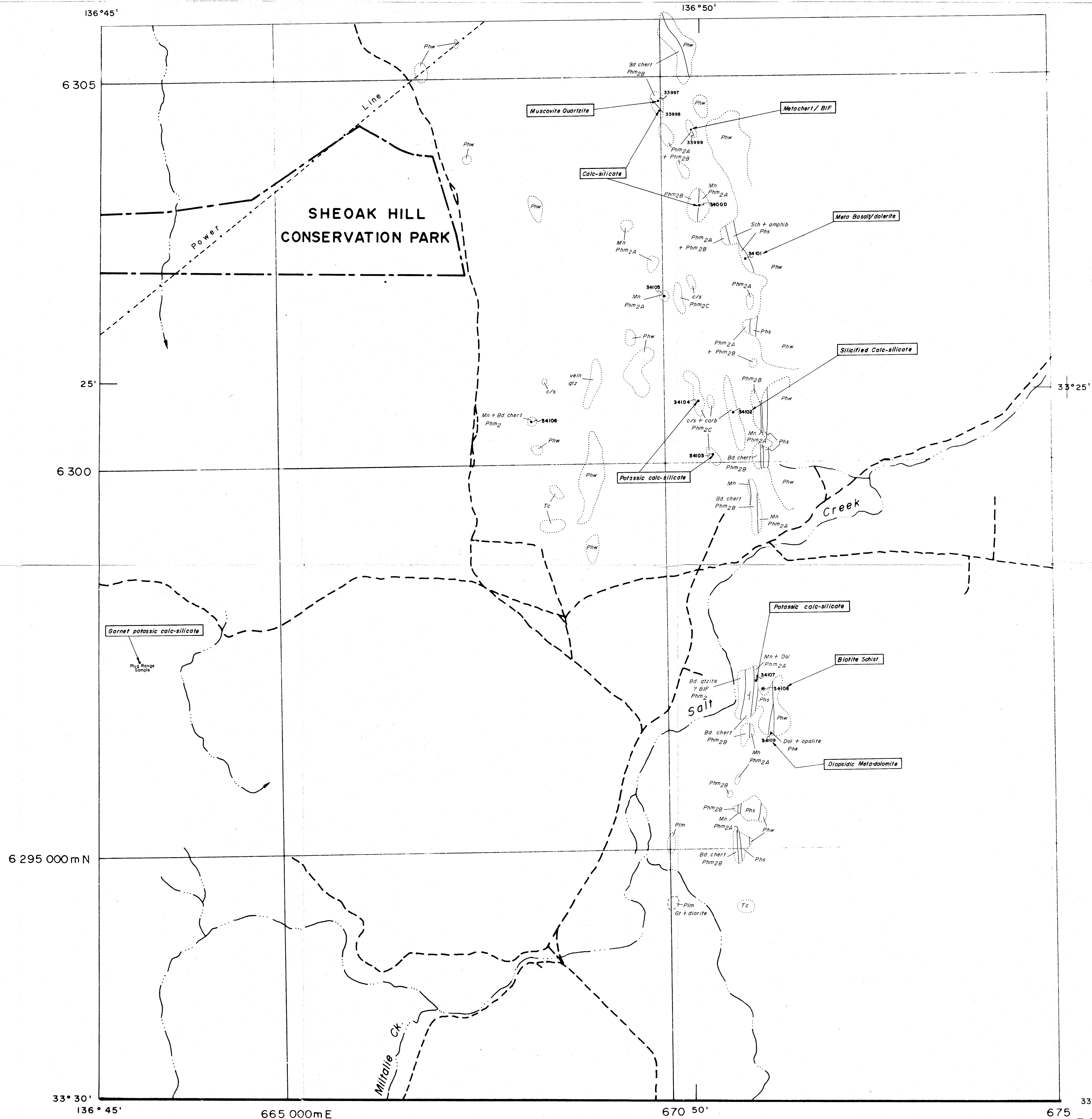
1:25 000 SHEET INDEX



0 500m 1 2 KM

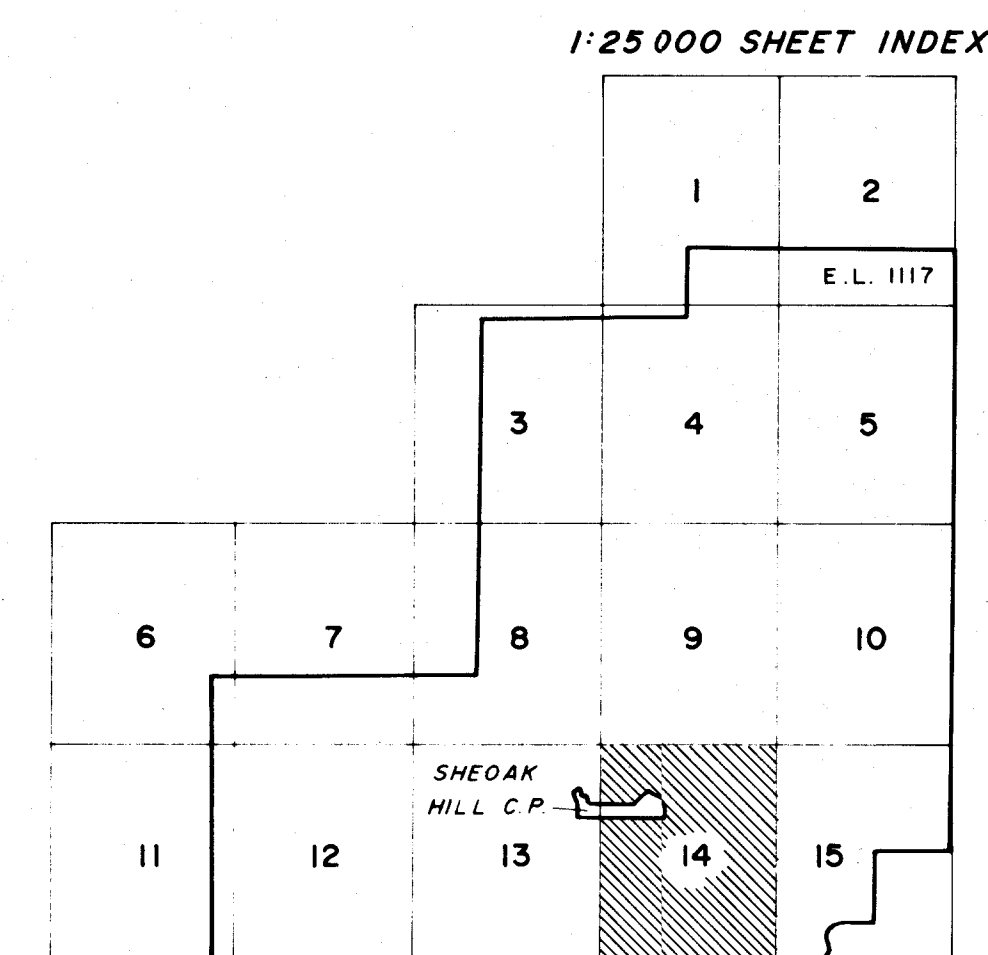
Billiton Australia <small>The Major Iron Ore Producer in Western Australia</small>			
Project SHEOAK HILL			
Title (Sheet 12) Outcrop Geology			
Author K. J. H.	Dept.	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn B. J. O.	Date OCT '85	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	S'ced	Date
Sheet No. FIG No. 8	Drawing No. A/FK 23/031		

5545-12



SHEOAK HILL 1:25000
LEGEND

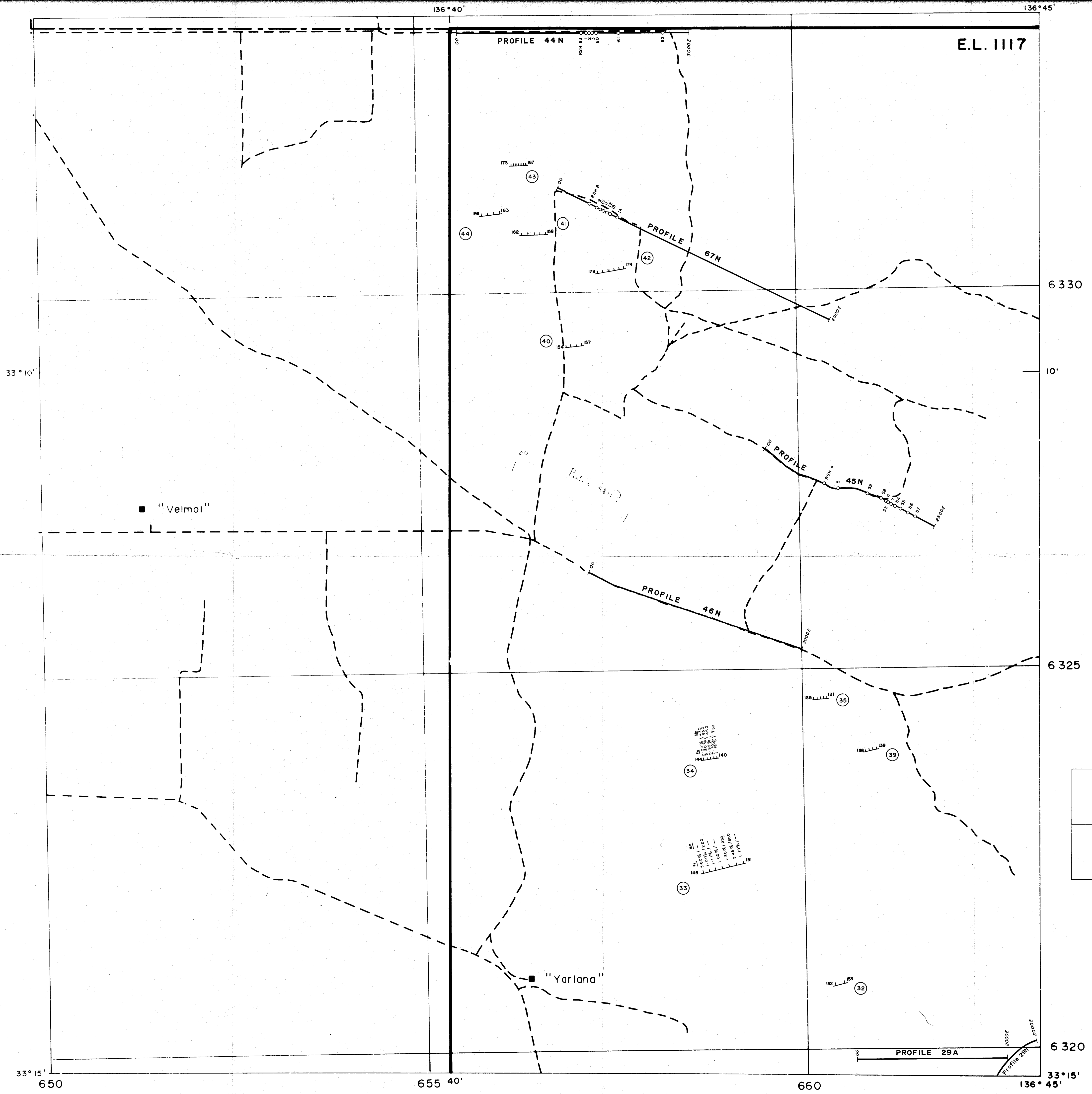
Tc	Calcrete
Pg	Granite
Phm	Undifferentiated Middleback Jaspilite
Phm _{2A}	Manganiferous chert
Phm _{2B}	Bedded chert
Phm _{2C}	Calc-silicate
Phs	Schist
Phw	Warrior Quartzite
Plm	Lincoln Complex Gneiss
Amphibolite	Petrographic Description



0 500m 1 2 KM

Billiton Australia			
Project SHEOAK HILL			
Title (Sheet 14)			
Outcrop Geology			
Author K.J.H.	Dept.	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn B.J.O.	Date JAN '96	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	S'ced	Date
Sheet No		Drawing No	A/PK 23/032
FIG No 9			

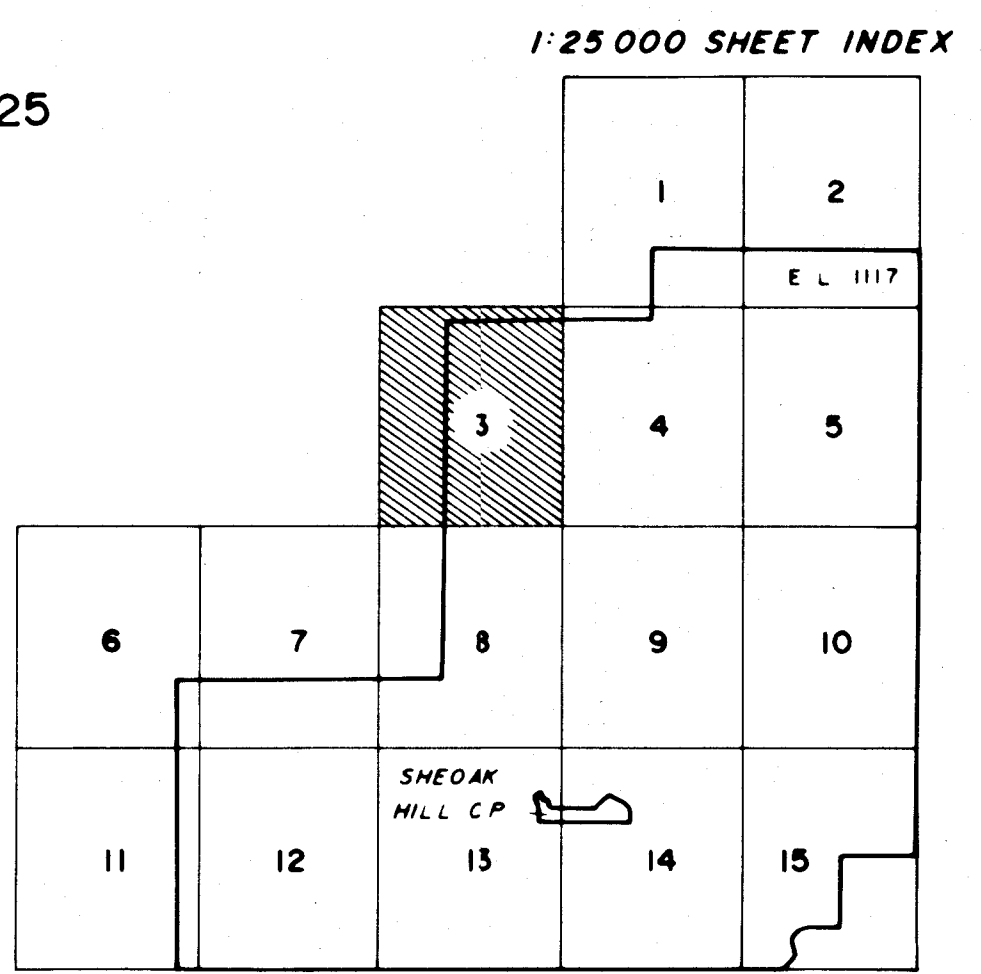
5545-13



00 100 200
RSH 1
SPE
Magnetic profile with end co-ordinates
& RAB hole locations.

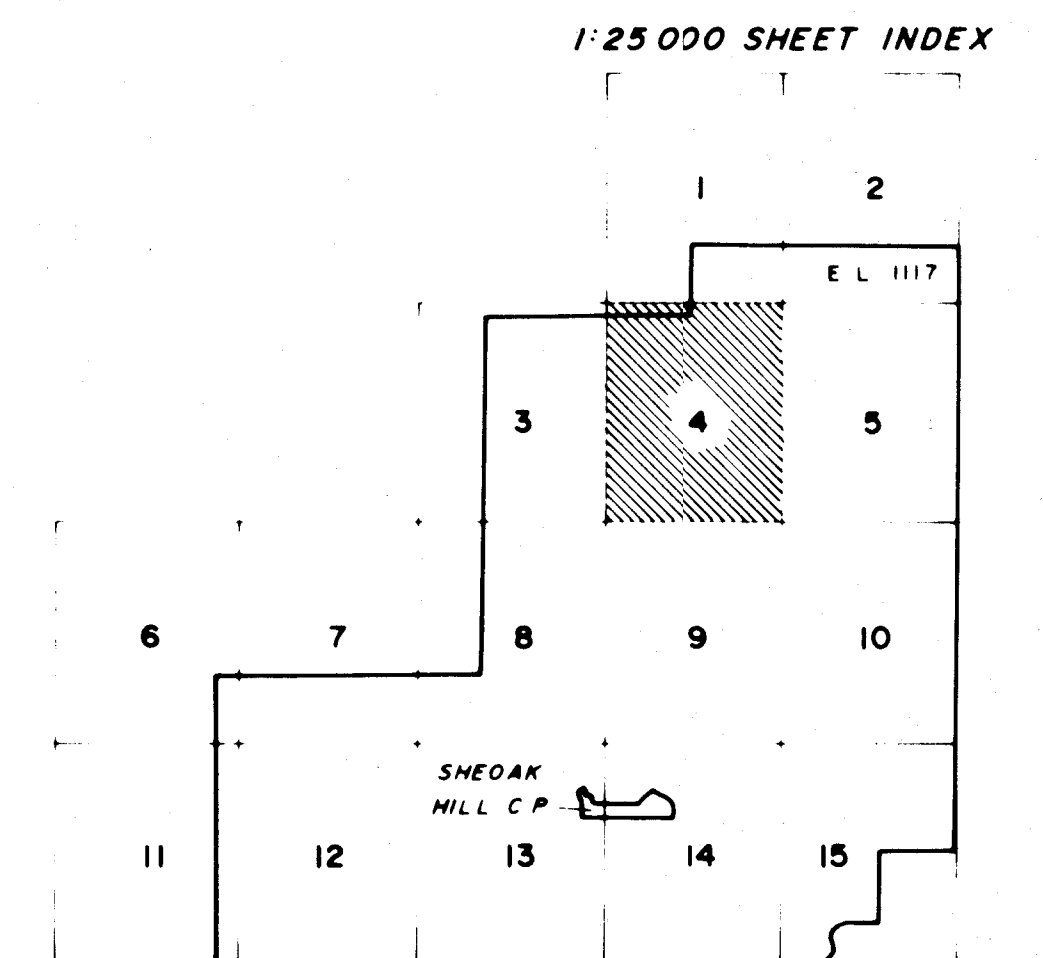
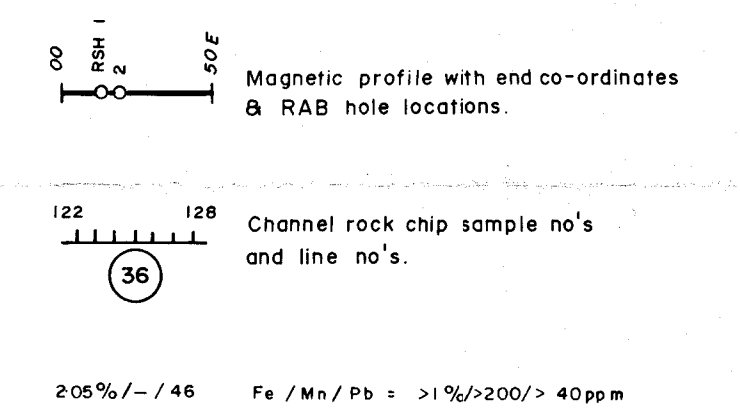
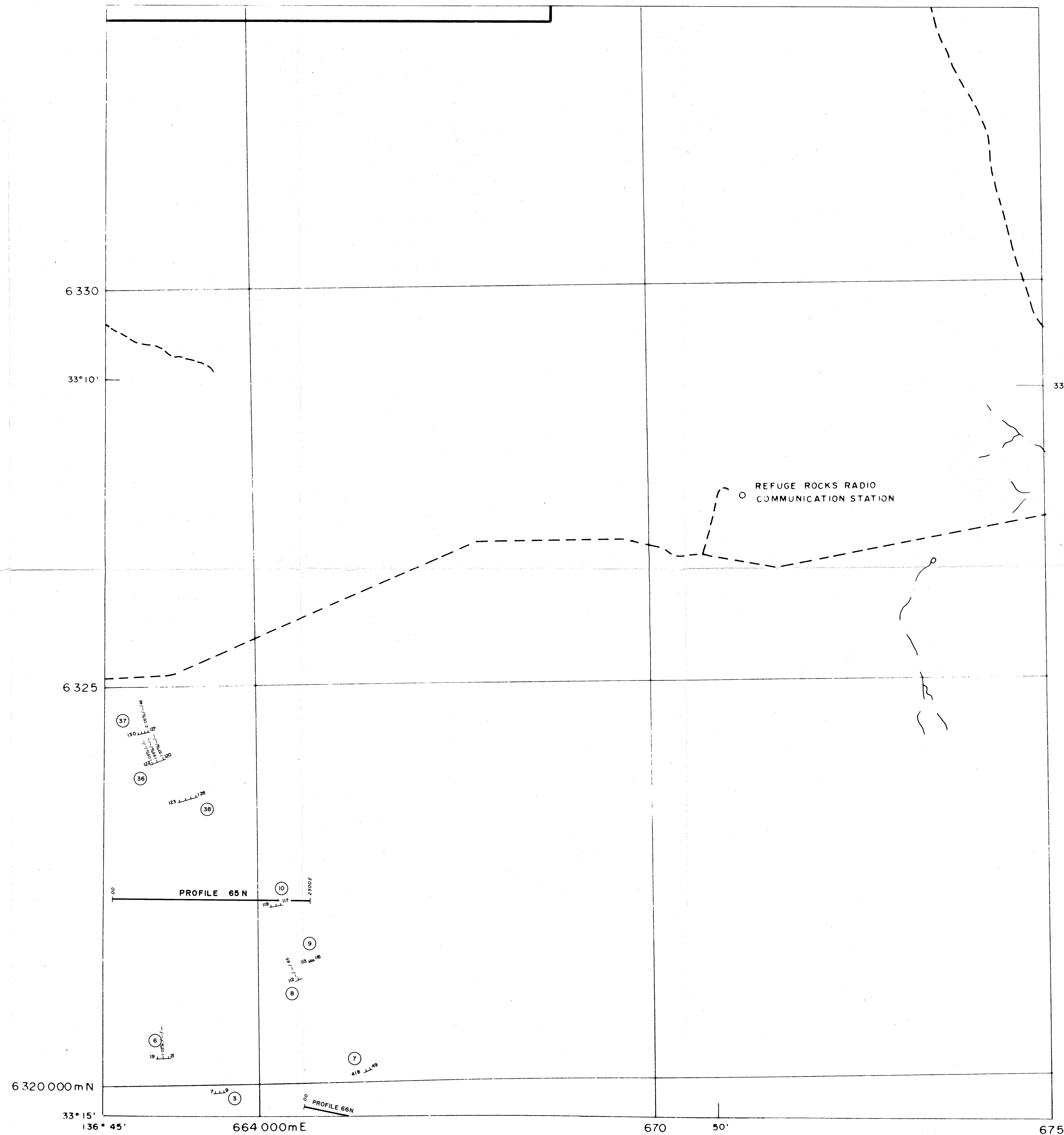
154 160
Channel rock chip sample no's
and line no's

2.00% / 430 / - Fe / Mn / Pb : >1% / >200 / >40 ppm



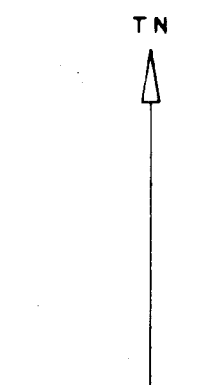
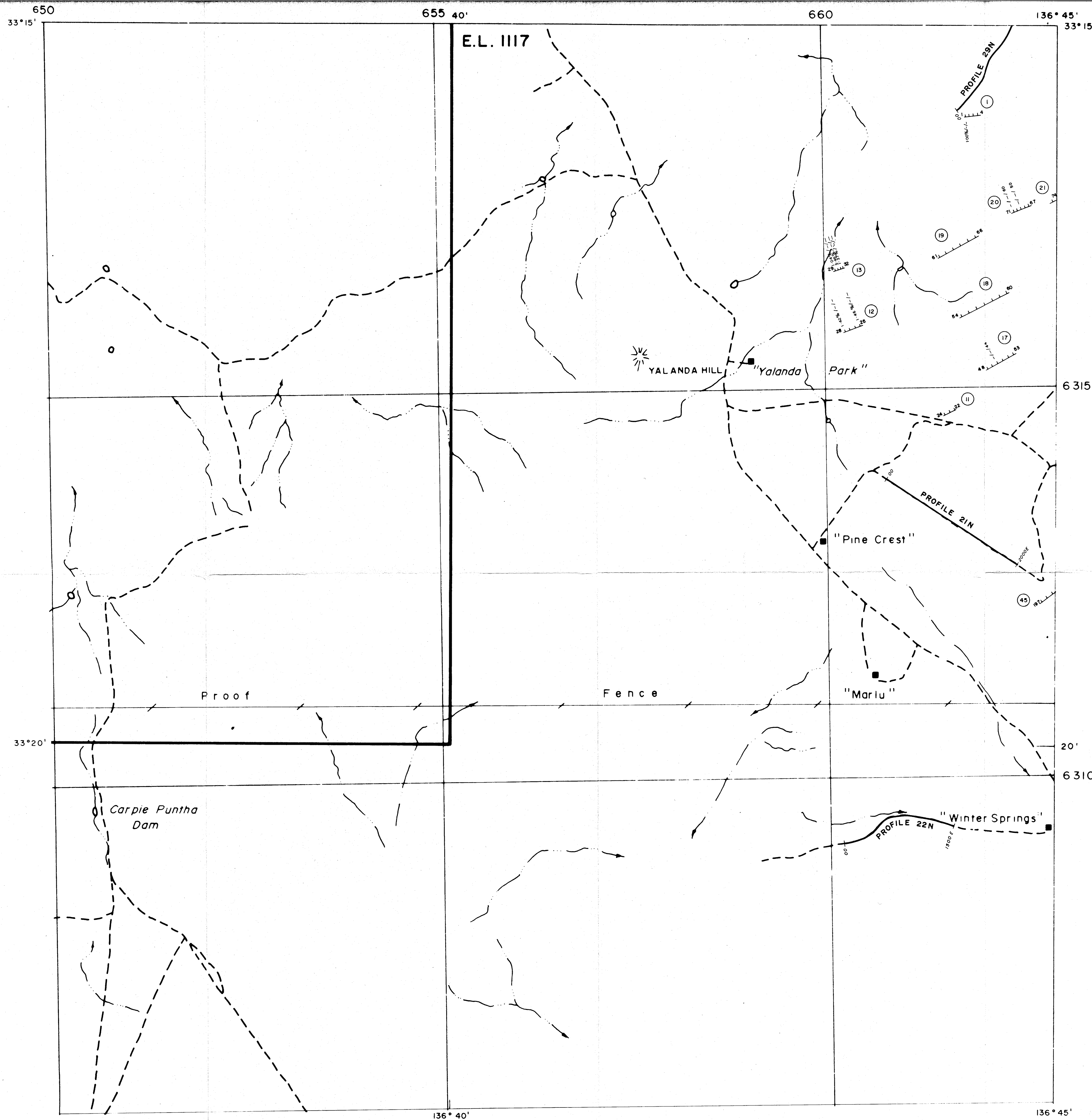
Billiton Australia					
Project			SHEOAK HILL		
Title			(Sheet 3)		
			Location Plan & GEOCHEMICAL ANOMALIES		
Author	R.C.B.	Dept.	Scale	1: 25 000	
Drawn	K.M.B.	Date	MAR 86	Revised	Date
Checked		Date		S'ced	Date
Sheet No			Drawing No	A / FK 23 / 033	
FIG No	11				

5545-14



Billiton Australia			
Project		SHEOAK HILL	
Title		(Sheet 4)	
		Location Plan	
		a	
		GEOCHEMICAL ANOMALIES	
Author	R.C.B.	Dept	Scale 1:25 000
Drawn	K.M.B.	Date MAR 86	Revised Date
Checked		Date	S'ced Date
Sheet No			Drawing No
FIG No 12			A/FK 23/034

5545-15

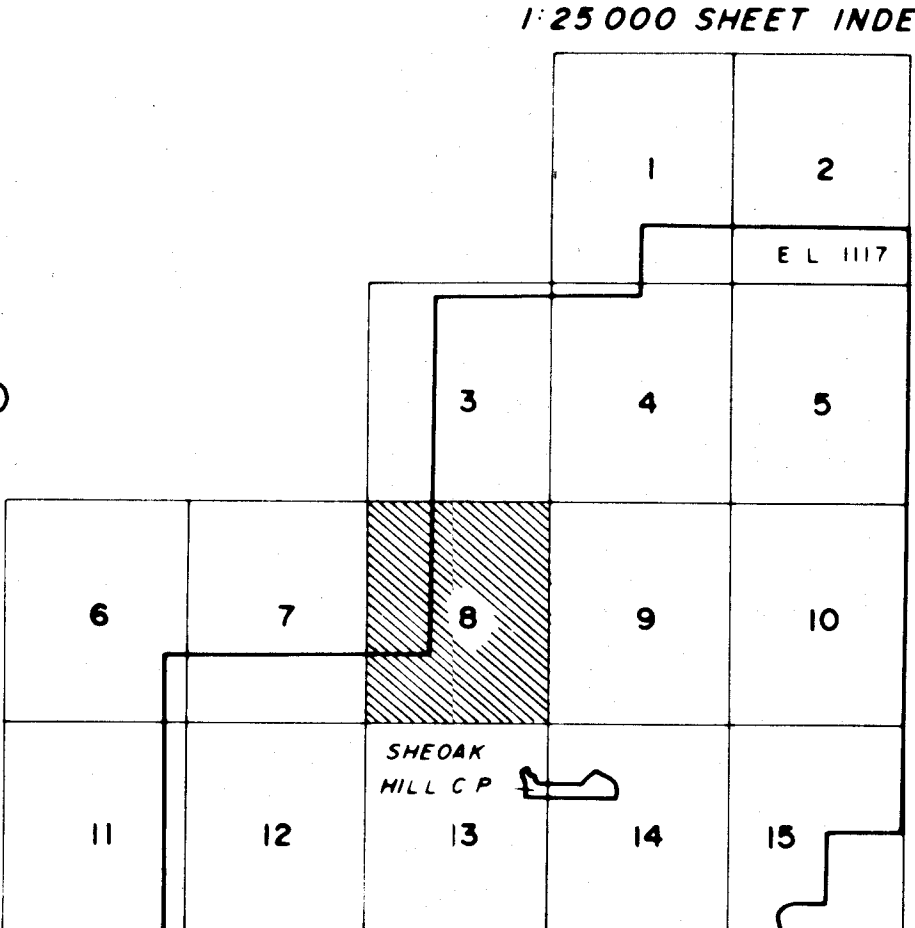


0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

Magnetic profile with end co-ordinates
& RAB hole locations.

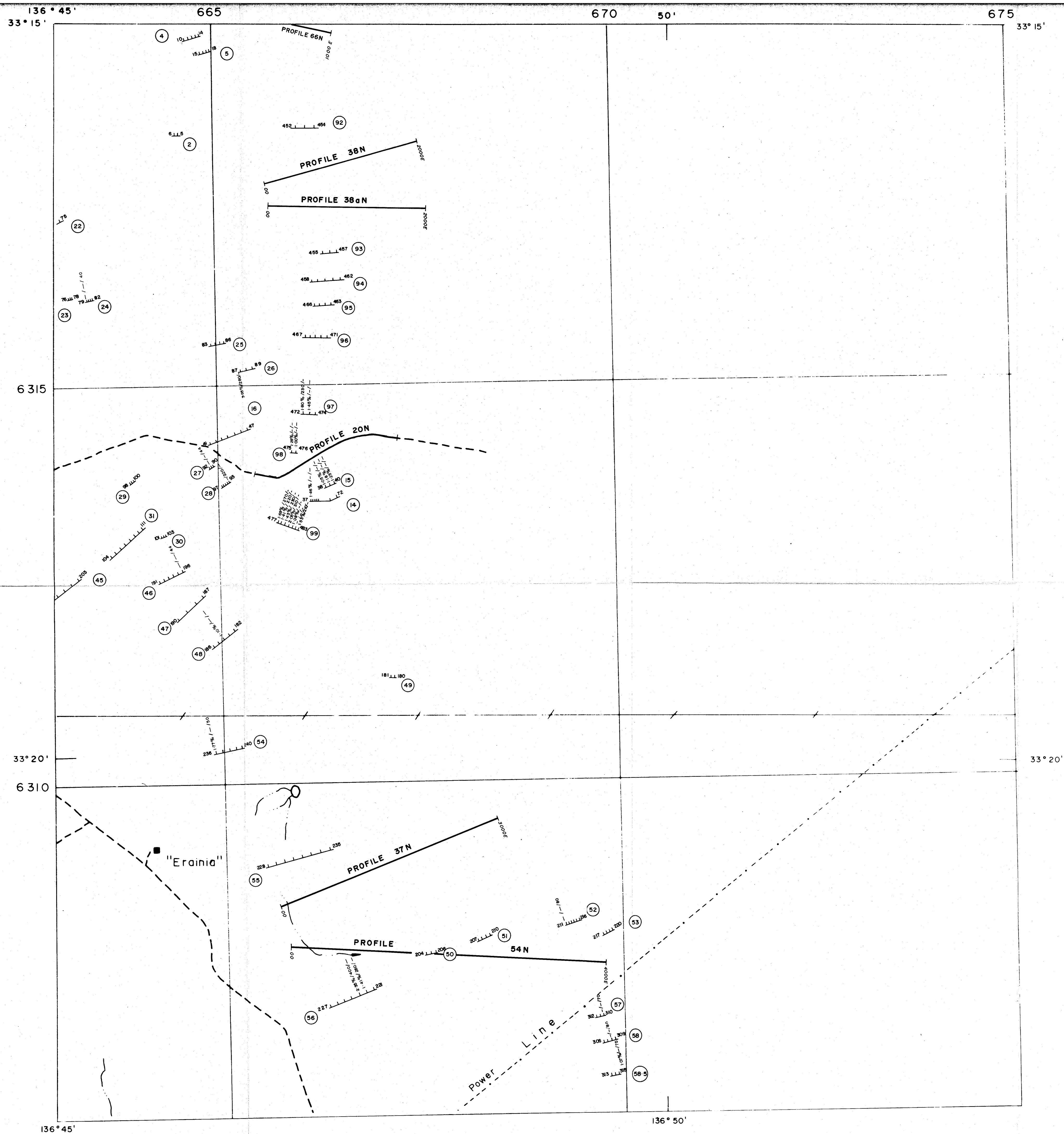
Channel rock chip sample no's
and line no's.

1:42% /-/- = Fe / Mn / Pb = >1% / >200 / >40 ppm



Billiton Australia			
Project SHEOAK HILL			
Title (Sheet 8) Location Plan GEOCHEMICAL ANOMALIES			
Author R.C.B.	Dept	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn K.M.B.	Date MAR 86	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Sceded	Date
Sheet No FIG No 13	Drawing No A/FK 23/035		

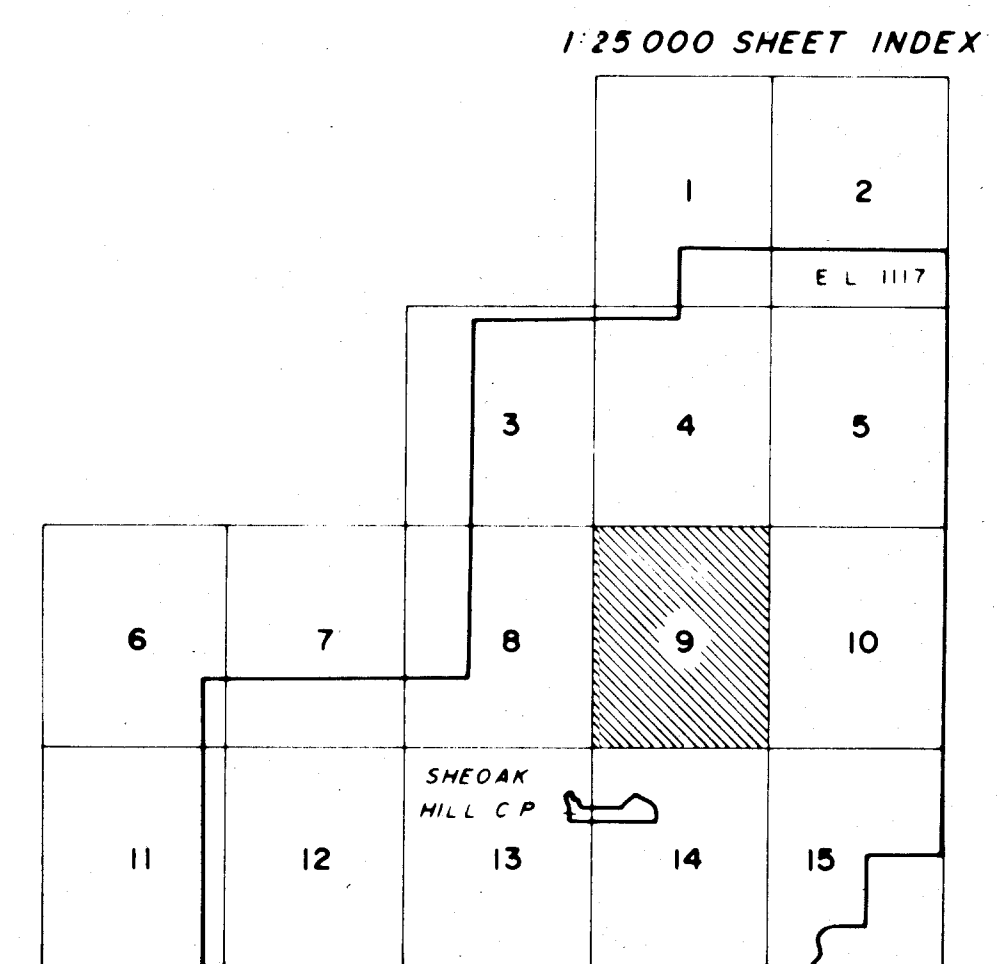
5545-16



00 100 200
Magnetic profile with end co-ordinates
& RAB hole locations.

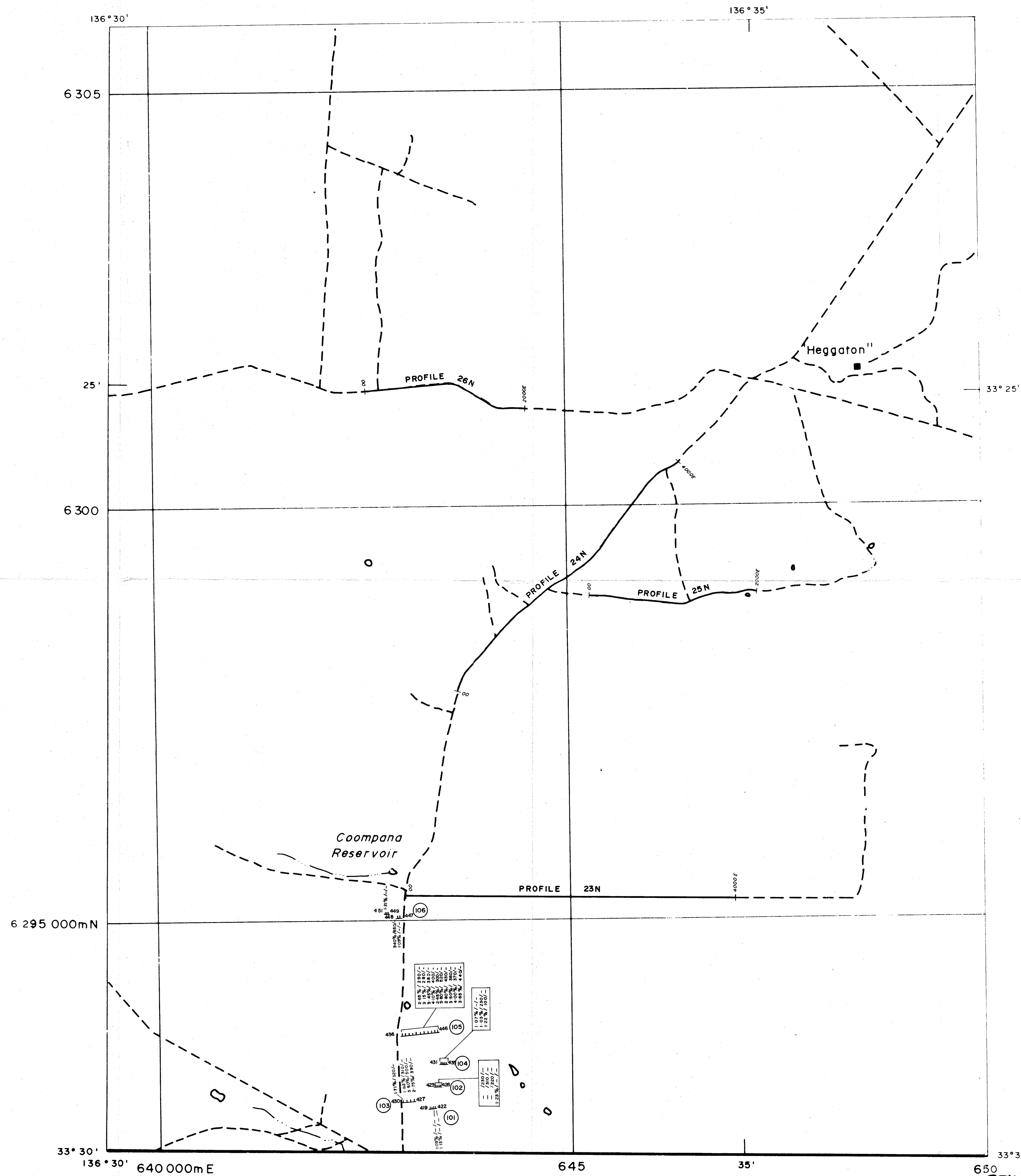
41 47
Channel rock chip sample no's
and line no's.

1:25%/-/- = Fe / Mn / Pb ± 1% / >200 / >40.00m



Billiton Australia			
Project		SHEOAK HILL	
Title		(Sheet 9)	
Location Plan		GEOCHEMICAL ANOMALIES	
Author RCB	Dept	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn K.M.B.	Date MAR 86	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Sced	Date
FIG No 14	Drawing No		A / FK 23 / 036

5545-17



0 500 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 8000 9000 10000 11000 12000 13000 14000 15000 16000 17000 18000 19000 20000 21000 22000 23000 24000 25000 26000 27000 28000 29000 30000 31000 32000 33000 34000 35000 36000 37000 38000 39000 40000 41000 42000 43000 44000 45000 46000 47000 48000 49000 50000 51000 52000 53000 54000 55000 56000 57000 58000 59000 60000 61000 62000 63000 64000 65000 66000 67000 68000 69000 70000 71000 72000 73000 74000 75000 76000 77000 78000 79000 80000 81000 82000 83000 84000 85000 86000 87000 88000 89000 90000 91000 92000 93000 94000 95000 96000 97000 98000 99000 100000

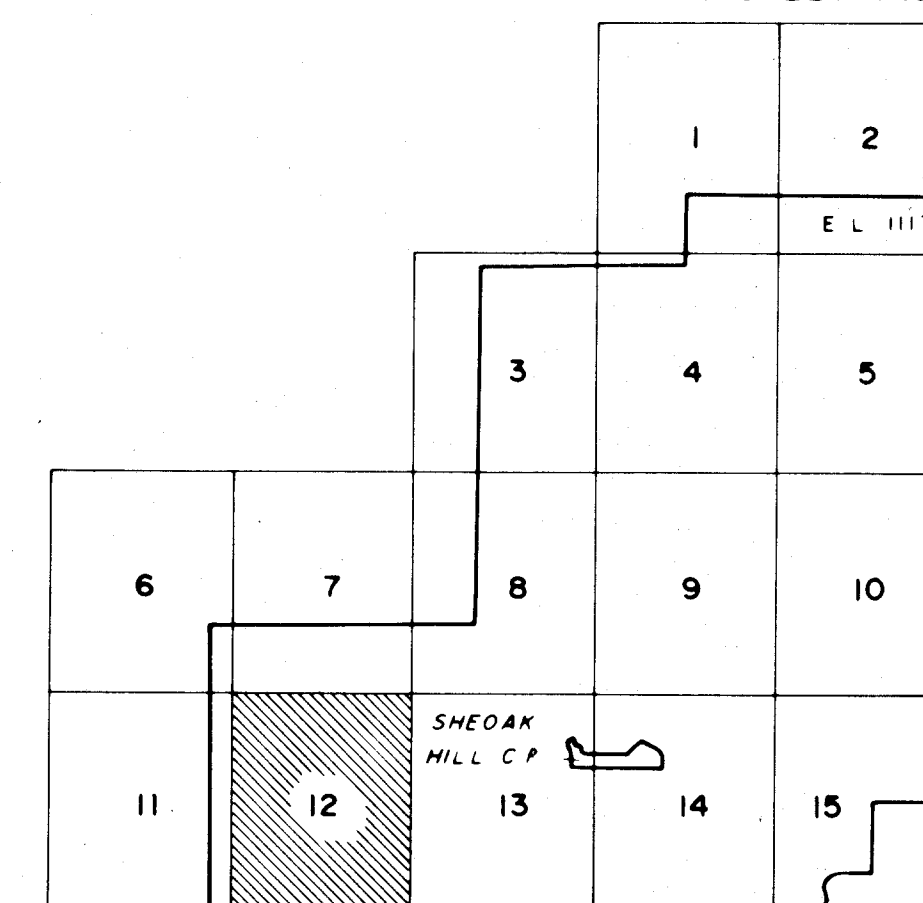
Magnetic profile with end co-ordinates
RA3 hole locations

419 425
(101)

Channel rock chip sample no's
and line no's

2.65% / 290' = Fe / Mn / Pb = >1% / >200 / >40 ppm

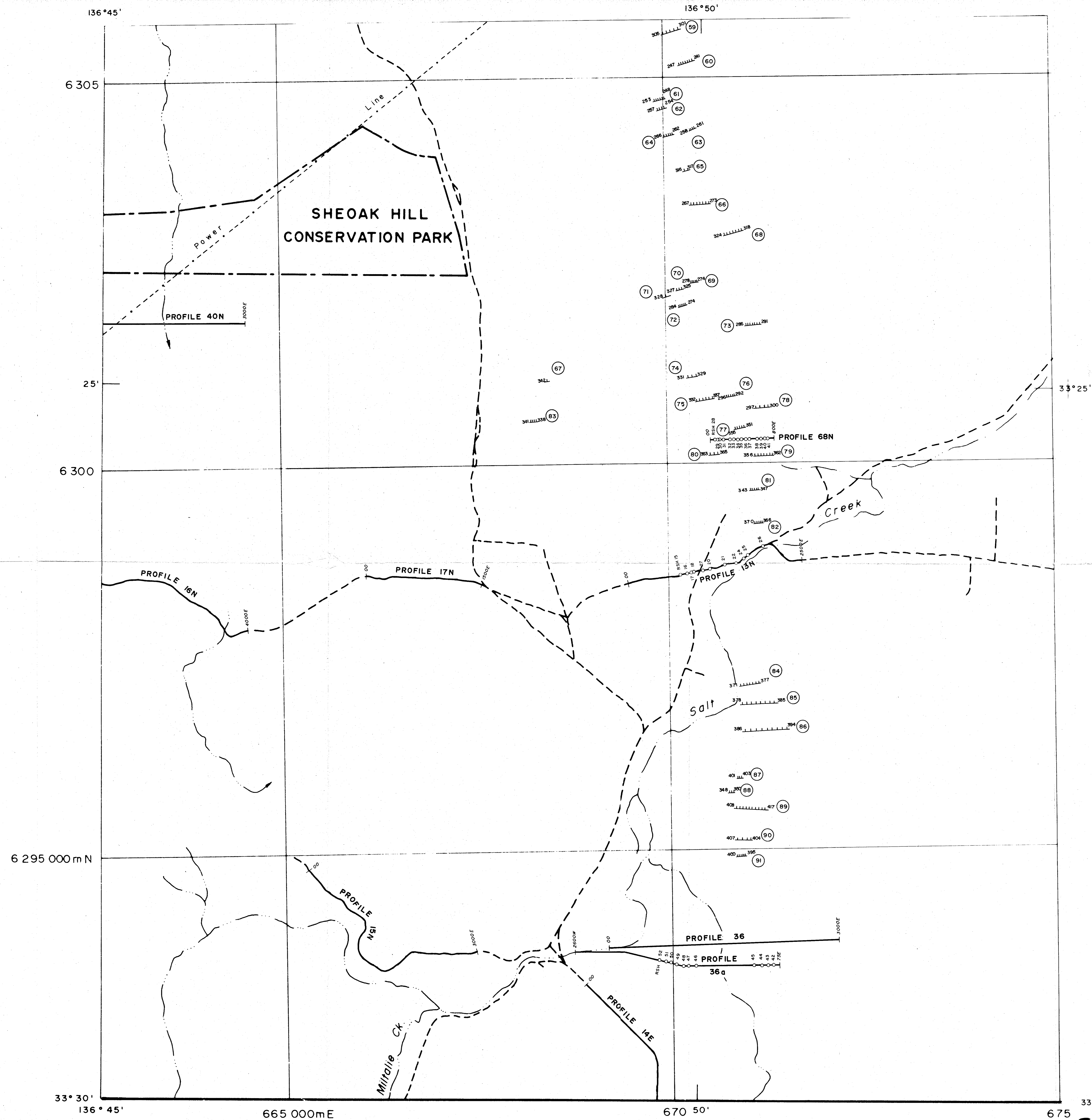
1:25 000 SHEET INDEX



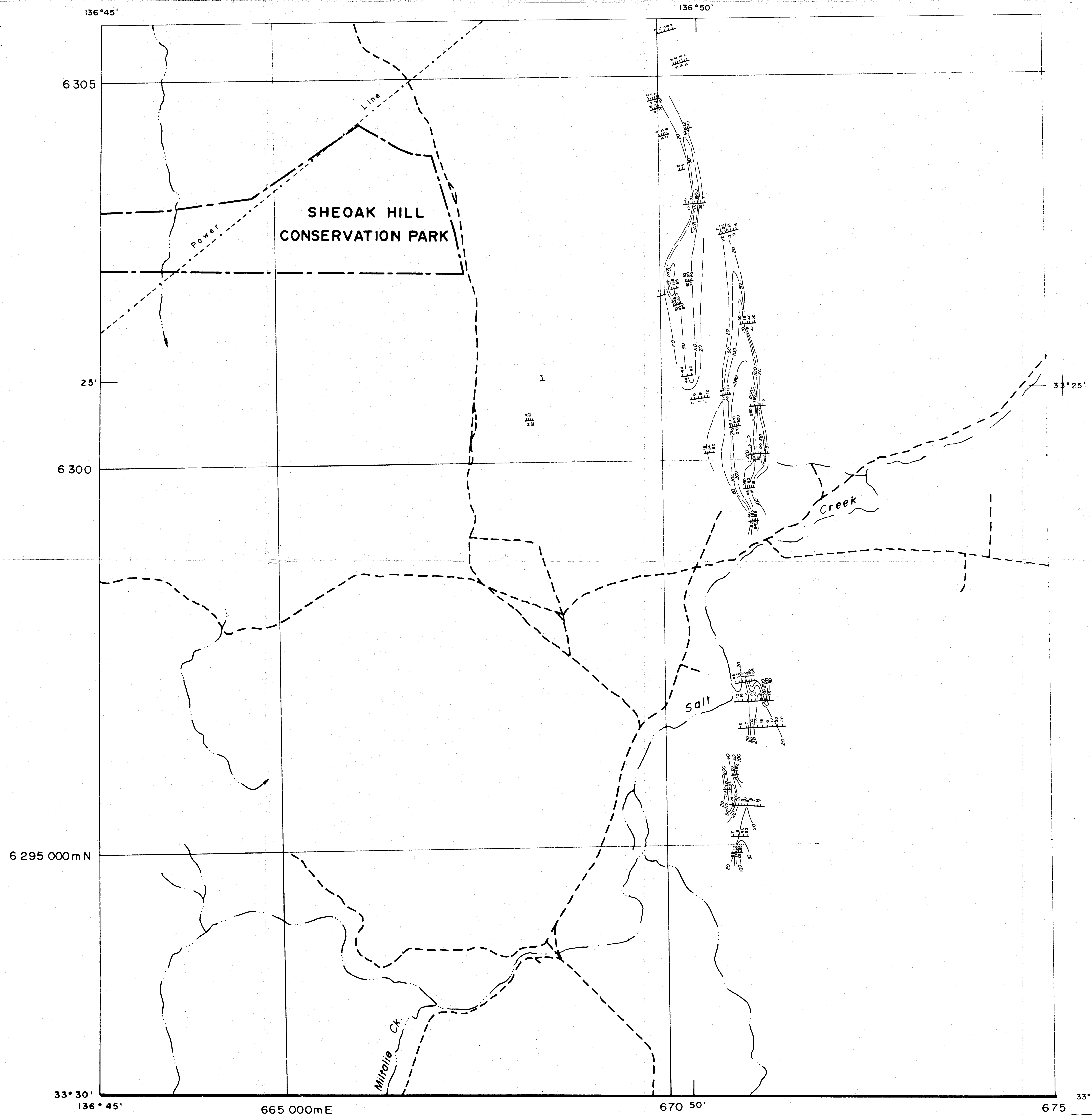
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Billiton Australia			
Project: SHEOAK HILL			
Title: (Sheet 12)			
Location Plan GEOCHEMICAL ANOMALIES			
Author: R.C.B.	Dept:	Scale: 1:25 000	
Drawn: K.M.B.	Date: MAR 86	Revised:	Date:
Checked:	Date:	Scanned:	Date:
Sheet No: 15	Drawing No: A/FK 23/037		

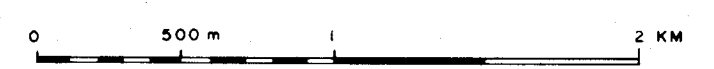
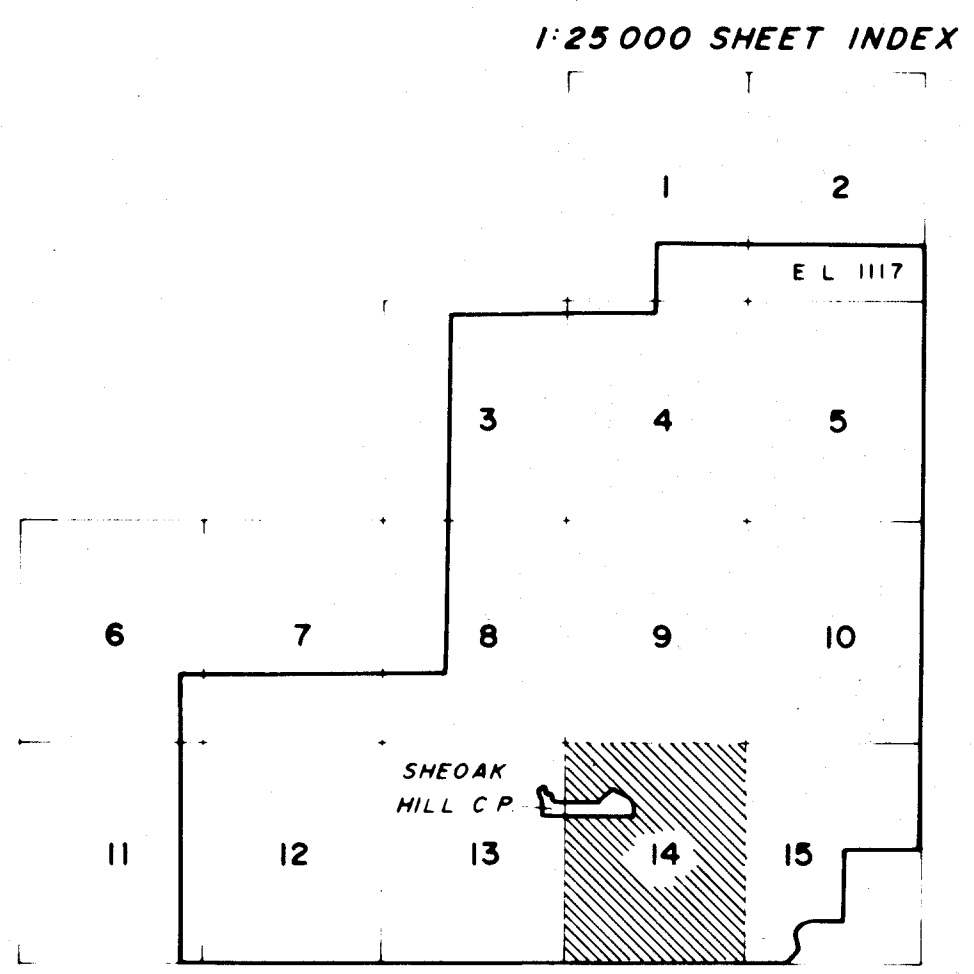
5545-18



5545-19

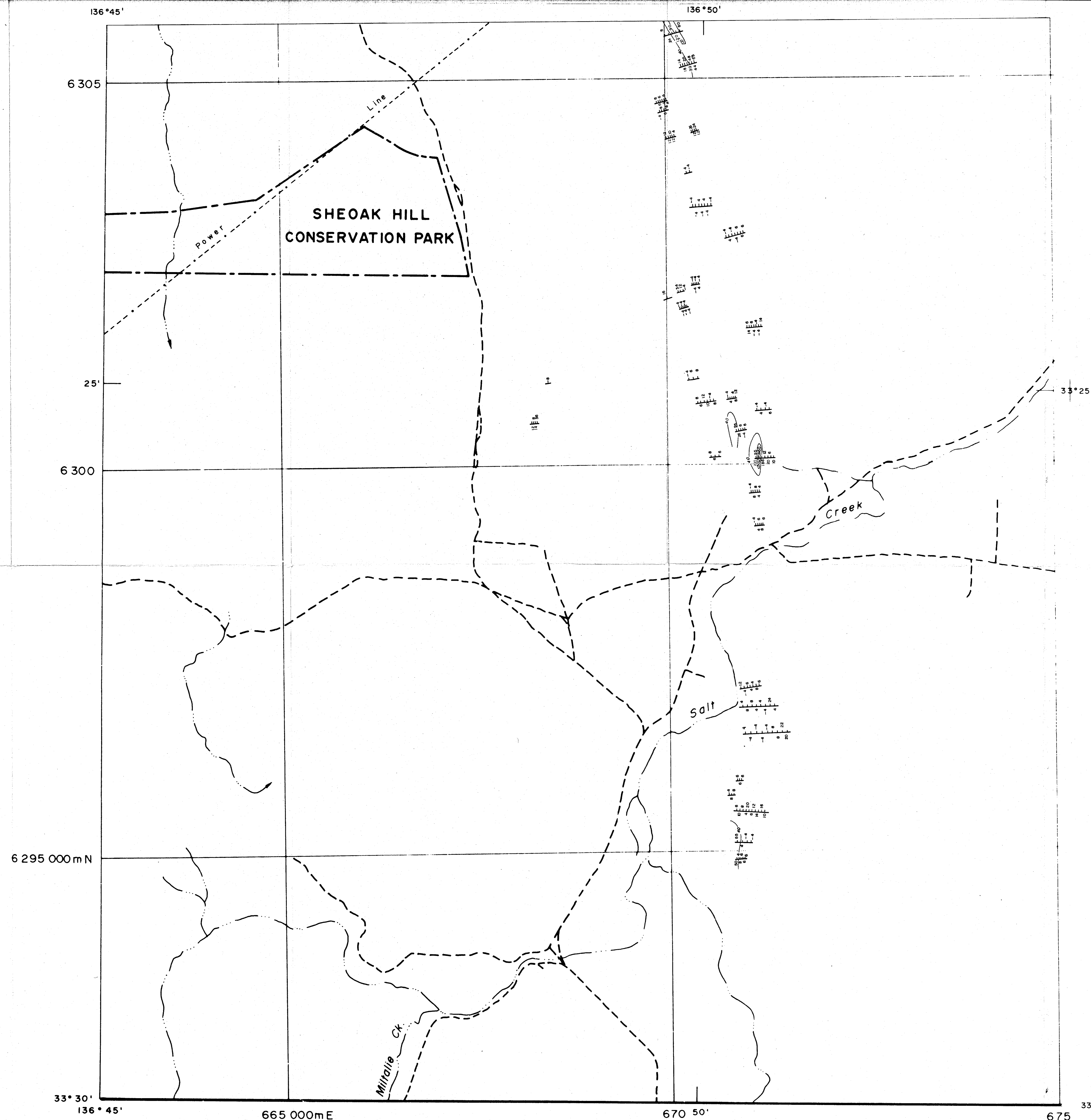


Cu (ppm)	
> 500	
200 - 500	
100 - 200	
50 - 100	
20 - 50	
< 20	

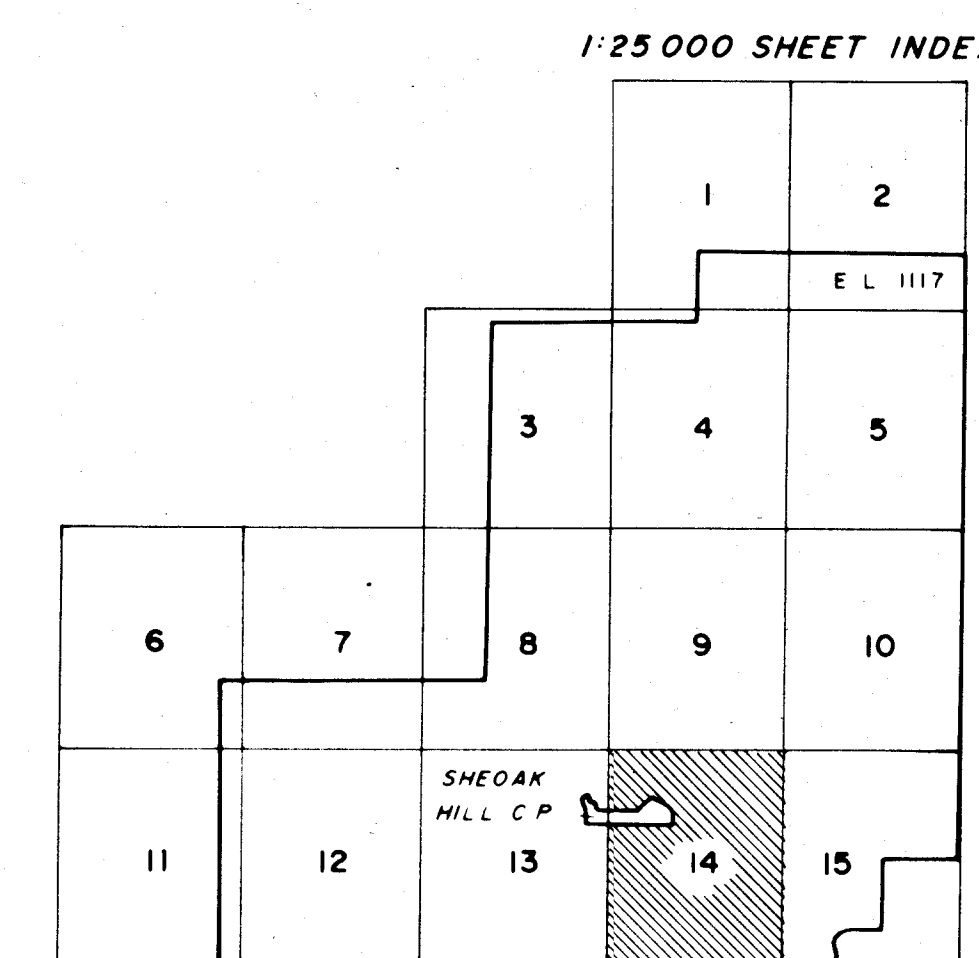


Billiton Australia			
Project SHEOAK HILL			
Title (Sheet 14) CHANNEL ROCK CHIP Cu GEOCHEMISTRY			
Author K.J.H.	Dept	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn K.M.B.	Date MAR'86	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Scanned	Date
Sheet No. FIG No. 17		Drawing No. A/FK 23/038	

5545-20



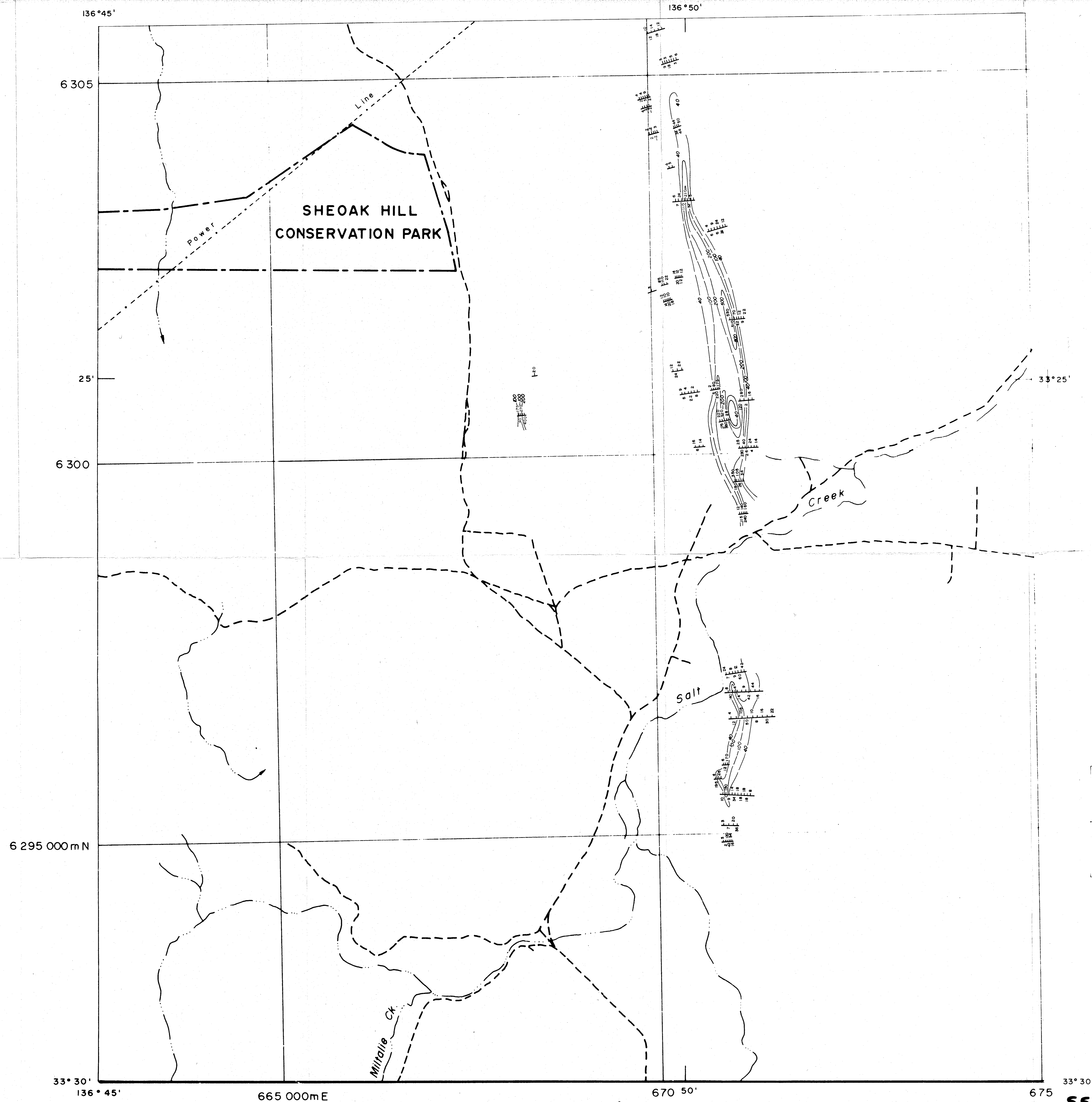
Pb (ppm)
>1000
500-1000
200- 500
100 - 200
40 - 100
<40



0 500 m 1 2 KM

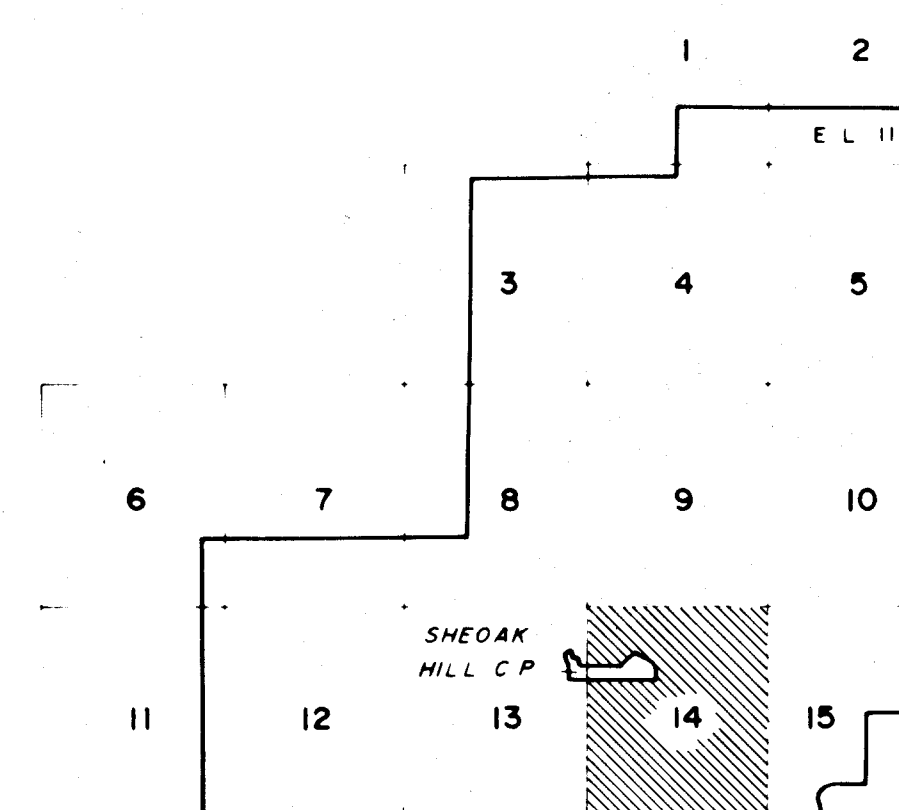
Billiton Australia			
Project		SHEOAK HILL	
Title		(Sheet 14) CHANNEL ROCK CHIP Pb GEOCHEMISTRY	
Author K.J.H.	Dept	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn K.M.B.	Date MAR 86	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Sceded	Date
Sheet No FIG No 18		Drawing No.	A/FK 23/039

5545-21



Zn (ppm)
>1000
500 - 1000
200 - 500
00 - 200
40 - 100
< 40

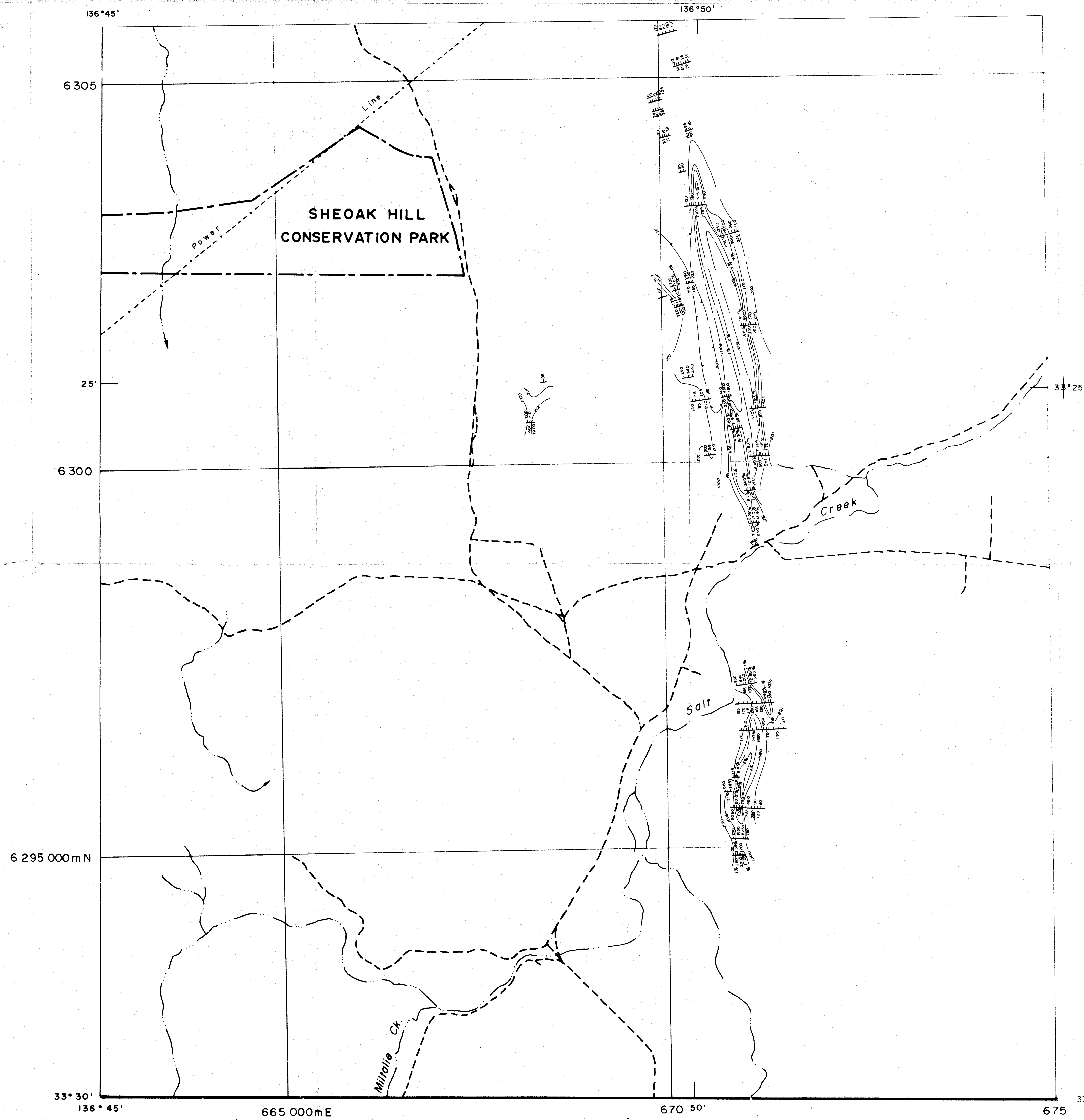
1:25 000 SHEET INDEX



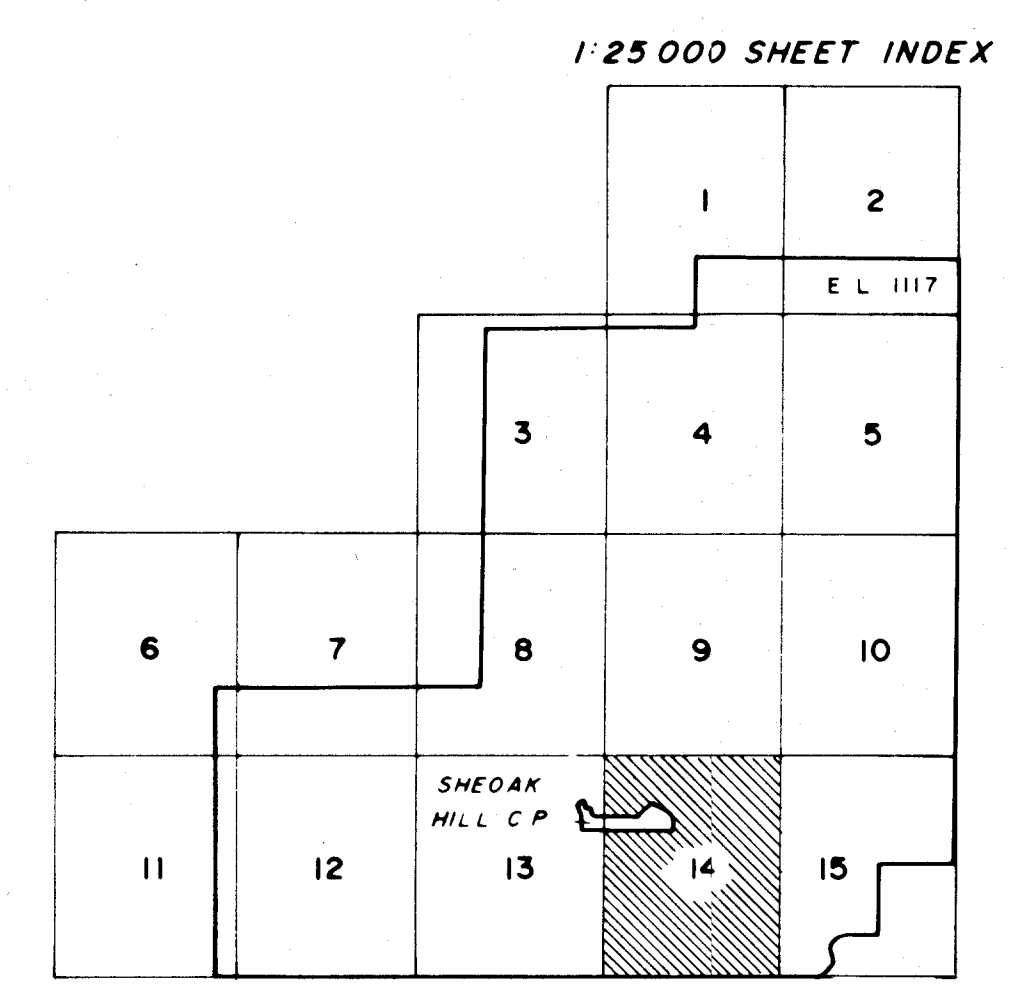
0 500 m 1 2 km

Billiton Australia			
Project			
SHEOAK HILL			
Title			
(Sheet 14)			
CHANNEL ROCK CHIP			
Zn GEOCHEMISTRY			
Author K.J.H.	Dept	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn K.M.B.	Date MAR '86	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Scded	Date
Sheet No 19	Drawing No A/PK 23/040		

5545-22

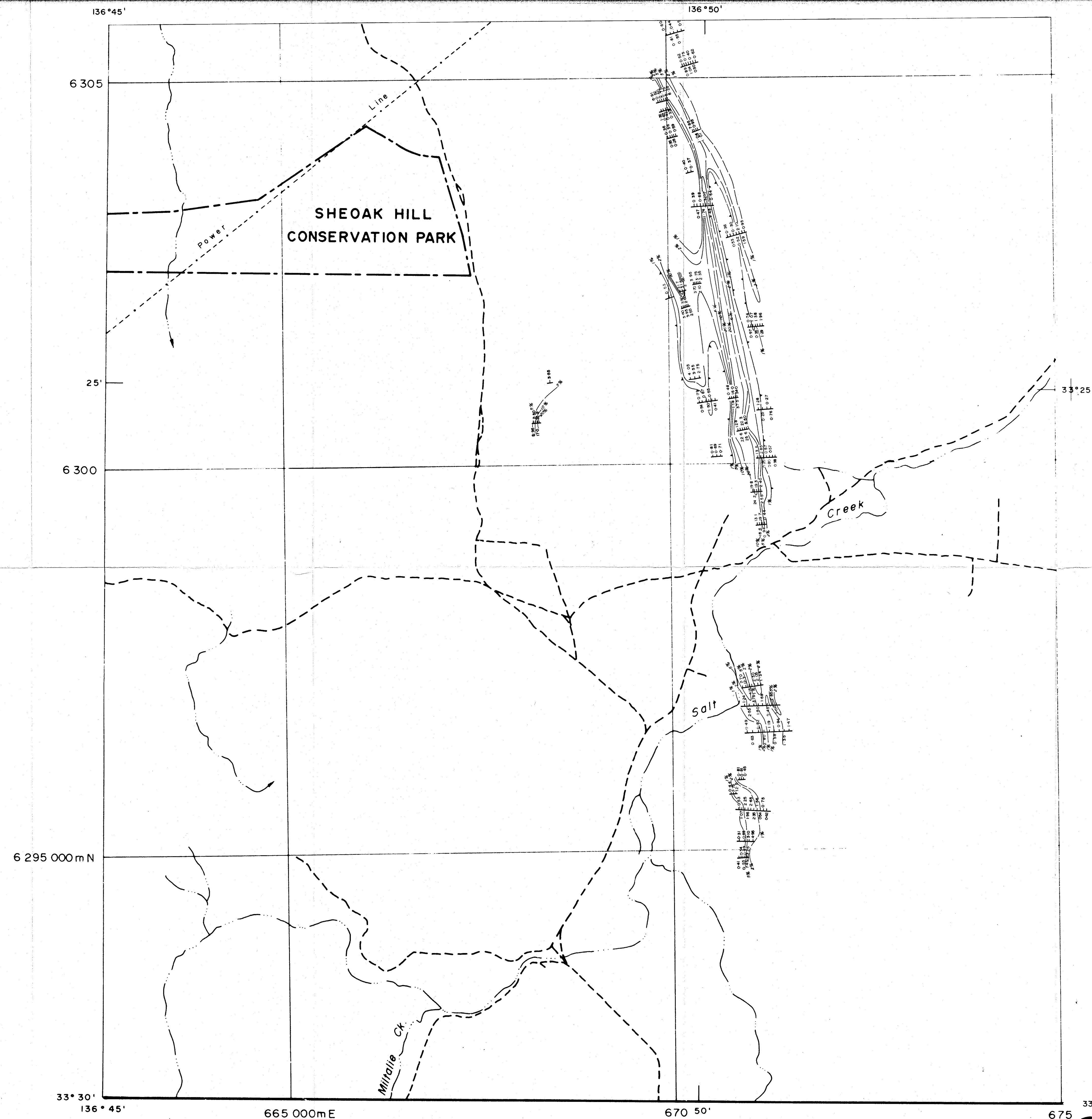


Mn (ppm)
>10%
5% - 10%
1% - 5%
1000 - 1%
200 - 1000
<200

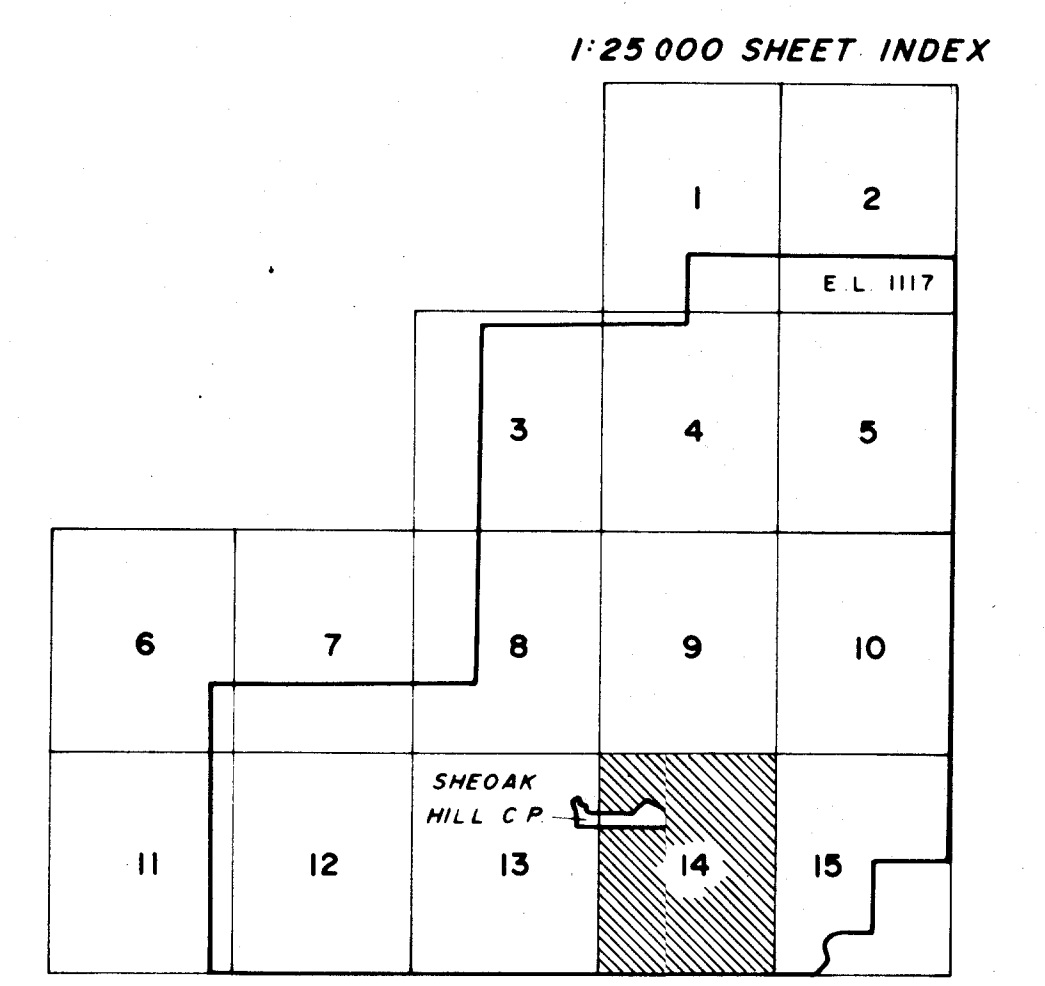


Billion Australia			
Project SHEOAK HILL			
Title (Sheet 14) CHANNEL ROCK CHIP Mn GEOCHEMISTRY			
Author K.J.H.	Dept	Scale 1:25 000	
Drawn K.M.B.	Date MAR 86	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	S'ced	Date
Sheet No FIG No. 20		Drawing No A/FK 23/041	

5545-23

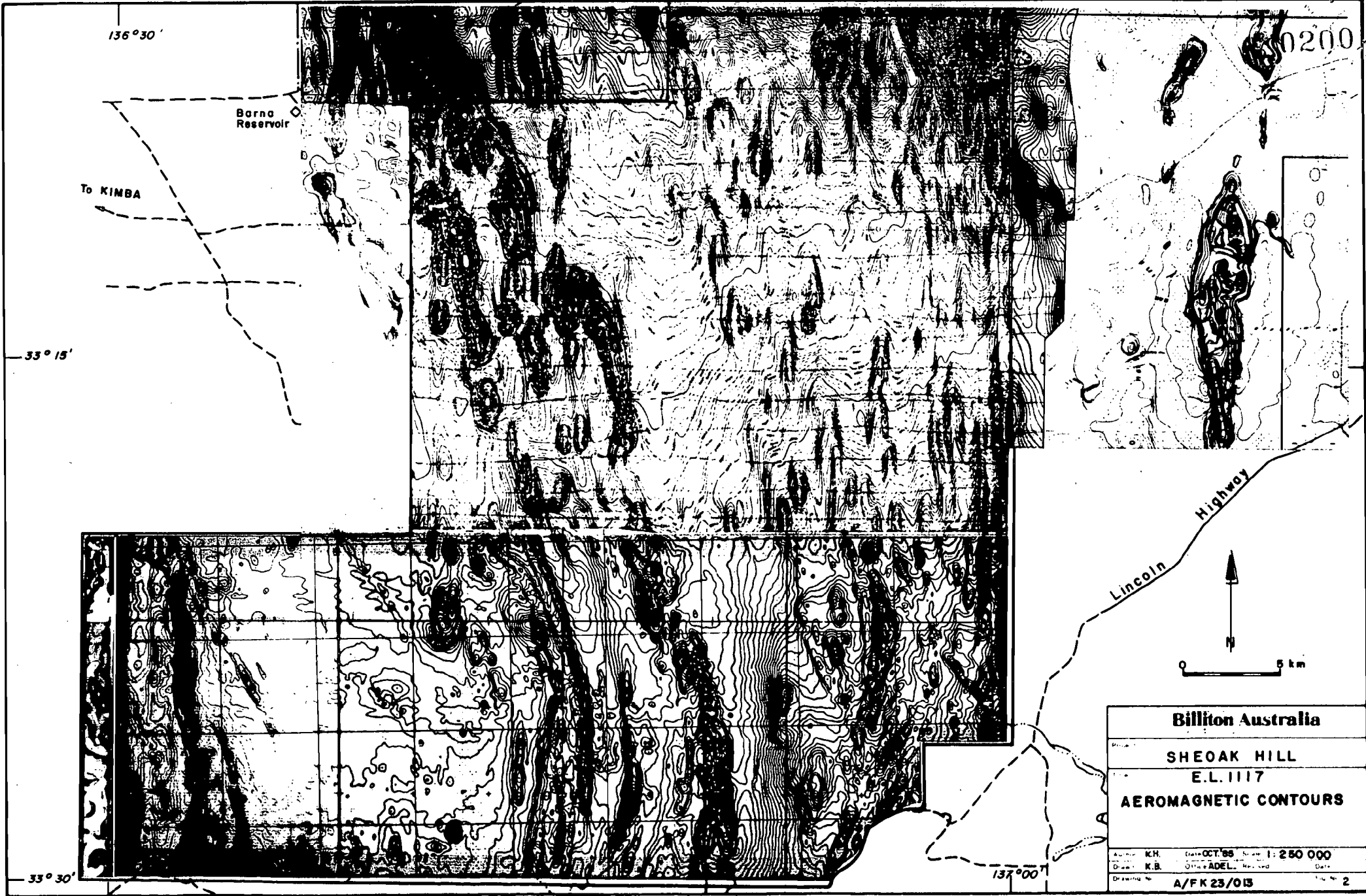


Fe %
>20%
10%-20%
5%-10%
2%-5%
1%-2%
<1%



Billiton Australia			
Project		SHEOAK HILL	
Title		(Sheet 14) CHANNEL ROCK CHIP Fe GEOCHEMISTRY	
Author K.J.H.	Dept.	Scale	1:25 000
Drawn K.M.B.	Date MAR86	Revised	Date
Checked	Date	Scanned	Date
Sheet No.	Drawing No.		A/FK 23/042
FIG No. 21			

5545-24



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SHEOAK HILL

E.L. 1117

AEROMAGNETIC CONTOURS

Author: K.H. Date: OCT. 88 Scale: 1:250 000

Drawn: K.B. Other: ADEL. Revised: Date:

Drawing No: A/FK 23/013 File No: 2



20

1,000 ppm = 10%
Mn > 10%



Billion Australia			
Project: SHEOAK HILL			
Title: MILFALIE NORTH			
Mn (ppm)			
Author	Date	Scale	
Drawn	Office	Revised	Date
Drawing No.			Page No.

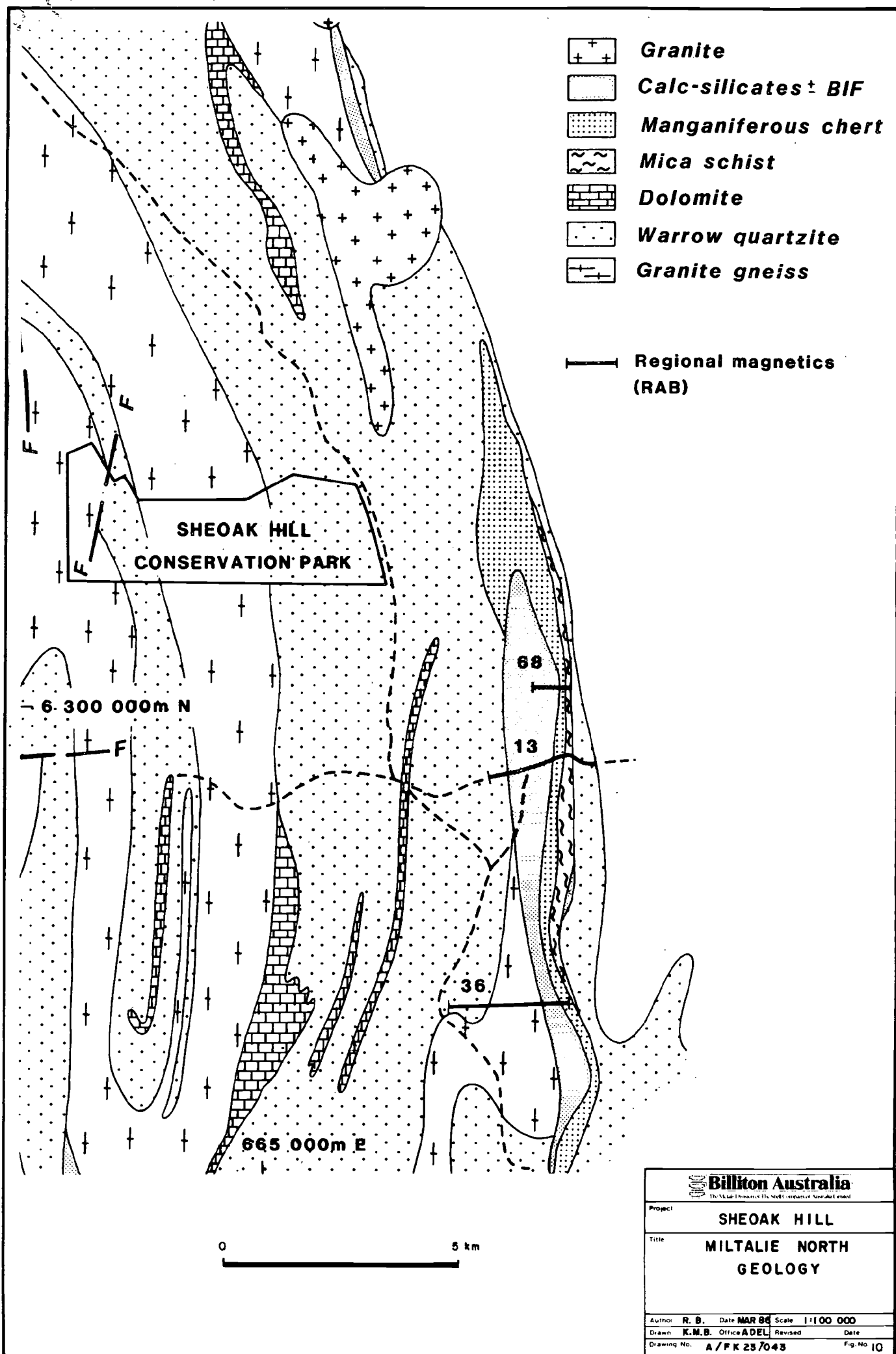
(Overlay to DRG No A/FK 23/043)

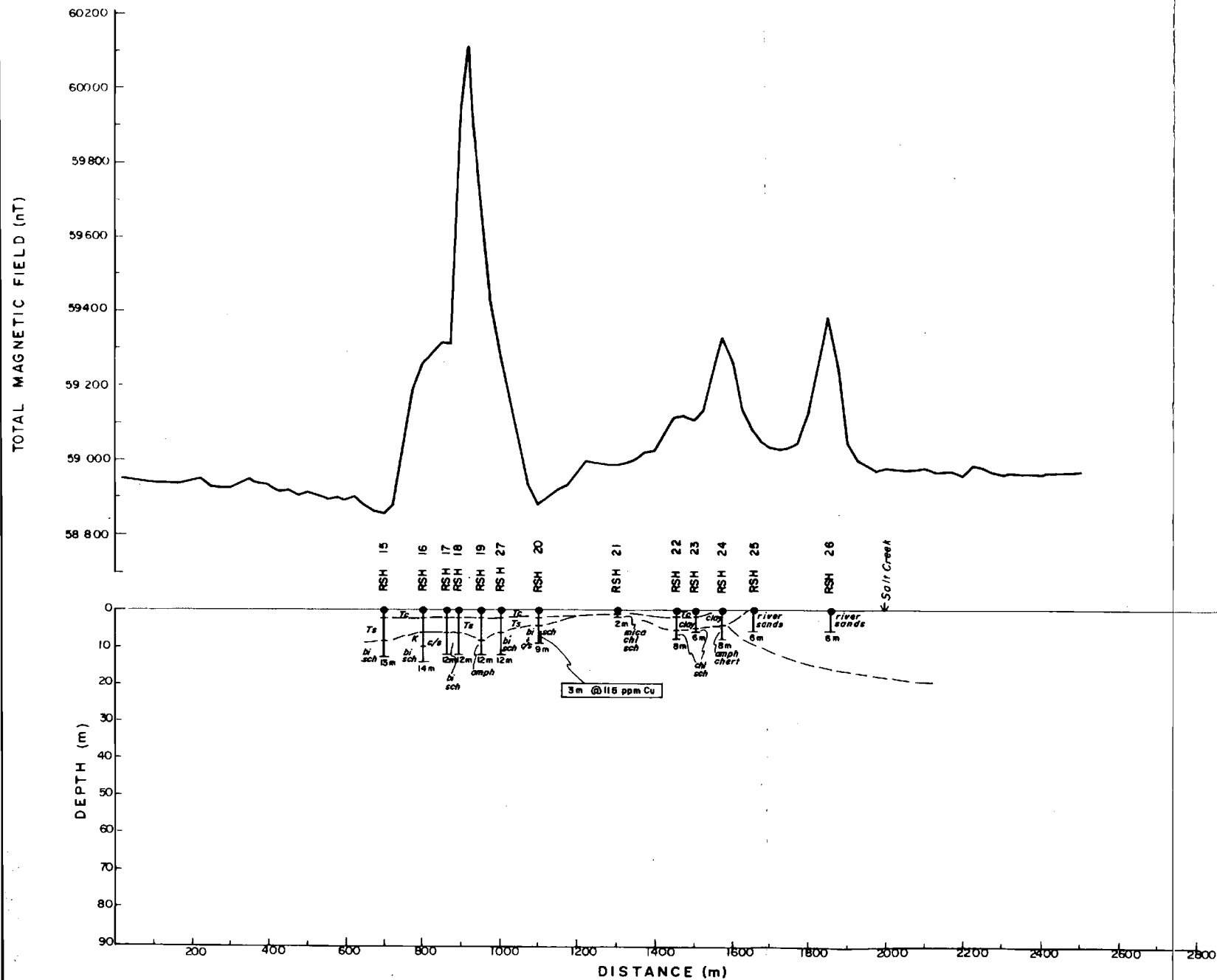


100-1000 ppm Zn
1000 ppm Zn

(Overlay to DRG No A/FK 23 / 043)

Billiton Australia <small>The Value Document of the steel companies of Australia limited</small>			
Project		SHEOAK HILL	
Title		MILTALIE NORTH	
Zn (ppm)			
Author	Date	Scale	
Drawn	Office	Revised	Date
Drawing No.		Fig. No.	





0 100 200 300 400 500 m

Billiton Australia

The Mineral Resources of the Earth are finite and non-renewable.

Project

SHEOAK HILL-E.L. 1117

Title

Regional Profile 13

Geology and Geochemistry

Author: K. J. H. Date: JAN '86 Scale: 1:10,000

Drawn: K. M. B. Office: ADEL Revised: Date:

Drawing No: A/FK 23/023 Fig. No: 22

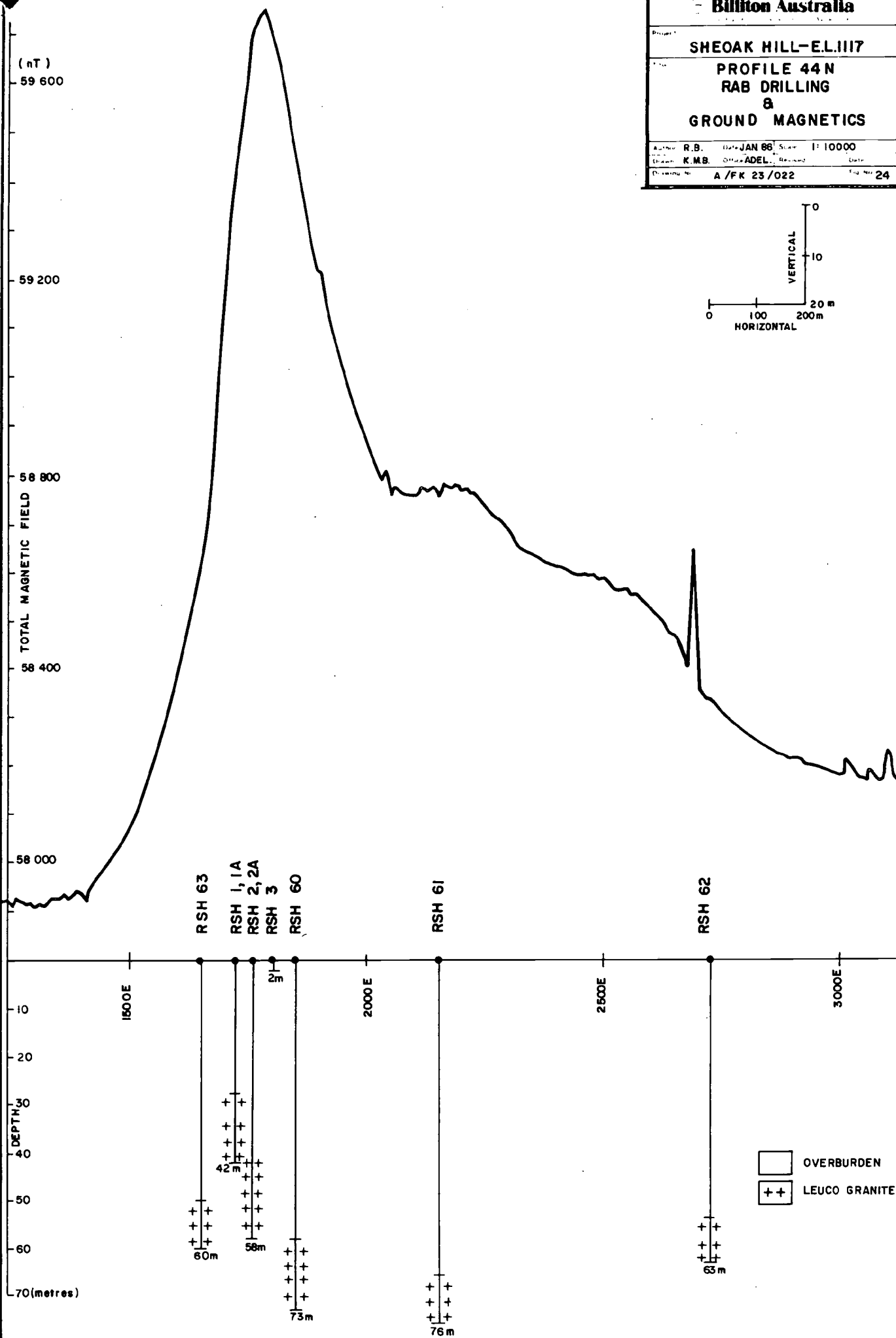
0204

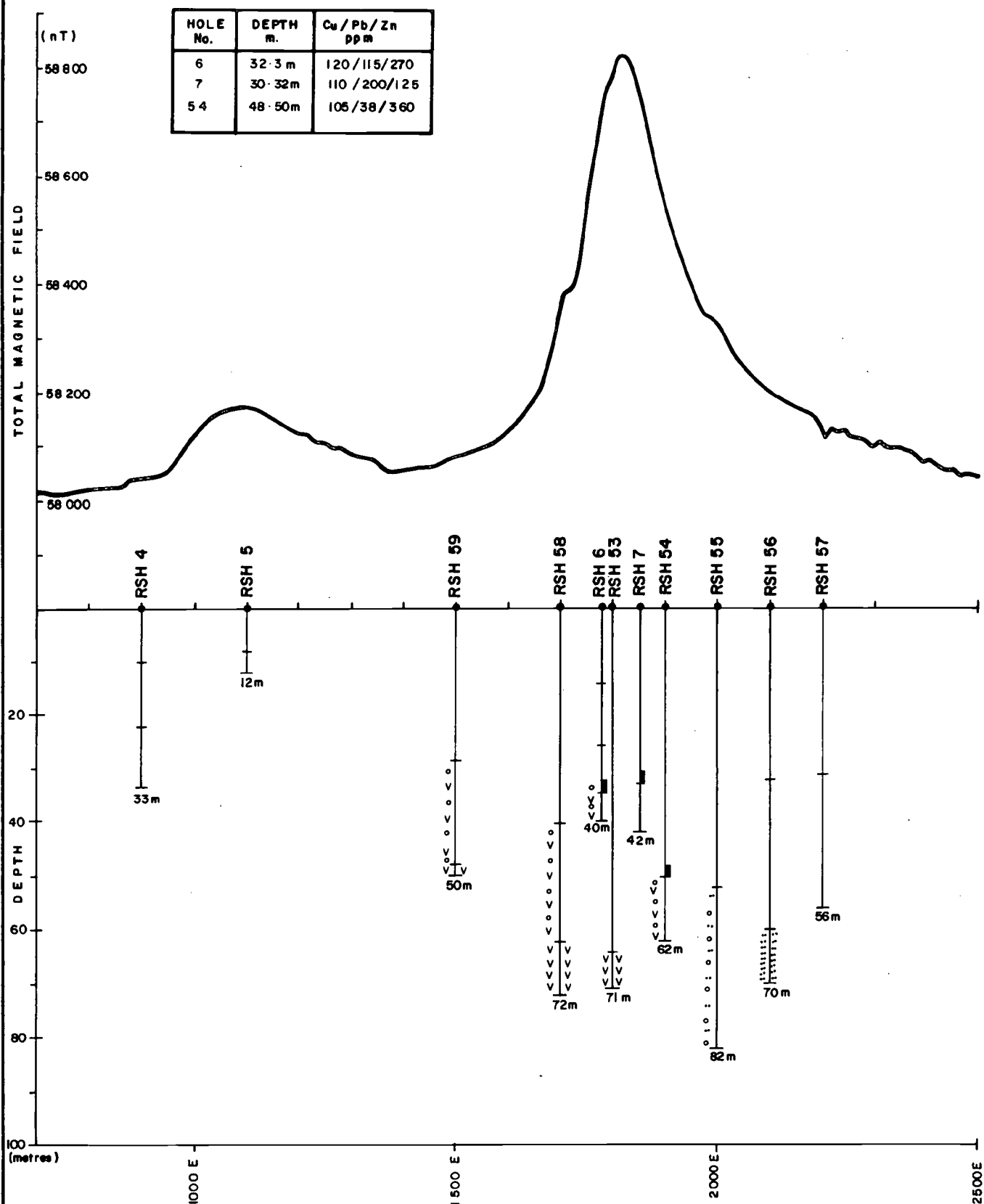
Billiton Australia

SHEOAK HILL-E.L.III7

PROFILE 44N
RAB DRILLING
&
GROUND MAGNETICS

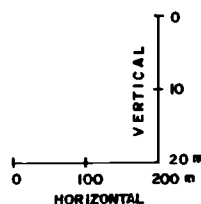
Author	R.B.	Date	JAN 88	Scale	1:10000	
Drawn	K.M.B.	Office	ADEL	Revised		
Drawings No.	A /FK 23 /022				Fig. No.	24



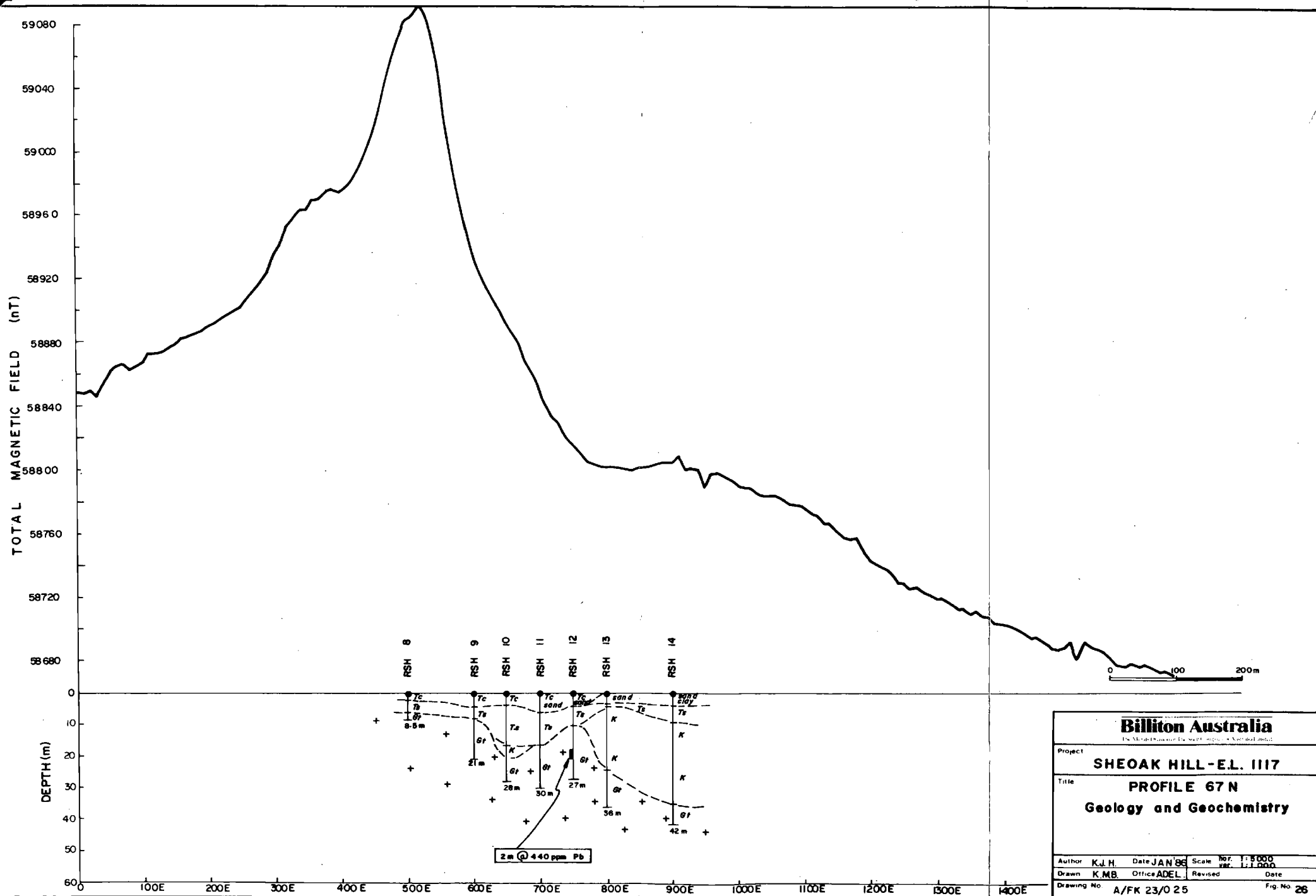


HOLE No.	DEPTH m.	Cu / Pb / Zn ppm
6	32.3 m	120 / 115 / 270
7	30.32 m	110 / 200 / 125
54	48.50 m	105 / 38 / 360

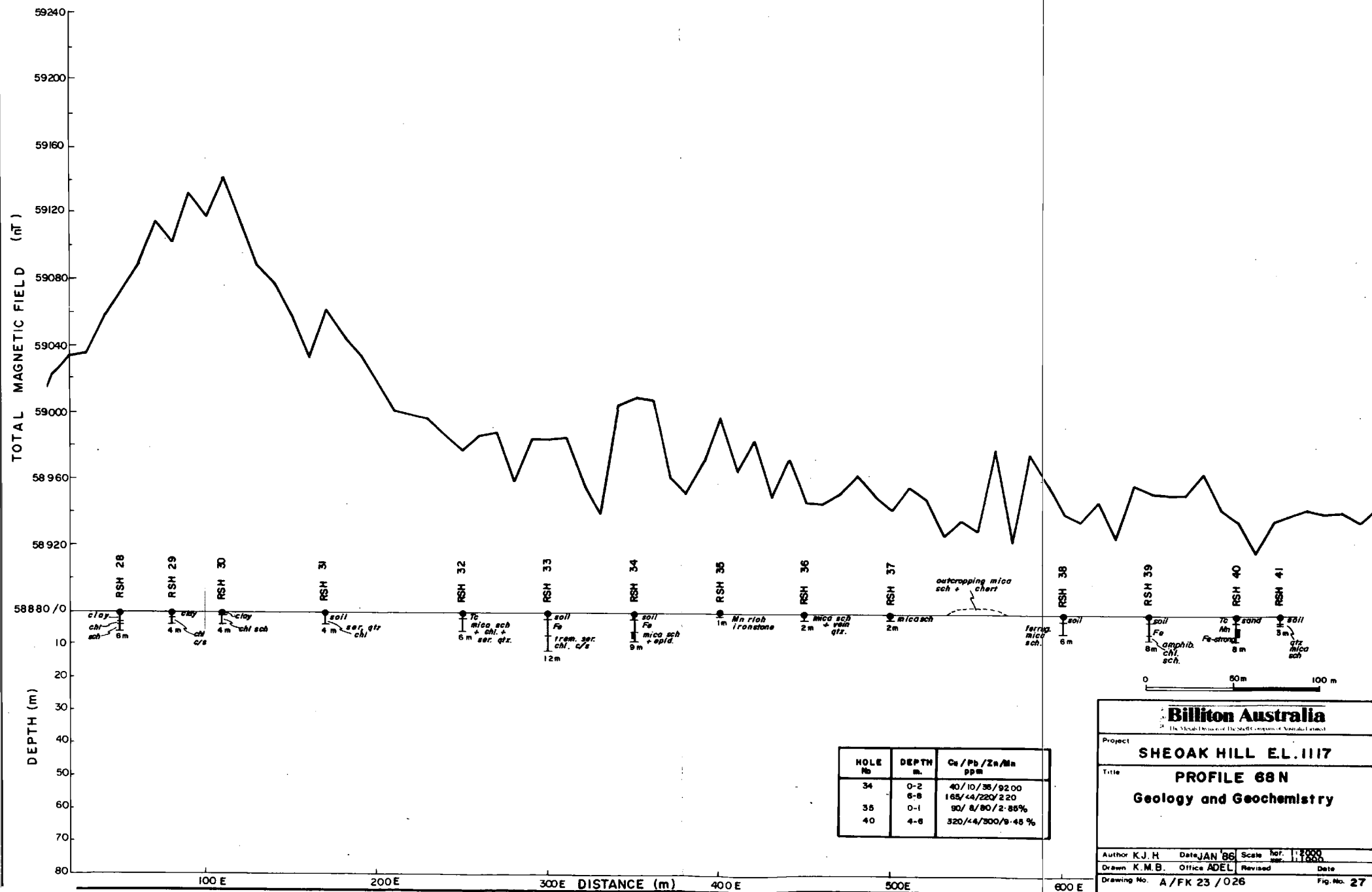
- OVERBURDEN
- CLAY
- QUARTZITE
- AMPHIBOLITE



Billiton Australia <small>The World's Largest Iron Ore Exporter</small>			
Project SHEOAK HILL - E.L. 1117			
Title PROFILE 45 N RAB DRILLING & GROUND MAGNETICS			
Author R B	Date JAN. 86	Scale 1 : 10 000	
Drawn K.M.A.	Office ADEL	Revised	Date
Drawing No. A / FK 23 / 021		Fig. No. 25	



Billiton Australia <small>The Mineral Producer For South Africa & New South Wales</small>			
Project SHEOAK HILL-E.L. 1117			
Title PROFILE 67 N Geology and Geochemistry			
Author K.J.H.	Date JAN 86	Scale 1:8000	Rev. 1:1000
Drawn K.M.B.	Office ADEL	Revised	Date
Drawing No A/FK 23/0 25		Fig. No 26	



BILLITON AUSTRALIATHE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LIMITEDSHEOAK HILL EL 1117, SOUTH AUSTRALIAPROGRESS REPORTFOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH JUNE 1986

AUTHOR: R. C. BERG
DATE: JUNE 1986

REPORT NO: 08.3332

DISTRIBUTION

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Copy 3: Billiton/Adelaide



CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
1.0 INTRODUCTION	1
2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT	2

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>	<u>Drawing No.</u>
1	Sheoak Hill Interpreted Geology	1:250 000	A/FK23/020
2	Sheoak Hill Magnetic Profiles and Trends	1:125 000	A/FK23/012

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence EL 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted in 1983 and is current until 15/3/87.

No fieldwork was undertaken during this period.

2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT - SHEOAK HILL

	<u>Expenditure for the Quarter</u> <u>Ending 31/3/86</u>	<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	2 497	76 103
Concession Payments	3 008	11 374
Analyses/Assays	(182)	5 966
Drilling		10 697
Site Preparation/Payments to Landholders & Consultants	773	8 464
Geology, geophysics, drawing research & computer	577	8 018
Overheads	400	7 829
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 7 073	\$ 128 451
	<hr/>	<hr/>

BILLITON AUSTRALIATHE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LTDSHEOAK HILL EL 1117, SOUTH AUSTRALIAPROGRESS REPORTFOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH SEPTEMBER 1986

AUTHOR: R. C. BERG
DATE: SEPTEMBER 1986

REPORT NO. 08.3344

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LIST OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
2.0	EXPENDITURE STATEMENT	2

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure No.	Title	Scale	Drawing No.
1	Sheoak Hill Interpreted Geology	1:250 000	A/FK23/020
2	Sheoak Hill Magnetic Profiles and Trends	1:125 000	A/FK23/012

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence EL 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted in 1983 and is current until 15/3/87.

No fieldwork was undertaken during this period.

A brief review of all data is planned.

0215

2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT - SHEOAK HILL

	<u>Expenditure for Quarter</u> <u>Ending 30/6/86</u>	<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	1 088	48 635
Concession Payments		6 092
Analyses/Assays		5 966
Drilling		10 697
Site Preparation/Payments to Landholders & Consultants		7 579
Geology, Geophysics, Drawing, Research and Computer		5 943
Overheads		5 272
TOTALS	<u>\$ 1 088</u>	<u>\$ 90 184</u>

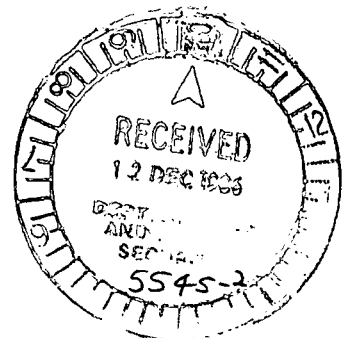
BILLITON AUSTRALIATHE METALS DIVISION OF THE SHELL COMPANY OF AUSTRALIA LTDSHEOAK HILL EL 1117, SOUTH AUSTRALIAPROGRESS REPORTFOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH DECEMBER 1986

AUTHOR: R. C. BERG
DATE: DECEMBER 1986

REPORT NO. 08.3476

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LIST OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
1.0	INTRODUCTION	1
2.0	EXPENDITURE STATEMENT	2

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure No.	Title	Scale	Drawing No.
1	Sheoak Hill Interpreted Geology	1:250 000	A/FK23/020
2	Sheoak Hill Magnetic Profiles and Trends	1:125 000	A/FK23/012

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence EL 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted in 1983 and is current until 15/3/87.

Currently, negotiations are pending with prospective joint venture partners, and the future exploration programme will depend on the outcome of these negotiations.

A regional bulk leach Au stream sediment sampling programme has been completed in the current reporting period from 15 September to 14 December 1986.

Results are not yet available and will be presented in the next quarterly report.

0219

2.0 EXPENDITURE STATEMENT - SHEOAK HILL

	<u>Expenditure for Quarter</u> <u>Ending 30/9/86</u>	<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	687	77 879
Concession Payments		11 374
Analyses/Assays		5 966
Drilling		10 697
Site Preparation/ Consultants and Other Costs		8 464
Geology, Geophysics, Drawing, Research and Computer	447	8 465
Overheads	146	7 975
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTALS	\$ 1 280	\$ 130 820
	<hr/>	<hr/>

WESTERN MINING CORPORATION LIMITED
EXPLORATION DIVISION

PROGRESS REPORT
FOR
EXPLORATION LICENCE 1117 - SHEOAK HILL
FOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH MARCH, 1987



MAY, 1987

H. L. PATERSON
OFFICER-IN-CHARGE - SOUTH AUSTRALIA

C O N T E N T S

	<u>Page</u>
1. INTRODUCTION	1
2. WORK COMPLETED	1
3. FUTURE PROGRAM	1
4. EXPENDITURE REPORT	1

ATTACHMENTS

Sample Records - Bulk Leach Au stream sediment survey

LIST OF PLANS

A/FB01/112	Sheet 6231 Barna	1:100,000
	Regional Stream Sediment Sampling - Bulk Leach Au	

1. INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted to The Shell Company of Australia on 15th March, 1983 and was current to 14th March, 1987. Ministerial consent for an extension of term to 14th March, 1988, was given on 11th February, 1987.

During the quarter, a joint venture was negotiated between Billiton Australia and Western Mining Corporation Limited to explore this and other Exploration Licences on the Eyre Peninsula, with W.M.C. assuming management of the project. The Joint Venture commenced on 1st February, 1987.

2. WORK COMPLETED

There has been no fieldwork during the quarter. Project activity has been limited to Joint Venture negotiations and to examination and assessment of the Billiton data by W.M.C.

Results are now available for bulk leach Au stream sediment sampling conducted during the previous quarter. Sample records and location plans are attached.

3. FUTURE PROGRAM

Work in the next quarter will include assessment of all existing results and selection of targets for further exploration where warranted.

4. EXPENDITURE REPORT

	<u>Six Months ending</u> <u>30th March, 1987</u>	<u>Project to Date</u>
Staffing/Support	2,405	80,284
Concession Payments	3,258	14,632
Analysis	0	5,966
Drilling	0	10,697
Site Preparation/Consultants etc.	0	8,464
Geology/Geophysics/Drafting		
Research/Computing	122	8,587
Overheads	1,609	9,584
	-----	-----
TOTALS	\$7,394	\$138,214
	=====	=====

These figures represent the last significant expenditure by Billiton Australia on this Licence. Future reports will be based on W.M.C. expenditures.



SAMPLE RECORD

Sheet 1 of 7

COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES



FB01/606
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ANALYTICAL REPORT

PROJECT: *CYPRIC PENINSULA* CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS:
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO: LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY: *A.I.S. Sydney*
DATE: *12/86* SAMPLE TYPE: *Stream silt* FILE: *F.B.01*
BULK LEACH AL

0224

INTERVAL	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NUMBER
<i>Sample No. Map Name</i>		<i>Bed Size</i>	
<i>77501 Roofena</i>		<i>10m Sand/Clay</i>	
<i>502 Roofena</i>		<i>4m Sand - Silt</i>	
<i>503 Roofena</i>		<i>10m silt/clay (soil)</i>	
<i>504 Roofena</i>		<i>25m Flat - sand/clay</i>	
<i>505 Roofena</i>		<i>5m Fault movement silt/clay</i>	
<i>506 Roofena</i>		<i>3m Sand/silt</i>	
<i>507 Roofena</i>		<i>10m Sand/silt</i>	
<i>508 Roofena</i>		<i>Small channel clay silt sand</i>	
<i>509 Roofena</i>		<i>7m Sand/silt</i>	
<i>510 Roofena</i>		<i>Duplicate of 77509</i>	
<i>511 Roofena</i>		<i>2m soil? silt/clay</i>	
<i>512 Roofena</i>		<i>1m sand/silt</i>	
<i>513 Roofena</i>		<i>20m Sand/silt - Salt rich</i>	
<i>514 Roofena</i>		<i>15m sand/silt</i>	
<i>515 Roofena</i>		<i>2m Sand/silt</i>	
<i>516 Roofena</i>		<i>2m Major Fault Movement sand/clay</i>	
<i>517 Roofena</i>		<i>2m sand/silt</i>	
<i>518 Uno</i>		<i>Flat drainage basin silt/clay (soil)</i>	
<i>519 Uno</i>		<i>1m drainage basin silt/clay (soil)</i>	
<i>520 Uno</i>		<i>2m Fault movement sand/silt</i>	
<i>521 Uno</i>		<i>20m Sand/silt</i>	
<i>522 Uno</i>		<i>15m Sand/silt</i>	
<i>523 Uno</i>		<i>5m Sand/silt</i>	
<i>524 Uno</i>		<i>1/2m Sand</i>	
<i>525 Uno</i>		<i>Flat drainage basin silt/clay</i>	
<i>526 Uno</i>		<i>Flat drainage basin silt/clay</i>	

Au	S.Wt.	RESULTS IN PPM
<i>PPT PM 246</i>	<i>Kg</i>	
<i>400</i>	<i>6.57</i>	
<i>50</i>	<i>5.23</i>	
<i>100</i>	<i>4.97</i>	
<i>100</i>	<i>6.92</i>	
<i>150</i>	<i>6.10</i>	
<i>100</i>	<i>5.26</i>	
<i>350</i>	<i>5.96</i>	
<i>400</i>	<i>5.96</i>	
<i>450</i>	<i>5.42</i>	
<i>50</i>	<i>5.55</i>	
<i>300</i>	<i>6.31</i>	
<i>150</i>	<i>5.63</i>	
<i>1150</i>	<i>5.81</i>	
<i>250</i>	<i>4.59</i>	
<i>200</i>	<i>4.67</i>	
<i>100</i>	<i>5.69</i>	
<i>150</i>	<i>5.48</i>	
<i>50</i>	<i>6.15</i>	
<i>150</i>	<i>5.94</i>	
<i>300</i>	<i>5.60</i>	
<i>150</i>	<i>5.89</i>	
<i>150</i>	<i>5.88</i>	
<i>50</i>	<i>5.28</i>	
<i>100</i>	<i>6.20</i>	
<i>100</i>	<i>6.00</i>	
<i>100</i>	<i>5.68</i>	



SAMPLE RECORD

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS:
 LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
 HOLE NO: LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
 DATE: SAMPLE TYPE: FILE:

Sheet 2 of 7

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ANALYTICAL REPORT

0225

INTERVAL	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NUMBER
Sample No. / Top Name			
77 527 Buckleboo		5m in WHEAT Field Sand/silt	
528 Buckleboo		1m Earth movement - clay/silt	
529 Buckleboo		Flat Basin with a number of small clumps	
530 Buckleboo		1m Silt/sand	
531 Buckleboo		10m Sandy /silt	
532 Buckleboo		Duplicate of 77531	
533 Uno		3m Silt/sand	
534 Uno		1m Silt/sand	
535 Buckleboo		2m Silt/clay var off from 1m 55.	
536 Buckleboo		1/2m Sand/silt	
537 B+Kleboo		2m Sand/silt	
538 Buckleboo		2m Silt/clay	
539 Barua		5m - Earth movement Silt/clay soil	
540 Barua		- Soil sample wheat field	
541 Kimba		Flat Basin - Wheat Field ^{Black soil} Sand/silt	
542 Kimba		1m Pegmatite rock - granular	
543 Kimba		Earth movement Taken from top	
544 Kimba		1m Sand/silt - wheat field	
545 Barua		1m WHEAT Field - soil sample	
546 —	Blank		
547 —	STANDARD 15PPB		
548 —	STANDARD 4PPB		
549 Barua		Earth movement - little soil - soil	
550 Barua		"	
551 Barua		1m Silt/sand	
552 Barua		Duplicate of 77551	

Au	S.Wt.	RESULTS IN PPM
PPM PM 216	Kg	
50	5.78	Buckleboo EL
50	5.58	"
<50	4.92	"
50	6.08	"
50	6.01	"
150	5.70	"
400	5.68	
150	5.35	
200	5.54	Buckleboo EL
150	6.23	"
200	4.85	Wilcherry Hill EL
<50	5.74	Buckleboo EL
800 ✓	5.34	Regional (near Sheeah Hill EL)
100 ✓	5.80	Regional (near Sheeah Hill EL)
50	6.20	
50	5.92	
50	6.22	
50	4.30	
<50 ✓	5.49	Regional (near Sheeah Hill EL)
<50	5.33	
8750	4.89	
7150	4.87	
100 ✓	5.97	Regional (near Sheeah Hill EL)
100	5.83	Sheeah Hill
3650 ✓	5.54	"
3400 ✓	5.16	"



SAMPLE RECORD

PROJECT
LOCALITY

CONTRACTOR
RIG TYPE

COLLAR COORDS
AZIMUTH

S.D.O NO.
LABORATORY

HOLE NO

LOGGED BY
DATE

DECLINATION
SAMPLE TYPE

FILE

Sheet 3 of 7



COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPREHENSIVE ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



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ANALYTICAL REPORT

0226

INTERVAL	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NUMBER
Sample No	Map Name		
77-553	Barna	2m Sand/silt	
554	Barna	2m Sandy/silt	
555	Barna	4m Sandy, cr/silt	
556	Barna	3m Small sandy, cr	
557	Barna	1/2 Sand/silt	
558	Barna	5m Silt/sand	
559	Barna	1m - Some contamination - Wheat Field	
560	Barna	20cm Flat - some sand/silt	
561	Barna	10m Sand/silt	
562	Barna	10m WHEAT Field Sand/clay	
563	Barna	Flat Wheat Field - some sandy	
564	Barna	Flat Wheat Field - some drainage	
565	Barna	1/2m silt/sand	
566	Barna	1/2m Wheat Field - drainage	
567	Barna	2m Sand/silt	
568	Barna	5m Sand/silt	
569	Barna	6m - Wet Sample - some (mud)	
570	Barna	10m Sand/silt	
571	Cowell	3m Silt cr - Wet sand/silt	
572	Cowell	10m Silt cr - Wet sand/silt	
573	Cowell	20m " " Sand/silt	
574	Cowell	Duplicate of 77573	
575	Cowell	15m Wet sample sand/silt	
576	Cowell	1/2m WHEAT Field sand/silt	
577	Barna	30m 1/2 cr - Wet sand/silt	
578	Barna	1/2m " " " "	

Au	S.Wt.	RESULTS IN PPM
ppm	Kg	
1400	5.95	Sheeah Hill
50	5.74	"
150	5.58	"
50	5.71	"
150	5.41	Regional (near Sheeah Hill EL)
50	6.13	"
50	5.75	Sheeah Hill
50	5.62	"
50	6.72	"
150	5.75	"
100	5.86	"
100	5.53	"
150	5.70	Regional (near Sheeah Hill EL)
150	4.94	"
200	5.89	Sheeah Hill
100	6.48	"
5250	5.40	"
50	8.97	"
200	5.82	Mt Olinthus
600	5.40	Mt Olinthus
650	5.25	Mt Olinthus
150	5.70	Mt Olinthus
150	5.53	Mt Olinthus
750	4.86	Mt Olinthus
250	5.67	Sheeah Hill
200	4.56	"



SAMPLE RECORD

Sheet 4 of 7

COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPLIANT ANALYTICAL LABORATORY

NATA
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ANALYTICAL REPORT

0227

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR COORDS:
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO: LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: SAMPLE TYPE: FILE:

INTERVAL	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NUMBER
Sample No. / Log Name			
77579 Barua		30m saltcr - wet sand/silt	
580 Barua		1m WHEAT Field sand/silt	
581 Barua		10m Wet sand/silt	
582 Barua		4m Wet sand/silt	
583 Barua		5m sand/silt - wet	
584 Barua		10m sand/silt	
585 Cowell		10m Flat Plain - wet saltcrust	
586 Cowell		5m Earth movement silt/sand	
587 Barua		7m Wet sand/silt	
588 Barua		5m Wet sand/silt silt	
589 Cowell		10m sand/silt	
590 Cowell		Duplicate of 77589	
591 Cowell		15m sand/silt	
592 Cowell		2m sand/silt	
593 Cowell		1m silt/sand 1.5m zone	
594 Cowell		2m Earth movement silt/sand	
595 Cowell		15m - WHEAT Field - sand/silt	
596 Cowell		25m - Wet sand/silt	
597 Cowell		100m Vegetation silt/sand/silt	
598 Cowell		1m Fine sand/silt	
599 Cowell		15m silt/sand	
77600 Cowell		10m sand/silt	
601 Middlebrook		Earth moving 1.5m silt/sand	
602 Middlebrook		1m sand/silt	
603 Middlebrook		Earth moving 1.5m sand/silt	
604 Middlebrook		Wet 1.5m sand/silt	

Au	S. Wt	RESULTS IN PPM
ppb PH216	Kg	
150	5.72	Sheep Hill
250	5.04	"
100	6.16	"
200	5.11	"
200	5.21	"
450	3.38	"
150	6.10	Mt Olinthus
150	5.38	"
50	6.79	Sheep Hill
<50	6.96	"
50	4.39	Mt Olinthus
<50	5.00	"
<50	4.55	Regional (near Mt Olinthus EL)
100	4.72	Mt Olinthus
50	4.53	"
50	4.68	"
50	5.05	"
<50	4.63	"
100	4.71	Regional (near Mt Olinthus EL)
50	4.70	"
100	5.04	"
50	4.66	"
350	5.71	
<50	5.38	
50	5.88	
<50	6.41	



SAMPLE RECORD

Sheet 5 of 7

COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



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ANALYTICAL REPORT

0228

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR COORDS:
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO: LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: SAMPLE TYPE: FILE:

INTERVAL	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NUMBER
Sample No	Interval		
77605	Hiddlebrook	Sand/silt	
606	Hiddlebrook	2m Earth nearest Corner Brown Granite.	
607	Hiddlebrook	Flat Fecl Sand/silt	
608	Hiddlebrook	Flat Fecl - Soil - Sand/silt	
609	Hiddlebrook	2m Red Brown Sand/silt	
610	Hiddlebrook	run along track sand/silt	
611	Hiddlebrook	Granitic source	
612	Barna	?	
613	Barna	Drawing from Trench 10m	
614	Barna	WATER Fecl 10m	
615	Kimba	2m Sand, Brown Soil, Sand	
616	Kimba	Earth nearest corner sand/silt	
617	Cacuppa	15m - Multi-Ch. with Soil in Granite	
618	Cacuppa	Duplicate of 77617	
619	Cacuppa	Flat River Drainage Brown soil	
620	Cacuppa	2m 1st above P-1 Brown Soil Sand	
621	Cacuppa	Fecler Channel Red-Tone Sandy	
622	Cacuppa	10m Orange Gravel Soil	
623	Cacuppa	15m Flat Brown Gravel Soil	
624	Cacuppa	Abundant Gravel Soil	
625	Vernan	2m 1st above P-1 Brown Soil	
626	Vernan	Drainage near - Wet sludge with Fecl	
627	Vernan	Orange Soil	
628	Vernan	Wet Flat Brown Soil	
629	Vernan	2m 1st above P-1 Brown Soil	
630	Kimba		

Au	S.Wt.	RESULTS IN PPM
PPM Au 216	Kg	
<50	6.48	
4800	6.18	
<50	6.25	
<50	5.28	
350	6.16	
100	5.19	
<50	6.54	
50	6.36	Regional (near Sheeah Hill EL)
50	4.67	"
150	5.21	"
<50	5.54	
100	4.09	
<50	4.74	MT NLT EL
50	5.18	"
50	5.34	"
750	5.49	"
<50	5.90	"
50	5.35	"
50	5.23	"
<50	4.53	"
150	5.34	
50	5.64	
50	4.14	
50	4.54	
<50	6.09	
<50	5.42	



SAMPLE RECORD

Sheet 6 of 7

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COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



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ANALYTICAL REPORT

0229

PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR COORDS:
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO.:
HOLE NO.: LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: SAMPLE TYPE: FILE:

INTERVAL	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NUMBER
Sample No 77631	Vernan		
77631	Vernan	10m Sand/silt	
632	Vernan	6m Sand/silt	
633	Vernan	Duplicate of 77632	
634	Vernan	3m Earth moving - Sand/silt	
635	Vernan	2m Silt/Sand ASH Present.	
636	Vernan	Orange Brown sd soil.	
637	Vernan	10m Sand/silt	
638	Vernan	Sand/silt	
639	Vernan	Silty - soil road contamination.	
640	Vernan	4m Sand/silt	
641	Vernan	2m Sand/silt	
642	Vernan	3m Pink sand/silt (granitic)	
643	Vernan	2m Pink sand/silt (granitic)	
644	Vernan	2m Pink - Grey Sand/silt	
645	Vernan	2m Pink - Grey Fine Sand/silt	
646	Vernan	1 1/2m Pink sand/silt	
647	Vernan	Slit Driveway Sand/silt	
648	Vernan	?	
649	Kimba	Earth movement Grey Pink Sand/silt	
650	Cowell	5m Earth movement Silt/clay	
651	Cowell	1m Earth movement - Wet Sand/silt - Silt	
652	Cowell	1/2 metamorphic silt/sand (pink)	
653	Cowell	10m Pink granitic sandstone	
654	Cowell	2m Silt/Sand granitic	
655	Cowell	2m Silt/sand granitic	
656	Cowell	Duplicate of 77655	

Au	S. Wt.	RESULTS IN PPM
Opt PH216	Eg	
50	5.75	
<50	5.56	
50	5.55	
<50	7.18	
50	5.82	
300	6.36	
50	5.87	
200	6.19	
50	6.87	
50	6.93	
50	6.31	
100	6.32	
<50	6.72	
<50	7.96	
<50	6.99	
100	6.00	
100	6.82	
<50	7.25	
<50	6.43	
<50	5.86	MT Olmito
<50	5.55	"
<50	5.38	"
<50	5.60	"
50	5.87	"
<50	5.21	"
50	5.61	"



SAMPLE RECORD

Sheet 7 of 7

COMLABS Pty. Ltd.
COMPUTERISED ANALYTICAL LABORATORY



This laboratory is registered by the National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia. The facilities reported herein have been developed in accordance with its terms of registration. This document shall not be reproduced except in full.

ANALYTICAL REPORT

0230

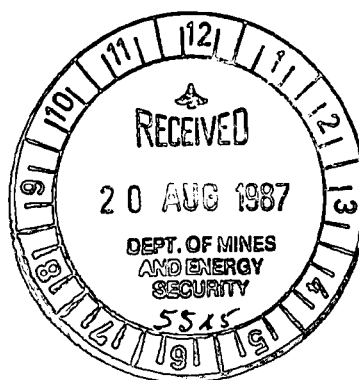
PROJECT: CONTRACTOR: COLLAR CO ORDS:
LOCALITY: RIG TYPE: AZIMUTH: S.D.O. NO:
HOLE NO: LOGGED BY: DECLINATION: LABORATORY:
DATE: SAMPLE TYPE: FILE:

INTERVAL	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE NUMBER
Sample No. This Name			
77 657	Cowell	3m Willard Field Silt/clay	
658	Cowell	3m Pink sand/silt (Granitic origin)	
659	Cowell	Phl ch. Willard over the side Sand/silt	
660	Cowell	5m Colluvial (little) Granitic sand/silt	
661	Cowell	2m Pink-Grey Sand/silt	
662	Cowell	1m Willard Field + Cars, Al etc	
663	Cowell	6m Earth movement Gravel - Soil	
664	Cowell	3m Veg. on Grv. Silt/clay (soil)	
665	Cowell	4m Granitic Redrock - Sand/silt	
666	Cowell	5m Granitic sand/silt	
667	Cowell	10m Cu. Cultivated small drain Silt/clay	
668	Cowell	2m Pink sand/silt	
669	Cowell	10m Granitic Redrock sand/silt	
670	Cowell	10m Sand/silt	
671	Cowell	1st Drainage channel - Soil	
672	STANDARD	15 PPB	
673	Buckleboo	Pd. 12m sand/silt	
674	Buckleboo	Sand/silt	
675	Buckleboo	Sand/silt	
676	Uno	15m Porphyry texture	
677	Uno	Sand/silt - 15m	
678	Uno	6m Red rock - 15m	
679	Uno	" " " "	
680	Uno	Red sand/silt - 15m	

Au	S.Wt.	RESULTS IN PPM
Ppt 1000g	Kg	
<50	5.72	Mt Olivinus
<50	5.75	"
50	5.91	"
50	6.98	"
<50	5.29	"
300	6.52	"
600	6.88	"
1750	6.70	"
900	6.10	"
<50	6.96	"
100	7.70	"
<50	6.61	"
100	6.73	"
50	7.10	Regional (near Mt Olivinus EL)
50	6.25	"
20.8 ppt	4.94	
500	7.79	Mt Nott EL
350	7.57	"
150	6.93	"
<50	8.05	
<50	6.98	
100	6.16	
50	6.71	
50	7.27	

WESTERN MINING CORPORATION LIMITED
EXPLORATION DIVISION

PROGRESS REPORT
FOR
EXPLORATION LICENCE 1117 - SHEOAK HILL
FOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH JUNE, 1987



AUGUST, 1987

H. L. PATERSON
OFFICER-IN-CHARGE - SOUTH AUSTRALIA

1. INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted to The Shell Company of Australia on 15th March, 1983 and was current to 14th March, 1987. Ministerial consent for an extension of term to 14th March, 1988, was given on 11th February, 1987.

A joint venture was negotiated in February, 1987 between Billiton Australia and Western Mining Corporation Limited to explore this and other Exploration Licences on the Eyre Peninsula, with W.M.C. assuming management of the project. The Joint Venture commenced on 1st February, 1987.

2. WORK COMPLETED

There has been no fieldwork during the quarter. Project activity has been limited to examination and assessment of the Billiton data by W.M.C.

3. FUTURE PROGRAM

Work in the next quarter will include assessment of all existing results and selection of targets for further exploration where warranted.

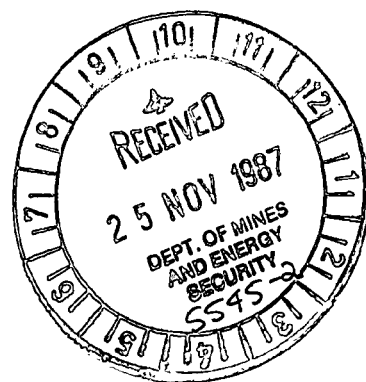
4. EXPENDITURE REPORT

Expenditure by Shell on this licence area prior to WMC assuming management of the joint venture was \$138,214.

	<u>Quarter ending</u> <u>June 30, 1987</u>	<u>Cumulative to June 30, 1987</u>	
		<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Geology	965	965	20.8
Geophysics	1,638	1,638	35.4
Geochemistry	73	73	1.6
Drafting	873	873	18.8
Leasing	67	67	1.5
Administration	1,016	1,016	21.9
TOTAL	\$4,632	\$4,632	100.0%
	=====	=====	=====

WESTERN MINING CORPORATION LIMITED
EXPLORATION DIVISION

PROGRESS REPORT
FOR
EXPLORATION LICENCE 1117 - SHEOAK HILL
FOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH SEPTEMBER, 1987



NOVEMBER, 1987

H. L. PATERSON
OFFICER-IN-CHARGE - SOUTH AUSTRALIA

1. INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted to The Shell Company of Australia on 15th March, 1983 and was current to 14th March, 1987. Ministerial consent for an extension of term to 14th March, 1988, was given on 11th February, 1987.

A joint venture was negotiated in February, 1987 between Billiton Australia and Western Mining Corporation Limited to explore this and other Exploration Licences on the Eyre Peninsula, with W.M.C. assuming management of the project. The Joint Venture commenced on 1st February, 1987.

2. WORK COMPLETED

There has been no fieldwork during the quarter. Project activity has been limited to examination and assessment of the Billiton data by W.M.C.

3. FUTURE PROGRAM

Work in the next quarter will include assessment of all existing results and selection of targets for further exploration where warranted.

4. EXPENDITURE REPORT

Expenditure by Shell on this licence area prior to WMC assuming management of the joint venture was \$138,214.

	<u>Quarter ending</u> <u>September 22, 1987</u>	<u>Cumulative to September 22, 1987</u>	
		<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Geology	-	965	20.6
Geophysics	-	1,638	35.0
Geochemistry	-	73	1.6
Drafting	-	873	18.6
Leasing	-	67	1.4
Administration	51	1,067	22.8
TOTAL	\$51	\$4,683	100.0%
	===	=====	=====

WESTERN MINING CORPORATION LIMITED
EXPLORATION DIVISION

PROGRESS REPORT
FOR
EXPLORATION LICENCE 1117 - SHEOAK HILL
FOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH DECEMBER, 1987



DECEMBER, 1987

H. L. PATERSON
OFFICER-IN-CHARGE - SOUTH AUSTRALIA

1. INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted to The Shell Company of Australia on 15th March, 1983 and was current to 14th March, 1987. Ministerial consent for an extension of term to 14th March, 1988, was given on 11th February, 1987.

A joint venture was negotiated in February, 1987 between Billiton Australia and Western Mining Corporation Limited to explore this and other Exploration Licences on the Eyre Peninsula, with W.M.C. assuming management of the project. The Joint Venture commenced on 1st February, 1987.

2. WORK COMPLETED

There has been no fieldwork during the quarter. Project activity has been limited to examination and assessment of the Billiton data by W.M.C.

3. FUTURE PROGRAM

Work in the next quarter will include assessment of all existing results and selection of targets for further exploration where warranted.

4. EXPENDITURE REPORT

Expenditure by Shell on this licence area prior to WMC assuming management of the joint venture was \$138,214.

	<u>Quarter ending</u> <u>November 17, 1987</u>	<u>Cumulative to September 17, 1987</u>	
		<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Geology	-	965	20.6
Geophysics	-	1,638	35.0
Geochemistry	-	73	1.6
Drafting	-	873	18.6
Leasing	-	67	1.4
Administration	-	1,067	22.8
TOTAL	\$ -	\$4,683	100.0%
	===	=====	=====

0237

WESTERN MINING CORPORATION LIMITED
EXPLORATION DIVISION

PROGRESS REPORT
FOR
EXPLORATION LICENCE 1117 - SHEOAK HILL
FOR QUARTER ENDING 14TH MARCH, 1988



MARCH, 1988

H. L. PATERSON
SENIOR SUPERVISING GEOLOGIST - SOUTH AUSTRALIA

1. INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence 1117, Sheoak Hill, was granted to The Shell Company of Australia on 15th March, 1983 and was current to 14th March, 1987. Ministerial consent for an extension of term to 14th March, 1988, was given on 11th February, 1987.

A joint venture was negotiated in February, 1987 between Billiton Australia and Western Mining Corporation Limited to explore this and other Exploration Licences on the Eyre Peninsula, with W.M.C. assuming management of the project. The Joint Venture commenced on 1st February, 1987. At the end of the first J.V. year, WMC advised Billiton that it would continue the J.V. only with respect to the Wilcherry Hill E.L., so that administration of the remaining E.L.'s would revert to Billiton as of that date. This report therefore finalises WMC's involvement with the licence, and future reports will be submitted by Billiton.

2. WORK COMPLETED

There has been no fieldwork during the quarter.

3. FUTURE PROGRAM

Work in the next quarter will be reported separately by Billiton.

4. EXPENDITURE REPORT

Expenditure by Shell on this licence area prior to WMC assuming management of the joint venture was \$138,214.

	<u>Quarter ending</u> <u>February 9, 1988</u>	<u>Cumulative to February 9, 1988</u>	
		<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Geology	405	1,370	26.5
Geophysics	53	1,691	32.7
Geochemistry	1	74	1.4
Drafting	11	884	17.1
Leasing	7	74	1.4
Administration	17	1,084	20.9
TOTAL	494	\$5,177	100.0%
	====	=====	=====