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No. 5449

EL 1005

YANINEE

PROGRESS AND FINAL REPORTS TO LICENCE SURRENDER FOR THE PERIOD 2/6/82 TO 1/12/84

Submitted by
Carpentaria Exploration Co. Pty Ltd
1984

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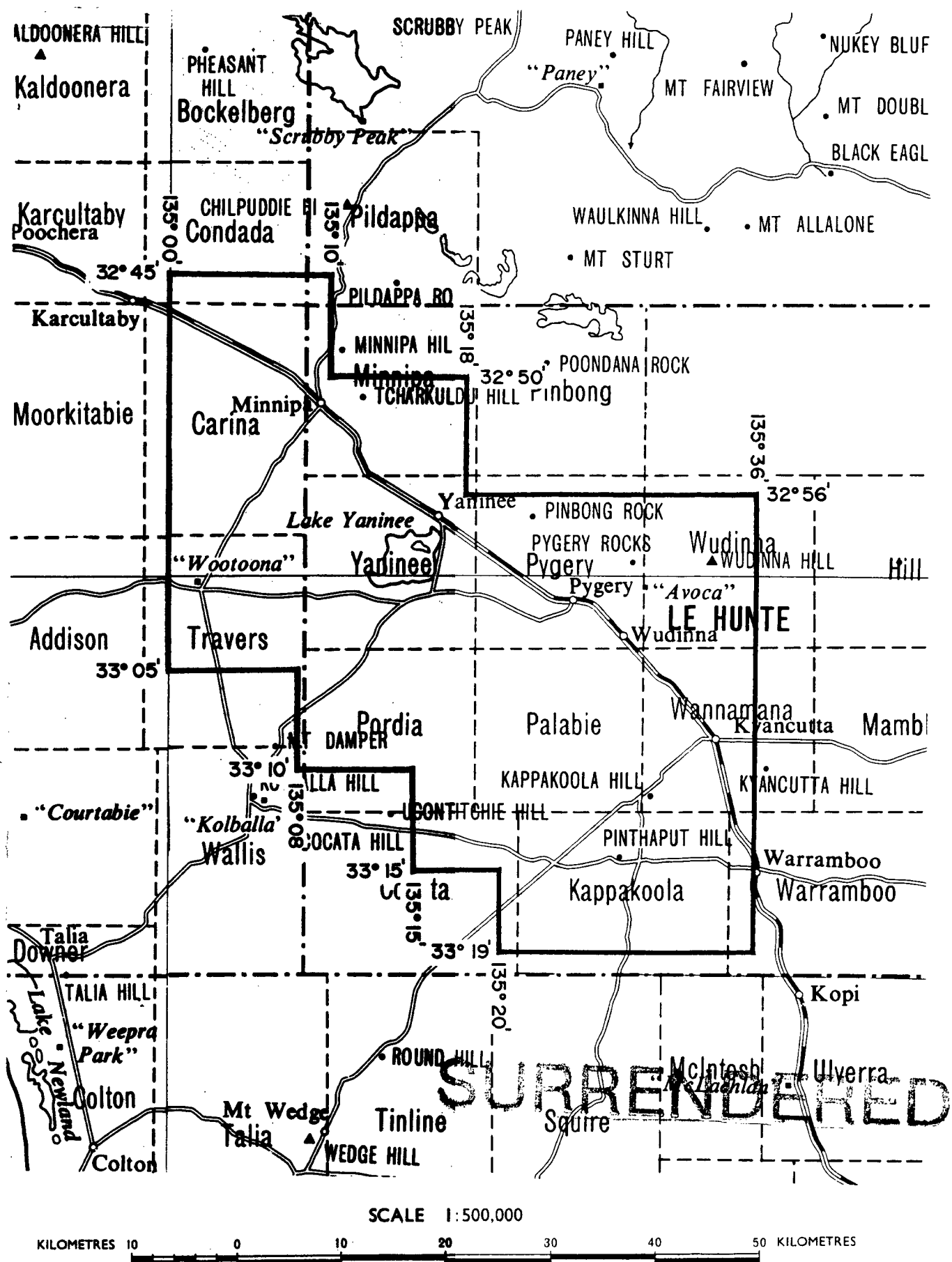
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TENEMENT HOLDER: Carpentaria Exploration Company Pty. Ltd.

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SCHEDULE A



APPLICANT: CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

DM: 680/81

AREA: 2276

square kilometres

1:250000 PLANS: YARDEA KIMBA

LOCALITY: YANINEE AREA - EYRE PENINSULA

DATE GRANTED: 2.6.82

DATE EXPIRED: 1.6.83

EL No: 1005

CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
EXPLORATION LICENCE NO. 1005 "YANINEE"
PROGRESS REPORT FOR QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 1984

This report covers the work carried out on the Yaninee area which is the last remaining current exploration licence over the Narlaby Palaeochannel. It covers the period from January 1, 1984 to March 31, 1984.

1. TERMS AND CONDITIONS

The exploration licence covers an area of 2276 km² and was granted on June 2, 1982 for a term of one year. The expenditure commitment is \$70 000.

2. EXPLORATION

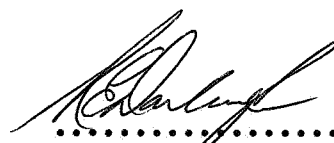
No work concerning uranium exploration was carried out during the quarter. We are now interested in exploration for base metals in the south-east corner of the area. The western end of the Warrambo Magnetic anomaly is located in this area.

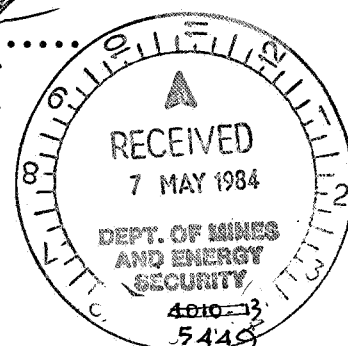
A trial INPUT survey was flown over this area and preliminary results showed the presence of two minor anomalies. Results will be forwarded next quarter.

It is planned to carry out approximately 5000 m of RAB drilling early in the next quarter.

3. EXPENDITURE

A statement of expenditure is appended.


.....
for G. Hooper
Geologist



CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.EXPLORATION LICENCE NO. 1005 "YANINEE"PROGRESS REPORT FOR QUARTER ENDED JUNE 1, 1984

This report covers the work carried out on the Yaninee area during the period April 1, 1984 to June 1, 1984, the expiry date of the current licence.

1. TERMS AND CONDITIONS

The exploration licence covers an area of 2276 km² and was granted on June 2, 1982 for a term of one year. It was subsequently renewed for a further twelve months. The expenditure commitment for the two year term is \$140 000. We have now applied for an extension of the licence which is due to expire on June 1, 1984.

2. EXPLORATION

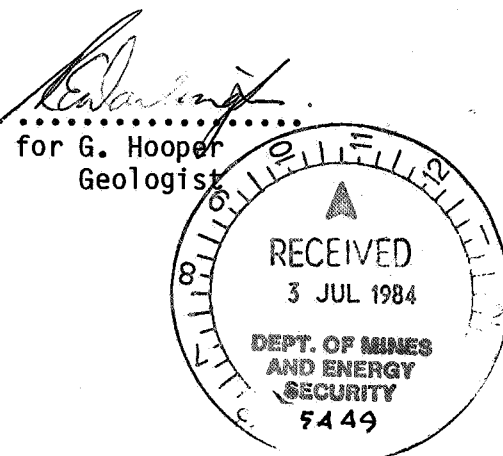
The INPUT data is still not in a form suitable for presenting to the Department. This is currently being produced and will be submitted at a later date.

A RAB drilling programme of 66 holes totalling 2192 m has been completed over the western end of the Warrambo magnetic anomaly. Assay results are still awaited. Drill hole logs and a location plan will be submitted when completed.

3. EXPENDITURE

A statement of expenditure is appended.

To be forwarded



CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.EXPLORATION LICENCE NO. 1005 "YANINEE"PROGRESS REPORT FOR QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 1, 1984

This report covers the work carried out on the Yaninee area during the period June 1, 1984 to September 1, 1984.

1. TERMS AND CONDITIONS

The exploration licence covers an area of 2276 km² and was granted on June 2, 1982 for a term of one year. It was subsequently renewed twice for a further two years. The expenditure commitment for the three year term is \$170 000.

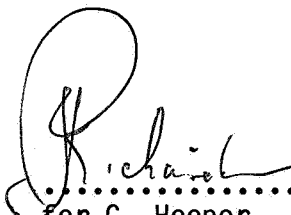
2. EXPLORATION

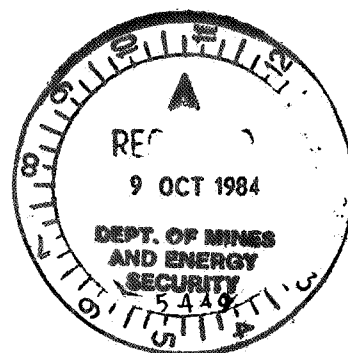
Drill hole logs from the previously reported RAB drilling programme have been completed and are included with this report. Drawings Nos. 30692 and 30693, which show the drill hole locations and the geochemical assay results are also included.

The INPUT data has now been finalised. and appended is the report on the survey by Geoterrex. Drawing No. 30685 shows the flight line paths while Drawing No. 30686 shows the location and type of anomalies detected by the survey.

3. EXPENDITURE

A statement of expenditure is appended.


.....
for G. Hooper
Geologist



HOLE N° KRAB 1

LOCATION: 8 km NW Warramboe

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 549800E 6326810N

TD 24m

006

SAMPLE Nº	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
715751								CALCRETE		
52								SANDY CLAY orange brown		
53								SILTY SAND minor grey green		
54								SILTY SAND pale brown F gr.		
55						10		SAND F gr white partly silicified.		
56								SAND orange		
57								SAND dark grey brown		
58								SAND very F gr, black		
59						20		SILT black		
60								HOLE ABANDONED		
61						30				
715762										

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: MC RAND TR3	LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER
DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE	DATE DRILLED: 5/4/84
SCALE: 1:500	DRG / CODE No:

HOLE N° KLAB 2

007

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 553920E 6324770N TD 20m

[illegible]

PROSPECT YANINEE

CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KPA8 3








ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 3.5 km NAW Warramboo

008

HOLE CO-ORDINATES SS4050E 6324380N

T.D. 14m

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Au					
715773								SANDY SOIL brown minor calcareate		
74								SANDY CLAY pale brown		
75								" real brown		
76								SAND Fgr orange		
77						10		BEDROCK highly weathered, white clay a		
78								g/z, probably a gneissic rock.		
715779	8	6	6	<1	0.08					
								HOLE STOPPED, no penetration		
						20				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING. RPA8 TR3

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILLER: P. MITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 5/4/84

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YANINEE

CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KR78 4

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 3.5 Km NNW Warramboo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554000E 6324480N

TD 14m

009

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Au					
715780							+	SAND ^a Fgr pale brown CALCRETE		
81							+			
82							+	SAND Fgr grey to brown, siliceous		
83					0.04		+	BEDROCK ? weathered GRANITE		
84					0.06	10	+	grey med. gr gtz + clay		
85					<0.01		+			
715786	8	8	2	<1	<0.01		+	trace muscovite		
						20				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING. RMD TR3

LOGGED BY: P. BURS

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 5/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YANINEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
LOCATION . 3.5km NNW Warramboo
HOLE CO-ORDINATES 553970E 6324580N TD 16m

HOLE N° KRAB 5

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
715787								SAND + CALCARETE Fgr pale orange brown		
88										
89								CLAYEY SAND pale brown		
90								SAND Fgr white + siliceated		
91						10		" Fgr pale brown to dark brown.		
92										
93										
715794								HOLE ABANDONED - due to caving		
						20				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING. RWD TRS

LOGGED BY: P BMRS

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 5/4/84

SCALE:

DRG/CODE No:

OTHER DETAILS:

HOLE N° KRAB 6

TD 18m

011

[illegible]

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 3.1 Km 44th Avenue

6324210N

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 5541908 63242102

10 2400

012

SAMPLE Nº	ANALYSES ppm / %				IN MIN METERS	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag				
715803							SAND - f gr, pale brown	
04							CRICKLE	
05							SAND ferricreted & silcreted	
06							" f gr, silcreted.	
07					10	~	BEDROCK, highly weathered grey to pale brown	
08						~	m gr gtz, weathered feldspar	
09	34	26	30	<1		~	• sericite, f gr black mineral	
10						~	(? Brn)	
11						~	? METASEDIMENT	
12					20	~		
13						~		
715814					30	~		

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING. RAND TR3

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: P BYNKS

DATE DRILLED: 5/4/84

DRG / CODE No.:

HOLE N° KRAB 8

LOCATION 30 Km NNW Warriambou

TD 16m

016

SAMPLE Nº	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag						
715815								CALCRETE		
16								CLAYEY SAND orange brown mic grey green		
17										
18								SILTY SAND fgr red brown + orange		
19								BEDROCK highly weathered cgrtz		
20	22	24	12	<1		10	{ } { }	white clay		
21							{ } { }	" F-m grtz a grey clay		
715822							{ } { }	? GNEISS		
						20				

REASON FOR HOLE :	DRILL TYPE : ING. RAND TR3	LOGGED BY : G. HOOPER
OTHER DETAILS :	DRILLER : P. NITSCHKE	DATE DRILLED : 5/4/84
	SCALE : 1:500	DRG / CODE No :

PROSPECT YINWILL CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
 ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG
 LOCATION 28km NW Warumbuu

HOLE N° KFPB 10

HOLE CO-ORDINATES S54420E 6323950N T.D. 18m

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
715835								SAND Fgr, calcareous		
36										
37								SAND Ferricreted & silcreted		
38										
39						10	Sil	SILCRETE white-yellow		
40								SAND Fgr dark red brown, Ferricreted.		
41								SAND Fgr grey white		
42										
715843										
						20		HOLE ABANDONED.		

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: JAG RMD TR3

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DATE DRILLED: 5/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

HOLE N° KRAB II

LOCATION 2.7 km 1 km W' Grambo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554490E 6323870N T.D. 24m

015

SAMPLE NO	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
715844							SAND & CALCRETE Fgr pale brown		
45									
46							CLAYEY SAND Fgr pale red brown		
47							" " red brown		
48					10		SAND Ferricrete & silcreted		
49									
50							SAND Fgr pale brown, with silcrete bands		
51									
52									
53					20		SAND Fgr dark brown		
54									
715855	50	26	120	<1			BEDROCK m-c gr gtz, musc & clay (after Febk) ? weathered gneiss (one fragment of Fgr withed metased. with black mineral possibly after magne like)		
					30				
							HOLE ABANDONED - due to collapsing sand.		

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING. RANA TR3

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: PBMKS

DATE DRILLED: 6/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YAMINEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KRAB 12

LOCATION 2.6km NNW Warman 6323790N
ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554570E 6323790N 1.1m 16m

018

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
715856							SAND fgr orange		
57							SILTY SAND fgr pink, calcareous		
58							" " minor silcrete bands		
59							CLAYEY SAND orange		
60							SAND * yellow - brown		
61					10		SILCRETE		
62							FERRICRETED SAND		
715863							SAND fgr red brown		
							HOLE ABANDONED		
					20				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING. RAND TR3

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 6/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 2.5 Km NW

6323710N

017

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554640E 6323710N

7.D. 48m

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm / %					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag						
715864								SAND - Fgr pale brown CALCRETE		
65										
66										
67								CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
68						10		SAND Ferricrete/silcrete red brown		
69										
70										
71										
72								REDROCK highly weathered pale grey gtz, white clay sericite rock (? w/bed GNEISS)		
73						20				
74										
75								grey		
76										
77										
78						30		" dark grey biotite, gtz, w/bed Feldspar rock (biotite SCHIST)		
79										
80										
81										
82	60	14	190	<1						
83						40				
84								more gtz rich.		
85										
86										
715887	80	6	120	<1		50				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING. R&D TR3

LOGGED BY: P BINKS

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 6/4/84

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YIPINTEE

CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KPAB 15

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 2.3 km WNW W 6719 m 600

719

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554780E 6323550N T.D. 32m

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag						
715904							+	SAND a pale brown		
05							+	CALCRETE		
06							+	CLAYEY SAND red brown Fgr.		
07							+	SAND yellow - siliceous.		
08						10	+	" red brown, Ferricrete		
09							+			
10							+			
11							+			
12							+			
13						20	{ }	BEDROCK grey gtz, sericite, wth Felds rock.		
14							{ }	(wth GNEISS)		
15							{ }			
16							{ }			
17							{ }			
18						30	{ }			
715919	22	10	18	<1			{ }			
						40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RAND TR3

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: P BANKS

DATE DRILLED: 6/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YAMINEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KRAB 17

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 2.1 Km N Warramundi

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 5549206 6323390N 7.D. 24m

021

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METERS	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag						
715936								SAND F gr		
37								CALCITE		
38								CLAYEY SAND red brown		
39								SAND red br to purple, ferricized.		
40						10				
41								BEDROCK highly weathered grey to cream		
42								sericitic w/bed felds. rock		
43										
44								" green grey sericite w/bed felds		
45						20		rock with <10% g/z		
46										
715947	34	6	12	<1				? biotite GNEISS		
						30				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: JMG RAND TR3

LOGGED BY: P BINKS

DRILLER: P MITCHELLE

DATE DRILLED: 6/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :













SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YANINEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
LOCATION 2 km N Warramundi
HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554980E 6323310N
ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG
6 323 310N
I.D. 24mm

HOLE N° KRAB 18

022

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
715948								CALCRETE	
49								CLAYEY SAND orange minor pale green	
50								SAND silcreted minor Ferricrete	
51								pale yellow brown	
52						10		BEDROCK highly weathered, purplish	
53								yellow clay	
54								" cream to pale br clay &	
55								F-m gr gtz	
56								" dark grey & brown, much sericite	
57						20		minor m gr gtz & biotite	
58								possibly large wth. Feldspar (1cm)	
715959	75	32	195	<1				schistose.	
						30			

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE : ING SAND TR3

DRILLER : P NITSCHKE

SCALE : 1 : 500

LOGGED BY : G. HOOPER

DATE DRILLED : 7/4/84

DRG / CODE No :

HOLE N° KRAB 19

LOCATION 1 / 24 / WATERHOLE CAMP

6,323,240N

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555060E 61232401N

7.0 : 4.7

DRG / CODE No.:

PROSPECT YININEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KARB 20

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.6 Km N WATYAM 600

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555130E 6323150N

T.D. 32m

024

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Ca	Pb	Zn	Mg						
715972								SILTY SOIL & brown CALCRETE		
73								CALCRETE		
74								CLAYEY SAND orange brown		
75								SAND Fgr pink brown, Ferricreted in part.		
76						10		SAND white - pale yellow, siliceous.		
77								" red brown, Ferricreted.		
78								BEDROCK highly weathered, pale ls & white clay		
79								" " grey brown & white clay minor f-m gr gtz		
80						20		" grey brown clay minor sericite after feldspar & f-m gr gtz		
81								minor dissem. ox. ol. pyrox magnetite		
82								" f-m gr gtz & wkhd feldspars		
83								minor VC gr gtz 1 fresh plag		
84								minor 2° pyrite. VC gr.		
85						30				
86										
715987	16	26	18	<1						

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: JMG RWD TR3

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 7/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG / CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.7 km N Warrambool

6,323,060N

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555 1901 (555060N)

7.1 N 58W

025

SAMPLE NO.	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	As						
715988								SAND • pale brown f-gr.		
89								CRIPPLE		
90								CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown.		
91										
92						10				
93								SAND Fgr pale brown, silcreted.		
94										
95								BEDROCK highly wtld GNEISS, pale green		
96								w/ Felspars, qtz, sericite		
97						20				
98								" totally wtld GNEISS with bands		
99	36	50	40	<1				of limonite (wet samples)		
716000										
01										
02						30				
03								" soupy samples - red brown no		
04								Fragments		
05										
06										
07						40				
08										
09										
10										
11										
12						50				
13										
14										
15										
716016	18	18	65	<1		60		Sample washed, abundant magnetite		
								probably a banded magnetite GNEISS.		
								HOLE ABANDONED - hard ground.		

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING RMD TR3

LOGGED BY: P. BINKS

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 7/4/84

SCALE: 1:500

DRG / CODE No:

HOLE N° KRAB 22

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 5552501 6322,960N
710 33m

026

SAMPLE NO	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METERS	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	A _T					
716017							SANDY SOIL pale brown		
18							CONCRETE		
19							CLAYEY SAND orange brown		
20									
21									
22					10		SAND Fgr sintered minor ferricrete		
23							BEDROCK highly weathered gtz = clay/sericite		
24						{ }	yellow-white minor purple.		
25						{ }	" green brown sericitic clay		
26					20	{ }	" dark grey f-m gr gtz asericite		
27						{ }	minor Fgr 2° Pyrite		
28						{ }	" grey sericite + clay after Feldspar		
29						{ }	minor gtz		
30						{ }	" red brown, Ferruginous		
31					30	{ }	hem, sericite f-m gr gtz minor cream clay after feldspar.		
716032	100	8	240	<1		{ }			
					40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE : MG RMD TR3 LOGGED BY : G. HOOPER

DRILLER : P NITSCHKE DATE DRILLED : 7/4/87

SCALE : 1:500 DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YANINVEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KEAB 23

LOCATION 1.5 Km N Werramboe
ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555290E 6322860N T.D. 40m

027

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716033							SAND & CALCRETE Fgr pale brown		
34							CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
35									
36									
37									
38					10				
39							SAND pale brown, siliceated		
40							BEDROCK white clay		
41							" green grey w/td felds, some qtz with small nodules & patches of black v fgr mercurite		
42					20		Probably a w/td GNEISS		
43									
44									
45									
46									
47					30				
48									
49									
50									
51									
716052	70	26	95	<1	40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING RABD TR3

LOGGED BY: P Binks

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 7/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

HOLE N° KRAB 24

028

REASON FOR HOLE :	DRILL TYPE: ING RAND TR3	LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER
OTHER DETAILS :	DRILLER: P NITSCHKE	DATE DRILLED: 7/4/84
	SCALE: 1:500	DRG/CODE No:

HOLE CO-ORDINATES SSS390E 63°26'SON TD 24m

029

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716069								SAND + Fgr pale brown	
70								CRILRETE	
71								CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown	
72									
73									
74						10		SAND Fgr Ferricretal	
75								" Silcreted.	
76									
77								BEDROCK white clay (with folds) " g/z	
78								remnant foliation	
79						20			
716080	10	8	10	<1				Trace of Fgr black mineral, probably a white/ GNETSS.	
						30			

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: MG RAMP TR3

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: P BINKS

DATE DRILLED: 9/4/84

DRG / CODE

PROSPECT YANIVET CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
 LOCATION 1.2 Km N Warramboo 6,322,560N
 HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555440E 6322560N 76 40m

HOLE N° KRAB 26

060

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Au					
716081								SILTY SOIL & CALCAREOUS brown		
82								CALCRETE		
83								CLAYEY SAND orange brown		
84										
85								" + silicate		
86						10				
87								BEDROCK highly weathered. yellow white		
88								sericite & qtz minor purplish		
89								staining		
90										
91						20		" + yellow clay		
92					<0.1					
93					"			" red brown clay / sericite		
94	24	12	28	<1	"			F-m gr qtz		
95					"					
96						30				
97										
98	26	22	24	<1				" yellow green mica + qtz		
99										
716100	60	20	140	<1		40		" dark green, mainly chlorite / biotite		
								+ minor F-m gr qtz		
								biotite SCHIST.		

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: M6 RAMD TR3

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1: 500

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DATE DRILLED: 7/4/84

DRG / CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.1 Km N Warrambtoo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555490E 6322460N

T.D. 32m

081

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Au					
716101							+	SAND F gr pale brown		
02							+	CALCRETE		
03							+			
04							+	CLAYEY SAND F gr red brown		
05							+			
06						10	+	" cream with silcrete bands		
07							+			
08							~	BEDROCK white clay (with red Febspan) agtz		
09							~	"		
10							~	" with Fe staining		
11	40	14	32	<1	0.04	20	~			
12					0.04		~			
13					0.05		~	" pale grey green with red		
14					<0.01		~	biotite gtz SCHIST		
15					"		~			
716116	28	14	48	<1	"	30	~			
						40				

REASON FOR HOLE:

OTHER DETAILS:

DRILL TYPE: ING RPNB TR3

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: P. BINKS

DATE DRILLED: 9/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YAMINEE.

CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
















HOLE N° YKAB 28

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.0 km N Warramboo

062

HOLE CO-ORDINATES SSSS20E 6322370N TD 32m

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716117.							SILTY SOIL & CALCRETE pale brown		
18							CALCRETE		
19							CLAYEY SAND orange brown		
20							FERRICRETE, siliceous		
21					10		BEDROCK highly weathered partly		
22							Silicified & Ferruginous		
23							" " & clayey		
24							" cream clay, sericite & gtz		
25					20		" orange brown & reddish ferrug		
26							clay & f-m gr gtz		
27							" grey green, minor brown clay		
28							sericite & f-m gr gtz		
29									
30									
31					30				
716132	16	8	34	<1					
					40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: JMG RAND TR3

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 9/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

LOCATION 0.9 km N Warrenton

6,322,250N see plan.

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555550E 632215.0N

7.0 32m

733

SAMPLE No	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	P ₁					
716133							SAND & CALCRETE Fgr pale brown		
34							CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
35							SAND Fgr Ferricreted		
36							" silcreted.		
37					10		BEDROCK white clay (with Feldspar) & gtz		
38							" Fe stained white clay & gtz		
39							" white clay & gtz with		
40	30	<4	12	<1			dissem. ? hem. after magnetite		
41	12	6	40	<1			? magnetite spotted GNEISS		
42	16	<4	18	<1	20				
43	12	<4	16	<1					
44	12	26	14	<1					
45	8	26	26	<1					
46	10	270	12	<1					
47	12	760	8	<1	30				
716148	14	510	10	<1					
					40				

REASON FOR HOLE:

DRILL TYPE: ING RAND TR3

LOGGED BY: P BINKS

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 9/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG / CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 0.8 km N Warramboo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555570E 1322150N 7.D 40m

084

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716149							CALCRETE		
50									
51							CLAYEY SAND orange brown		
52							SAND orange brown		
53					10		" partly siliceated.		
54							" white, siliceated.		
55									
56									
57									
58					20		BEDROCK yellow clay of mg & g 1/2 minor Fe spotting		
59							" pink brown		
60							" red brown clay minor yellow green.		
61									
62									
63					30		" yellow-white clay of m & g 1/2		
64									
65									
66									
67							" grey brown		
716168	46	55	28	<1	40		" grey-grey brown & white clay & 1/2 trace 2° pyrite		

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: MG RAND TR3

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 9/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YAMINEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
 ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE N° KRAB 32

LOCATION 0.5 Km S Warramboe

036

HOLE CO-ORDINATES SSS550E 6320870N TD 32m

SAMPLE NO	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag						
716185								SILTY SOIL & CALCRETE		
86										
87								CLAYEY SAND orange brown & green.		
88										
89						10		" + silcrete		
90										
91								BEDROCK highly weathered white clay		
92								• F-m gr qtz minor black		
93								iron spotting		
94						20				
95								" yellow & cream sericitic clay		
96								• qtz, gneissic		
97										
98								" grey brown sericitic clay		
99						30		• qtz much. purple black		
716200	85	14	8	<1				iron spotting		
						40				

REASON FOR HOLE:

DRILL TYPE: ING RAYD TR3

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 9/4/84

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YANINVEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KRAB 33

















ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 0.6 km S Warramboo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES SSSSSOE 6320770N

T.D. 32m

087

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Au					
716201								SAND ° F gr pale brown CALCRETE		
02								CLAYEY SAND F gr red brown		
03								SAND F gr ferricreted		
04								" " silcreted		
05						10		BEDROCK cream to pale br clay (w Febb)		
06								g/tz " F gr g/tz		
07								? hematite after magnetite		
08						20				
09										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14					<0.01			" grey green clay, g/tz, sericite		
15					0.02			with Fgr ? hem after magnetite		
716216	20	8	10	<1	0.02	30		? banded magnetite bearing GNEISS		
						40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RAMD TR3

DRILLER: P MITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: P BINKS

DATE DRILLED: 9/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

HOLE N° KRAB 34

LOCATION 0.7 Km S Warren Cr.

6,320, 670 N

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 5555.504 632067017

7. Δ 32m

388

DRG / CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 0.8 km S Warrumbarr

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555540E 6320570N

T.D. 40m

039

SAMPLE NO	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag						
716233								SAND + Fgr pale brown		
34								CALCRETE		
35								CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
36										
37										
38						10		SAND Fgr ferricreted.		
39								" Fgr silcreted + ferricreted.		
40										
41										
42						20		BEDROCK pale br limonite stained gtz		
43								+ clay (w/ Had Feldspar)		
44								probably w/ GRANITE GNEISS		
45										
46										
47						30				
48										
49								" grey weathered GNEISS with		
50								fine gr ? hem after magnetite.		
51										
716252	14	14	10	<1		40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: MG RAB TR3

LOGGED BY: P BATES

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 10/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG / CODE No:

LOCATION 0.9 km S Warman 6001
ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555540E 6320470N T.D. 32m

040

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716253							SOIL		
54							CALCRETE		
55							CLAYEY SAND	orange	
56									
57									
58					10				
59							SILCRETE	slightly ferruginous	
60						{ }	BEDROCK	silicified cap on white	
61						{ }		siliceous whtd bedrock	
62					20	{ }	"	highly weathered pale brown	
63						{ }		clay + qtz	
64						{ }	"	brown to yellow brown	
65						{ }		whtd Feldspar biot. GNEISS	
66						{ }			
67					30	{ }	"	grey green GNEISS with	
716268	18	6	46	<1		{ }		minor hem staining	
					40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RAMO TR3

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DATE DRILLED: 10/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YAPINEE

CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
















HOLE N° KPAB 37

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.0 Km S Warramboo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES SSS540E 6320370N T.D. 32m

041

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716269							SAND Fgr pale br CALCRETE		
70							CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
71									
72									
73					10		SAND Fgr slightly siliceous ferricreted.		
74									
75							BEDROCK cream brown clay agtz ? wtkd gneiss		
76									
77							" pale brown lim stained clay agtz		
78					20				
79									
80							" green brown wtkd biotite GNEISS		
81									
82									
83					30				
716284	22	8	55	<1					
					40				

REASON FOR HOLE:

OTHER DETAILS:

DRILL TYPE: M/G RAND TR3

DRILLER: P MITSCHE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: P BIRKS

DATE DRILLED: 10/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YANINEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.





















HOLE N° KRA8 38

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 0.6 km SW Warrambo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 555000E 6321020N T.D. 40m

042

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag						
716245								SOIL		
86								CALCRETE		
87								CLAYEY SAND orange		
88										
89										
90						10		SAND pale brown partly silicified		
91								SAND fgr white - pale brown		
92								SILCRETE white		
93								BEDROCK pale brown sil. gneissic rock		
94						20				
95										
96								" Ferrug sil rock, purple brown minor yellow		
97										
98								" wthd gneissic rock yellow green clay fgr 9/2		
99						30				
300										
1								" wthd GNEISS purple brown minor yellow green		
2										
3								" grey white gtz felds GNEISS minor fgr 2° pyrite		
716304	14	6	24	<1		40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: JMG RAB TR3

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 10/4/84

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YANIVEE

CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KRA8 39

LOCATION 0.7 km SW WATTAMBOO

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554930E 6320950N

TD 48m

043

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag						
716305							+	SAND Fgr pale brown.		
6							+	CRETE		
7							+	CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown.		
8							+	SAND Fgr red brown		
9						10	+			
10							+	SAND Fgr red br, siliceous.		
11							+			
12							+	BEDROCK white clay o qtz		
13							+	W/ Had ? GRANITE GNEISS		
14						20	+			
15							+			
16							+			
17							+			
18							+			
19						30	+			
20							+			
21							+			
22							+			
23							+			
24						40	+			
25							+			
26							+			
27							+			
716328	10	60	10	<1		50	+			

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING RAMA TR3

LOGGED BY: P BINKS

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 10/4/84

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 08 km SW Warrumbarr

HOLE CO-ORDINATES S547906 6320850N TD 40m

045

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716504								SAND Fgr pale brown	
5									
6								CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown	
7								SAND Fgr red brown	
8						10		" Fgr Ferricreted.	
9									
10								CLAY-SAND silcreted. (top of bedrock)	
11								BEDROCK cream clay (w/lt Feldspar)	
12								4 9/2 w/lt ? GNEISS	
13						20			
14								" lim. a hem stained	
15								w/lt ? GNEISS	
16									
17									
18						30		" pale hr lim stained	
19								w/lt GNEISS	
20									
21									
22									
716523	10	18	16	<1		40			

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RAND TR3

DRILLER: P VITSCHKE

SCALE: 1 : 500

LOGGED BY: P. BANKS

DATE DRILLED: 11/4/64

DRG / CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 0.9 km SW Warrumbarr

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554720E 6320800N TD 42m

046

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Mg						
716524							++++	SILTY SOIL light brown		
25							++++	CALCRETE		
26							----	CLAYEY SILT orange brown		
27										
28						10	{ }	BEDROCK purplish pink + cream white clay		
29							{ }	+ Fgr gtz minor Ferrug bands		
30							{ }	? wheel garnets		
31							{ }			
32							{ }			
33						20	{ }			
34							{ }			
35							{ }			
36							{ }			
37							{ }	" cream yellow-yellow clay + Fgr gtz		
38						30	{ }			
39							{ }			
40							{ }			
41							{ }			
42							{ }			
716543	36	20	90	<1		40	{ }	" yellow green highly weathered		
							{ }	? biotite GNEISS		

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: MG RMS TR3

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILLER: P. MITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 11/4/84

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT *YANINVEZ* CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PT. LTD.

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.0 km SW Warramboo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554640E 6320740N T.D. 40m

245

SAMPLE No	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
715484						+++ - - -	SILTY SOIL & CALCRETE		
85						+++ - - -			
86						+++ - - -	CLAYEY SAND orange		
87						{ }	BEDROCK highly weathered, pale purple		
88					10	{ }	ice cream white clay, top 8m		
89						{ }	minor ferrug boxwork.		
90						{ }			
91						{ }			
92						{ }			
93					20	{ }			
94						{ }			
95						{ }			
96						{ }			
97						{ }	" red white gneissic rock		
98					30	{ }	" white " "		
99						{ }	" orange " "		
500						{ }	" grey green biotite felds GNEISS		
1						{ }	minor limonitic patches.		
2						{ }			
715503	24	8	46	<1	40	{ }			

REASON FOR HOLE :
OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RAMD TR3
DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE
SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER
DATE DRILLED: 11/4/84
DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YANINEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KR98 44

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.1 km SW Warramboo

G320680N

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 55°56'00" S 132°18'00" E T.D. 46m

748

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Pj					
716461						+	SAVDS ^a Fgr pale brown		
62						+	CALCRETE		
63						+	CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
64						+	BEDROCK red brown to maroon limonite		
65						+	stained clay (whed felds) agtz		
66					10	+			
67						+	" grey to dark grey manganese o		
68						+	limonite stained whed felds agtz		
69	18	42	38	<1		+	boxworks after pyrite or garnet		
70						+			
71					20	+			
72						+			
73						+			
74						+			
75						+			
76					30	+			
77						+			
78						+			
79						+			
80	30	<4	70	<1	40	+			
81						+			
82						+			
716483	32	<4	90	<1		+			
					50		hole stopped by hard siliceous limonite o manganese stained rock ? garnets.		

REASON FOR HOLE:

DRILL TYPE: ING RAVD TR3

LOGGED BY: P BINKS

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 11/4/84

OTHER DETAILS:

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YINMINE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG
LOCATION 1.3 km SW Warramboo
HOLE CO-ORDINATES 534400E 6320560N T.D. 40m

HOLE N° KRB 46

050

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716365							SILTY SOIL pale br		
66									
67							CLAYEY SAND orange brown		
68							BEDROCK highly wkted pink red clay + fgr		
69					10		gtz		
70									
71									
72									
73							" white clay + gtz		
74							red brown clay + gtz		
75					20				
76							" white clay + f-m gr gtz, gneissic		
77							pink red clay + gtz		
78									
79					30		" brown clay f-m gr gtz		
80									
81							" white clay f-m gr gtz		
82							green brown, f-m gr gtz +		
83							? biotite (biotite GNEISS)		
716384	18	14	100	<1	40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RFBM TR3

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DATE DRILLED: 11/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YAMACE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
 LOCATION 1.4 km SW Warman 6,320,580N
 HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554320E 6,320,580N T.D. 40m

HOLE N° KRAB 47

SAMPLE NO	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH M THIS	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	Au					
716385								SAND • fgr pale brown CONCRETE		
86										
87								CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
88										
89								BEDROCK • red br lim • hem stained clay qtz		
90						10				
91								" cream highly leached clay (w/hted felds.) qtz with few ? hematite grains after magnetite		
92										
93										
94										
95						20				
96										
97										
98										
99								" red brown hem. stained ? GNEISS		
400						30		" cream to pale brown highly leached ? GNEISS		
1					<0.01					
2					"					
3					"					
716404	34	8	65	<1	"	40		" khaki w/hted GNEISS with biotite		

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING REND TR3

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: P BINKS

DATE DRILLED: 11/4/84

DRG/CODE NO:

PROSPECT YANINEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
 ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE N° KRPB 48

LOCATION 1.5 km SW Warramboo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554240E 6320440N

T.D. 40m

052

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716405						---	SILTY SOIL pale br		
6						---	CLAYEY SAND orange		
7						---			
8						---			
9					10	{ }	BEDROCK Ferrug sand/whtd bedrock.		
10						{ }	" red brown ferrug.		
11						{ }			
12						{ }	" orange red "		
13						{ }			
14					20	{ }	" highly whtd white cream clay		
15						{ }	(whtd felds) + f-m gr gtz		
16						{ }			
17						{ }			
18						{ }			
19					30	{ }			
20						{ }			
21						{ }			
22						{ }			
23	10	<4	12	<1		{ }	" grey green whtd ? GNEISS		
716424	14	<4	10	<1	40	{ }	" yellow green "		
						{ }	iron spotting after magnetic.		

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RAMD TR3

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DATE DRILLED: 11/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.6 km SW Warrambtoo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554160E 6320380N TD 32m

058

SAMPLE NO	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag				
716425						+	SAND Fgr pale brown	
26						+	CALCRETE	
27						+	CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown	
28						+		
29					10	+	SAND Fgr Ferricreted	
30						+		
31						+		
32						+		
33					20	{ }	BEDROCK cream to pale br clay (w/ld felds)	
34						{ }	qtz with dissem ? hem after	
35						{ }	magnetite	
36						{ }	? w/lded magnetite GNEISS	
37						{ }		
38						{ }		
39					30	{ }		
716440	10	14	14	<1		{ }		
					40			

REASON FOR HOLE:

DRILL TYPE: ING RAND TR3

LOGGED BY: P BINKS

OTHER DETAILS:

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 11/4/84

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YANIAEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
 ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG
 LOCATION 1.7 km SW WATTAMBOO

HOLE N° KPA8 50

054

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554080E 6320330N

T.D. 40m

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716441						+++	SILTY SOIL + light brown CALCRETE		
42						+++			
43							CLAYEY SAND red brown		
44							SAND f. gr red brown, ferruginous		
45					10				
46							SILCRETE white		
47						{ }	BEDROCK white - cream clay (w/ felds)		
48						{ }	f-m gr gtz (w/bed GRAESS)		
49						{ }			
50					20	{ }			
51						{ }			
52						{ }			
53						{ }			
54						{ }			
55					30	{ }	" pale brown clay + gtz		
56						{ }	" dark yellow		
57						{ }	" yellow green w/bed GRAESS.		
58						{ }			
59						{ }			
716460	10	26	8	<1	40	{ }			

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: MG RAMS TR3

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DATE DRILLED: 11/4/64

DRG/CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION C.8 km W Warramboo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 55°46'E 63°21'S 20N TO 40m

055

SAMPLE NO	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716544							SAND Fgr pale br		
45							CALCRETE		
46							CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
47							BEDROCK red brown hem + lim. stained clay (w/bed felds) + qtz w/bed ? GNEISS		
48					10				
49									
50									
51									
52							" cream w/bed ? GNEISS		
53					20				
54									
55									
56									
57							" red brown + brown hem stained ? GNEISS		
58					30				
59									
60									
61									
62							" green brown w/bed biotite GNEISS		
716563	70	22	110	<1	40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RANA TR3

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: P BALS

DATE DRILLED: 11/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YAMINEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° H2AB 52.

LOCATION 0.9 km W WATTEMBOO
ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554540E 6320520N T.D 40m

056

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag						
716564								SAND • Fgr pale brown CALCRETE		
65										
66								CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
67								REDROCK cream to pale br clay & gtz		
68						10		" purple brown hem. stained w/hted micaceous GNEISS		
69										
70										
71										
72										
73						20				
74										
75										
76										
77										
78						30		" khaki brown w/hted biotite GNEISS.		
79										
80										
81										
82										
716583	110	55	130	<1		40				

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING RMD TR3

LOGGED BY: P BANKS

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 12/4/84

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

HOLE N° KRAB 54

058

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554360E 6321520N T.D. 46m

DRG / CODE No.:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.2 Km W Warramboo

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554260E 6321530N T.D. 40m

059

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716631						---	SILTY SOIL & CALCRETE pink brown		
32						---	CLAYEY SAND brown		
33						---			
34						---			
35						---	SILCRETE & FERRICRETE brown-white		
36					10	---			
37						---	BEDROCK white clay & f m gr gtz		
38						---			
39						---	" brown to yellow green & white		
40					20	---	clay & gtz, ?gneissic		
41						---			
42						---	" white clay & gtz.		
43						---	" yellow brown clay & gtz		
44						---			
45					30	---			
46						---			
47						---			
48						---			
49						---			
716650	20	16	120	<1	40	---	" dark green ? biotite SCHIST minor f & gtz.		

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: MG BAND TR3

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DRILLER: P MITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 12/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.3 km W Warramboo

554160E

6321520N

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554160E 6321520N T.D. 40m

000

SAMPLE NO	ANALYSES ppm/%				DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag					
716651							SAND a F gr pale brown		
52							CALCRETE		
53							CLAYEY SAND F gr red brown		
54									
55					10				
56							SAND F gr brown, Ferricrete = silcrete!		
57									
58									
59									
60					20		BEDROCK cream to pale br clay (w/hted		
61							Felds) qtz & sericite		
62							(w/hted ? GNEISS)		
63									
64									
65					30				
66									
67									
68									
69									
716670	22	24	38	<1	40		" grey green w/hted biotite GNEISS		
REASON FOR HOLE :									
OTHER DETAILS :						DRILL TYPE: ING REND TR3			
						DRILLER: P NITSCHKE			
						SCALE: 1:500			
						LOGGED BY: P BINKS			
						DATE DRILLED: 12/4/84			
						DRG / CODE No:			

POLE IN ARMS 51

061

DRG / CODE No:

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 553866 6321520N T.D. 30m

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
716711								SILTY SOIL & CALCRETE		
12								CLAYEY SAND orange brown		
13								SAND Fgr brown Ferricreted in part		
14										
15						10				
16								SILCRETE		
17										
18										
19										
20						20		CLAY grey green & pink red min 9/2		
21								" grey green & yellow		
22								SAND F-m gr well rounded, 9/2 lim yellow to red.		
23								" Fgr red brown Ferricreted		
24								black hem cement		
716725						30		HOLE ABANDONED.		

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: 116 RMD TR3

DRILLER: P. MISCHKE

SCALE: 1: 500

LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER

DATE DRILLED: 14/4/64

DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YINIAEE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

HOLE N° KRPB 60

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.8 km W Warramboo

364

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 55366E 6321520N TD 30m

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
716726							+++	SAND Fgr pale brown.		
27							+++	CALCRETE		
28							---	CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
29							---	SAND Fgr brown		
30						10		" Fgr red brown Ferricreted.		
31										
32										
33										
34								" Fgr cream to pink silcreted.		
35						20				
36								" red brown to dark brown		
37										
38										
39										
716740						30		HOLE ABANDONED - no return damp sand.		

REASON FOR HOLE :

DRILL TYPE: ING RAND TR3

LOGGED BY: P BINES

DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE

DATE DRILLED: 14/4/84

OTHER DETAILS :

SCALE: 1:500

DRG/CODE No:

HOLE N° KRAV 61

TD 28m

005

SAMPLE NO	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
716741								SILTY SOIL		
42								CALCRETE		
43										
44								CLAYEY SAND orange		
45						10		" orange brown + grey green		
46										
47								SAND Fgr, Ferricreted.		
48								" Fgr white, silcreted		
49								" Fgr orange red		
50						20		" Fgr yellow br		
51								" Fgr black br		
52								" Fgr black a minor bl clayey silt.		
53										
716754						30		HOLE ABANDONED		

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RABD TR3	LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER
DRILLER: P NITSCHKE	DATE DRILLED: 14/4/84
SCALE: 1:500	DRG/CODE No:

PROSPECT YIN/INCE CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 2.5 km W Warrumbungle

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 552930E 6321750N.

-1.D 24m

066

SAMPLE No	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
716755							+++	SAND ^a Fgr pale brown		
56							+++	CALCRETE		
57							---	CLAYEY SAND Fgr red brown		
58							---			
59						10	---			
60							---	SAND yellow, silicified.		
61							---	" Fgr yellow		
62							---	" Fgr yellow to brown		
63							---			
64						20	---			
65							---	CLAYEY SAND Fgr grey black		
716766							---	HOLE ABANDONED - no return, damp sample.		
						30				

REASON FOR HOLE :	DRILL TYPE: ING RAM TR3	LOGGED BY: P BINKS
OTHER DETAILS :	DRILLER: P NITSCHKE	DATE DRILLED: 14/4/84
	SCALE: 1:500	DRG/CODE No:

HOLE N° YEAR 63

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG
LOCATION 4.3 km NW Harramboro

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 551710E 6323640N TD 24m

067

[illegible]

068

HOLE CO-ORDINATES. 552010E 6324230N 7 D 12m

DRILL TYPE: ING RND TR3	LOGGED BY: G. HOOPER
DRILLER: P. NITSCHKE	DATE DRILLED: 14/4/64
SCALE: 1:500	DRG/CODE No:

ROTARY AIR BLAST DRILL HOLE LOG

LOCATION 1.1 km SW Warman 80°

HOLE CO-ORDINATES 554600E 632070N

T.D. 52m

009

SAMPLE N°	ANALYSES ppm/%					DEPTH METRES	LOG	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	WATER
	Cu	Pb	Zn	Hg						
716813								SAND & calcareous		
14								CLAYEY SAND		
15								SAND		
16								SAND		
17								BEDROCK		
18						10		purple, hem stained gtz & sericite whtd ? GNEISS		
19										
20										
21										
22								" brown lim. stained whtd ? GNEISS		
23						20				
24								" brown to grey lim & manganese stained whtd ? GNEISS		
25										
26	75	20	46	<1						
27										
28						30		" brown & purple lim. & hem stained whtd ? GNEISS		
29										
30										
31										
32										
33						40				
34	130	12	85	<1						
35										
36								" green brown whtd ? GNEISS		
37						50				
716838	75	24	140	<1						
								HOLE STOPPED - in hard gtz, felt, ? ampl ? banded GNEISS		
						60				

REASON FOR HOLE :

OTHER DETAILS :

DRILL TYPE: ING RAND TR3

DRILLER: P NITSCHKE

SCALE: 1:500

LOGGED BY: P BMKS

DATE DRILLED: 15/4/84

DRG/CODE No:

LOGISTICS REPORT

AIRBORNE ELECTROMAGNETIC AND MAGNETIC SURVEY

BARRINGER "INPUT" SYSTEM

OF THE

KYANCUTTA AREA

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

FOR

CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LIMITED

BY

GEOTERREX PTY. LIMITED



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I. INTRODUCTION

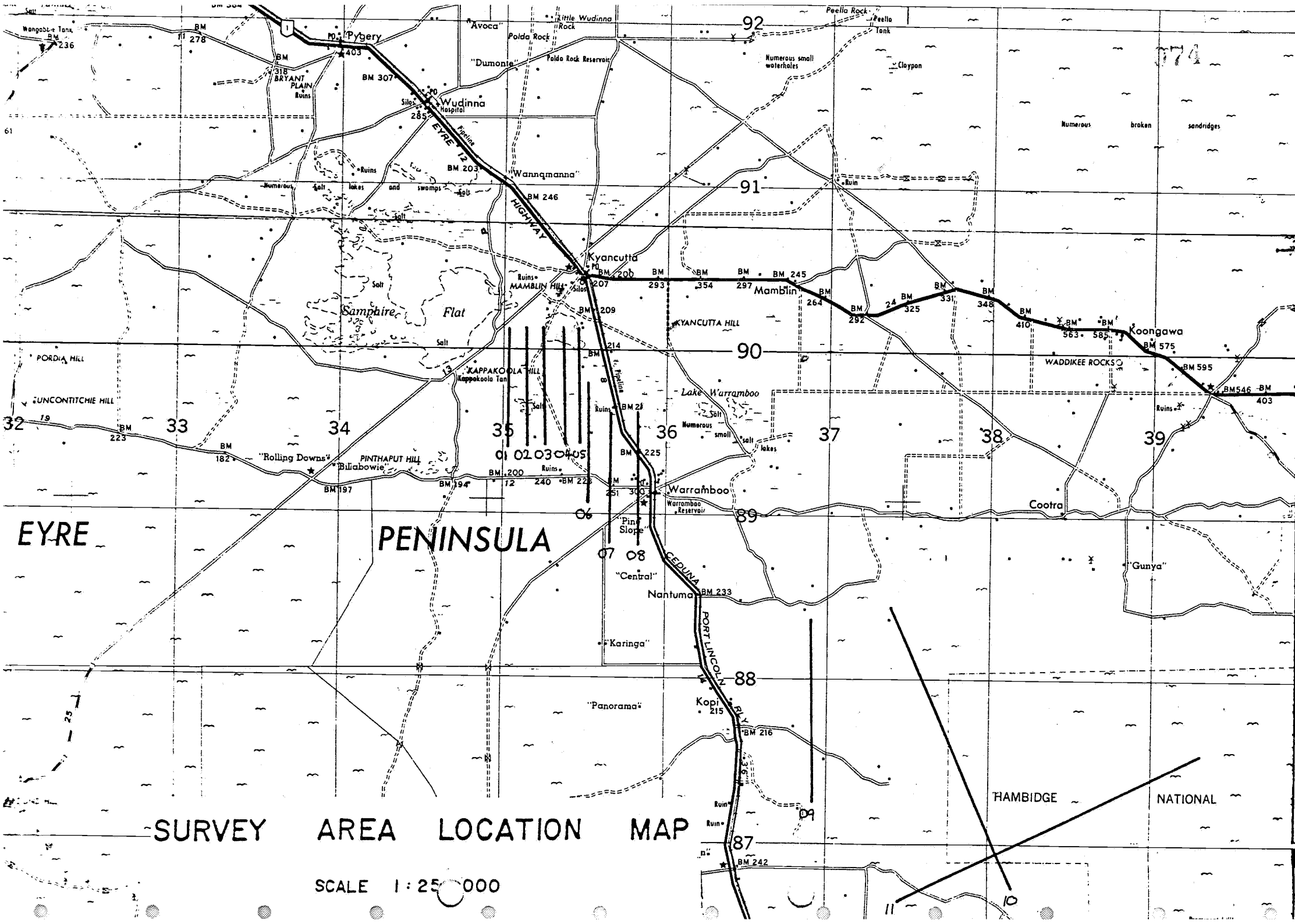
On December 1, 1983, Geoterrex Pty. Limited flew a combined electromagnetic and magnetic survey over the Kyancutta region of South Australia on behalf of Carpentaria Exploration Company Pty. Limited. The base for the duration of the survey was Whyalla.

Eleven profiles were flown for a total of approximately 100 kms.

The project was conducted with a Super Canso PBY-5A under registration VH-EXG, which is operated by F.C. Sleigh Aviation for Geoterrex Pty. Limited and was equipped with:-

- a Barringer Mark V 12 channel EM system
- a Geometrics G803 nuclear precession magnetometer
- a Geoterrex MADACS digital acquisition system
- a Sperry RT220 radar altimeter
- a 50 Hz monitor
- a Geocam 705 35mm continuous strip tracking camera
- a Honeywell 1912 visicorder.

Navigation was by visual means from high level black and white RC9 photographs, at 1:40,000. The aircraft was operated at a mean terrain clearance of 120 metres.



II. PERSONNEL

The following Geoterrex personnel anticipated in the field phase of the survey:-

Pilot	J. Edwards
Co-pilot	T. McKenzie
Aircraft mechanic	W. Mitchell
Electronics technician	B. Woolfrey
Data Compiler	C. Worsley

The project was supervised by Mr. G. Butt and Mr. G. Nader of Geoterrex Pty. Limited in consultation with Mr. N. Sheard of Carpentaria Exploration Company Pty. Limited.

III. DATA PRESENTATION

The original visicorder records of the raw INPUT, altitude and magnetic data are presented bound in line number order. All calibration data is included and a copy of the analogue format is shown in Figure 2 of Appendix A.

The one roll of negative 35mm continuous strip tracking film is delivered and appropriately labelled.

The 1:40,000 aerial photography bearing all of the recovered points, along with the tracking film is provided for accurate location of any followup investigation.

The flight log which contains all relevant information regarding the collection of geophysical data is also presented.

Interpretation overlays to the 1:40,000 Government photography.

IV. INTERPRETATION OF THE SURVEY DATA AND RECOMMENDATIONS

From the INPUT data acquired over the Kyancutta area, it is considered that within this area, airborne electromagnetic prospecting would not be a suitable technique in the direct search for massive sulphides. The eleven INPUT profiles flown, show that the area is very conductive and in most cases the INPUT response can be modelled to fit a homogeneous half space. The high conductivity which in places is less than 0.5 (ohmetres), is most likely due to the high level of salt content within the overlying sediments.

Three INPUT anomalies have been selected for consideration as possible bedrock conductors. Two of the anomalies occur on line 008.1N at fiducials 528030 and 528480. At both these locations the INPUT signature shows a marked increase in conductivity, whereby the fast time constant channels indicates that the anomaly at fiducial 528030 is narrow and sharp, particularly on the early channels. The anomaly at fiducial 528480 is somewhat broader in width but does show an apparent association to a 200 nT magnetic high.

The third selected anomaly occurs on line 009.1S at fiducial 532980. At this location, the INPUT response is very narrow (as indicated by the fast time constant channels) and coincides with the northern flank of a 400 nT magnetic high. This INPUT anomaly is possibly situated at a geological contact which is reflected in the INPUT data by a decrease in the early channel amplitudes from north to south across the anomalous zone.

Within the normal interpretation guidelines of INPUT data, all three selected anomalies would have a low priority rating. However, if the location of these anomalies occur within a geologically prospective area where no cultural source is evident, then followup is recommended with emphasis on geochemical sampling.

Powerline interference as indicated by the 50 Hz monitor is prominent throughout most of the area, however this external noise source is only weakly reflected in the INPUT data.

It should be borne out that even though the test area is very conductive, the INPUT system can be useful as a mapping technique. This is best illustrated on profiles 001.1 to 008.1 where conductive trends have been delineated. These trends may correlate to weathered lithological units or alternatively represent variations in the conductivity-thickness product of the overburden.

In the latter case, if the conductivity is generally uniform throughout the area, then it is possible to indirectly map sedimentary channels by determining changes in the overburden thickness. This geophysical appraisal may be significant if mineralization is expected to occur within such channels. Geoterrex has an automatic interpretation routine which can quantitatively evaluate and fit the INPUT data to a Half Space, thick sheet and thin sheet model.

In conclusion, the test area is not considered favourable to electromagnetic prospecting for the direct search of massive sulphides, especially if such prospective targets occur at depth. The very high conductivity of the surface layers would most likely mask any potential bedrock conductor within this region unless it occurred very near to surface.

The use of INPUT for indirect mapping of tertiary channels has good potential in this area.

Respectfully submitted,

GEOTERREX PTY. LIMITED



G. NADER

GEOPHYSICIST

APPENDIX A

INPUT EQUIPMENT AND PROCEDURES

1. BARRINGER INPUT SYSTEM

a) General:

The INPUT (Induced Pulse Transient) method is based upon the study of the decay of secondary electromagnetic fields created in the ground by short pulses generated from an aircraft. The time-varying characteristics of the decay curve are analysed and interpreted in terms of information concerning the conductivity characteristics of the terrain.

The principle of separation in time between the production of the primary field and the detection of the measured secondary signal gives rise to an excellent signal-to-noise ratio and an increased depth of penetration compared to conventional continuous wave electromagnetic systems. It also makes the INPUT system relatively independent of air turbulence.

At a normal survey altitude of 120 metres above terrain, the typical effective depth penetration is estimated at about 180 metres below surface, depending on the conductivity contrast between the conductive body and surrounding rocks, the size and

attitude of the conductor and the presence or lack of conductive overburden. In optimum conditions a penetration of 210 metres subsurface can be achieved.

One of the major advantages of the INPUT method lies in good differentiation between flat-flying surface conductors and bedrock conductors so that the latter can be detected even under a relatively thick cover. Typical uses involve the search for sedimentary sulphides in thick basins and the search for graphitic lithologies under younger cover.

However, the application of the airborne INPUT electromagnetic method is limited to the solution of problems that are characterized by a reasonable resistivity contrast. The method is not considered to be applicable to the direct search for disseminated mineralization, except where a resistivity contrast exists.

b) Equipment:

The INPUT system was developed by Barringer Research Limited of Toronto, Canada.

The transmitted primary field is discontinuous in nature (Fig. 1A) with each pulse lasting 1000 microseconds; the pulse repetition rate is 288 per second.

The electromagnetic pulses are created by means of powerful electrical pulses fed into a 3-turn shielded transmitting loop surrounding the survey aircraft and fixed to the nose and tail of the fuselage and to the wing tips.

The secondary field reception is made by means of a receiving coil wound on a ferrite rod and mounted in a "bird" towed behind the aeroplane on a 140 metre co-axial cable. The axis of the pick-up coil is horizontal and parallel to the flight direction and a Faraday shield is used to reduce noise levels. Periods of 2400 microseconds between successive primary pulses (Fig. 1B) are used for detecting the secondary field and the transient voltage (Fig. 1C) thus produced corresponds in time to the decay of the eddy currents in the ground.

The analysis of the bird signal is made in the INPUT receiver by sampling the decay curve at 12 points, or gates, the centre and width of which have a fixed relationship with respect to time zero (t_0) corresponding to the termination of the pulses. The centres of the 12 sampling gates are set at a mean delay of 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 950, 1100, 1300, 1500, 1800 and 2100 microseconds after time zero (Fig. 1D).

The signals received at each sampling gate are processed in two multi-channel receivers to give one set of six and one set of twelve continuously varying analogue voltages. Each trace represents the coherent integration of one channel of the transient sample, the time constant of integration being variable. Presently, one set of twelve channels is recorded at a time constant of 2.6 seconds (Standard Resolution Channels, SRC), the other set of six at a time constant of 0.6 seconds (High Resolution Channels, HRC).

This integration delay plus the time separation between the receiving bird and tracking camera installed in the aircraft introduces a delay which has to be taken into consideration and corrected prior to correlating the electromagnetic data with the other simultaneously recorded data. This delay is approximately 4 seconds for the normal time constant and 2 seconds for the fast time constant.

c) Compensation Procedure

During primary field transmission eddy currents are induced in the aircraft frame as well as in conductive ground. The airframe eddy currents produce a secondary

field which needs to be cancelled out in order to measure the ground-related effects. To compensate for this effect a special device is used which feeds into each channel of the INPUT receiver a signal equal in amplitude and waveform but opposite in polarity to the signal induced by the airframe eddy current. The compensation signal is derived from the voltage induced in the receiving coil by the primary field; this voltage is constantly proportional to the inverse cube of the distance between the bird and the aircraft. Thus, swinging of the bird and changes of coupling are automatically corrected. The compensation adjustment is a simple procedure carried out during flight at a terrain clearance of 600 metres to eliminate the interference of ground conductors.

d) Time Sharing

In order to operate both the INPUT system and the proton magnetometer system simultaneously, the INPUT transmitter is switched off each second for a time period long enough to allow for a noise free magnetometer reading. The affect of this switching can be seen as a 1 Hertz ripple on the HRC INPUT channels.

II. MAGNETOMETER

The magnetometer is a Geometrics G-803 nuclear precession unit especially adapted to operate in conjunction with the INPUT equipment. Readings are taken every 1.0 second with a sensitivity of plus or minus 1 nanotesla and recorded at a full scale of 5 inches for 200 nanoteslas. The coarse trace is recorded at a full scale of 5 inches for 1,000 nanoteslas. The sensing head is mounted at the end of a 3 metre stinger, on the tail of the PBY aircraft.

III. SPECTROMETER (Optional)

A Nuclear Data 256 channel spectrometer is used. Its input is taken from the photomultiplier tubes attached to either 16 or 33 litres of NaI detectors, through an Ortec summing amplifier. Separate amplification is available for each individual detector to allow correct photomultiplier output voltage matching. The detectors are mounted in insulated containers and maintained at a constant temperature above the ambient temperature. The analogue voltage outputs from the photomultiplier tubes, which represent the gamma ray spectrum, are fed to the spectrometer (ADC) and converted into digital signals. These digital signals are then processed by the Madacs acquisition system. The acquisition system also

measures "live-time" which is the total time per sample period in which the ADC is processing incoming analogue signals.

The equivalent energy values for the various channel positions are noted in Appendix B. (No spectrometer data was acquired.)

For calibration purposes software routines are employed which allow:

- calculation and adjustment of both thorium and cesium window positions as a channel number. This channel number is comparable with the expected peak channel location. This check is accurate to .01 of a channel window width (0.12 KeV).

The use of both thorium and cesium peaks ensures the spread of the 256 channels is linear.

- display of the thorium or cesium photopeak on the oscilloscope or on the analogue chart, in order to allow calculation of system resolution. These peaks can be plotted for individual crystals or for the entire crystal array.
- automatic calculation of the various window responses to either a uranium or thorium source. The background values are automatically subtracted from the data recorded in the presence of either source and results are displayed on the television monitor.

They are then recorded on the flight log by the operator.

- memory storage of spectral data. This data can be plotted at any stage during a flight or at the end of flight, even after the system has been powered down.

A software facility is also provided to enable correction for compton scattering effects on the analogue data (not the digital data).

IV. TRACKING CAMERA

The tracking camera is a 35mm continuous strip camera equipped with a wide angle lens. The 35mm film is synchronized with the geophysical record by means of fiducial marks printed every 2.0 seconds. These time readings are not from an incrementing counter, they are read from digital information provided by the MADACS system.

V. ALTIMETER

A Sperry radar altimeter is used. This instrument has an accuracy of $\pm 2.5\%$. Data is recorded in units of feet.

VI. Hz MONITOR

A Hz monitor tuned to the local domestic power distribution frequency, is employed to assist in the detection of powerlines and their resultant anomalies.

VII. MADACS DIGITAL ACQUISITION SYSTEM

The MADACS is a computer based software system using an Interdata processor, model 6/16 with 32k memory. This computer is linked with a Digi-Data, model 1600 magnetic tape drive with a true read after write feature which allows checking of the recording process as many times as the particular application permits. The checking procedure includes elimination of errors due to bad tape spots. Use of multiple buffers permits recording and processing data simultaneously with acquisition of new data, with no resulting dead time.

The system uses a Cybernex TV monitor to display acquired data and operator messages and is fully interactive with a Cybernex alpha numeric keyboard which can be used remotely for special installations.

The key feature of this system is that all the data collecting, verifying, buffering and recording is software-controlled and thus may be economically

altered to fit almost any requirements. Many critical parameters are automatically monitored during flight, with visual and aural alarms provided.

Survey parameters are displayed during flight in the same units as the basic sensor, making operator comparisons simple. A suite of programs is provided for checking and trouble-shooting the hardware.

The MADACS is used to control and command the operation of all three geophysical systems (INPUT, magnetometer and spectrometer) as well as ancillary equipment such as the camera, altimeter, tape drive, analogue chart recorders and sometimes electronic navigation systems. The basis is a precision clock recording time to 0.1 seconds. Time is digitally recorded in seconds after midnight, so that a six figure number such as 360000 corresponds to a time of ten a.m. Fiducials are generated on digital tape, camera and analogue chart at two second intervals. The fiducial numbers do not increment by units; they are in fact calculated from the time by the computer. Using this method, any data are uniquely defined by their flight number and their time. This system thus does not require digital recording of line numbers, part numbers or direction, thus avoiding a source of digital recording errors.

INPUT and altitude data are digitally recorded five times each second. Either SRC or HRC data can be recorded on digital tape, but not both. 12 channels are recorded plus transmitter current and altitude. Digital INPUT data can be positive or negative depending on the zero level voltage dictated by the compensation circuitry. The output voltages of the INPUT receiver are converted to digital units by analogue-to-digital converters (ADCs) and it is here that gains are adjusted to ensure that in conductive areas large anomaly amplitudes (large output voltages) can be kept within the dynamic range of the ADC's.

Magnetic data are recorded once per second and to an accuracy of 1nT. However the software allocates two decimal places to these readings to allow for future replacement of the G803 with a more sensitive instrument.

Radiometric data is accumulated over one second periods. Channels 1 through to 255 are recorded between thresholds set according to Appendix B. Channel 0 records counts in a higher MeV range which corresponds to cosmic gamma radiation. The counts accumulated within certain energy windows, corresponding to those radioactive isotopes of most interest, are calculated from Channels 0 to 255 by the computer and recorded separately each second. These windows are those commonly used for thorium, uranium, potassium, total count and cosmic, as

well as an additional uranium window termed auxiliary uranium.

Spaces are left in the format for frame number (if a frame camera is used) and for navigation information (if an electronic navigation system is used).

Manual information such as start time and flight number are keyed in each morning at the start of the flight.

The MADACS system is provided with 12 digital-to-analogue converters (DAC's) to provide outputs to the analogue recording units. The DAC's can be individually subjected to a software routine which checks that their response to a complete range of digital inputs is linear.

VIII. DIGITAL RECORDING

600 or 1200 foot tapes are written in IBM compatible binary with full parity, cyclic redundancy and longitudinal check characters. Read-after-write checking ensures data is correctly recorded. The recording density is 800 b.p.i. and the recording format is described in Appendix B.

IX. ANALOGUE RECORDING

The MADACS system controls a read-after-write facility whereby most of the analogue channels are read after the data are recorded onto digital tape. Altitude, radiometric and magnetic data are programmed for automatic zero calibration at the start of each flight line. .

a) Honeywell Visicorder

This is an optical galvanometer recorder used to record INPUT, magnetic and Hz monitor data. An example of its analogue output is displayed in Figure 2.

The data traces, in order from the top of the chart, are:

- 50 Hz monitor.
- 12 SRC INPUT channels.
- altimeter (read-after-write).
- total magnetic field (2000nT FSD) (read-after-write).
- total magnetic field (200nT FSD) (read-after-write).
- six HRC INPUT channels (read-after-write). (Pairs of channels have been summed.)

The fiducial system is used to generate vertical "event" lines on the charts. Lines every 10 seconds are dual, and the dual lines every 50 seconds are labelled with their appropriate time value. Time increases from left to right.

The SRC INPUT data deflect downwards for positive anomalies.

The HRC INPUT and magnetic data deflects upwards for positive anomalies.

During calibration procedures, a test signal of known strength is used to generate from the INPUT receivers an analogue response of known amplitude on each channel. Generally one of two standard sets of amplifications is used, depending whether the survey is to be flown in a generally conductive or generally resistive area. The actual gains used are noted in Appendix B.

b) Mars 6 Recorder (Optional).

Radiometric, altitude and magnetic data are recorded on this 6 - channel, heat pen recorder. Figure 3 shows the usual arrangement of channels on this recorder. Provision is made in the software for full scale values to be changed for each channel, depending on activity in the area to be surveyed. Time increases from right to left and is indicated by an event mark every 10 seconds. These event marks are annotated at regular intervals with their appropriate time values.

Thorium, uranium, potassium and total count values

all increase upwards as do the terrain clearance and Magnetic data increase upwards.

X. PROCEDURES

a) Field Operations:

The flight line spacing is normally in the range of 200 metres to 1 kilometre. During survey flights, the altitude of the aircraft is maintained at approximately 120 metres above the ground with the bird flying about 40 metres above the ground.

The heading of the aircraft is such that two adjacent lines are normally flown in opposite directions. Visual navigation is based on airphoto mosaics or in some cases on topographic maps of suitable scale.

During surveys the calibration of the altimeter is checked by flying straight and level over the runway at a barometric altitude AGL of 120 metres. The compensation adjustment is checked during ferry from the base to the survey area.

b) Calibration

Before each flight the gains and zero levels for each INPUT channel are checked and adjusted if necessary. This is carried out at an altitude of 600 metres, away from ground effects. These items are again monitored

during each flight and at the end of each flight. The information is recorded on digital tape and analogue chart. If the survey area is resistive, the zero levels are best determined from data recorded over the resistive regions at normal survey altitude. While at 600 metre altitude the compensation procedure is followed to ensure effects of airframe transients are cancelled. Any adjustments are made prior to zero level monitoring since compensation adjustments affect zero level voltages.

All checks and adjustments are performed at high altitude where they can be clearly monitored and recorded for subsequent digital processing.

If radiometric data is being collected a test line may be required before and after each flight. Background gamma radiation levels are monitored and recorded at high altitude during the INPUT calibration procedures. Spectrum positioning checks and source checks are performed before and after each flight.

c) Compilation

At the end of each flight, all records and films are developed, edited and all synchronized fiducial marks are checked. Then, the actual flight path recovery is made by picking visible marks common to both 35mm

film and photo mosaics.

Identified points with their time value are plotted on the mosaic. Then, the electromagnetic anomalies are transferred from the records onto a mosaic overlay by interpolation according to their own fiducial number.

The position of the INPUT anomalies must be corrected to take into account the separation between the bird and the aircraft as well as the delay introduced in the integration circuitry. This offset, or lag, is plotted towards the smaller fiducial numbers (to the left on the record). It varies, depending whether the SRC or HRC data is used.

The INPUT anomalies are represented on a map by means of symbols that condense the most significant characteristics:

- i) the location of the centre and half-peak width of the electromagnetic anomaly.
- ii) the number of INPUT channels affected by a noticeable deflection.
- iii) an estimate of the CTP and its match to a vertical half plane, horizontal thin sheet or half space model.
- iv) the peak amplitudes of the fourth and eleventh channels in ppm.
- v) the altitudes at which the anomalies were recorded

- vi) the amplitude of any magnetic features which coincide with INPUT anomalies;
- vii) associated response on the Hertz monitor.

The only subjective elements introduced by this processing are in the decision as to whether a deflection corresponds to a genuine anomaly or to a noise source (electrostatic atmospheric discharge, compensation noise, etc.) and in the correlation of the anomalies from line to line to delineate a conductive zone.

To aid in this correlation process various computer products can be utilized. These are profile maps or contour maps of one or more channels, multiplots or printouts showing calculated parameters such as decay time constant or half-space model correlation. These latter parameters can also be contoured or plotted as profile maps.

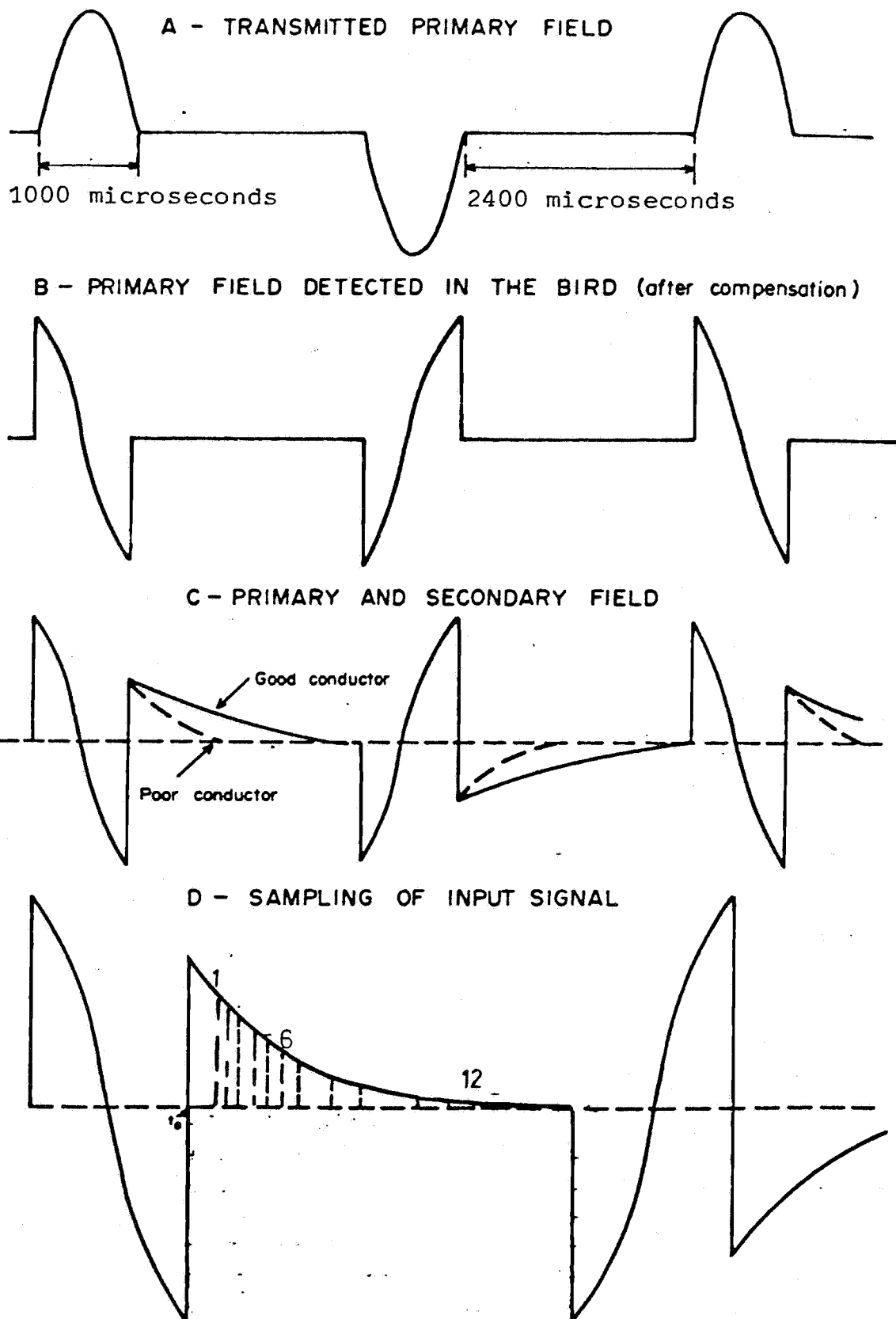
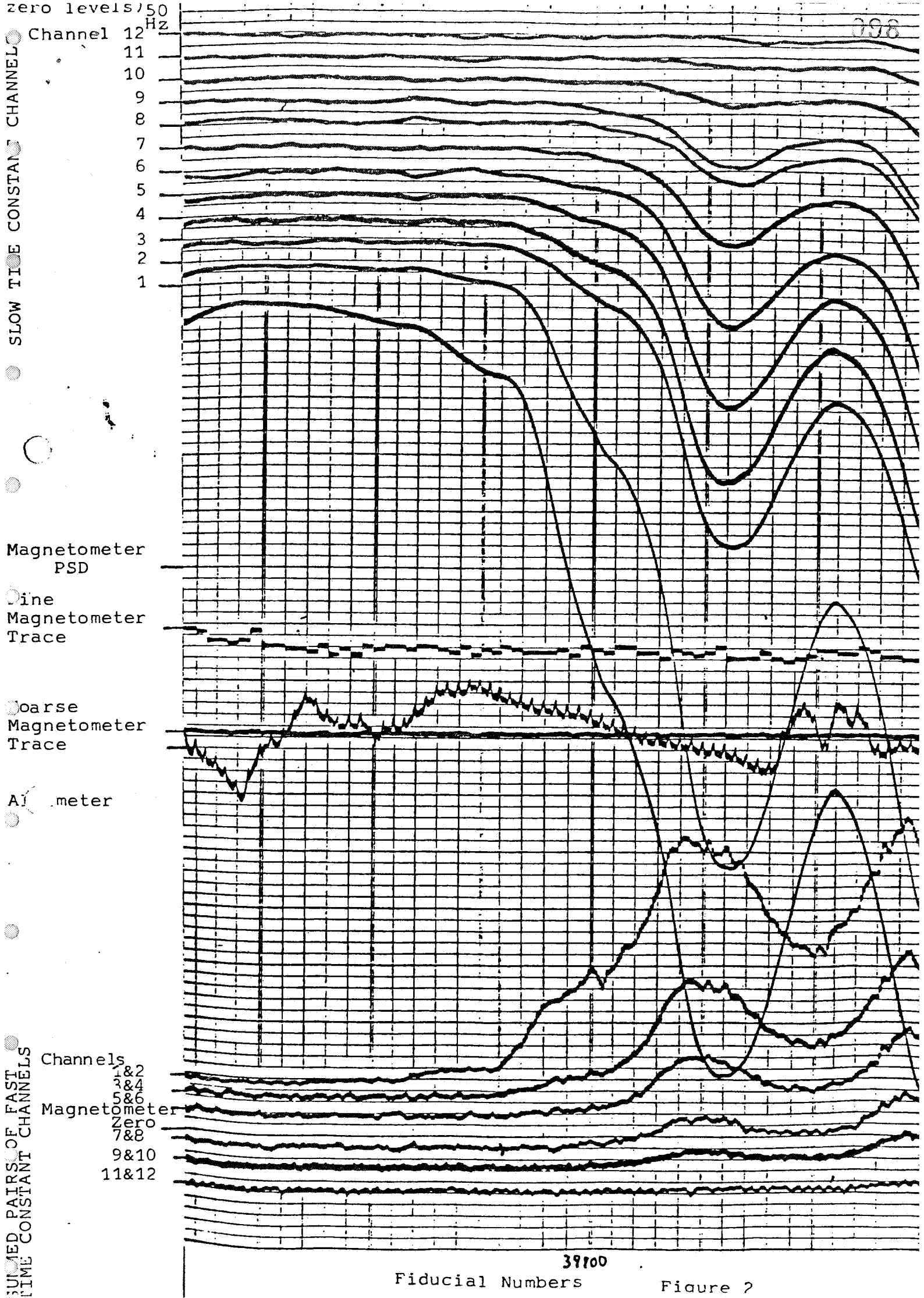
INPUT SIGNAL

FIGURE I.



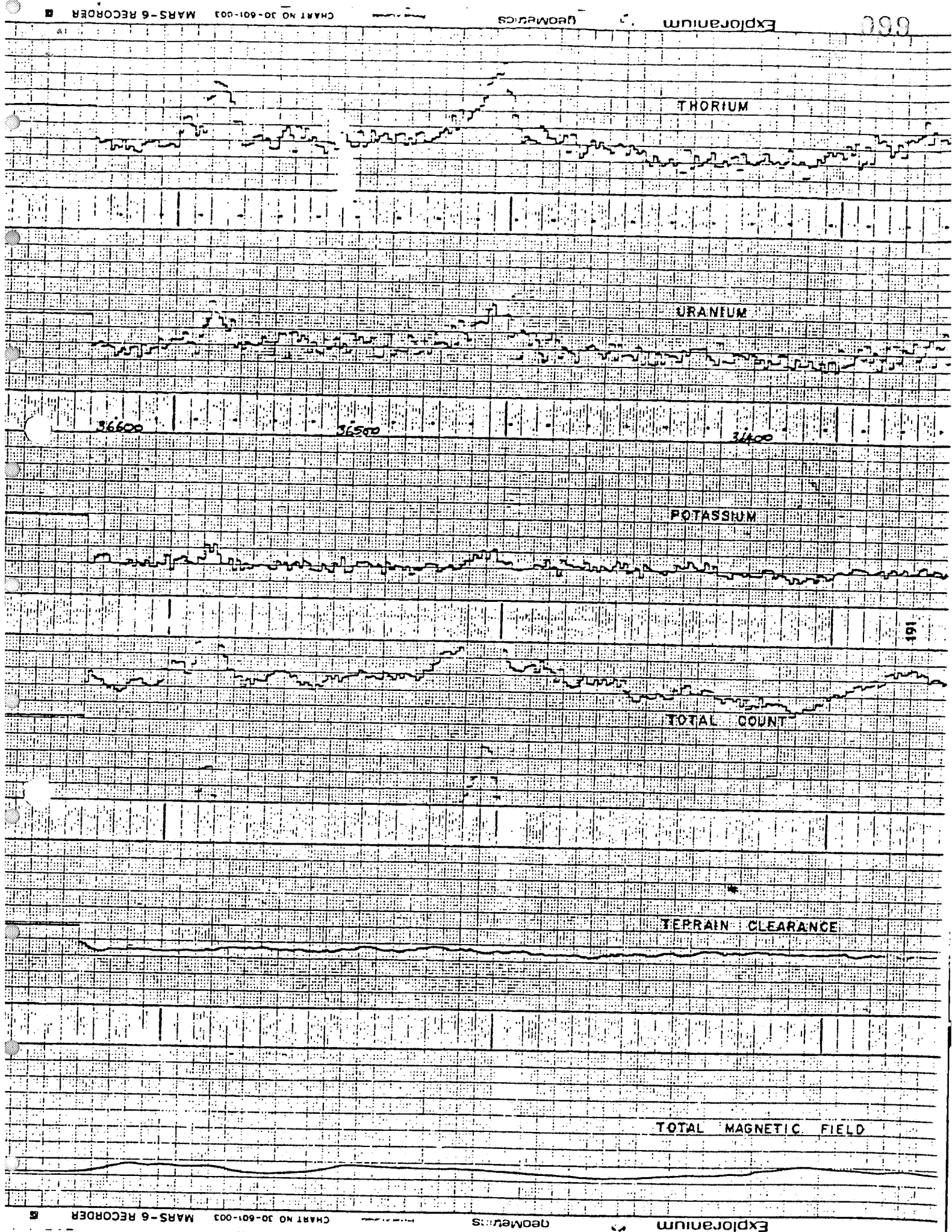


FIGURE 3

INSTRUMENT SPECIFICATIONS AND CALIBRATIONS1. INPUT MARK V-12

Transmitter height above ground level (agl) = 120 metres
 Receiver height (a.g.l.) = 40 metres
 Transmitter Receiver Separation = 107 metres

Transmitter : Half sine wave current pulse
 Repetition rate = 288 pulses per second
 Pulse width = 1.0 millisecond

Receiver

<u>Channel No.</u>	<u>Channel Centre</u>	<u>Channel Width</u>	<u>Approximate Settings</u> <u>Sensitivity (or gain)</u>
1	300	200	2 mV = 1.3" chart deflection
2	400	200	1.7"
3	500	200	1.7"
4	600	200	2.0"
5	700	200	2.1"
6	800	200	2.1"
7	950	300	2.2"
8	1100	400	2.6"
9	1300	400	3.0"
10	1500	600	2.7"
11	1800	600	3.2"
12	2100	600	3.6"

* All times are in microseconds after transmitter turn off.

Primary field signal measured at the receiver coil in normal configuration = 0.9 volts

1×10^6 parts per million = $\frac{1}{2}$ peak to peak primary field signal measured at the receiver in normal configuration.

100 digital units = 1" chart deflection.

Synchronisation lag: Slow time constant - 4.0 seconds (for vertical conductors)
 Fast time constant - 2.0 seconds (for vertical conductors)

2. MAGNETOMETER

Geometrics G803 Proton Precession Sensor Height = 120 metres
 Stinger Mounted Sample Interval = 1.0 second

2.

Sensitivity = 1.0 nT

Full scale chart deflection = 200 nT (fine scale)
= 2000 nT (coarse scale)

3. ALTIMETER

Sperry RT 220 radar altimeter

Sample interval = 0.2 seconds

Accuracy = +/- 1.5% (+/- 2 metres at 120 metres)

Analogue chart Scale = 1" per 30 metres

4. ANALOGUE RECORDER

Honeywell Visicorder

Top - 50 Hz monitor

12 slow time constant INPUT traces (positive down)

Terrain clearance (positive down)

2 Magnetometer traces (positive up)

6 summed pairs of fast time constant INPUT traces
(positive up)

Bottom - Fiducial numbers (Realtime, seconds after midnight)

Chart speed - 6" per minute.

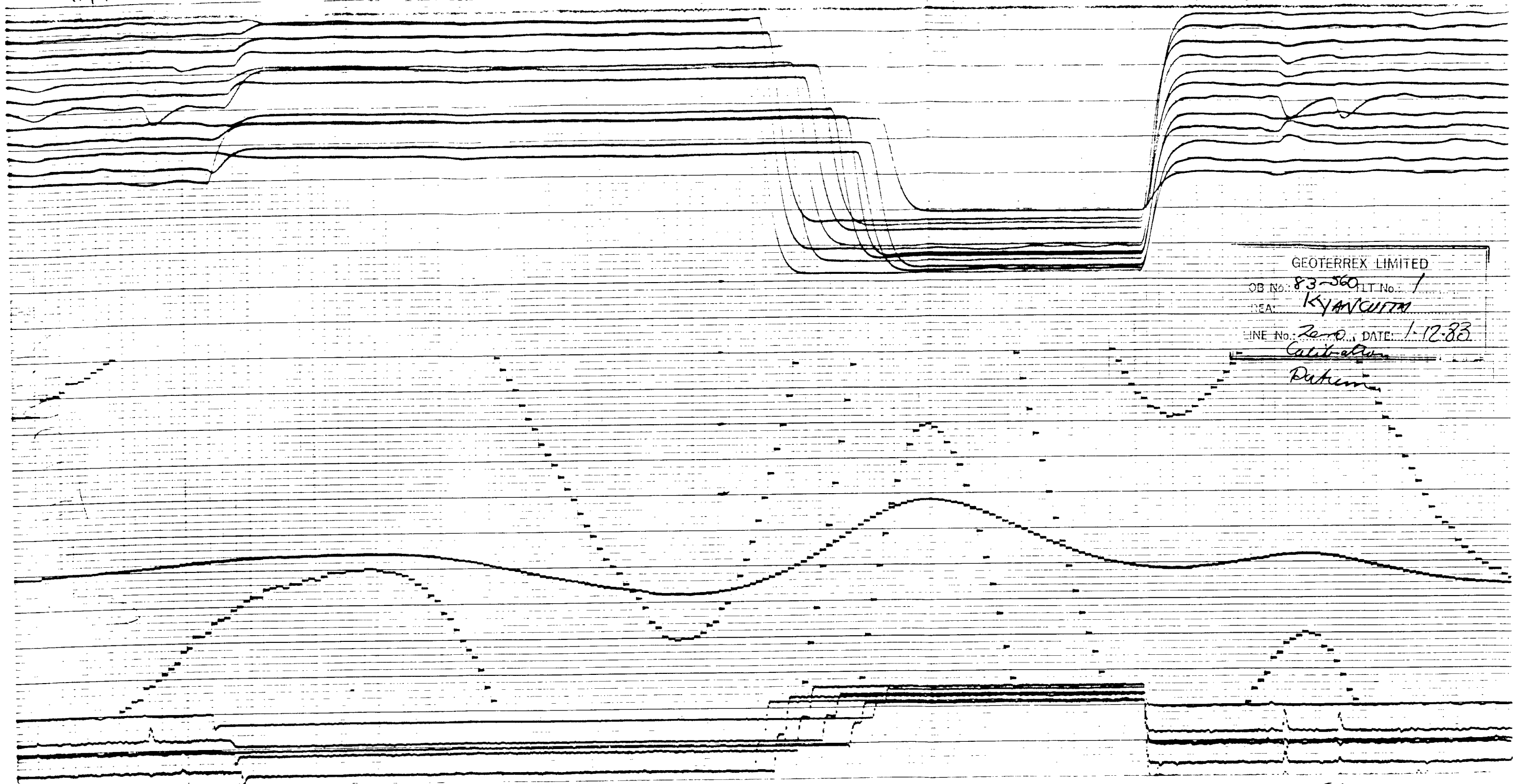
The tape structure used on this survey is set to record INPUT, magnetic and radiometric data.

The following is the tape description for a single physical block:

<u>Byte Position</u>	<u>Number of Bytes</u>	<u>Description</u>
1-4	4	Block Number
5-6	2	Flight Number
7-8	2	Spare halfword
9-10	2	"
11-12	2	"
13-16	4	Magnetometer (0.01 nT)
17-18	2	(Thorium Count)
19-20	2	(Uranium Count)
21-22	2	(Auxillary Uranium Count)
23-24	2	(Potassium Count)
25-26	2	(Total Count)
27-28	2	(Cosmic Count)
29-30	2	(Live Time (milliseconds))
31-40	10	Input Channel 1 @ T-.9, .7, .5, .3, .1 secs.
41-50	10	Input Channel 2
51-60	10	" " 3
61-70	10	" " 4
71-80	10	" " 5
81-90	10	" " 6
91-100	10	" " 7
101-110	10	" " 8
111-120	10	" " 9
121-130	10	" " 10
131-140	10	" " 11
141-150	10	" " 12
151-160	10	" " 13
161-170	10	" " 14
171-180	10	" " 15
181-190	10	Altimeter @ T - .9, .7, .5, .3, .1 seconds
191-194	4	Time at end of sample
195-196	2	Fiducial number
197-198	2	(Doppler track or heading
199-318	120	Radiometric channels 0-59 2 bytes per channel
319-514	196	Radiometric channels 60-255 - 1 byte per channel
515-516	2	(Doppler along distance)
517-518	2	(Doppler cross distance)

- * INPUT channels 13-15 are 50 Hz, loop current and primary Field.
 - * Unused fields are set to zero
 - * Positions shown in parenthesis were not used for this job.
- TAPE DENSITY - 9 track, 800 bpi
- BLOCK SIZE - 518 bytes
- RECORDING MODE- binary (IBM compatible)

APPENDIX C



GEOTERREX LIMITED	
OB No.: 83-560	ALT No.: 1
REAL: KYAN/CUTM	
LINE No.: 2000	DATE: 1-12-83
Calibration	
Datum	

50400

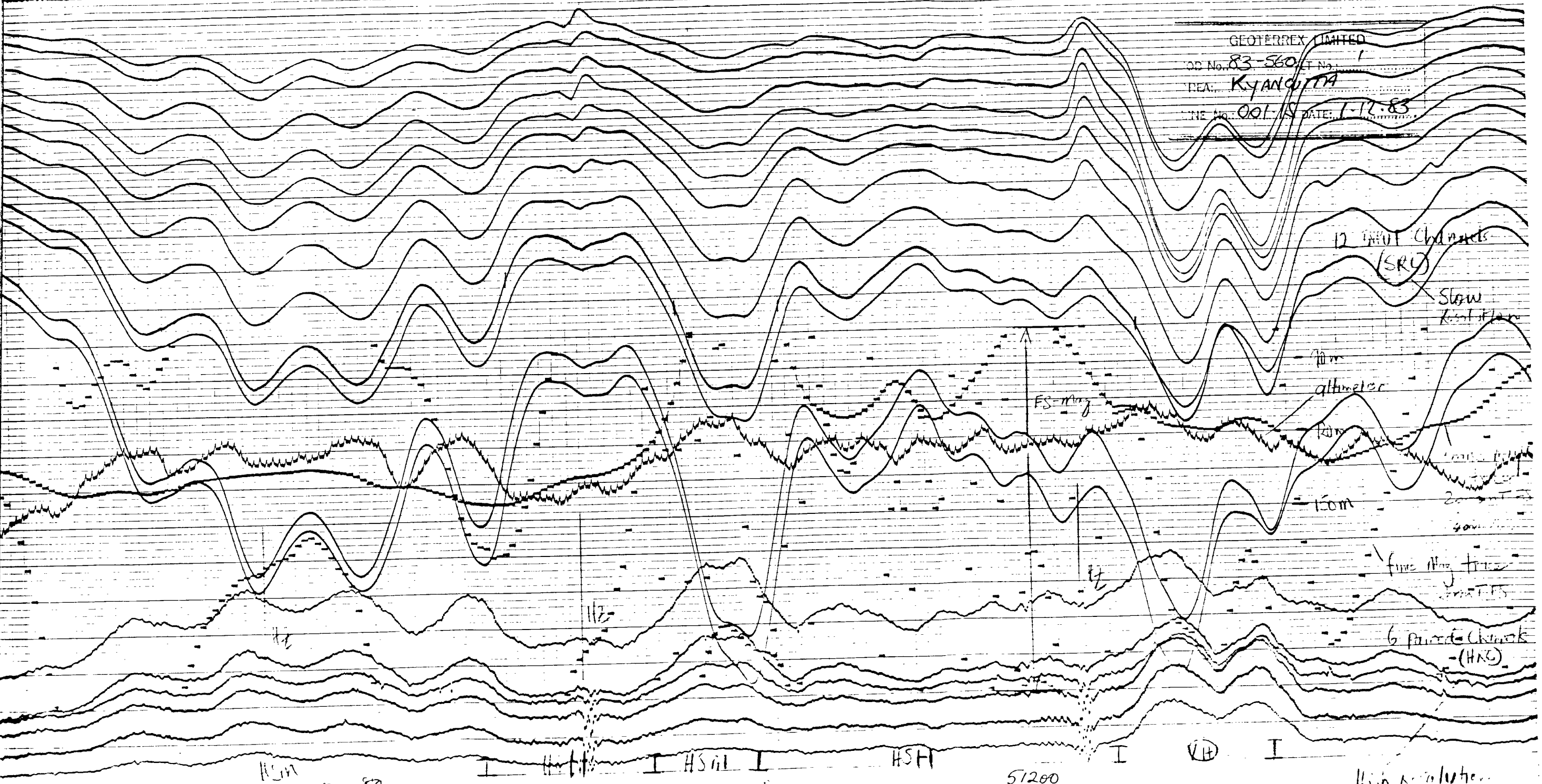
50500

50600

5449-1

5449-2

GEOTERREX LIMITED
JOB No. 83-560
TEAM: KYANQUA
LINE No. 001 / SITE DATE: 1-12-83

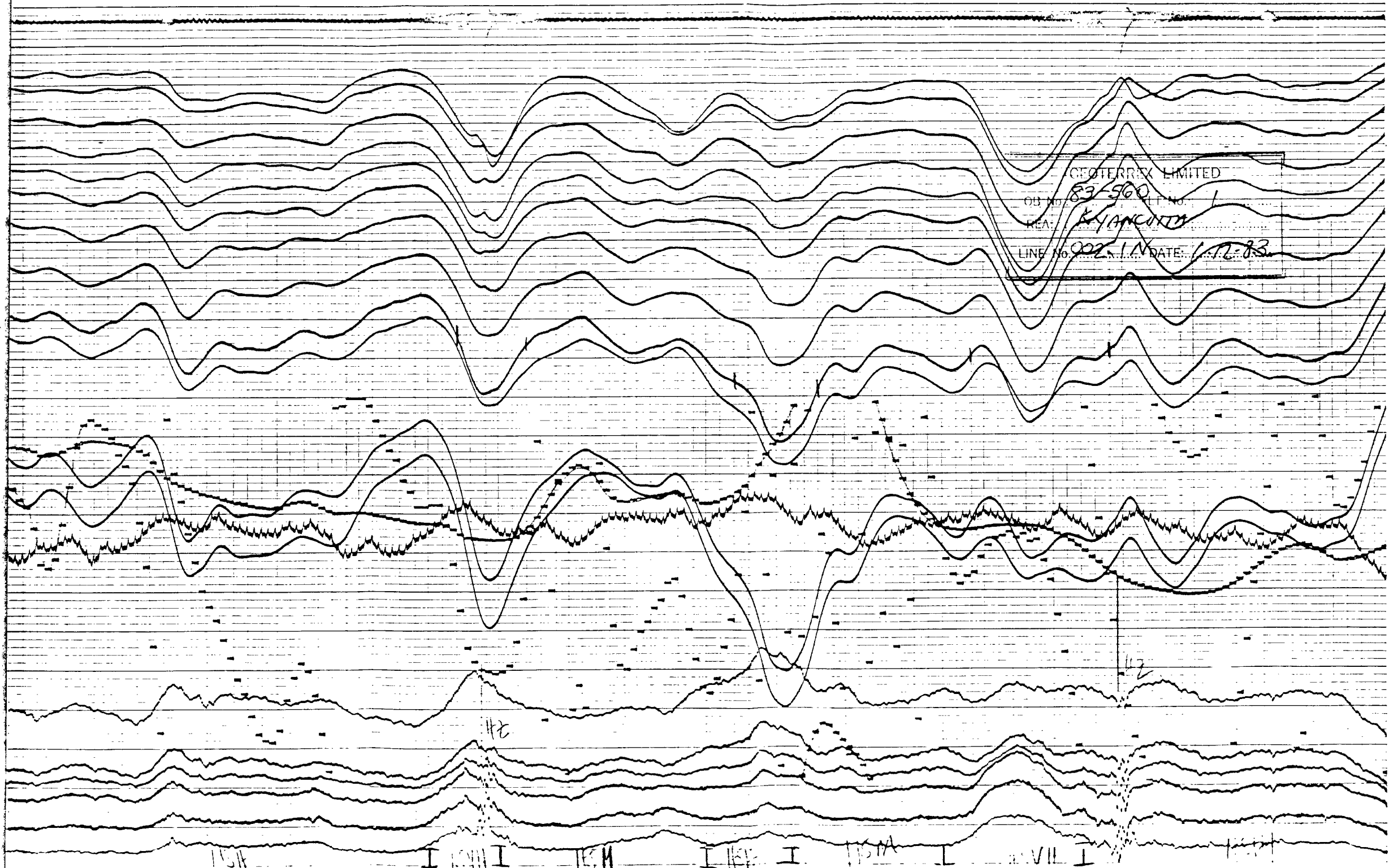


51100

51200

High resolution

5449-2



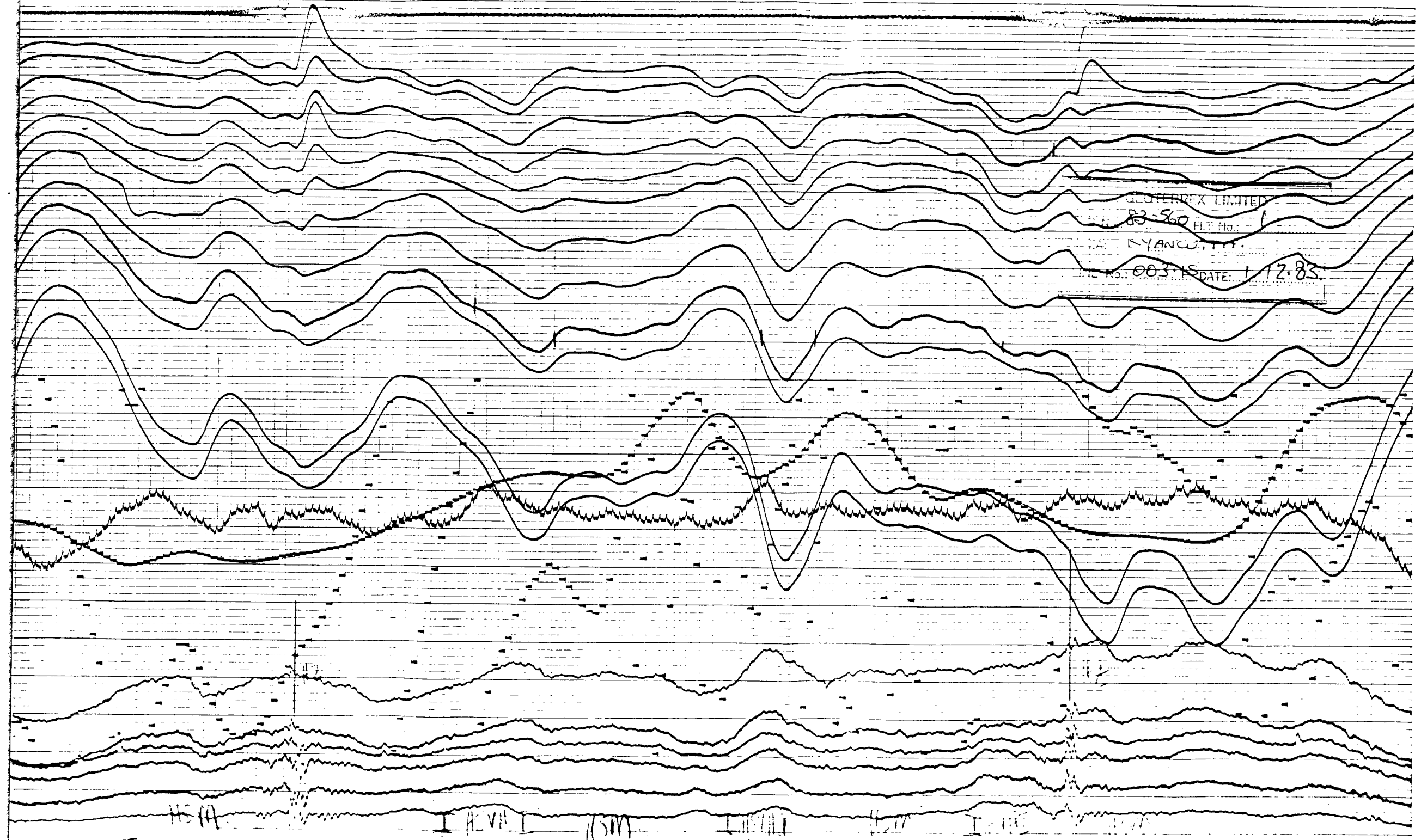
GEOTERREX LIMITED
OB No. 83-560
REA: KANAKOTA
LINE No. 002-1 DATE: 1-12-83

51300

51400

5449-3

GLOPEREX LIMITED
83-560 FLE No. 1
RYANCO, LTD.
FILE No. 003 IS DATE: 1/12/83

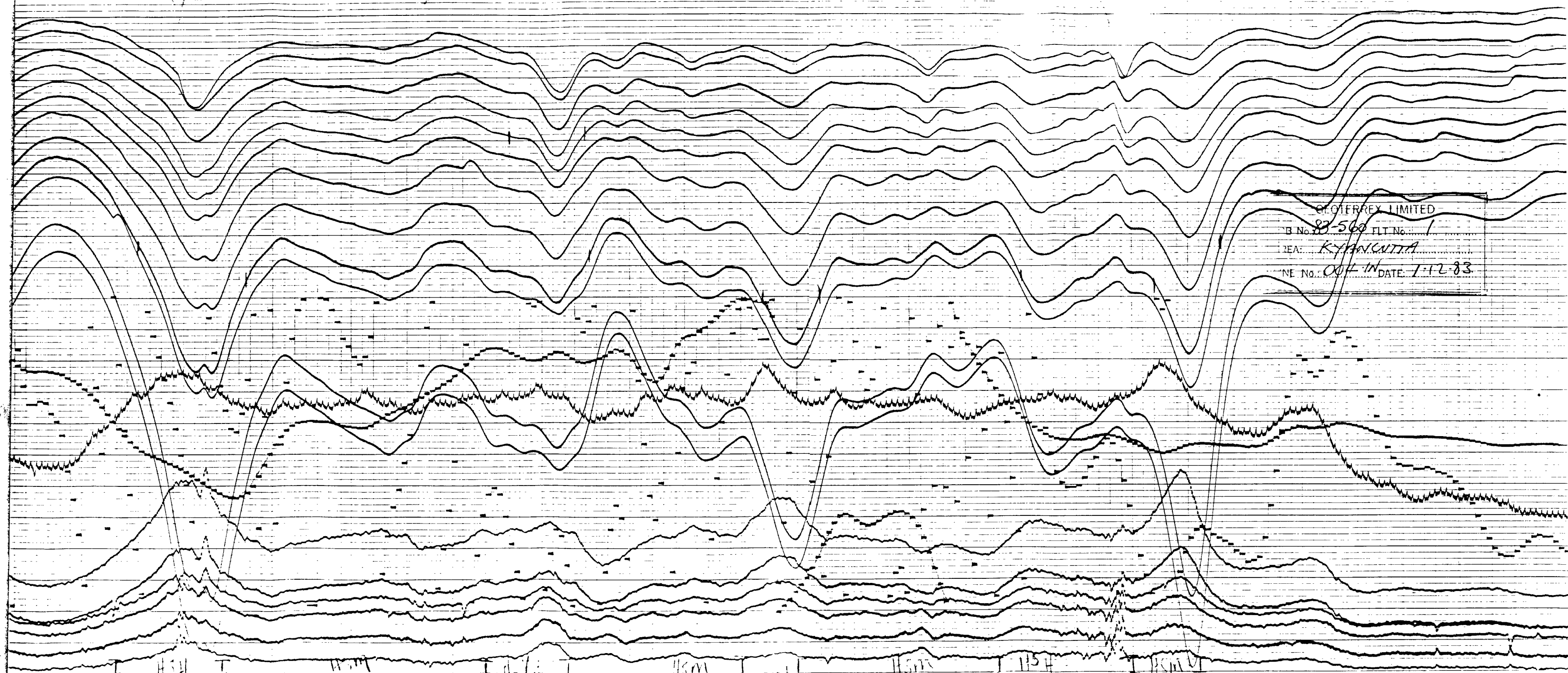


51500.

51600 51600

5449-4

SE

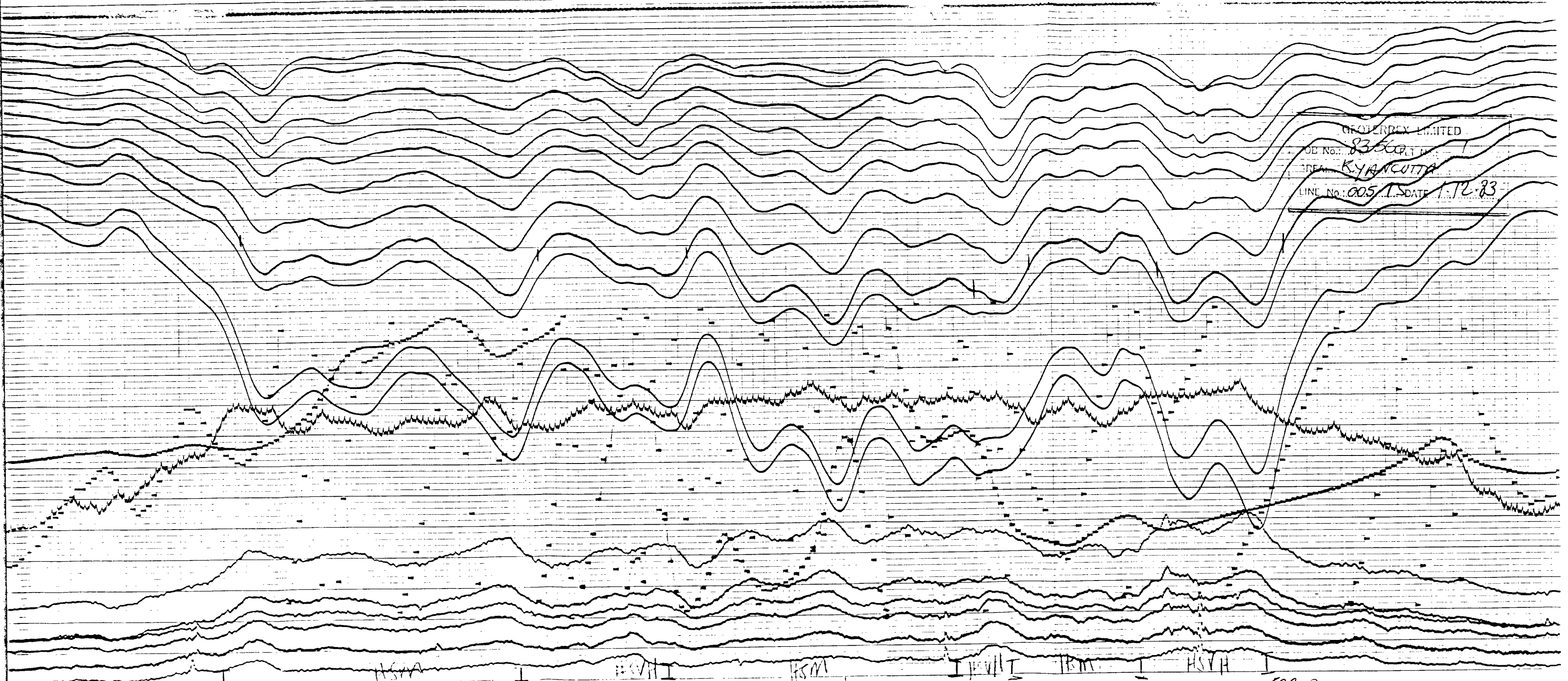


GEOFERREX LIMITED
B No. 83-560 FLT No. 1
REA: KYANCUITA
NE No. 004 IN DATE: 1.12.83

100 100 HSH HSM 51800 HSH HSH HSH HSH HSH HSH 51900

5449-5

GEOHERBY LIMITED
JOB No: 83560
AREA: KYANCUTTA
LINE No: 0051 DATE: 1-12-83



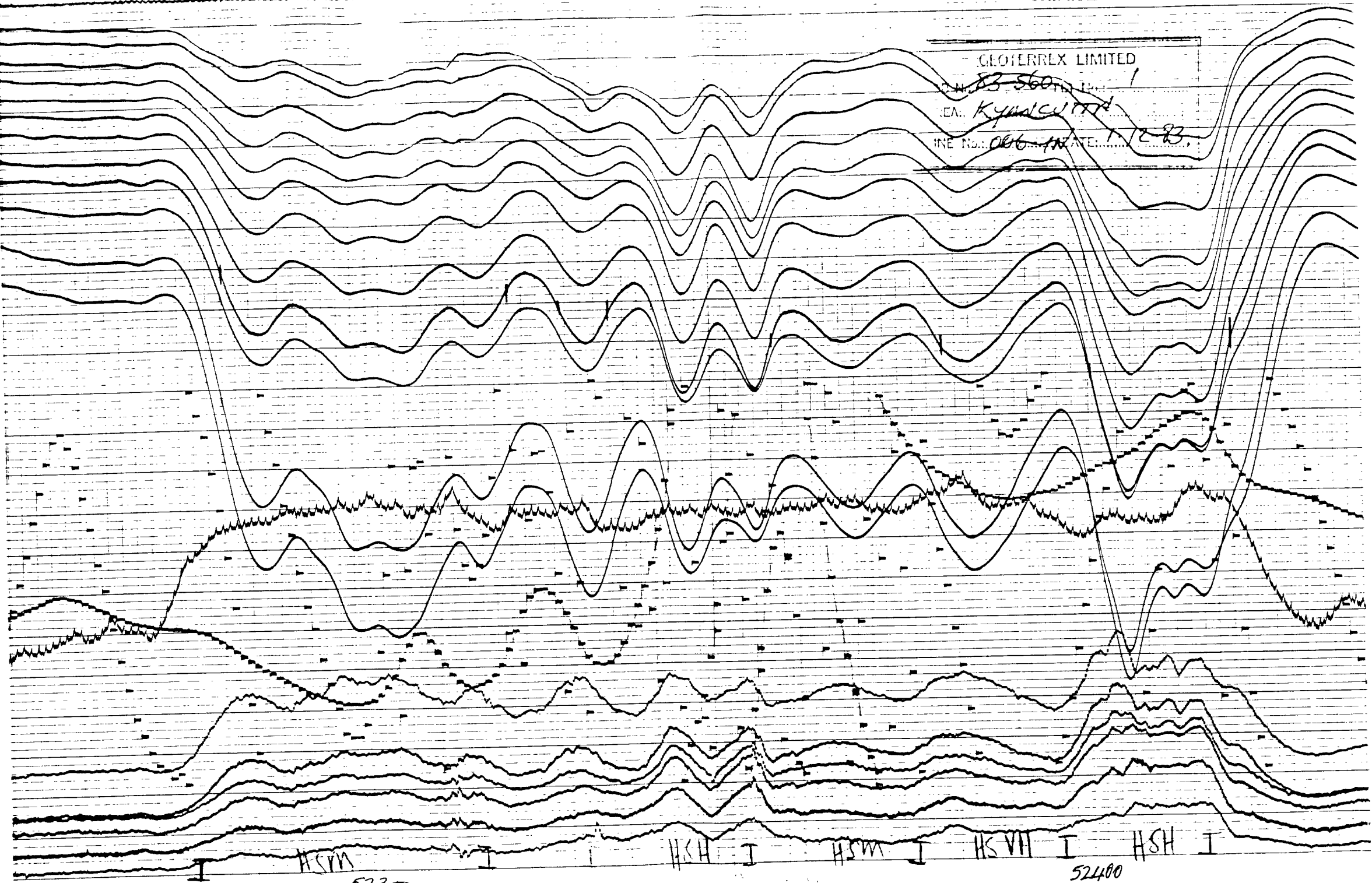
52000

52100

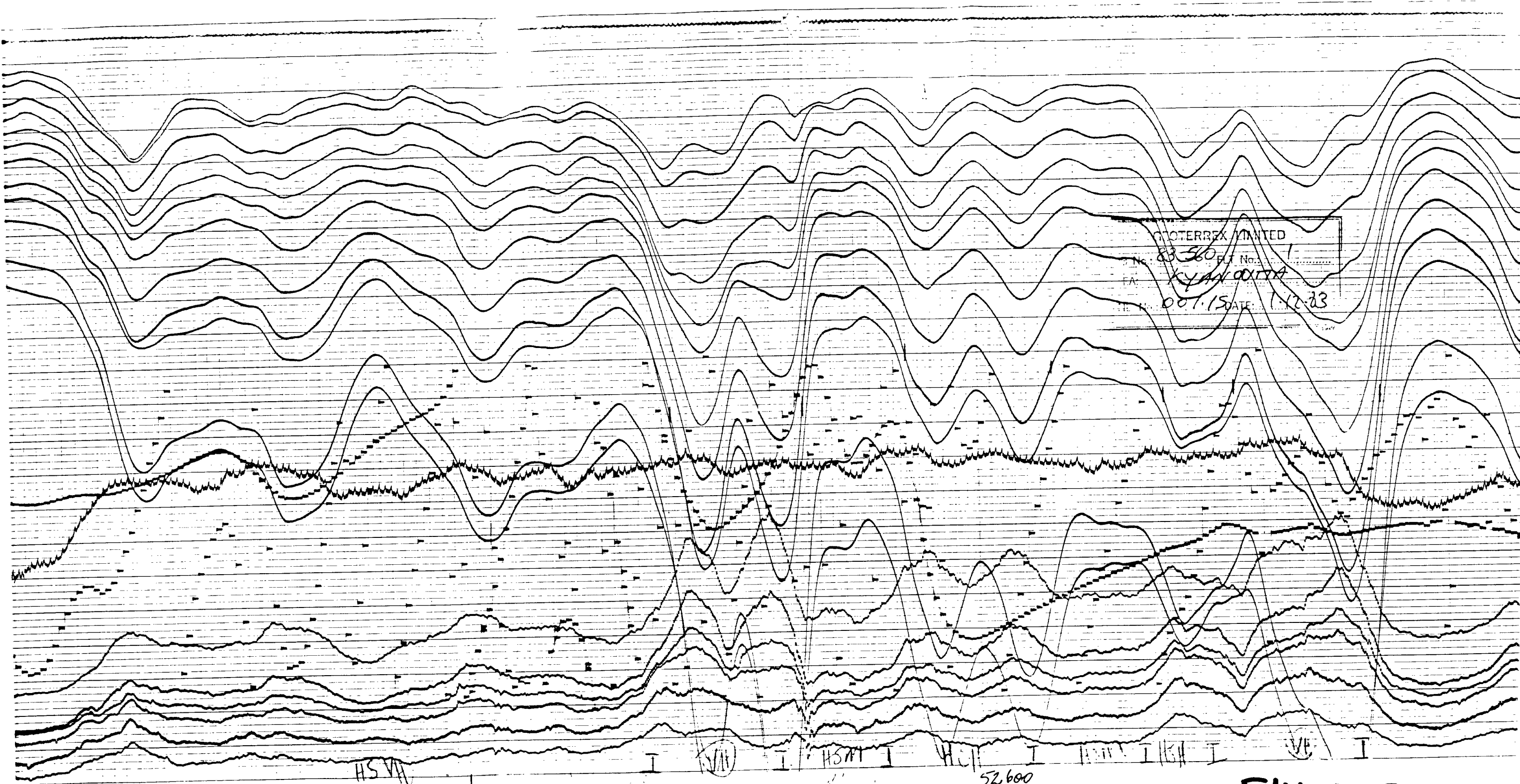
52200

5449-6

GLOVERREX LIMITED
CH. 83-560-1
EA. KYMUCUT
INE NO. 006-1283



5449-7



INTERREX LIMITED
No. 83560 Plot No. 1
L.A. KYAN 001111
HE. 001.15 DATE: 1-12-63

HS VI
52500

7.1 sec

VI

HS VI

HC II

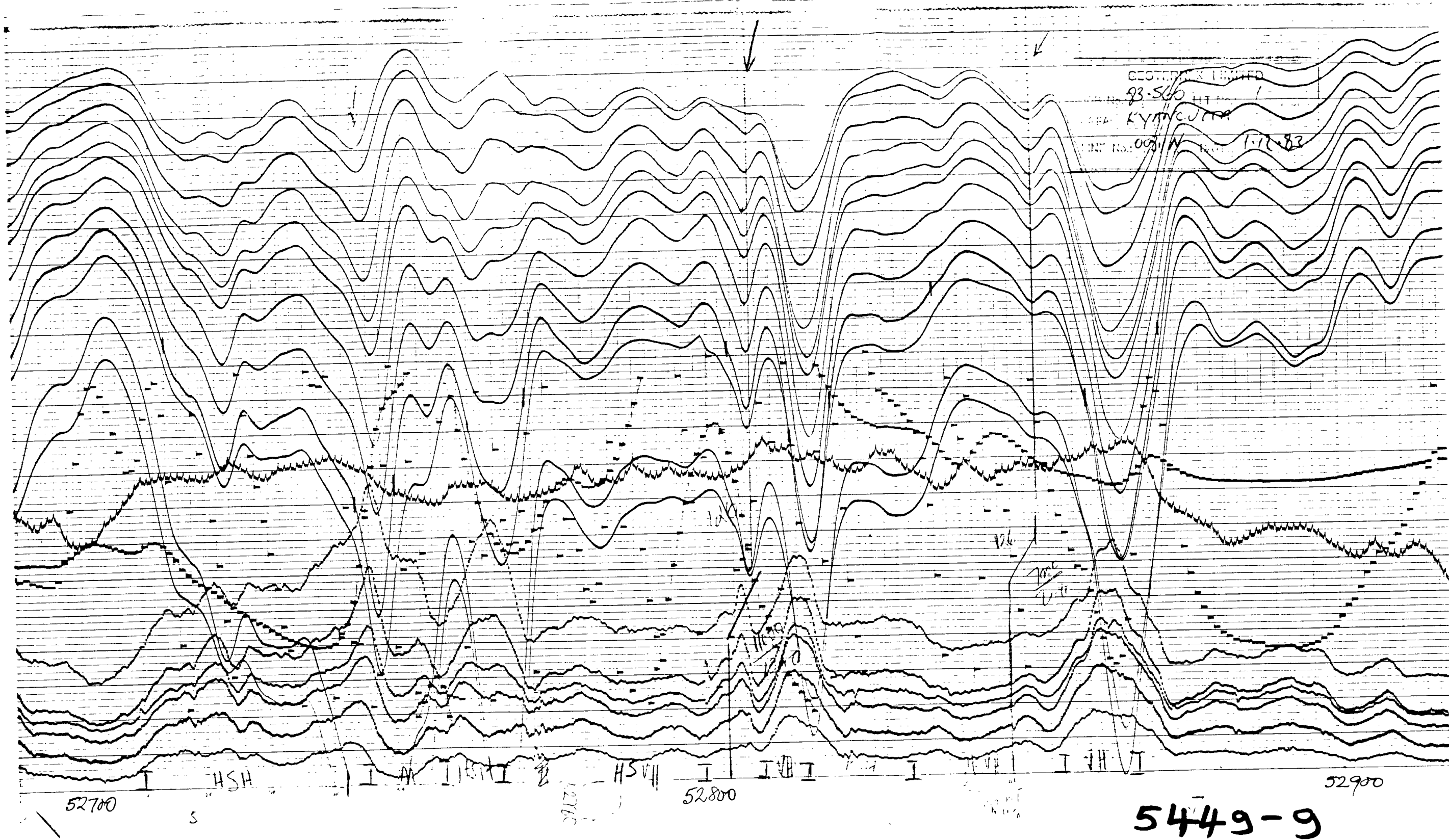
52600

HS VI

HS VI

VI

5449-8



GEOTECH LIMITED
93-560 HT
KYNOCUT
DATE 003/11/82

52700

5

HSII

I A

I B

I C

52760

HSVII

52800

I D

I E

I F

I G

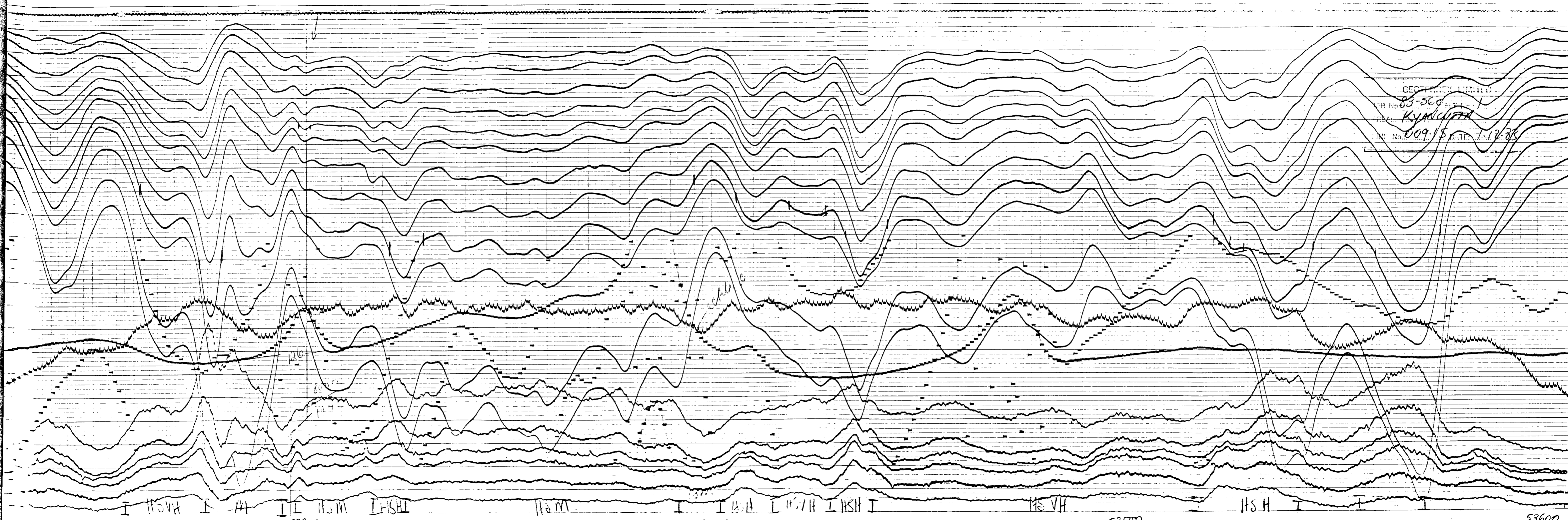
I H

I I

I J

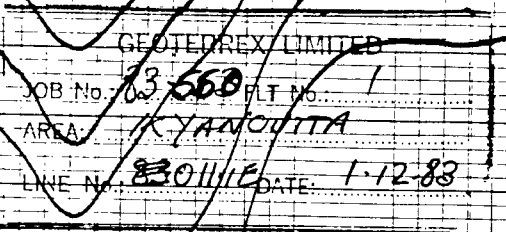
5449-9

52900



GEOGRAPHY LIMITED
JOB No. 83-560
SITE: KYANCUPTA
DATE: 009/15
TIME: 1:12:35

5449-10



5449-12

MAGNETICS/RADIOMETRICS INPUT FLIGHT LOG

DATE 12 83
JOB NO. 83-560
AREA KYANCUTM
A/C PH-EXG
BASE WHYALLA
PILOTS MCKENZIE/EDWARD
OPERATOR WOODKEY

<u>PRE-FLIGHT</u>		<u>POST FLIGHT</u>	
	Time -----		Time -----
U count, U source -----	U count, Th source -----	U count, U source -----	U count, Th source -----
Th count, U source -----	Th count, Th source -----	Th count, U source -----	Th count, Th source -----
K count, U source -----	K count, Th source -----	K count, U source -----	K count, Th source -----
T. count, U source -----	T. count, Th source -----	T. count, U source -----	T. count, Th source -----
Bal 4 -----	Cal 4 -----	Bal 4 -----	Cal 4 -----

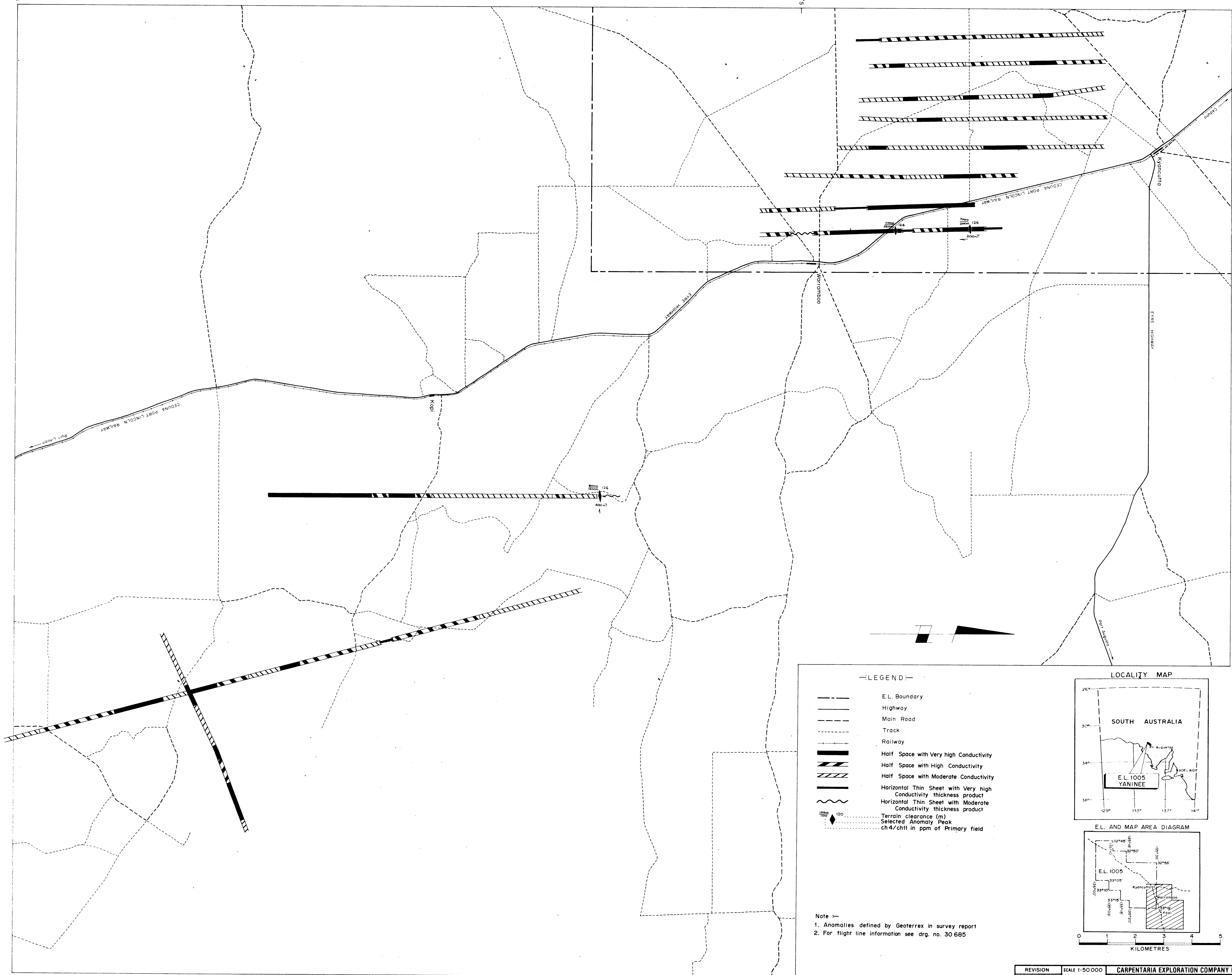
LINE	P/N	HOG	START	END	TIME	COMMENTS	RECOVERY
ZERO			50450	50500		50398 SLIN	
CAL			50530	50560			
DATUM			50580	50610			
001	1	S	51070	51240		(51090 MARK)	
002	1	N	51300	51460			
003	1	S	51500	51660			
004	1	N	51730	51880			
005	1	S	52000	52160			
006	1	N	52370	52420			
007	1	S	52470	52630			
008	1	N	52710	52860			
009	1	S	53260	53540			
010	1	S	53920	54370			
011	1	E	54590	54810		HREC at 54736	



33°30'S

33°15'S

135°30'E



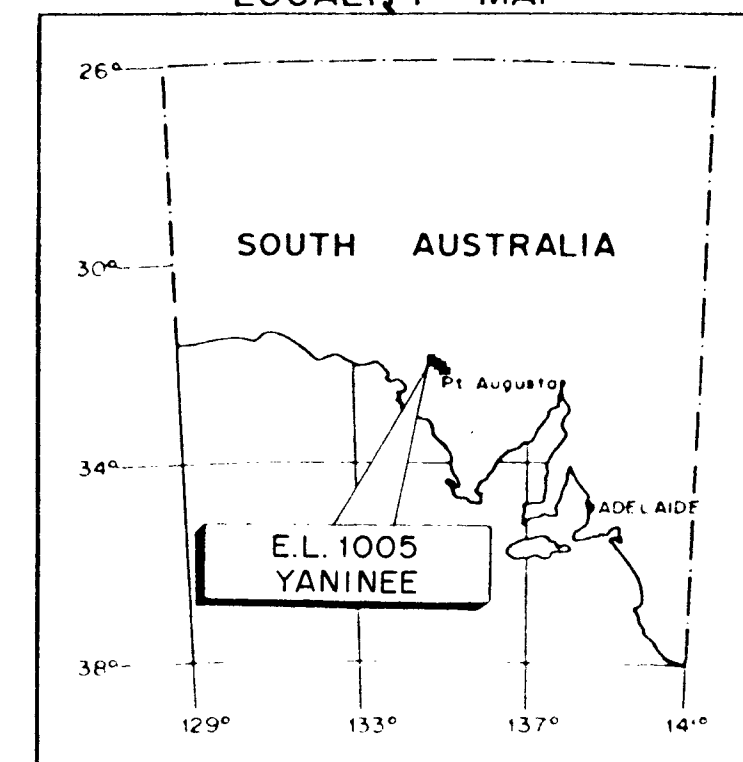
LEGEND

- E.L. Boundary
- Highway
- Main Road
- Track
- Railway
- ▨ Half Space with Very high Conductivity
- ▩ Half Space with High Conductivity
- ▧ Half Space with Moderate Conductivity
- ▦ Horizontal Thin Sheet with Very high Conductivity thickness product
- ▥ Horizontal Thin Sheet with Moderate Conductivity thickness product
- ~ Terrain clearance (m)
- ◆ Selected Anomaly Peak
- ch4/ch11 in ppm of Primary field

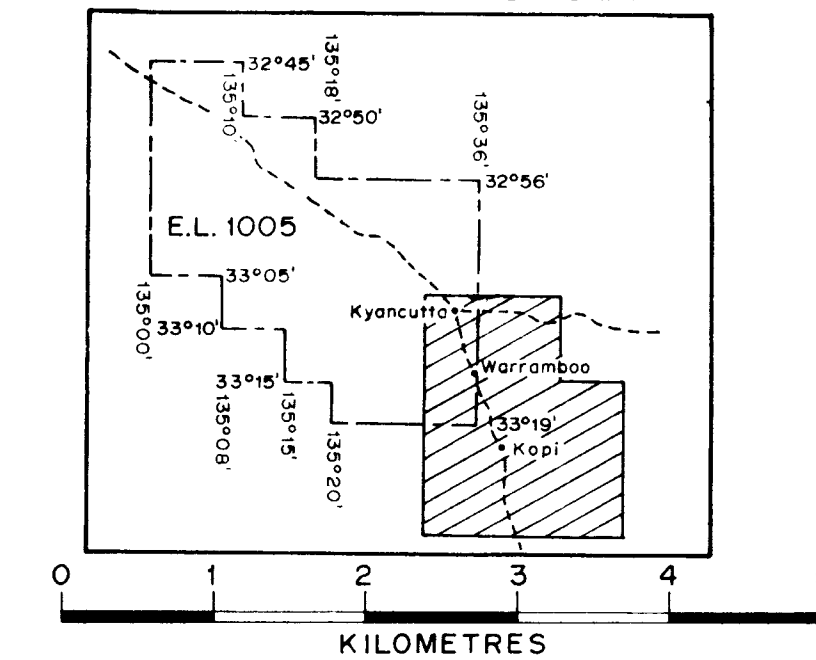
Note

1. Anomalies defined by Geotrex in survey report
2. For flight line information see drg. no. 30 685

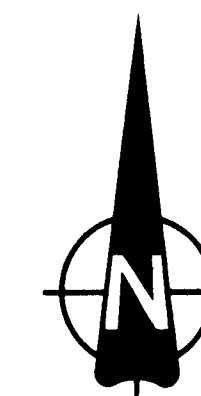
LOCALITY MAP



E.L. AND MAP AREA DIAGRAM



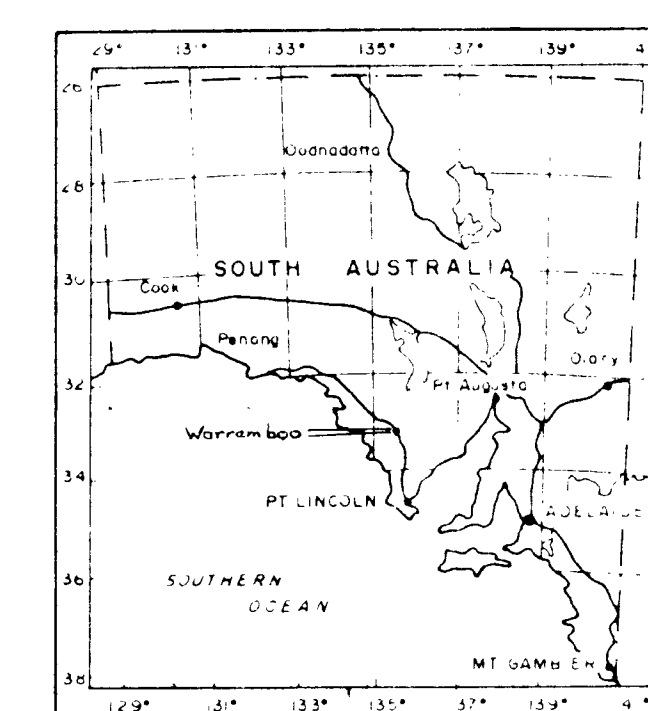
REVISION	SCALE 1:50 000	CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
	Geo S.N.S.	E.L. 1005 YANINEE
	DRAFT Geo.	SOUTH AUSTRALIA
	CHECKED	Location & Type of INPUT
	DATE May 1984	Airborne EM Anomalies
	MICROFILMED	
	ROLL No	5449-14
	MINING FIELD OR DISTRICT	DRG No 30 686



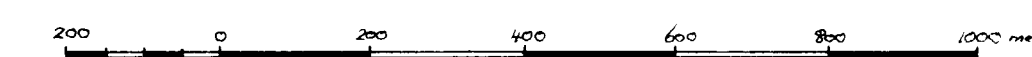
LEGEND

- Main road
- Secondary road
- Vehicular track
- RAB drillhole

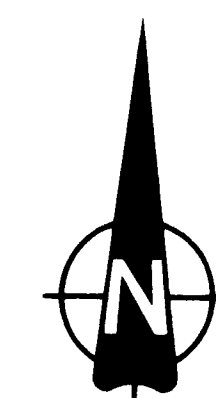
LOCALITY



SCALE



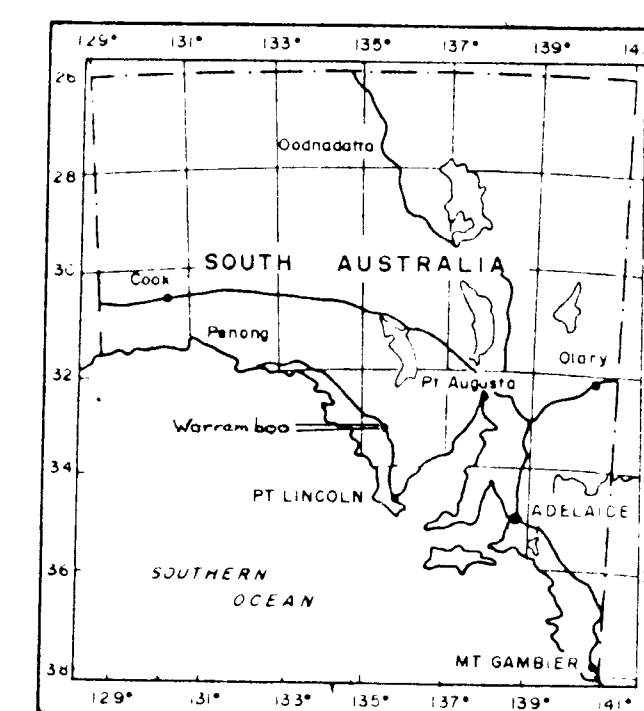
REVISION		SCALE 1:10000		CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.	
		GEO	G.H.	E.L. 1005 YANINEE	
		DRAFT	G.H.	SOUTH AUSTRALIA	
		CHECKED		RAB DRILLHOLE LOCATION	
		DATE	MAY 1989	PLAN	
		MICROFILMED			
		ROLL No			
		MINING FIELD OR DISTRICT		5449-15	
				DRG No 30692	



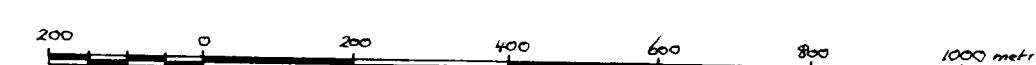
LEGEND

- Main Road
 - Secondary road
 - Vehicular track
 - RAB drillhole
 - Drillhole abandoned before reaching bedrock
 - Copper, lead and zinc assay results (ppm)
- Note: All samples assayed for silver, all <1 ppm

LOCALITY



SCALE



REVISION		SCALE 1:10000	CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.
	GEO	G.H.	E.L. 1005 YARNINEE
	DRAFT	G.H.	SOUTH AUSTRALIA
	CHECKED		RAB SAMPLE GEOCHEMISTRY
	DATE	MAY 1988	
	MICROFILMED		
	ROLL NO.		
	MINING FIELD OR DISTRICT	5449-16	DRG No. 30693

CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.EXPLORATION LICENCE NO.1005 "YANINEE"PROGRESS AND FINAL REPORT FOR QUARTER ENDED DECEMBER 1, 19841. TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Exploration Licence No.1005 "Yaninee" was granted on June 2, 1982, for a term of one year with an expenditure commitment of \$70 000. The Licence has subsequently been extended for a period of one year on two occasions. The Licence is located approximately 200 km west of Whyalla and covers an area of 2276 km².

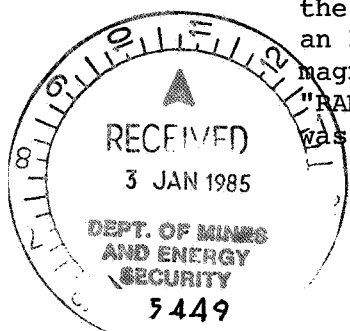
The area was held previously for two years as Exploration Licence No.610. This Licence was granted on March 17, 1980.

2. EXPLORATION

The area was originally taken up for exploration for sandstone type uranium mineralization after uranium had been found in the Narlaby Palaeochannel to the north. A total of 5514 m of "open-hole" mud drilling was completed in 114 holes in 1980 and early 1981. This drilling revealed a major palaeochannel of Eocene age which is infilled with coarse, highly "reduced" sands. Traces of uranium mineralization were found in Pliocene sands overlying the palaeochannel. Results of this exploration were reported in Progress Reports on Exploration Licence No.610.

In May 1981 Carpentaria Exploration Company Pty. Ltd. entered into an expenditure agreement with SADME whereby individual commitments to each Licence in the "Narlaby" project were waived provided that the annual expenditure matched the total commitment of all the Licences. This was agreed to by SADME as major disequilibrium problems were causing severe problems in estimating grades of uranium mineralization in the Yaninee Licence area, and intensive drilling was needed in this area to solve the problem before further reconnaissance exploration was carried out. After the expenditure amalgamation, reporting on the Yaninee Licence was included with other Licences in the Narlaby Project Progress Reports.

Late in 1983 the emphasis of exploration was changed from uranium to the possibility of base and precious metal mineralization associated with banded iron formations in the Kopi area in the eastern part of the Licence. As there is no outcrop of basement rocks in this area an Input survey was flown in November 1983 over a series of elongate magnetic anomalies. This survey was followed up by a series of "RAB" holes which were drilled in April-May 1984. A total of 2192 m was drilled in 66 holes. Assays of basement samples for base and




2. EXPLORATION

precious metals were not encouraging and it was decided not to do any further work in the area. Results of the base metal exploration were presented to the Department in Progress Reports on Exploration Licence No.1005.

The Licence was surrendered early in October 1984.

3. EXPENDITURE

Individual statement of expenditure is appended.

for 
.....
P.J. Binks

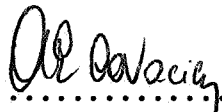
CARPENTARIA EXPLORATION COMPANY PTY. LTD.

EXPLORATION LICENCE NO., 1005 "YANINEE"

FINAL STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE.

106

	\$	\$
<u>TOTAL - THIS PERIOD</u>	Nil	Nil
Previously Reported		145 482
Total Project Expenditure To Date		<u>\$145 482</u>


.....
A.E. Covacich.