

Open File Envelope

No. 2273

EL 50

PANDURRA

PROGRESS REPORTS FOR THE PERIOD
23/3/73 TO 22/3/75

Submitted by
Mount Gunson Mines Pty Ltd
1975

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PRIMARY INDUSTRIES
AND RESOURCES SA

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TENEMENT HOLDER: Mt. Gunson Mines Pty. Ltd.

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CSR LIMITED

MT. GUNSON - STUART SHELF TENEMENTS

SML 96 (A)
Env. 625, 674
39 sq. km.
1.12.65 - 30.11.66

SML 121 (A)
Env. 674
508 sq. km.
1.8.66 - 30.11.66

SML 139 (A)
Env. 868, 906
629 sq. km.
1.12.66 - 30.11.68

SML 139 A (A, M, P)
Env. 1101, 1399, 1490
699 sq. km.
1.12.68 - 30.11.70

SML 494 (P, U)
Env. 1523
2461 sq. km.
5.11.70 - 4.11.71

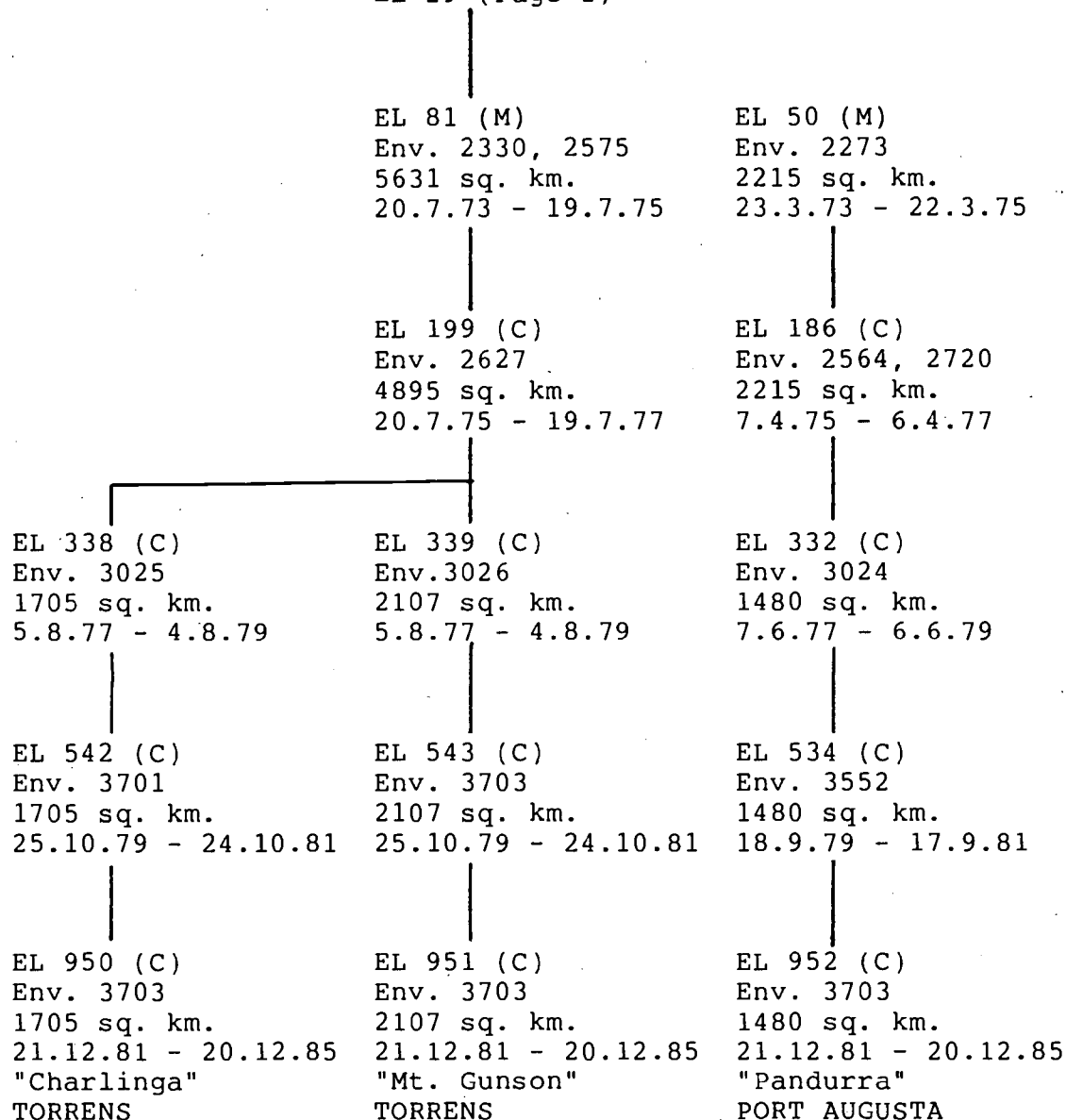
SML 527 (P, U)
Env. 1563
699 sq. km.
3.12.70 - 2.12.71

SML 641 (P)
Env. 1855
1067 sq. km.
4.11.71 - 3.11.72

EL 29 (P)
Env. 2187
1067 sq. km.
7.12.72 - 19.7.73

EL 81 (Page 2)

EL 29 (Page 1)



Legend

1. Tenement No. (Company)
2. Env. No.
3. Area of tenement
4. Period of tenure
5. Tenement Name
6. 1:250 000 Sheet

Company abbreviations

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| A | Austminex Pty. Ltd. |
| P | Pacminex Pty. Ltd. |
| M | Mount Gunson Mines Pty. Ltd. |
| U | United Uranium N.L. |
| C | CSR Limited |

1
2 D

Data relating to exploration
described in this Envelope
may be included in some of
the Envelopes here listed.

DATA AND REPORTS

RECEIVED FROM

CSR LTD., 1986

- 'MT. GUNSON area'

D.J. Flint

ENVELOPE	CLASSIFICATION	CONTENTS
6591	Open	Index (to be prepared)
6593	Open	Cattlegrid: Geology.
6594	"	" Drilling summary data & Drilling logs.
6595	"	" Plans. (Includes flotation tests and concentrate grades)
6596	"	" Mine Period Reports.
6597	"	" Mill " "
6598	"	" Shipping Data.
		Reports.
6604	Open	Lagoon: A) Reserves - East Lagoon & West Lagoon orebodies. B) Geophysical Surveys on East Lagoon orebody (Larson, 1970). C) Plans (face geology, geology, grade control, mining).
6605	"	MGL4 Deposit: Metallurgy
6606	"	Main Open Cut: "
6607	"	Cattlegrid: Metallurgy & Mineragraphy (1973 & 1974 studies).
6608	"	" 1975 Mineragraphy of Mill products & feed.
6609	"	" Flotation testing of diamond drillholes.
6610	"	" Mineragraphy of mill products 1975-1983 by Pontifex & Associates.
6611	"	PETROGRAPHIC STUDIES: Includes Cattlegrid Main Open Cut Lagoon Workings Powerline Embayment Pandurra Formation MGL4 Gully
6612	"	DRILL LOGS: Main Open Cut Sheet and Main Open Cut deposit A) ABC GRID SERIES B) BGC (Biogeochem) GRID SERIES C) 3-4-XD series (9 holes) 3-13-XP series (Plateau area) MX GRID SERIES

- D) Rod E. Jones XXX/XXX SERIES, 1981/1982.
- E) 3-4-XP SERIES, 1971/1972 where X=1 to 325.
- F) Notes/memos on exploration and drilling at Main Open Cut deposit.

6613

Open

DRILL LOGS:

- A) HOUSE SHEET: ABC GRID SERIES
'R' SERIES

MAIN OPEN CUT SHEET:

'N' to 'L' series

(AUSTMINEX, 1966)

- B) HOUSE SHEET: 3-3-XP SERIES.

(Mt. Gunson Mines Pty. Ltd., 1971/1972).

- C) BGC GRID SERIES for:

HOUSE SHEET, Lines 4S to 30S South of TOWNSHEET.

(Austminex, 1967).

- D) HOUSE SHEET - MN GRID

(Austminex, 1967/1968).

- E) HOUSE TO MAIN SHEETS, Rod E. Jones XXX/XXX SERIES
of 800-770

to 870-540 (1981/1982).

- F) MAIN OPEN CUT TO HOUSE SHEETS.

3-7-XP SERIES

(Mt. Gunson Mines, 1970-1972).

3-7-1P to

3-7-173P.

6614

"

DRILL LOGS - GUNYOT SHEET.

- A) 1) Percussion drilling by Austminex, 1966-1967.
Millsite area.

2) ABC Grid (1966).

3) BGC Grid (1967) from lines 94N to 22N.

4) RAMSAY No. 1.

5) WATERHOLE No. 1.

- B) Percussion drilling by Mt. Gunson Mines, 1971-72.

3-5-XP series

where X=1 to 32.

6615

"

GUNYAH LAKE SHEET:

- Vol. 1) Report: Geochemical Test Survey, Gunyah Lake
(PMR Report 7/73, K.J. Maiden 1973).

Plans : Location of drillholes & I.P.
traverses.: Location of drillholes - East
Lagoon & eastern area.

: IP surveys: proposed program.

: Bedrock Lithology.

6616

"

GUNYAH LAKE SHEET - DRILL LOGS:

- Vol. 1A) MYSTERY AREA (1971).

3-6-XD series where X=1 to 7.

- B) GUNYAH LAKE (1971-1972).

3-8-XD series where X=1 to 8.

- Vol. 2A) MYSTERY AREA (1970-1972).

3-6-XP series where X=1 to 65.

Note: Both GUNYAH Sheet & HOUSE Sheet.

- B) 3-12-XP series, (1971-1972)

where X=1 to 12.

South of HOUSE WORKINGS.

6617	Open	EAST LAGOON - DRILL LOGS: MT. GUNSON MINES PTY. LTD., 1970. 3-1-XP series where X=1 to 262.
6618	"	WEST LAGOON - DRILL LOGS: Mt. GUNSON MINES PTY. LTD., 1970-1972. 3-2-XP series where X=1 to 323.
6619	"	LAGOON AREA - DRILL LOGS: AUSTMINEX (1968) Diamond drillholes.
6620	"	LAGOON AREA - DRILL LOGS: AUSTMINEX (1966-1968) Auger drillholes. On grid: 6,520,000 to 6,521,000 mN and 707,000 to 709,000 mE.
6621	"	LAGOON AREA - DRILL LOGS: AUSTMINEX (1968). Vol. 1) Drilled on grid: 6,520,000 to 6,521,000 mN and all eastings up to 707,000 mE. Vol. 2) Drilled on grid: 6,521,000 to 6,522,000 mN and all eastings.
6622	"	LAGOON AREA - DRILL LOGS: AUSTMINEX (1967). Assorted drillholes.
6623	"	MAGAZINE HILL CLAY DEPOSIT: PACMINEX PTY. LTD., 1973-1974.
6624	"	PERNATTY LAGOON - DRILL LOGS: Western edge of Pernatty Lagoon. Regional Scout drilling by Pacminex in 1972, *5XX-XP series where * = F to L 5XX=505 to 520.
6625	"	MANGANESE WORKINGS (PERNATTY LAGOON): A) MT. GUNSON MINES PTY. LTD. memos of 1977. B) PACMINEX (1971-1972) percussion drilling of 3-10-XP series where X=1 to 20.
6626	"	WOOCALLA, IRONSTONE LAGOON, FAIR NELL MINE, SWEET NELL MINE, MONALENA: A) Geological plans and cross-sections. B) Pacminex, 1970. Drill logs - Sweet Nell Mine Fair Nell Mine 3-9-XP series where X=1 to 22. C) Pacminex, 1971. Drill logs - Woocalla area. 3-11-XP series where X=1 to 9. D) Pacminex, 1972. Drill logs - Monalena area (Woocalla). MONA XP series where X=1 to 16.

6627

Open

MG14 DEPOSIT:

GEOLOGY AND DRILL LOGS, with plans and cross-sections.

A) Pacminex (1973-1977) rotary percussion/hammer drilling of MG 1 to 21

29 to 41

82 to 100

B) Pacminex (1973-1975) rotary & diamond drilling of MG 14D to 93D (not inclusive).

C) Pacminex (1983) drilling of MG501 to MG511.

D) Relog of Woomera Bore and LY3.

6628

"

GULLY PROSPECT:

Drilling and evaluation of copper resource. Drill logs of:

GY1 to GY16 (1975)

3-7-127P to 3-7-129P

3-7-160P to 3-7-162P

3-7-165P

3-7-172P

3-7-173P.

6629

"

OAKDEN HILLS AND SELBY DAM:

Pacminex (1973-1980).

A) Regional rotary percussion, OK X series, i.e. OK1 to OK157.

B) Geochemical drilling at:

1) OK3 Grid i.e. OK3-1 to OK3-86.

2) Selby Dam Grid i.e. holes 1 to 114.

C) Diamond drilling - OK XD series i.e. OK36D

"109-111D

"113D

"115D

"119D.

6630

"

WINNIE PINNIE AREA: EL199

Pacminex (1976-1977).

A) Interpretation of Input data.

B) 1976 Rotary percussion drilling of 'input' anomalies, WP series, i.e. WP31 to WP88.

C) Drill logs WP31 to WP88.

6631

"

LAKE WINDABOUT: EL199

Pacminex (1976).

A) Drill testing of input targets in Lake Windabout district..

B) LW Series, Gamma ray logs.

" " drillhole " .

6632

"

LAKE WINDABOUT:

A) Drill logs - LW series, i.e. LW1 to LW97.

B) Detailed diamond drill logs for:

LW52,58,60-66 inclusive.

6633

"

LUCAS HILL:

(=WEST LAKE WINDABOUT)

Geophysical and Geological Logs.

6634	Open	POWERLINE EMBAYMENT: A) 1975 Summary report of exploration. B) 1977 Geophysical logging of PL32.
6635	"	POWERLINE EMBAYMENT: Drill logs, PL SERIES, i.e. PL1 to PL47 inclusive.
6636	"	BOOKALOO-LAKE DUTTON: Geophysical logging of drillholes, LD series BK series.
6637	"	BOOKALOO-LAKE DUTTON-LAKE MACFARLANE: Drill logs: Bookaloo BK1-BK22 Lake Dutton LD8-LD38 Lake MacFarlane MF1-MF13.
6638	"	LY SERIES DRILLING: A) LY2 (Cattlegrid) 1974 Geophysical logs. B) LY4-LY11 and 83/108 (East of Cattlegrid), 1983 Geological logs.
6639	"	BIOGEOCHEMISTRY: A) CATTLEGRID & MG14 AREAS (Pacminex 1978). B) PERNATTY LAGOON (Austminex, 1966).
6640	"	GROUNDWATER GEOCHEMISTRY - Stuart Shelf: Pacminex (1978) - Report PMR90/78.
<hr/>		
6663	"	MT. WHYALLA BARITE DEPOSIT: Pacminex (1974) report - PMR 57/74.
6664	"	GEOLOGICAL MAPPING: Report: Elizabeth Creek area (Chisholm, 1974) Plans: Pernatty Lagoon Mt. Gunson Mines area Elizabeth Area Canegrass Dam area Wirrappa area.

- 6666 Open DRILL LOGS - ELIZABETH CREEK & CANEGRASS AREAS:
EC23-EC54 (Elizabeth Creek)
TOC1-TOC4
SP1-SP19 (Snakepit)
3-14-19P to 3-14-41P (Canegrass Dam area)
3-14-1P to 3-14-46P (Canegrass field logs).
- 6667 " DRILL LOGS-PANDURRA AREA (EL405):
Vol. 1. EX1-EX157
2. EX158-EX163 & YD1-YD15
3. EX164-EX184.
4. Area 1:100 000 Drillholes
- | | | |
|-------------|------|---------|
| | 6332 | J12-J24 |
| Roopena | " | P1-P4 |
| " | " | J1-J11 |
| " | " | I1 |
| Cultana | 6432 | Q1, Q2 |
| Cariewerloo | 6333 | Y1-Y6 |
| " | " | T1-T5 |
| " | " | X1-X3 |
- 6668 " DRILL LOGS-WATER BORES in the MT. GUNSON area.
- 6669 " DRILLING SUMMARIES:
3-1-X to 3-14-X series.
- 6670 " DRILL LOGS-LAKE TORRENS AREA:
(see also ENV. 3769)
BDH1-BDH4
SLT101-SLT107
YAD1.

- 6674 " ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEYS:
A) Gnyah Lake, 1971 hand-held survey (1 plan only)
B) Cattlegrid & MGL4 areas, airborne
EM INPUT Test Survey by Geoterrex, 1973.
C) Winnie Pinnie area & Yudnapinna area, airborne
electromagnetic survey, Barringer INPUT system,
1975. Geoterrex report 83-253 PMR Report 144/75.
D) Stuart Shelf (EL186, EL199), airborne EM INPUT
survey by Geoterrex, 1975.
E) Mount Gunson Pulse Electromagnetic Test, 1977.
(Ground Survey) PMR Report 58/77.
Cattlegrid anomaly & Anomaly 'J' (margin of
Pernatty Lagoon).
F) Pandurra & Cariewerloo, airborne EM INPUT Survey
by Geoterrex, 1977.
- 6675 " REFRACTION SURVEYS:
A) Austral Exploration (1967)
Refraction Test Survey at Main Open Cut;
West Lagoon; East Lagoon.
B) Austral Exploration (1973)
Reconnaissance Seismic Refraction Survey -
Mt. Gunson area.

6676

Open

GRAVITY SURVEYS:

- A) Gravity survey - Pandurra area, EL186. Survey by Solo Geophysics, PMR114/77.
- B) Gravity anomaly 'A' - Site for drillhole LH1. Notes (1978).
- C) Magnetic & gravity survey with levelling at Illeroo Grid (Pandurra area, EL534. Report by Solo Geophysics (1979), PMR87/79.
- D) Gravity Survey with barometric levelling at Yudnapinna Reconnaissance Line, EL534. Report by Solo Geophysics (1979), PMR88/79.
- E) Interpretation of Geophysics, Illeroo area, EL534. Report by Langron (1980) PMR10/80.
- F) Gravity survey - Pernatty Lagoon area, EL543. Survey by Solo Geophysics (1980).
- G) Gravity survey - Mt. Gunson area, 'Blue Mag' anomaly 1981.

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"

AEROMAGNETIC SURVEYS:

- A) Report on stage 1 on the interpretation of results of airborne magnetometer survey covering SML139, 152.
- B) Report on an aeromagnetic interpretation, Torrens map sheet, S.A. PMR80/75.
- C) Plan, EL186, April 1977. Magnetic Profiles.
- D) Geoex (1978) Survey.
Plans of: Aeromagnetic total intensity
: Profiles.
- E) Report on airborne magnetic surveys over an area East of Lake Dutton (Pernatty & Bookaloo 1:63 360 sheets). PMR10/78.

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"

RESISTIVITY SURVEYS:

- A) Resistivity Survey at Pandurra near Port Augusta for Pacminex Pty. Ltd. EL186.
Report No. 265 by Murdoch Geophysics, 1977.
PMR60/77.
- B) A resistivity survey at Mt. Gunson, S.A. for Pacminex. (Survey in June 1976) EL199.
Report No. 266 by Murdoch Geophysics, 1977.
PMR142/76.
- C) Evaluation of a resistivity survey at Mt. Gunson, June 1976. PMR173/76, EL199.
(Localities: Cattlegrid; Oakden Hills; MG14).
- D) Geophysical Survey at Cattlegrid, July 1973.
Survey by CGG; PMR report 133/73.

6679

"

MISCELLANEOUS GEOPHYSICAL SURVEYS - MT. GUNSON AREA:

- A) Report on a combined Induced Polarisation, Seismic and EM survey in the Mt. Gunson area. MacPhar Geophysics (1973).
- B) Gravity and magnetic surveys on the North Pernatty Grid.
Lines 6,530,000N to 6,540,000N.
Solo Geophysics (1981).
- C) Magnetic surveys of 'Blind Dyke', 1982-1983.
Un-compiled plans and notes. Includes data of Solo Geophysics (1982).

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GEOPHYSICAL LOGGING OF DRILLHOLES-STUART SHELF:

A) Geophysical Logging of Drillhole PL32, Gunson area (i.e. Powerline Embayment). PMR138/77.

B) Geophysical logging of drillholes in the Mt. Gunson and Pandurra areas. PMR59/78.

i.e. OK117-OK120

OK128-OK129

WPB2-WPB4

WPB6

WOB10-WOB13

LW34, LW38, LW40

PL34

MG-11-3

PANDURRA AREA:

J12, J15, J16, J20, J21.

C) Geophysical logging of percussion drillholes, June-August 1978. PMR89/78. (EL332,338,339),

i.e. EC5

PL40

LD31

BK10-BK12

EX158-EX163

D) Geophysical logging in the lake Windabout, Powerline and Oakden Hills areas, EL339,

i.e. LW61-LW75

PL42-PL44

OK132-OK135

PMR Report 36/79.

F) Gamma logs - assorted drillholes.

6681

INDUCED POLARISATION SURVEYS:

1) IP Survey by Geoscience (1965) for Austminex, SML55.

2) IP and test resistivity survey by MacPhar Geophysics (1967-1968) for Austminex.

3) IP survey by Austral Exploration, 1971-1972, at: Main Open Cut

Gonyah Lake

East Lagoon

West Lagoon

Mystery

Sweet Nell areas.

4) Multi-mode I.P. survey by McPhar Geophysics, 1974 at: - Cattlegrid

- Gonyah Lake

PMR report 75/74.

6682

INDUCED POLARISATION SURVEY:

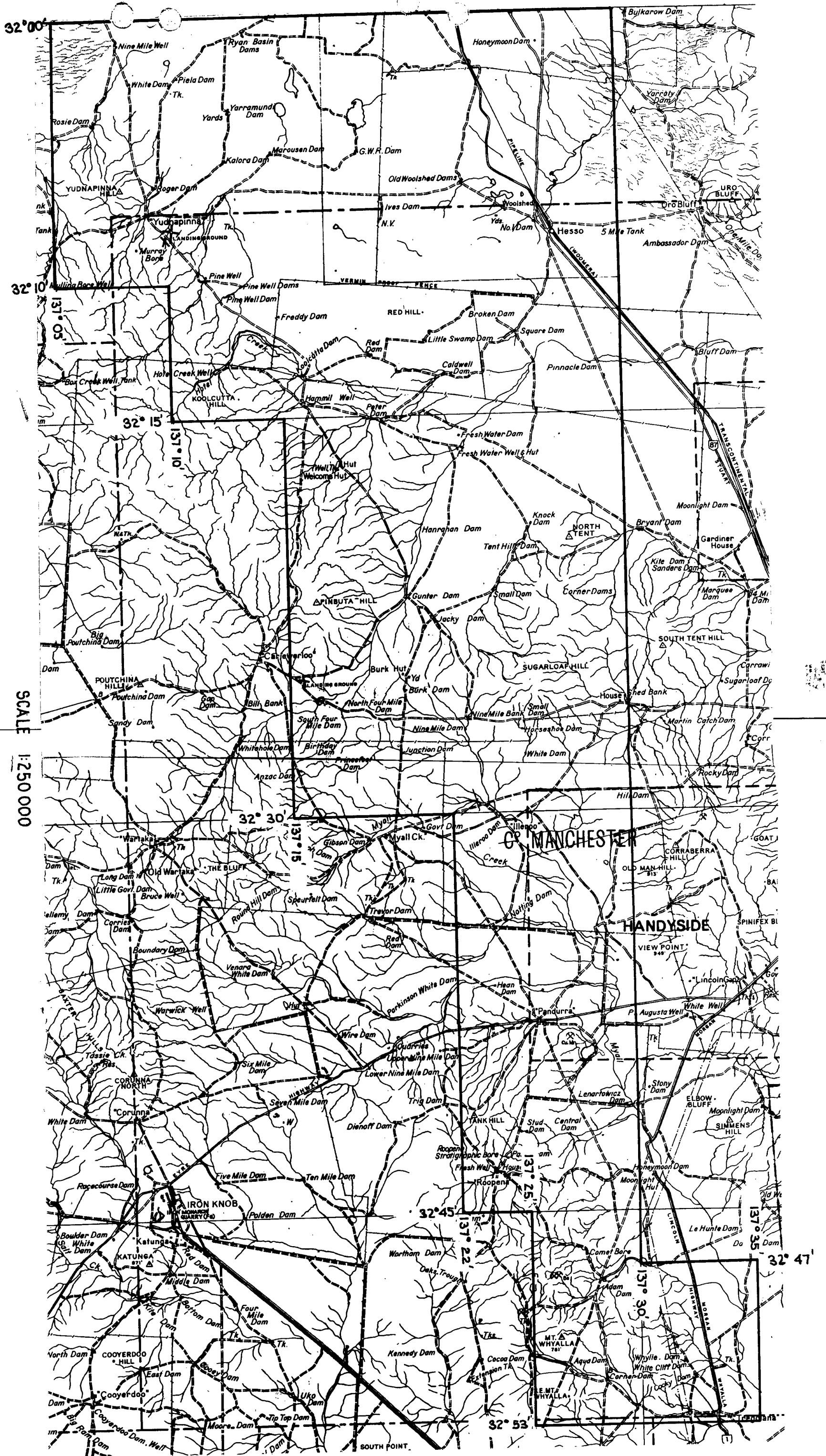
by SOLO GEOPHYSICS, 1983.

CATTLEGRID - MAIN OPEN CUT AREAS,

Includes: 'Haul Road' anomaly

'Dyke' anomaly.

6683	OPEN	'MOUNT GUNSON area' - regional plans and reports. Includes: A) Austminex (1966-1968) reports for SML 96, 121 and 139 - Pernatty Lagoon area. B) SADME articles on Mt. Gunson - extracted from Mining Reviews.
6714	"	MAIN OPEN CUT - plans
6715	"	CATTLEGRID - cross-sections.
6718	OPEN	HOUSE WORKINGS and GUNYOT workings. Plans only - sections, ore reserves, grade control and hole locations. Austminex Pty Ltd and Mount Gunson Mines Pty. Ltd.
6721	OPEN	CATTLEGRID: Surveying and engineering plans, pit development 1974-1986. Includes 1977 aerial survey.
6722	"	TOWN, CARAVANT PARK, SERVICES & TAILINGS DAM - surveying and engineering plans.
6723	"	CATTLEGRID - grade control for areas C2, C3 and Area IV. Predominantly plans - blasthole layout, top-of-ore, grade control plans and cross-sections.
6724	"	EAST LAGOON OREBODY - plans
6725	"	NORANDA AUSTRALIA Ltd (1967). Plans - Main Open Out, House Workings, West Lagoon, East Lagoon, Mystery.
6726	OPEN	MAIN OPEN CUT - Cross-sections by Austminex Pty Ltd (1967-1968).
6727	"	WEST LAGOON - plans by Mount Gunson Mines and Austminex Pty Ltd. (Grade control, block plans, face geology, drillholes, cross-sections etc.)
6728	"	CATTLEGRID - Grade control plans for areas B2, B3 and B4 (east-northeast Cattlegrid). Plans of bottom-of-ore, top-of-ore, diamond drill-holes, diamond drilling influence areas as well as pit - and grade control - cross-sections.
6729	"	CATTLEGRID - End-of-period Survey Plans (1980-1982).
TOTAL:		- 73 open file



SCALE 1:250 000

MT. GUNSON MINES PTY LIMITED
 DOCKET DM 1261/72
 AREA 2215 km²
 1:250000 PLANS PORT AUGUSTA

LOCATION: PANDURRA - APPROX. 20 km. E of IRON KNOB
 EL. No. 50
 EXPIRY DATE 22-3-74

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

Telephone: 2 0515
Telegrams: "Pacminex" Sydney
Telex: AA 20285

15-19 Bent Street, Sydney, N.S.W.
Postal Address:
Box No. R221 Royal Exchange.
SYDNEY, N.S.W. 2000.
17th July, 1973.

Our Ref.: RWG/EMP
Your Ref.:



The Director of Mines,
Department of Mines,
Box 38, Rundle Street P.O.,
ADELAIDE, 5000.
South Australia.

Dear Sir,

Quarterly Report for period 23rd March to 22nd June,
1973, on E.L. 50, Pandurra Area, South Australia.

1. Summary

This report summarises work on E.L. 50 during the quarterly period ending 22nd June, 1973. A statement of expenditure for the period 1st April to 30th June, 1973, is included.

2. Preparation for Exploration

The first part of the period was devoted to preparatory work. This included research of previous work carried out in the area, visits to Mt. Gunson for familiarisation with recent field exploration, procurement of base plans and photographs and logistical planning.

3. Field Exploration

The initial phase of exploration is one of geological reconnaissance, combined with rock chip geochemistry. This programme will attempt to delineate the disconformity between the Pandurra Formation and the overlying Whyalla Sandstone. Further exploration will be designed to locate Mt. Gunson type mineralisation at this disconformity.

0004

- 2 -

S.A. DEPARTMENT OF MINES

17/7/73

Geological reconnaissance and geochemical sampling during this report period began at the southern end of the E.L. and has covered "Tregolana" and "Roopena" pastoral stations (see location map).


Data on this work has not yet been prepared for present action, as assays are still awaited from samples dispatched for analysis.

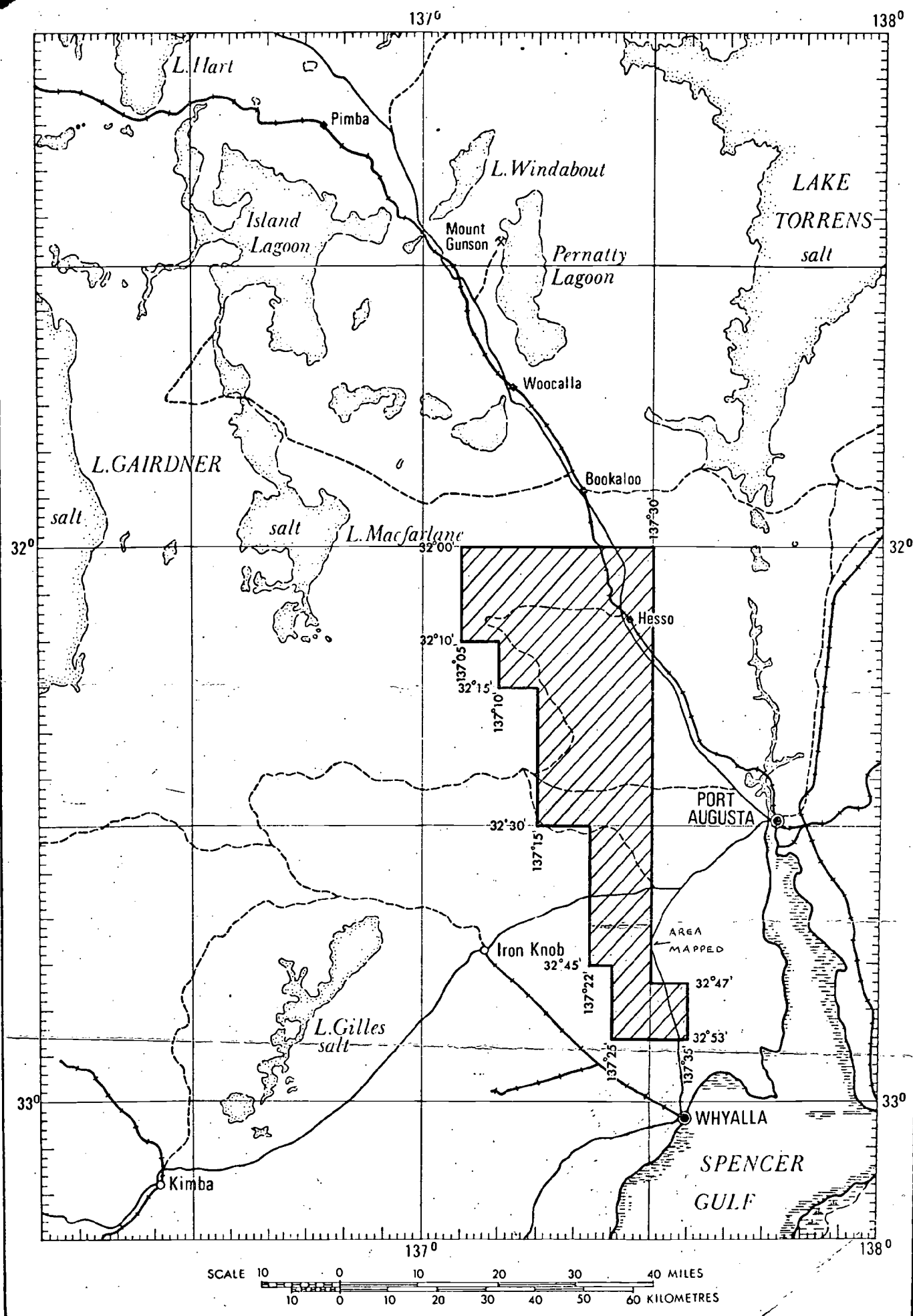
4. Expenditure

Expenditure for the period 1st April to 30th June, 1973, was as follows :-

Geological	\$ 6,295
Geophysical	-
Geochemical	129
Total	\$ 6,424

Yours faithfully,


R.N. SELMAN,
Managing Director.



LOCATION MAP PANDURRA AREA SOUTH AUSTRALIA

0006

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

Telephone: 2 0515
 Telegrams: "Pacminex" Sydney
 Telex: AA 20285

15-19 Bent Street, Sydney, NSW
 Postal Address:
 Box No. R221 Royal Exchange.
 SYDNEY, N.S.W. 2000.

Our Ref.: WAH/MP

8th October, 1973.

Your Ref.:

The Director of Mines,
 Department of Mines,
 Box 38, Rundle Street, P.O.
ADELAIDE. S.A. 5000

Dear Sir,

Re: Quarterly Report on E.L.50 Pandurra Area,
 South Australia, for the period 23rd June,
 1973 to 22nd September, 1973.

Geological Mapping

Systematic geological mapping continued northward from the area of Roopena Station to about Latitude $32^{\circ} 15' S$. Considerable modification to the previous 1:250,000 (Port Augusta sheet) mapping has been necessary. Most of the Whyalla Sandstone outcropping in the area was previously mapped as Pandurra formation. This is especially true between latitudes $32^{\circ} 43' S$ and $32^{\circ} 25' S$ where Whyalla Sandstone lies directly on Roopena Volcanics on Gawler Range Volcanics.

It has also been found that much of the area mapped as Pleistocene gravels is in fact the re-exposed Pandurra formation regolith of the pre-Whyalla Sandstone surface.

A preliminary edition of the revised geologic map of the southern part of E.L.50 (PMX Drawing No.1556) is attached to this report.

Drilling

A contract for rotary and core reconnaissance drilling has been let and drilling is due to commence on September 24th 1973.

Expenditure

Expenditure for the period July 1st to August, 31st is as follows:-

...../2

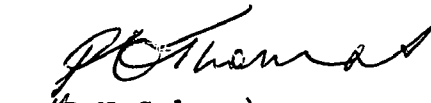


Geological surveys

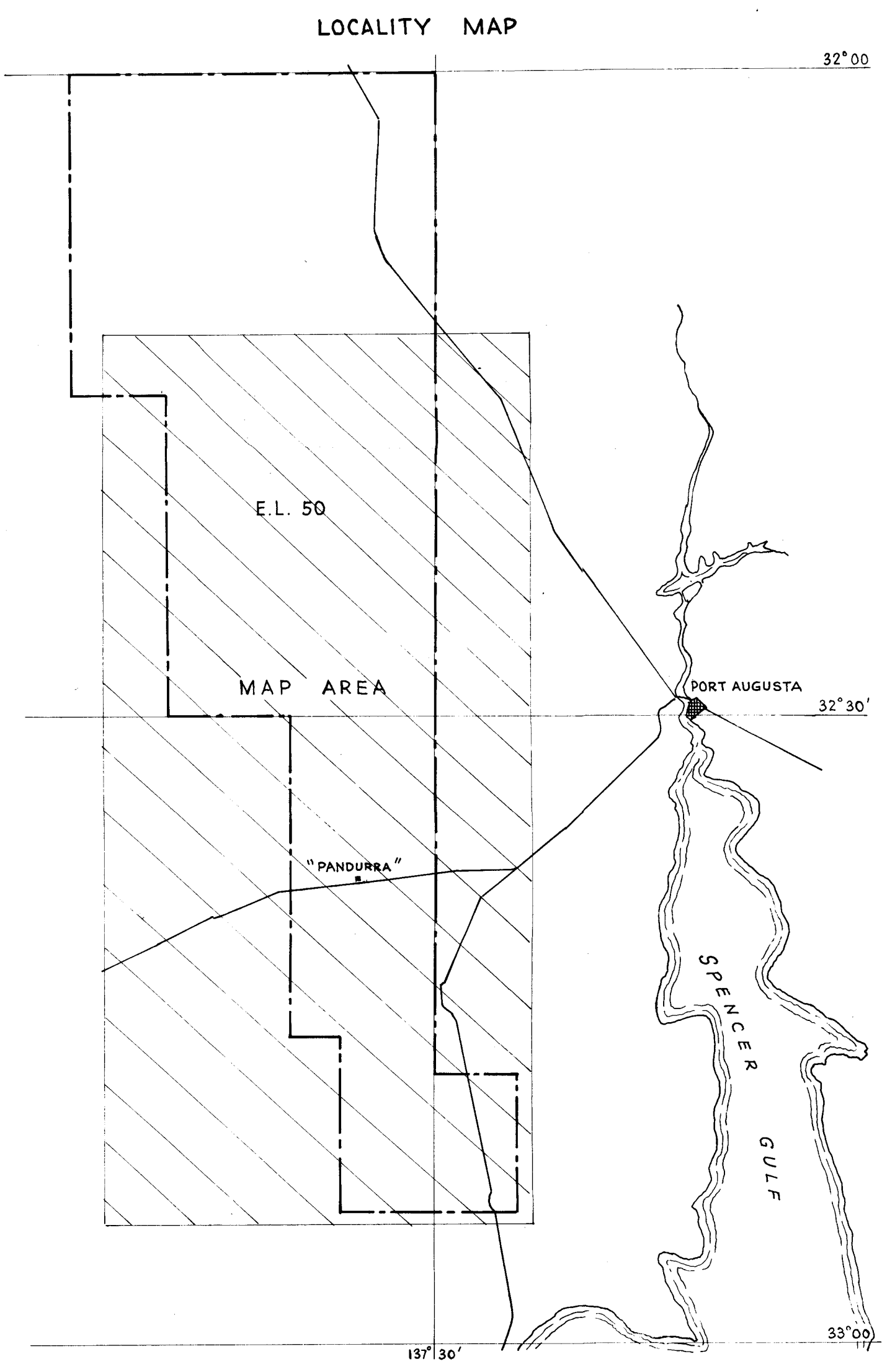
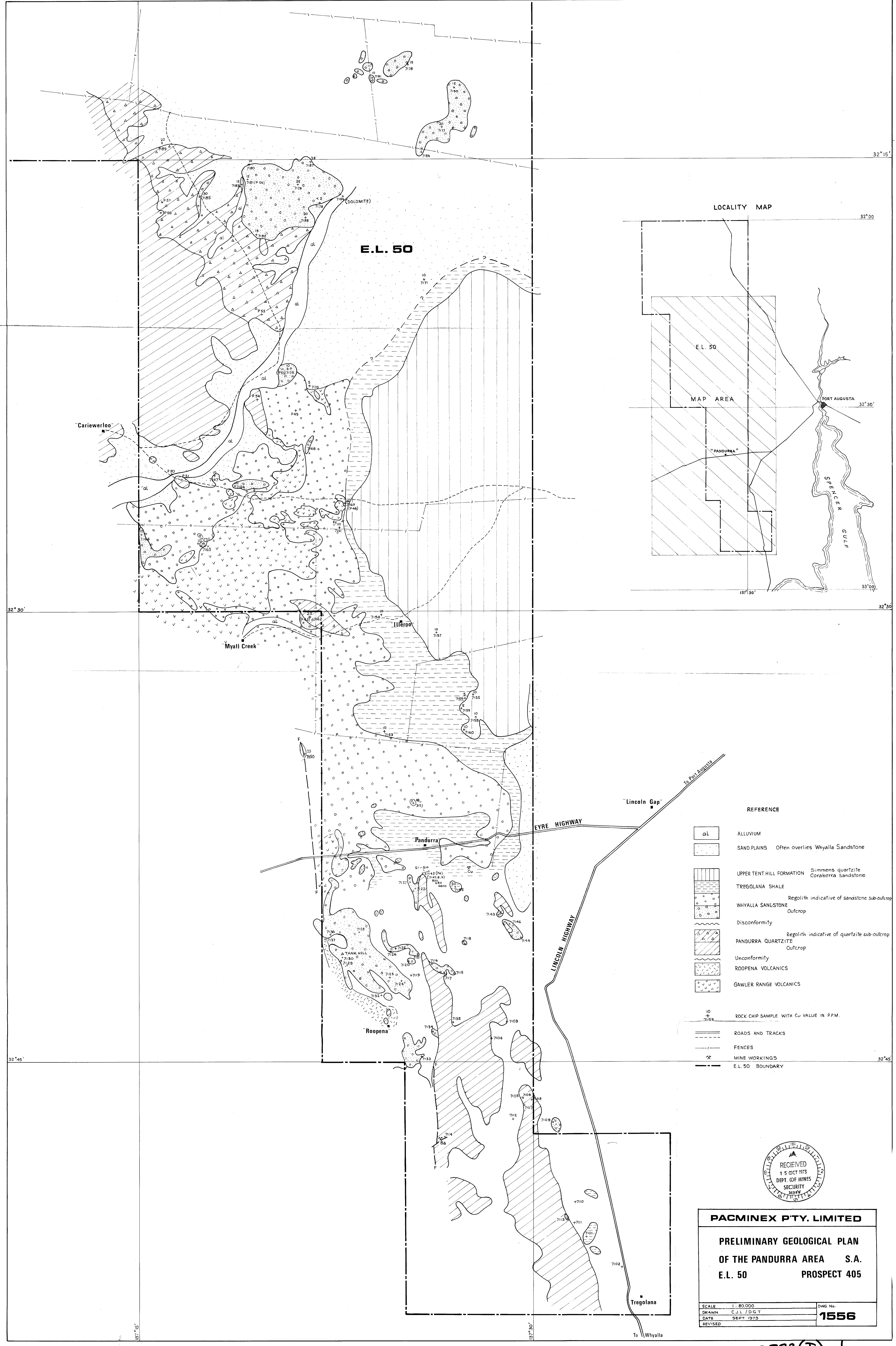
\$ 10,761.

0007

Yours faithfully,


(R. N. Selman)
MANAGING DIRECTOR





- REFERENCE
- al ALLUVIUM
 - SAND PLAINS Often overlies Whyalla Sandstone
 - UPPER TENT HILL FORMATION Simmens quartzite
Coraberra Sandstone
 - TREGOLANA SHALE
 - WHYALLA SANDSTONE Regolith indicative of sandstone sub-outcrop
Outcrop
 - Disconformity
 - PANDURRA QUARTZITE Regolith indicative of quartzite sub-outcrop
Outcrop
 - Unconformity
 - ROOPENA VOLCANICS
 - GAWLER RANGE VOLCANICS
- 10
+
7153 ROCK CHIP SAMPLE WITH CU VALUE IN P.P.M.
- ROADS AND TRACKS
 - FENCES
 - MINE WORKINGS
 - E.L. 50 BOUNDARY



PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED	
PRELIMINARY GEOLOGICAL PLAN	
OF THE PANDURRA AREA S.A.	
E.L. 50	PROSPECT 405
SCALE 1 : 80,000	DWG No.
DRAWN C.J.L. / D.G.T.	1556
DATE SEPT 1973	
REVISED	

2273(I)-1

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

0008

Telephone: 2 0515
Telegrams: "Pacminex" Sydney
Telex: AA 20285

15-19 Bent Street, Sydney, NSW
Postal Address:
Box No. R221 Royal Exchange.
SYDNEY, N.S.W. 2000.

17th December, 1973.

Our Ref.: RWG/EMP

Your Ref.: .

The Director of Mines,
Department of Mines,
Box 38, Rundle Street P.O.,
ADELAIDE, 5000.
South Australia.

Dear Sir,

Re : Quarterly Report on E.L. 50, Pandurra Area,
S.A., for period ending 22nd December, 1973.

1. Summary

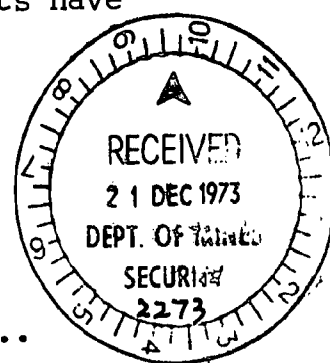
During the quarter, preliminary geological mapping was completed. A programme of stratigraphic drilling involving 61 rotary drill holes was carried out. Expenditure for the quarterly period ending 30th November, 1973, was \$25,535.

2. Geological Mapping

Geological reconnaissance was completed in September and a preliminary geological plan was prepared which is included in this report (Drawing No. 1556A). Extensive revisions and additions to this plan are already inevitable as a result of the drill hole data that is currently being assessed

3. Geochemical Survey

In the course of the last six months' exploration a total of 216 rock chip geochemical samples were collected. These were analysed for Cu, Pb and Zn. All the results have now been received and are appended to this report.



S.A. DEPARTMENT OF MINES

17/12/73

4. Stratigraphic Drilling

A comprehensive stratigraphic drilling programme commenced in the beginning of the quarterly period and to date a total of 61 rotary holes were completed. A total length of 3,570 metres was drilled. This included 2.6 metres of coring for diagnostic purposes. The maximum depth attained was 98 metres, with an average depth of approximately 60 metres. Drill hole locations are shown on Pacminex Drawing No. 1556A.

Sopley → The drilling programme fulfilled its purpose in that it successfully revealed the stratigraphic relationships of an essentially flat lying succession of rocks, and in particular has shown up the hitherto unsuspected extent and development of Woocalla Shale. It also revealed the presence of considerable underground water reserves in the northern part of the area. In two holes the quality of water was quite good (9,000 and 5,000 ppm T.D.S. respectively). A flow rate estimated at 5,000 to 6,000 gallons per hour was encountered in one zone on "Yudnapinna" Station. *||*

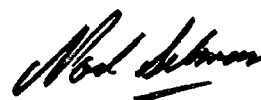
As most of the time was taken up in attending to drilling and logging operations there has been little chance of evaluating the results to date. Geochemical analysis of the drill cuttings and compilation of drill hole logs is currently in progress. Logs for drill holes EX 1 to EX 10 are appended to this report.

5. Expenditure

Expenditure for the period 1st September to 30th November, 1973, was \$25,535; and was incurred as follows :-

Geology and Geochemistry	\$ 18,527
Drilling	<u>7,008</u>
OVERALL TOTAL	<u>\$ 25,535</u>

Yours faithfully,



R.N. SELMAN,
Managing Director.

Encs.

0010

APPENDIX I

ROCK CHIP GEOCHEMICAL ANALYSES

SYDNEY

ADELAIDE

MT. ISA



GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS

McPhar Geophysics Pty. Ltd.

48-52 MARY STREET

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

P.O. BOX 42

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

PHONE: 72 2133

CABLE: "PHARGEQ"

ADELAIDE

TELEX: "PHARGEQ"

AA82623

Samples from: PACMINEX PTY. LTD.

Area: TUMBY BAY

Samples of: ROCKS

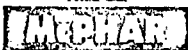
Preparation: PULVERISED

Sheet No.: 1

Batch No.: CH 4916 (Batch P I.) Project Pandurra Date: 21.6.73

SAMPLES WILL BE DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED

Sample Description	Cu, ppm	Pb, ppm	Zn, ppm				
7101	15	<20	15				
2	5	<20	10				
3	10	<20	5				
4	10	<20	5				
5	20	<20	10				
6	5	<20	5				
7	5	<20	5				
8	10	<20	5				
9	25	<20	40				
10	10	<20	5				
11	5	<20	5				
7112	30	60	20				



GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS

48-52 MARY STREET
UNLEY, S.A. 5061
P.O. BOX 42
UNLEY, S.A. 5061
PHONE: 72 2133
CABLE: "PHARGEO"
ADELAIDE
TELEX: "PHARGEO"
AA82623

Samples from: PACMINEK PTY. LTD.

Area: S.A.

Samples of: ROCKS

Preparation: PULVERISED

Batch No.: CH 4932 (Project Pandurra) P.2.

Sheet No.: 1

Date: 28.6.73

SAMPLES WILL BE DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED

Sample Description	Cu, ppm	Pb, ppm	Zn, ppm				
7113	20	<20	<5				
4	15	<20	5				
5	10	<20	<5				
6	20	<20	5				
7	10	<20	5				
8	10	<20	5				
9	35	<20	10				
20	25	<20	10				
7121	15	<20	10				

ANALYTICAL METHODS: Cu Pb Zn by AAS following hot conc. HCl leach and HCl/HNO₃ leach in latter stages for 1 hour of 0.25 g sample.



0013

SYDNEY

ADELAIDE

MT. ISA



GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS

McPhar Geophysics Pty. Ltd.

48-52 MARY STREET

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

P.O. BOX 42

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

PHONE: 72 2133

CABLE: "PHARGEO"

ADELAIDE

TELEX: "PHARGEO"

AA82623

Samples from: PACMINEX PTY. LTD.

Area:

Samples of: ROCKS

Preparation: PULVERISED

Batch No.: CH 4968 (Batch No. P3)

Sheet No.: 1

Date: 12.7.73

SAMPLES WILL BE DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED.

Sample Description	Cu, ppm	Pb, ppm	Zn, ppm				
7122	35	55	90				
3	10	20	35				
4	15	<20	45				
5	10	35	25				
6	15	20	65				
7	10	<20	15				
8	10	20	15				
9	10	<20	55				
30	5	<20	10				
1	10	<20	55				
2	5	20	10				
3	25	<20	210	✓			
4	5	<20	15				
5	15	<20	85				
6	15	<20	15				
7	25	30	260	✓			
8	10	<20	85				
9	20	25	60				
40	10	20	15				
1	10	<20	35				
7142	3400	200	290	✓			

Samples from: PACMINEX PTY. LTD.

Area:

Samples of: ROCK AND SOIL

Preparation: DRIED AND PULVERISED (10 SIEVED)

Sheet No.: 1

Batch No.: CH 5000 (FLD No. 8003) BATCH NO. 14 Date: 27.7.73

SAMPLES WILL BE DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED

Sample Description	Cu, ppm	Pb, ppm	Zn, ppm				
7143	60	<20	20				
4	5	<20	5				
5	30	<20	10				
6	5	<20	10				
7	800	50	360				
8	680	110	190				
9	4600✓	1000	1600				
50	25	<20	20				
1	10	<20	10				
2	1400✓	110	800				P.S.
3	10	<20	15				
4	10	20	10				
5	10	<20	10				
6	5	<20	5				
7	10	<20	10				
8	10	<20	10				
9	5	<20	10				
7160	10	<20	25				
S-1	35	<20	50				
2	35	20	85				
3	30	25	80				
4	35	60	95				
5	50	<20	60				
6	35	<20	40				
7	50	25	70				
8	45	25	75				
9	45	40	60				
S-10	50	40	95				

ANALYTICAL METHODS: Cu Pb Zn by AAS following hot conc. HCl leach and HCl/HNO₃ leach in latter stages for 1 hour of 0.25 g sample.



(Pacminex. Tumb. Bay.

0015

SYDNEY

ADELAIDE

MT. ISA



GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS

McPhar Geophysics Pty. Ltd.

48-52 MARY STREET

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

P.O. BOX 42

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

PHONE: 72 2133

CABLE: "PHARGEO"

ADELAIDE

TELEX: "PHARGEO"

AA82623

Samples from: PACMINEX PTY. LTD.

Area: PANDURRA

Samples of: ROCKS

Preparation: PULVERISED

Batch No.: CH 5049 (O/N FLD 8007)

P. 5

Sheet No.: 1

Date: 16.8.73

SAMPLES WILL BE DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED

Sample Description	Cu, ppm	Pb, ppm	Zn, ppm				
7161	10	<20	50				
2	25	<20	5				
3	10	<20	5				
4	10	<20	5				
5	20 ✓	480 ✓	5 ✓				
6	10	<20	5				
7	10	<20	<2				
8	10	<20	5				
9	20	<20	5				
70	5	<20	5				
1	10	<20	20				
2	15	<20	<2				
3	390 ✓	<20 ✓	240 ✓				
4	15	<20	10				
5	10	<20	<2				
7176	<2	<20	<2				

0016

SYDNEY

ADELAIDE

MT. ISA



GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS

McPhar Geophysics Pty. Ltd.

48-52 MARY STREET

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

P.O. BOX 42

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

PHONE: 72 2133

CABLE: "PHARGEO"

ADELAIDE

TELEX: "PHARGEO"

AA82623

Samples from: PACMINEX PTY. LTD.

Area: PANDURRA

Samples of: ROCKS

Preparation: PULVERISED

Batch No.: CH 5070 (O/N (0112) Batch No. PG)

Sheet No.: 1

Date: 16.8.73

SAMPLES WILL BE DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED

Sample Description	Cu, ppm	Pb, ppm	Zn, ppm				
7177	20	<20	35				
8	15	<20	25				
9	35	<20	20				
80	10	<20	5				
1	15	<20	10				
2	15	<20	10				
3	15	<20	15				
4	5	<20	20				
5	30	<20	15				
6	15	<20	10				
7	25	<20	10				
8	20	<20	20				
9	20	<20	60 ✓				
90	15	<20	45				
7191	10	<20	45				

0017

SYDNEY

ADELAIDE

MT. ISA



GEOCHEMICAL RESULTS

McPhar Geophysics Pty. Ltd.

48-52 MARY STREET

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

P.O. BOX 42

UNLEY, S.A. 5061

PHONE: 72 2133

CABLE: "PHARGEO"

ADELAIDE

TELEX: "PHARGEO"

AA82623

Samples from: PACMINEX PTY. LTD.

Area: TUMBY BAY.

Samples of: ROCKS

Preparation: PULVERISED

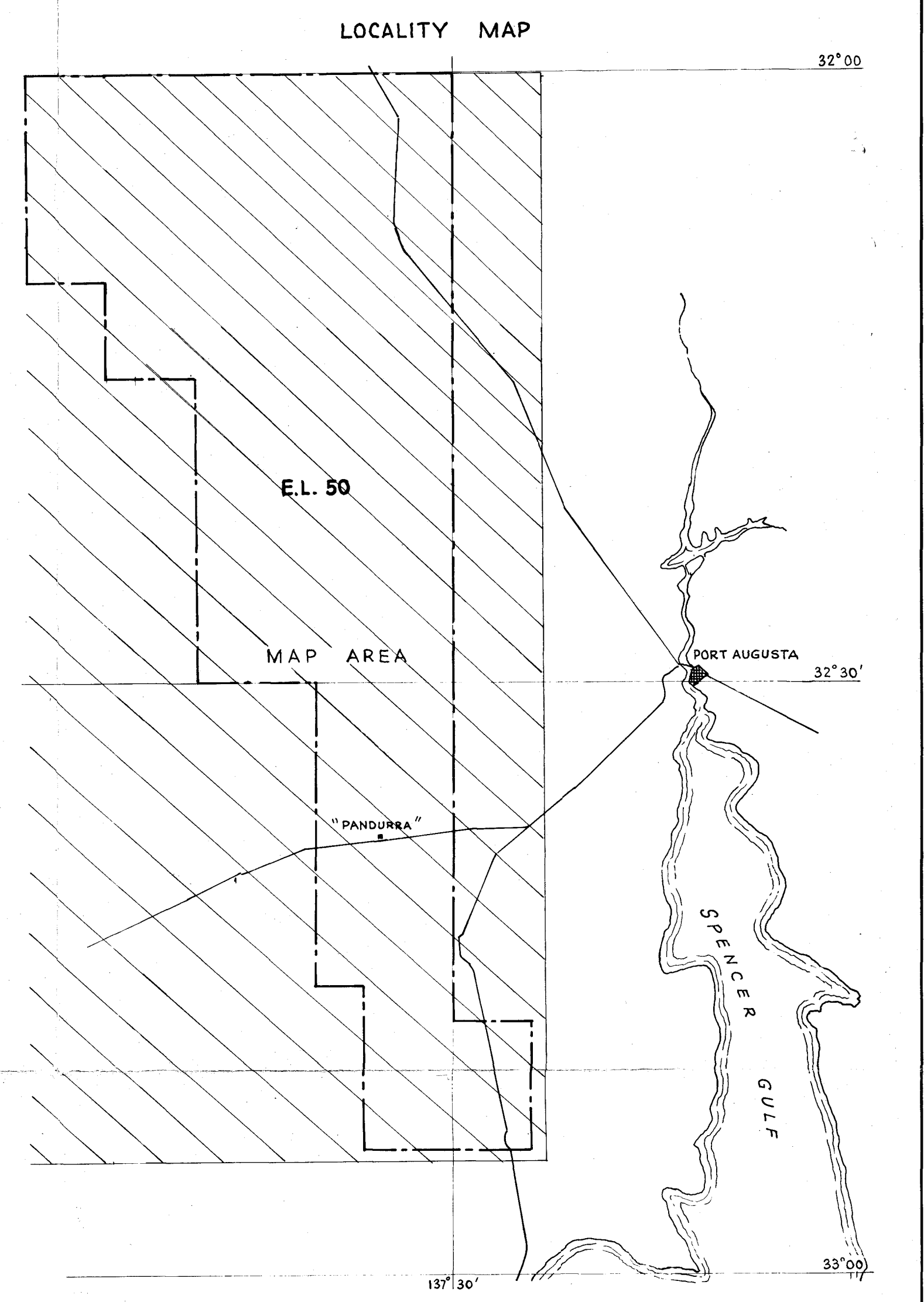
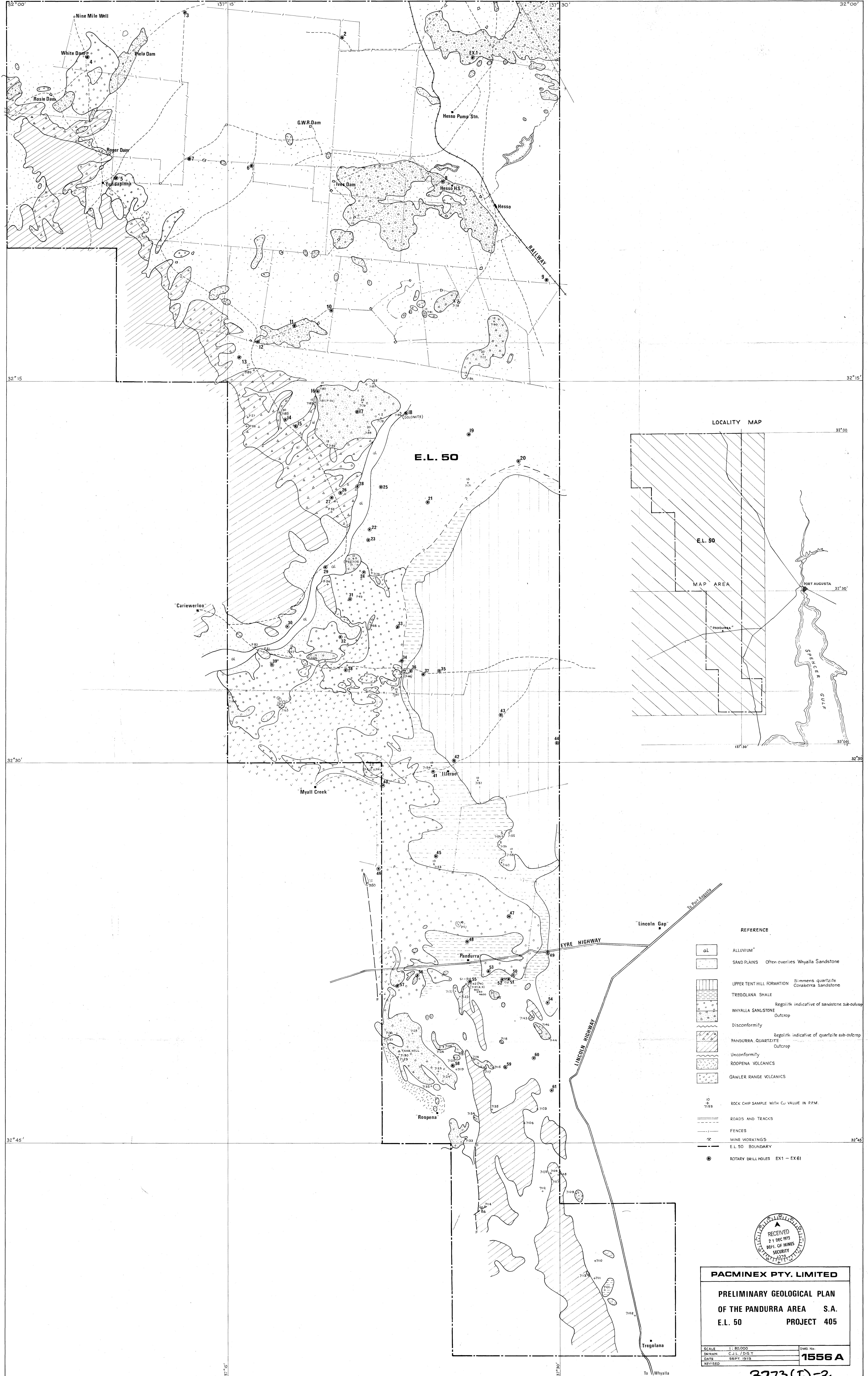
Batch No.: CH 5189 (O/N.FLD No. 8017) P.7.

Sheet No.: 1

Date: 1.10.73

SAMPLES WILL BE DISPOSED OF AFTER TWO MONTHS UNLESS WE ARE OTHERWISE ADVISED

Sample Description	Cu, ppm	Pb, ppm	Zn, ppm				
7192	60	<20	5				
3	10	<20	5				
4	10	<20	5				
5	35	<20	5				
6	10	<20	5				
7	10	<20	<2				
8	10	<20	5				
9	5	<20	5				
7200	10	<20	5				
1	10	<20	40				
2	5	<20	5				
3	15	<20	5				
4	10	<20	10				
5	10	20	10				
6	10	<20	15				
7	10	<20	25				
8	10	<20	10				
9	10	<20	5				
10	10	25	10				
1	10	<20	5				
2	10	<20	15				
3	5	<20	5				
4	5	<20	20				
5	5	<20	<2				
7216	10	<20	5				



- REFERENCE
- al ALLUVIUM
 - SAND PLAINS Often overlies Whyalla Sandstone
 - UPPER TENT HILL FORMATION Simmens quartzite
Coraberra Sandstone
 - TREGOLANA SHALE
 - WHYALLA SANDSTONE Regolith indicative of sandstone sub-outcrop
Outcrop
 - Discontinuity
 - PANDURRA QUARTZITE Regolith indicative of quartzite sub-outcrop
Outcrop
 - Unconformity
 - ROOPENA VOLCANICS
 - GAWLER RANGE VOLCANICS
 - 10
7153 ROCK CHIP SAMPLE WITH CU VALUE IN PPM.
 - ROADS AND TRACKS
 - FENCES
 - MINE WORKINGS
 - E.L. 50 BOUNDARY
 - ROTARY DRILL HOLES EX1 - EX61



PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED	
PRELIMINARY GEOLOGICAL PLAN	
OF THE PANDURRA AREA S.A.	
E.L. 50 PROJECT 405	
SCALE 1:80,000	DWG No.
DRAWN C.H. D.G.T.	1556 A
DATE SEPT. 1973	
REVISED	

2773(I)-2

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

0018

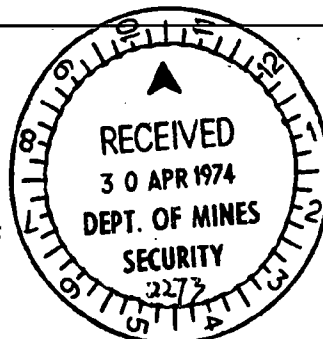
15-19 BENT STREET
BOX 221 ROYAL EXCHANGE
SYDNEY 2000 AUSTRALIA
CABLE "PACMINEX" SYDNEY
TELEX AA20285
TELEPHONE 2 0515

PACMINEX

Ref: DGT/SS

18th April, 1974.

The Director of Mines,
Department of Mines,
Box 38, Rundle St. P.O.,
ADELAIDE, S.A. 5000.



Dear Sir,

Quarterly Report on E.L. 50, Pandurra Area, S.A.
for period ending 22nd March, 1974

1. Summary

During the quarter, geochemical results for a previous drilling programme were received. A second programme of stratigraphic drilling was partly completed. Expenditure for the quarterly accounting period ending 28th February, 1974, was \$16,939.

2. Stratigraphic Drilling

2.1 First Stage (Completed November, 1973)

Geochemical results for the first drilling programme were received and entered on the drill logs. These logs, for holes EX1 to EX61, are appended to this report. No strongly anomalous geochemical values were detected.

2.2 Second Stage (In progress)

A programme of follow-up drilling began on 4th March, 1974. To the end of March, 49 rotary drillholes, totalling 1,916 metres, were completed. Hole locations are shown on Drawing No. 1556B, which accompanies this report. This programme has not been completed and no geochemical assays or drillhole logs are available yet.

3. Results

As did the earlier programme, the drilling has continued to reveal the widespread development of Woocalla Shale. On "Pandurra", "Roopena" and "Tregolana" stations, weathered outcrop, previously mapped as Tregolana Shale, has been shown to be weathered, black, dolomitic shale of the Woocalla unit.

Topley

0019

4. Expenditure

Expenditure for the period 1st December, 1973, to 28th February, 1974, was \$16,401, which was incurred as follows:-

Geology and Geochemistry	\$ 11,337
Drilling	\$ 5,602
Total	<u>\$ 16,939</u>

Yours faithfully,



R.N. Selman,
Managing Director.

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

15-19 BENT STREET
BOX 221 ROYAL EXCHANGE
SYDNEY 2000 AUSTRALIA
CABLE "PACMINEX" SYDNEY
TELEX AA20285
TELEPHONE 2 0515

0020

PACMINEX

Ref : RWG/EMP

16th July, 1974.

The Director of Mines,
Department of Mines,
Box 38, Rundle Street P.O.,
ADELAIDE, 5000.
South Australia.

Dear Sir,

Quarterly Report on E.L. 50, Pandurra Area, S.A.
For the Period Ending 22nd June, 1974.

1. Summary

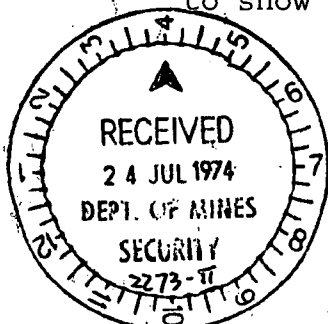
The stratigraphic drilling programme, commenced in the previous quarter, was continued. Geochemical assays from the drilling carried out during the previous quarter are now to hand. Expenditure for the period 1st March to 31st May, 1974, amounted to \$28,738.

2. Stratigraphic Drilling

The second stage drilling programme which commenced in March, 1974, was interrupted by a break, during which bore hole logs were compiled and general drilling results were assessed. Drilling recommenced on 5th June and a further 17 rotary holes, totalling 602 metres were completed before the end of the period. Drill hole logs incorporating geochemical assays, for holes EX 62 to EX 110 are appended. Hole locations are shown on Drawing No. 1556C, which accompanies this report.

3. Results

Drilling continued to refine geological knowledge. The area considered to have a potential for mineralisation has been reduced to a narrow strip bordering Pandurra Formation outcrop. No obvious geochemical anomalies were detected, but a closer study currently underway is beginning to show up some interesting trends.



4. Expenditure

Expenditure for the period 1st March to 31st May, 1974, was \$28,738, and was incurred as follows :-

Geology and Geochemistry	18,029
Drilling	<u>10,709</u>
Overall Total	<u>\$ 28,738</u>

Yours faithfully,



R.N. SELMAN,
Managing Director.

/ Encs.

2

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

15-19 BENT STREET
BOX R221 ROYAL EXCHANGE
SYDNEY 2000 AUSTRALIA
CABLE "PACMINEX" SYDNEY
TELEX AA26175
TELEPHONE 20515

0022

PACMINEX

DWHS/IM

16th August, 1974

The Director of Mines,
Department of Mines,
Box 38. Rundle Street P.O.,
ADELAIDE. S.A. 5000

Dear Sir,

EXPLORATION LICENCE NO. 50 - PANDURRA
MOUNT GUNSON MINES PTY. LTD.

In compliance with clause 9 of the above licence,
we hereby notify you of the occurrence of underground water
of a quality acceptable for stock in drill holes as located
on the enclosed sketch plan.

Samples of water from these holes were tested by
A.C.S. Laboratories, Adelaide, to determine the total
dissolved salts. Results are appended to the enclosed
plan. The depth of the watertable for each hole is also
given. By way of interest we have included results from
some holes where water is of no use for stock. The samples
were collected and analysed in the course of geochemical
investigations.

Hole Nos. 7 and 130 produced water judged to be of
good quality, but samples were not tested. In many other
holes in E.L. 50 water was encountered, but tests showed it
to be highly saline.

Yours faithfully,



(R.N. Selman)
MANAGING DIRECTOR



TABLE OF WATER TESTS

(refer sketch plan)

<u>HOLE NO.</u>	<u>% T.D.S.</u>	<u>WATER TABLE DEPTH (METRES)</u>
6	0.999	60
7	not tested	30
12	0.549	55
128	0.804	42
129	dry to 48m	
130	not tested	30
131	wet but no flow	42
132	0.468	21
135	0.82	
	0.819	45
137	1.8	-
142	1.8	-
143	.983	33

16th August, 1974

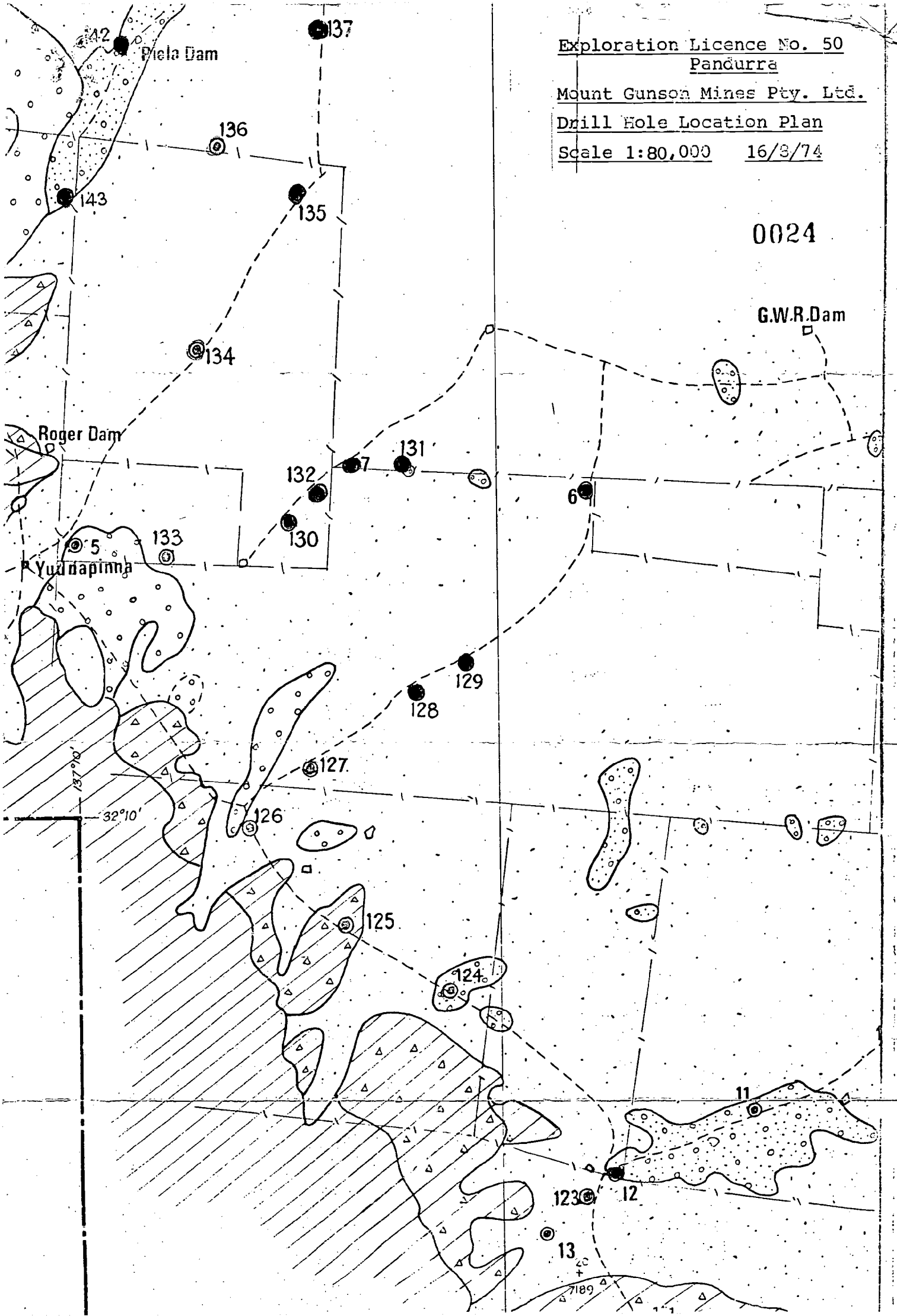
Exploration Licence No. 50
Pandurra

Mount Gunson Mines Pty. Ltd.

Drill Hole Location Plan

Scale 1:80,000 16/3/74

0024



PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

15-19 BENT STREET
BOX 221 ROYAL EXCHANGE
SYDNEY 2000 AUSTRALIA
CABLE "PACMINEX" SYDNEY
TELEX AA20285
TELEPHONE 2 0515

0025



Ref: RWG/SS

22nd October, 1974.

Director of Mines,
Department of Mines,
Box 38, Rundle St. P.O.,
ADELAIDE, S.A. 5000.

Dear Sir,

Quarterly Report on E.L. 50, Pandurra Area,
S.A., for the period ending 22/9/1974

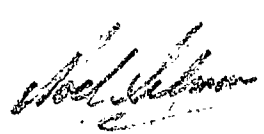
Please find enclosed one copy of the above report, together with appendix. The maps accompanying this report are unfortunately still in preparation but will be forwarded on completion.

Expenditure for the period 1st June to 31st August, 1974, was \$31,794. This was incurred as follows :-

Geology, Geochemistry and General	
Logistics	\$20,314
Drilling and Sampling	\$11,480
Total	<u>\$31,794</u>

Please note that the report is for the period ending 22nd September, 1974, but the financial statement is for the three month period ending 31st August, 1974.

Yours faithfully,


R.N. Selman,
Managing Director.



0026

PAGMINEX PTY LIMITED

EXPLORATION LICENCE NO. 50

QUARTERLY REPORT ON EXPLORATION ACTIVITIES

FOR THE PERIOD

23RD JUNE, 1974 to 22ND SEPTEMBER, 1974

PMR 134/74



SYDNEY
October, 1974.

D.G. Tonkin

0027

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R.N. Selman)	
P.C. Thomas)	2
J.H. Rattigan)	
D.G. Tonkin	3

CONTENTS

0028

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3.	GEOCHEMISTRY	1
4.	GEOLOGY	2
5.	PETROLOGY	3

APPENDIX

~~I Stratigraphic Drill Hole Logs, EX 111 to EX 157. DELETED~~

FIGURE

Facing Page No.

1	Location Map, E.L. 50	1
---	-----------------------	---

DRAWING NO.

1556D Preliminary Geological Plan and Drill
Hole Locations in the Pandurra Area,
1:80,000.

~~1806 Pre-Whyalla Sandstone Bedrock Lithology DELETED
1:125,000.~~

KEYWORDS

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

E.L. 50

EXPLORATION

GEOLOGY

GEOCHEMISTRY

DRILLING

STRATIGRAPHY

PETROLOGY

PANDURRA

SI 53-4

1. SUMMARY

The second stage of a comprehensive stratigraphic drilling programme has now been completed. Collation and interpretation of drill hole data that has been accumulated is underway and the results are being evaluated.

Stratigraphic problems have been discussed with geologists from the S.A. Department of Mines. Samples of rock chips and drill cuttings were selected for sectioning and petrological study. The existence of a potable water aquifer was reported to the Director of Mines.

2. STRATIGRAPHIC DRILLING

The second stage drilling programme which began in March, 1974, was completed on the 17th July. An additional 30 holes involving 1,321 metres of drilling were sunk during the period. An overall total of 157 holes involving 7,410 metres of drilling have now been completed. Drill hole locations are shown on DWG. NO. 1556D. 7

3. GEOCHEMISTRY

All drill cuttings collected during the report period (samples from holes EX 128 to EX 157) were analysed for Cu, Pb and Zn. No obvious geochemical anomalies were recognised in samples coming from E.L. 50. One anomalous geochemical assay was of a sample from EX 147, sited 1 km south of Magnacowie Wells in E.L. 81.

0031

Water samples collected from drill holes carrying a significant flow of water were tested for T.D.S., Cu, Pb and Zn. None contained anomalous amounts of heavy metals. However, 7 holes located on the "Yudnapinna" Station showed up a potable water aquifer. As required by the terms of the Exploration Licence this discovery was detailed in a separate report to the Director of Mines, dated 16th August, 1974.

4. GEOLOGY

A much more detailed picture of the sub-surface geology is now emerging (DWG. NO. 1806). One main revelation is that the sand-covered plains are not underlain by Tregolana Shale, as previously thought, but by either Whyalla Sandstone or the shale facies of the Woocalla Dolomite.

A second important finding was the recognition of a new unit, referred to as the "Yudnapinna Beds". This unit immediately overlies the Woocalla Dolomite Formation and occupies a trough running from the north-west corner to the south-east corner of the lease (DWG. NO. 1556D). The beds consist of red, green and grey-green siltstone and fine sandstone with a carbonate-bearing matrix in most localities. Certain strata contain abundant sand-sized to small pebble-sized lithic grains. These are mostly orange-red in colour, and are probably derived from the Gawler Range Volcanics basement. The unit is up to 50 metres thick. Its contact with the overlying Whyalla Sandstone appears to be gradational.

A third important discovery was a conglomerate unit that lies immediately below the Woocalla Dolomite formation. This unit manifests itself in two different localities, one in

the northern part of the lease and one in the southern part of the lease. The conglomerate is thin and discontinuous, north of the Gawler Range Volcanics inlier that occupies the centre of E.L. 50. It consists of white quartz pebbles in a gritty matrix and contains characteristic angular red chips of jasper.

South of the Gawler Range Volcanics inlier, the conglomerate is better developed. It contains iron formation pebbles, Pandurra Formation pebbles and white quartz pebbles, in decreasing order of abundance and with an increasing degree of rounding. The matrix of the rock is sandy and unconsolidated. The constituents appear to be very poorly sorted. More than 50 metres thickness of conglomerate has been intersected beneath Woocalla Dolomite on "Pandurra" station.

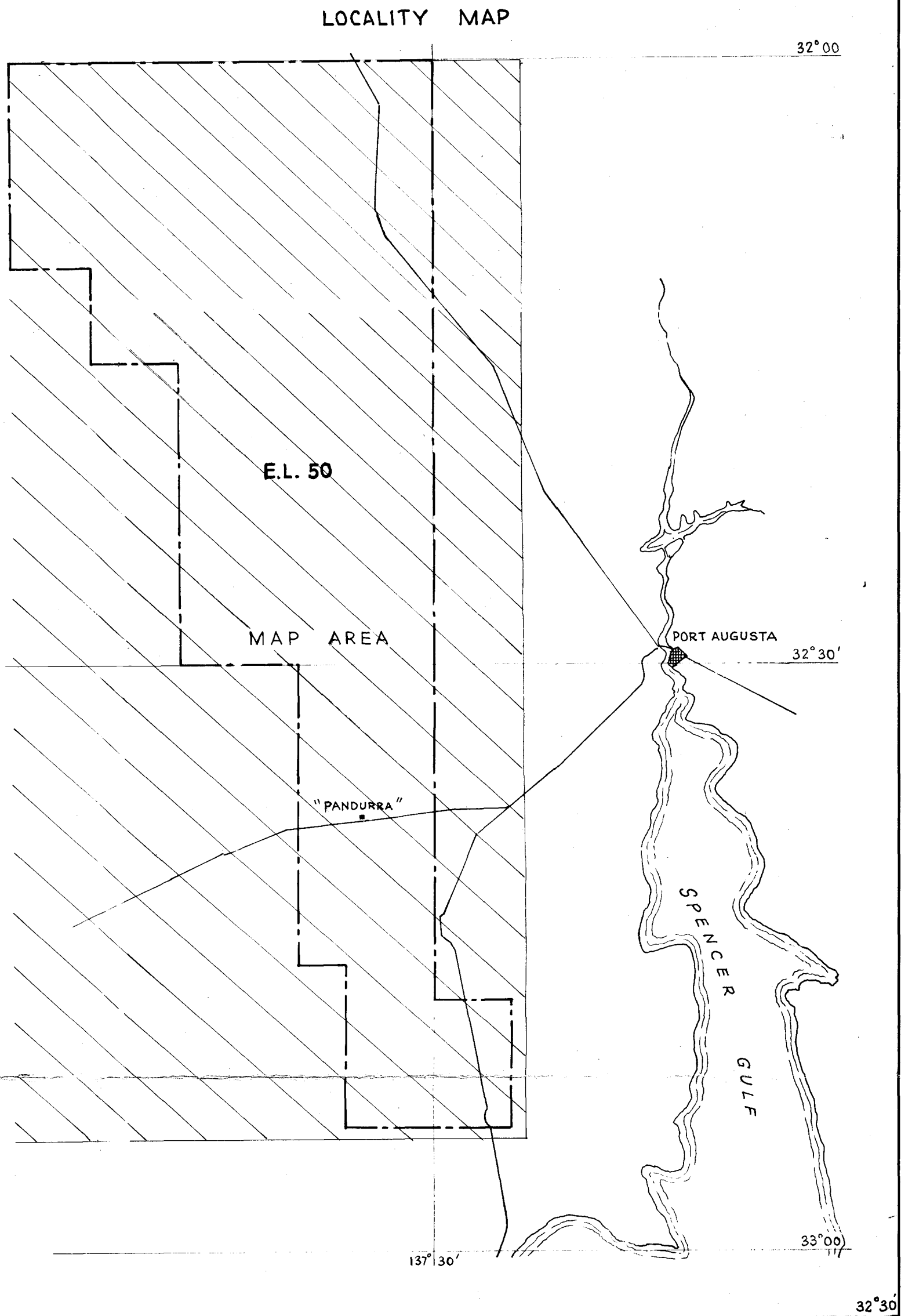
Messrs. B.P. Thomson and R.P. Coats of the Regional Surveys Division visited Port Augusta in August. Field excursions to study outcrops in the Roopena and Whyalla area were made after examination of plans, sections, drill cuttings and cores from the Exploration Licence area. Attempts were made to sort out the confusion existing in mapping of the Pandurra Formation and the Whyalla Sandstone member. Problems involved in applying stratigraphic names to the Woocalla beds were discussed at length.

5. PETROLOGY

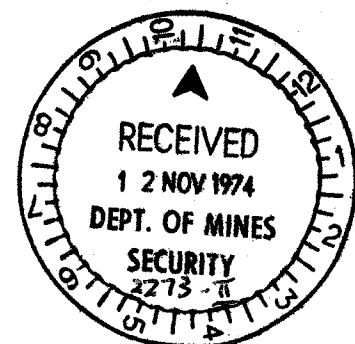
Thirty samples of rock chips and drill cuttings were selected and sent for preparation of thin and polished sections. Examples of the Yudnapinna siltstone beds were also included.

DGT/SS

22/10/74



- REFERENCE
- al ALLUVIUM
 - SAND PLAINS Often overlies Whyalla Sandstone
 - UPPER TENT HILL FORMATION Simmens quartzite
Coraberrra sandstone
 - TREGOLANA SHALE
 - WHYALLA SANDSTONE Regolith indicative of sandstone sub-outcrop
Outcrop
 - Disconformity
 - PANDURRA QUARTZITE Regolith indicative of quartzite sub-outcrop
Outcrop
 - Unconformity
 - ROOPENA VOLCANICS
 - GAWLER RANGE VOLCANICS
 - ROCK CHIP SAMPLE WITH CU VALUE IN P.P.M.
 - ROADS AND TRACKS
 - FENCES
 - MINE WORKINGS
 - E.L. 50 BOUNDARY
 - ROTARY DRILL HOLES EX1 - EX139



PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

**PRELIMINARY GEOLOGICAL PLAN
AND DRILL HOLE LOCATIONS IN
THE PANDURRA AREA, S.A.**

E.L. 50 PROJECT 405

SCALE 1:80,000 DWG. No. 1556d
DRAWN C.J.T./D.G.T.
DATE SEPT. 1973
REVISED JULY 74

2273(11)-1

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15-19 BENT STREET
BOX 221 ROYAL EXCHANGE
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CABLE "PACMINEX" SYDNEY
TELEX AA20285
TELEPHONE 2 0515



Ref : DGT/EMP

20th December, 1974.

The Director of Mines,
Department of Mines,
Box 38 Rundle St P.O.,
ADELAIDE, 5000.
South Australia.

Dear Sir,

Quarterly Report on E.L. 50, Pandurra Area, S.A.
For the period ending 22nd December, 1974.

This period was spent in geological analysis and interpretation of the data collected during field programmes completed over the previous 18 months. Stratigraphic interpretations and correlations were the principal concern, and a close liason was maintained with the Geological Survey division of the Department of Mines.

A report titled "Progress Report on Exploration in the Pandurra Area E.L. 50, South Australia, from March 1973 to December 1974" is being prepared. It will summarise exploration done during the currency of the exploration licence, details the results of that exploration and outlines proposed future work in the Pandurra area. This report will be submitted in January 1975.


Expenditure for the period 1st September to 30th November, 1974, was \$15,246. This was incurred as follows :-

Geology, Geochemistry & General Logistics	14,108
Drilling & Sampling	<u>1,138</u>
	\$ 15,246

Please note that the report is for the period ending 22nd December, 1974, but the financial statement is for the three month period ending 30th November, 1974.

Yours faithfully,




R.N. SELMAN,
Managing Director.

0034

PACMINEX PTY LIMITED

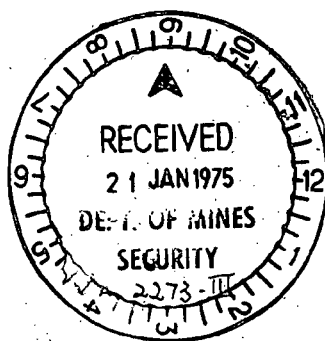
PROGRESS REPORT ON

EXPLORATION IN THE PANDURRA AREA, E.L. 50

SOUTH AUSTRALIA,

FROM MARCH, 1973 TO DECEMBER, 1974.

PMR 160/74



SYDNEY

December, 1974.

D.G. TONKIN

0035

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APPENDIX

Stratigraphic Drill Hole Logs, EX 1 to EX 157 (Revised)

FIGURESFACING PAGE NO.

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PLANS (IN POCKET)PMX DWG. NO.

1806	PRE-WHYALLA SANDSTONE BEDROCK LITHOLOGY PLAN, SCALE 1:125,000
2036	BEDROCK LITHOLOGY PLAN, SCALE 1:125,000
2037	STRATIGRAPHIC DRILL HOLE LOCATION PLAN, SCALE 1:125,000

KEYWORDS

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

4E.L. 50

4S.I. 53-04

4PANDURRA

DRILLING

4WOOCALLA DOLOMITE

4ELIZABETH CREEK CONGLOMERATE

4YUDNAPINNA BEDS

4TENT HILL

FORMATION

4WHYALLA SANDSTONE

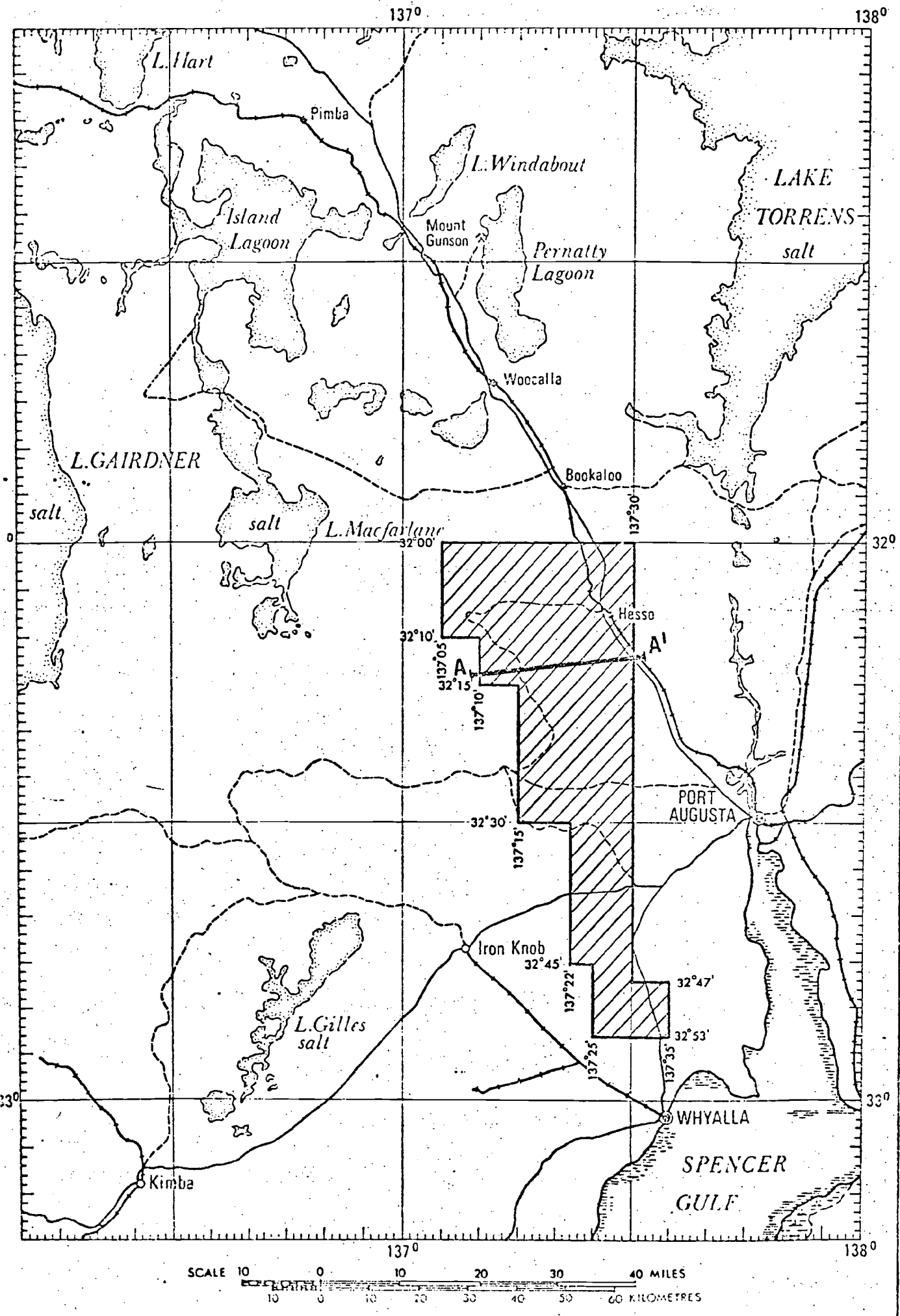


FIGURE 1 : LOCATION MAP PANDURRA AREA SOUTH AUSTRALIA

1. INTRODUCTION

This report, to the Director of Mines, South Australia, concerns the Pandurra Area, E.L. 50, during the period from its commencement on 23rd March, 1973, until 31st December, 1974. (see Figure 1).

The report summarises exploration done during this period, details the results of that exploration and outlines proposed future work in the Pandurra Area.

An Appendix contains amended drill logs for all stratigraphic drill holes. Alterations have been made to the classification of rock units in order to make them conform to the current interpretation.

2. SUMMARY

After an initial geological reconnaissance, two programmes of stratigraphic drilling were undertaken. The completion of these provided the sub-surface geological information required to select areas of greater potential for closer investigation.

Future work, contracted and planned, includes airborne geophysical surveys and exploratory drilling.

3. EXPLORATION PROGRAMMES

The Pandurra Area, which covers 2,215 square kilometres, was taken up in March, 1973. It was renewed for a twelve month period in March, 1974. The area was selected because it contains outcrops of Pandurra Formation, trending south-easterly from "Yudnapinna" station towards Whyalla, which is overlain by members of the Tent Hill Formation (see Figure 2).

It was assumed that if there were any areas where the basal unit of the Tent Hill Formation, the Whyalla Sandstone, was in contact with the Pandurra Formation, that these areas could have potential for the discovery of Mt. Gunson type mineral deposits.

3.1 Geological Reconnaissance

The area lies on the Port Augusta 1:250,000 geological sheet, which was published in 1968 and considered to be fairly reliable. However, little outcrop was shown close to the top of the Pandurra Formation and no outcrop of Woocalla Dolomite was shown.

Geological reconnaissance was concentrated particularly along the outcropping upper surface of the Pandurra Formation. It was also aimed at interpreting the bedrock lithology beneath unconsolidated surface sediments. The resulting hypothetical bedrock lithological plan would then be tested by subsequent stratigraphic drilling.

3.2 Stratigraphic Drilling : Stage One

Widely spaced rotary holes were drilled to a maximum depth of 100 m. The distance between holes was as much as 15 km. The aims were :-

- (i) to find whether the depth to the top of the Pandurra Formation increased steadily to the east, or if irregularities of the Pandurra surface brought it close to surface beneath recent cover;
- (ii) to build up a number of broad geological profiles.

Stage One involved 65 drill holes which totalled 3,773 metres. The mean depth of drill holes was 58 m. Cuttings were sampled in 3 metre intervals and geochemically assayed for Cu, Pb, Zn and in some cases Mn. Drill hole locations are shown on Figure 2 and on Drawing No. 2037.

3.3 Stratigraphic Drilling : Stage Two

The second stage drilling programme concentrated on :-

- (i) tracing the western edge of the Woocalla Dolomite, and
- (ii) delineating the prospective corridor which occurs between the margin of the Woocalla Dolomite and outcropping Pandurra Formation where Whyalla Sandstone directly overlies the Pandurra Formation.

A further 92 rotary holes were drilled, totalling 3,637 metres. Mean depth of drill holes was 40 m. Samples were again collected in 3 m intervals and geochemically assayed for Cu, Pb, and Zn. Drill hole locations are shown on Figure 2 and on Drawing No. 2037.

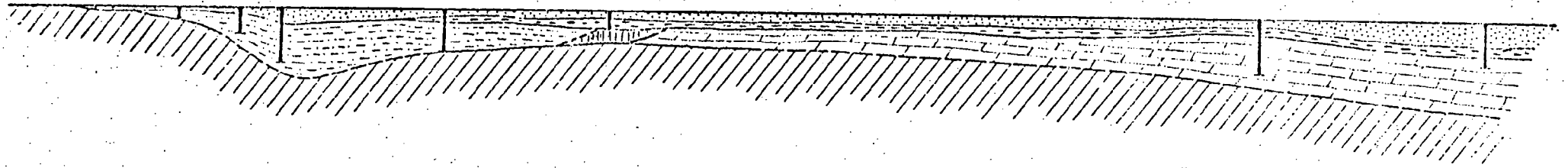
0045

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EX13 EX123 EX12

EX11







EX10

(Projected 5km SE)
EX8(Projected 4km NW)
EX9

0 1 2 3 4 5 km

HORIZONTAL SCALE 1:100,000

VERTICAL SCALE 1:10,000

-  WHYALLA SANDSTONE
-  MAGAZINE HILL CLAY
-  YUDNAPINNA BEDS
-  MARGINAL FACIES ?
-  WOODCALLA DOLOMITE
-  PANDURRA FORMATION

D.G.T. / SEPT. 1974

Figure 3. GEOLOGICAL SECTION OF PANDURRA AREA (UNLEVELLED)

4. RESULTS

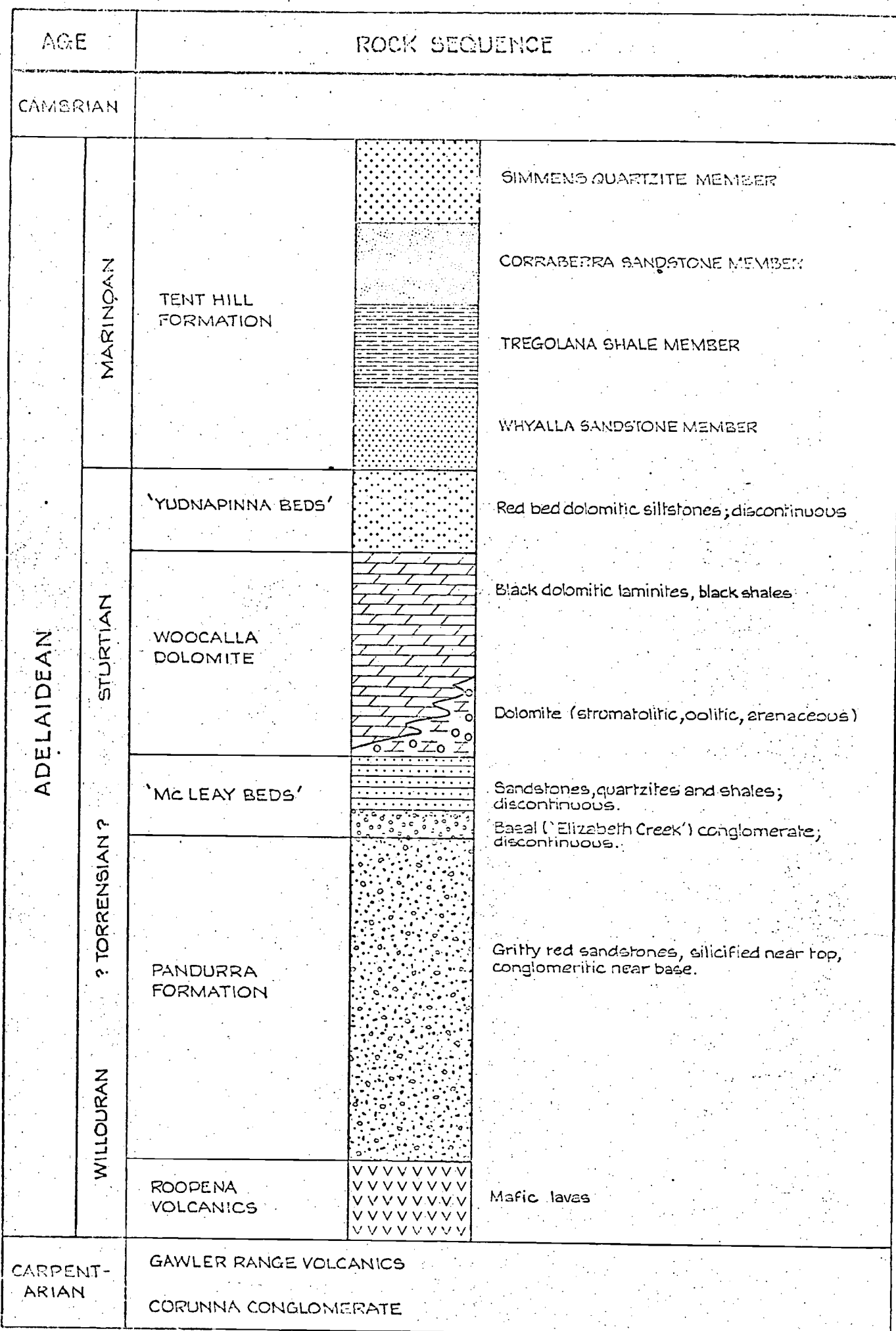
Drill hole logs for all stratigraphic holes, EX1 to EX157, are appended to this report. These logs have been revised in the light of present knowledge of the area.

4.1 The Pandurra Formation Surface

Irregularity of the top of the Pandurra Formation was found in three areas :-

- (i) Near "Yudnapinna" homestead, three, approximately 10 km long, troughs converge to form a larger trough which runs south-easterly parallel to the present day eastern edge of the Pandurra Formation outcrop.
- (ii) Near "Pandurra" homestead converge two troughs which rise 5 km to the south-west and 10 km to the south-east respectively.
- (iii) About 8 km south-east of "Roopena" homestead a north-east trending trough is exposed on the present day surface of the Pandurra Formation.

In all cases, these troughs appear to be paleo drainage channels, now largely filled by younger Proterozoic sediments. No evidence was found of major tectonic disturbances which might have raised locally the top of the Pandurra Formation during or after deposition of the Woocalla Dolomite, allowing deposition of Whyalla Sandstone directly onto the Pandurra Formation. The top of the Pandurra Formation appears to dip steadily eastwards and although there are probably erosional irregularities on this surface, the top of the Pandurra Formation does not seem to occur at shallow depth at any great distance from the present day outcrops. Figure 3 is a geological section through the northern portion of the lease.



D.G.T. / SEPT. 1974

Figure 4. THE ADELAIDEAN SEQUENCE OF THE STUART SHELF

4.2 New Stratigraphic Units

The rocks of the Pandurra area are of Adelaidean age. The sequence is a little deformed shelf facies lying on the western margin of the Adelaide Geosyncline. It forms a cratonic cover of shallow water marine sediments on the Gawler Platform. Figure 4 depicts the sequence.

The sedimentary succession revealed by the stratigraphic drilling programmes contains two units previously unknown in the area. One of these units underlies and the other overlies the Woocalla Dolomite Formation.

4.2.1 "Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate"

Underlying the Woocalla Dolomite, is a thin, discontinuous basal conglomerate. North of the Gawler Range Volcanics inlier that bisects the Pandurra area into northern and southern portions, this conglomerate is poorly developed. It consists there of rounded white quartz pebbles in a gritty matrix and contains characteristic angular red chips of jasper.

South of the Gawler Range Volcanics inlier, the conglomerate is better developed. It contains angular iron-formation pebbles, less-angular Pandurra Formation pebbles and rounded, white quartz pebbles, in decreasing order of abundance. The matrix of the unit is sandy and unconsolidated. The constituents appear to be very poorly sorted. More than 50 metres thickness of this conglomerate was intersected beneath Woocalla Dolomite 6 km south of "Pandurra" homestead.

The poorly developed version of the conglomerate, as found in the northern portion of the area, is very similar to a conglomerate found at the Elizabeth Creek locality, 12 km north-east of Mt. Gunson and known colloquially as the "Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate". The "Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate" directly overlies the Pandurra Formation, as does the conglomerate in the Pandurra area and so they are believed to be correlative.

The "McLeay Beds", shown on Figure 4, occupy a similar stratigraphic position to the "Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate", but have only been found in E.L. 81, to the north of E.L. 50.

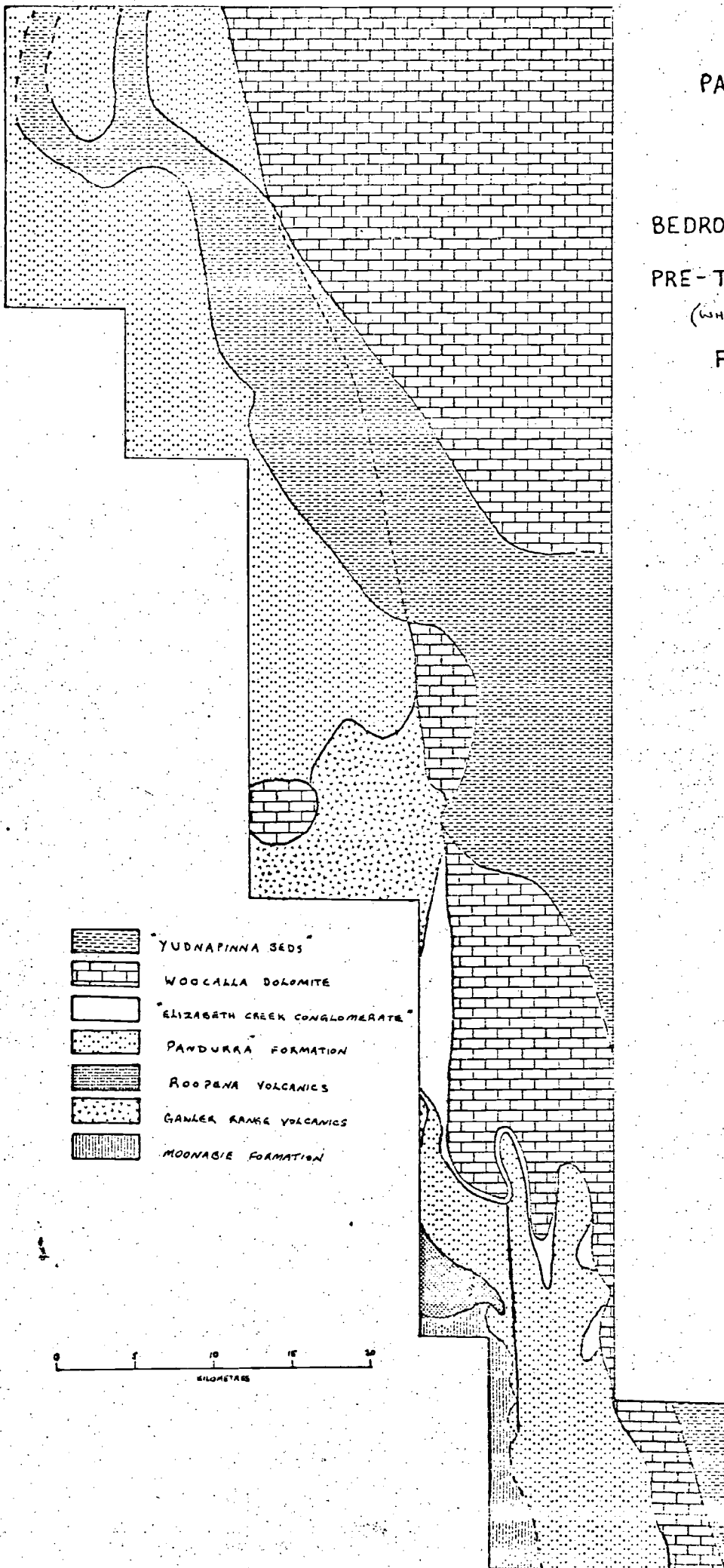
4.2.2 "Yudnapinna Beds"

This unit immediately overlies the Woocalla Dolomite Formation and occupies a shallow trough running from the north-west corner to the south-east corner of the lease. The trough appears to broaden southwards (see Figure 5).

The beds consist of red, green and grey-green siltstone and fine-grained sandstone with a carbonate-bearing matrix in most localities. Certain strata contain abundant sand-sized to small pebble-sized lithic grains. These grains are mostly orange-red in colour and are probably derived from the Gawler Range Volcanics. The unit is up to 50 m thick. Its contact with the overlying Whyalla Sandstone appears to be gradational in most places. The limited drill information suggests a lateral intertonguing between the "Yudnapinna Beds" and the Whyalla Sandstone. The "Yudnapinna Beds" could be a facies of the Whyalla Sandstone. The contact with the

PANDURRA AREA
S.A.
E.L. 50

BEDROCK LITHOLOGY
PRE-TENT HILL FM.
(WHYALLA SET)
FIGURE 5



the underlying Woocalla Dolomite Formation is geochemically sharp; 5 to 10 ppm Cu as against 100+ ppm Cu.

Because this unit, previously unknown, was first encountered on "Yudnapinna" station, the name "Yudnapinna Beds" has been applied. These beds occupy the trough which runs south-eastwards from near "Yudnapinna" homestead and two of its three tributaries (Figure 5).

4.3 Lateral Extent of Woocalla Dolomite

The Woocalla Dolomite Formation was found to be present in the sequence throughout the Pandurra area. This would not have been expected from a study of the Port Augusta 1:250,000 geological sheet, which does not record the presence of the Woocalla Dolomite. Its extent is shown on Figure 5.

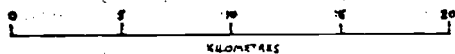
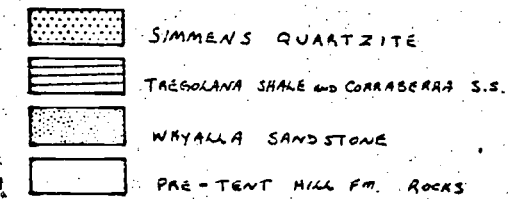
The Woocalla Dolomite Formation is represented in the area mainly by black shales, with minor small lenses of dolomite which occur at the base in most places. The shales are easily weathered and seldom outcrop in recognisable form. Weak outcrops south of the homestead on "Pandurra" station were previously mapped as Tregolana Shale, in spite of their khaki weathered-dolomite colour.

In most localities the top of the black shale was found to be leached to form a white kaolinitic clay. The thickness of this clay layer ranged up to 25 metres. At "Hesso" homestead at the northern end of the area and near "Tregolana" homestead at the southern end, this clay has been quarried, for refractory and ceramic uses. These clays were previously thought to have been derived from the Tregolana Shale. Similar clay has been quarried

PANDURRA AREA
S.A. 0052
E.L. 50

BEDROCK LITHOLOGY
TENT HILL FORMATION

FIGURE 6



at Magazine Hill, near Woocalla and the name "Magazine Hill Clay" is now applied to this stratum. It is shown on Figure 3.

weath top Topley

4.4 Prospective Corridor Delineation

The prospective corridor, formed where the Woocalla Dolomite pinches out beneath Whyalla Sandstone at some distance from the outcropping of the underlying Pandurra Formation, was found in two localities. These are shown on Figure 2. The general distribution of the major lithologic units is shown on Figures 5 and 6, and on Drawings No. 1806 and No. 2036.

4.4.1 Target No. 1

The larger locality is wedge-shaped being 15 km wide at the north-west corner of the lease and tapering to a point 50 km to the south-east, against the Gawler Range Volcanics inlier.

Only a portion of this area is prospective however, because much of the corridor between the western edge of the Woocalla Dolomite and the eastern edge of the Pandurra Formation outcrop is occupied by the "Yudnapinna Beds" (see Figure 3). These largely red siltstones underlie the Whyalla Sandstone and occupy what appear to be paleo drainage channels within the corridor. These beds do not seem to be generally prospective for base metals.

After elimination of the area occupied by "Yudnapinna Beds", four prospective segments remain in target one. These are :-

- (i) The Nine Mile Well segment, of about 6 x 6 km.
- (ii) The Ryan Basin segment, of about 4 x 8 km.

/....

- (iii) The "Yudnapinna" homestead segment, of about 5 x 10 km.
- (iv) The Gunter Dam segment, of about 4 x 2 km.

4.4.2 Target No. 2

The smaller prospective locality forms a 10 x 1 km strip just inside the eastern boundary of the lease on "Pandurra" and Roopena" stations. Like Target 1, this corridor seems to be related to a paleo drainage channel on the surface of the Pandurra Formation. This channel appears to rise 3 km north-east of Mt. Whyalla and to trend north-easterly towards Honeymoon Dam, where it apparently dips beneath Whyalla Sandstone.

4.5 Other Prospective Areas

4.5.1 The Woocalla Dolomite

This formation includes dolomite, dolomite/shale laminite and black shale facies. As such, it should be considered prospective for stratiform base metal deposits. In certain drill holes, the unit contained higher than normal amounts of base metals. An area of about 5 x 10 km south of "Pandurra" homestead contains anomalous amounts of base metals. Values of up to 3,300 ppm Cu, 2,200 ppm Pb and 2,100 ppm Zn were recorded in this area.

4.5.2 The "Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate"

Where this unit is well developed, south of the Gawler Range Volcanics inlier, it could be considered an ideal host for mineralisation.

4.5.3 The "Yudnapinna Beds"

Pyritic siltstones were intersected overlying the Woocalla Dolomite in three drill holes 7 km

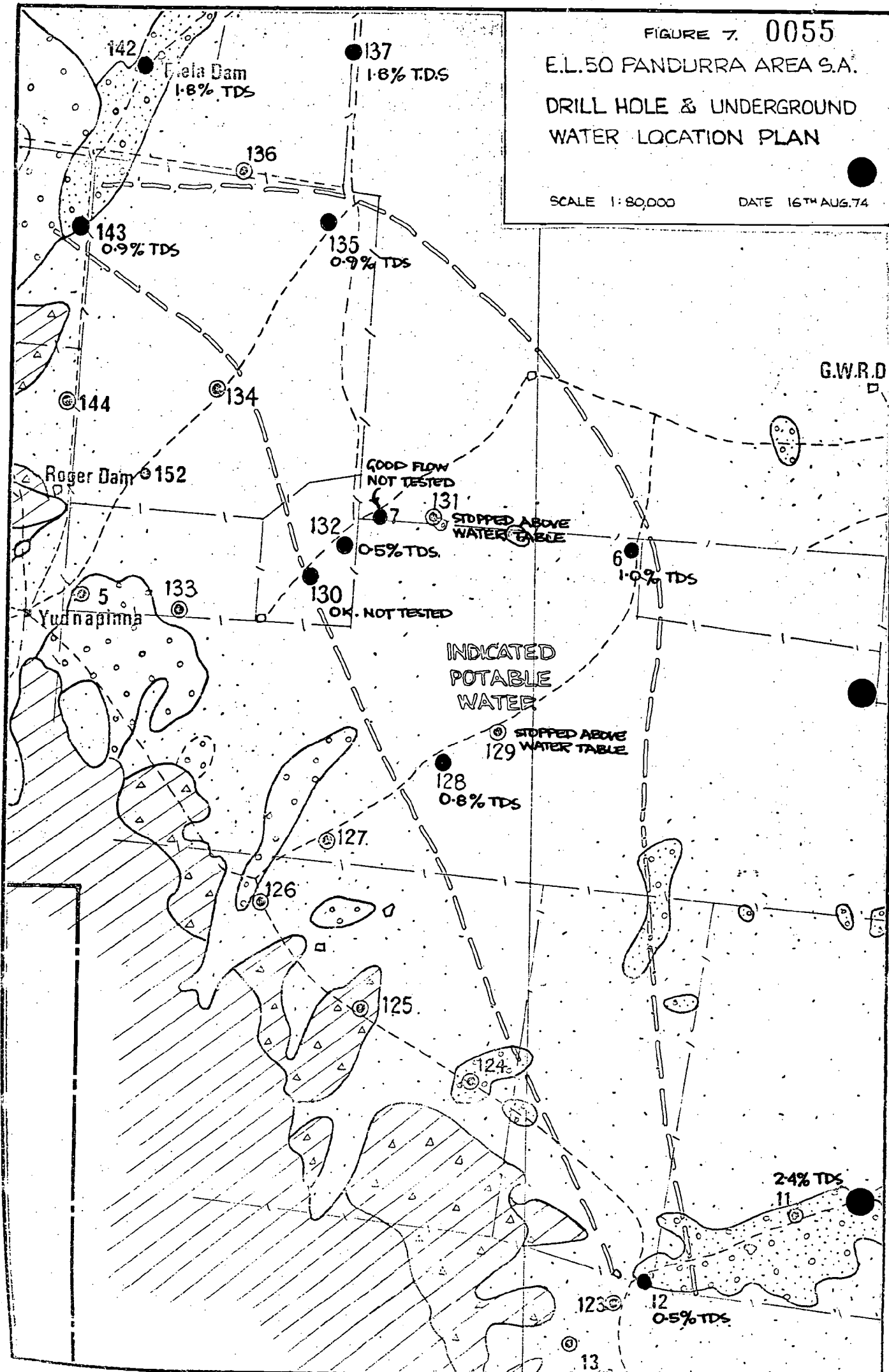
FIGURE 7. 0055

E.L.50 PANDURRA AREA S.A.

DRILL HOLE & UNDERGROUND
WATER LOCATION PLAN

SCALE 1:80,000

DATE 16TH AUG. 74



north of "Illeroo" homestead, and in one drill hole 5 km north-east of "Illeroo" homestead. Up to 1,200 ppm Cu was found associated with the pyritic sections. These siltstones are believed to be of a grey facies of the "Yudnapinna Beds". There is evidence of minor faulting of the beds of the lower Tent Hill Formation in one of these areas.

4.6 Underground Water

Water samples were collected from rotary drill holes that encountered a good flow of underground water. Most of these samples were tested for content of copper, lead, zinc and total dissolved solids. The geochemical results are shown on the drill hole logs (see Appendix).

Several holes in the "Yudnapinna" station homestead area produced water of a quality acceptable to stock. Flows of potable water estimated to be greater than 1,000 gallons per hour were encountered by many of these holes; all of which were drilled in sediments occupying a paleo drainage channel on the surface of the Pandurra Formation (see Figure 3). The presence of an aquifer containing potable water is suggested. It is indicated extent is shown on Figure 7. Salinities of individual samples are listed in the following Table.

TABLE OF WATER TESTS
(refer sketch plan)

<u>Hole No.</u>	<u>% T.D.S.</u>	<u>Water Table Depth (m)</u>
6	0.999	60
7	not tested	30
12	0.549	55
128	0.804	42
129	dry to 48 m	
130	not tested	30
131	wet but no flow	42
132	0.468	21
135	0.82	
	0.819	45
137	1.8	-
142	1.8	-
143	.983	33

5. FUTURE WORK

0057

5.1 INPUT Survey

Airborne INPUT geophysical surveying proved to be a useful mapping tool in the Cattle Grid area, at Mt. Gunson. Where there was no Tregolana Shale present, it was able to outline sub-outcrops of Pandurra Formation and to indicate depressions in the surface of the Pandurra Formation beneath Whyalla Sandstone.

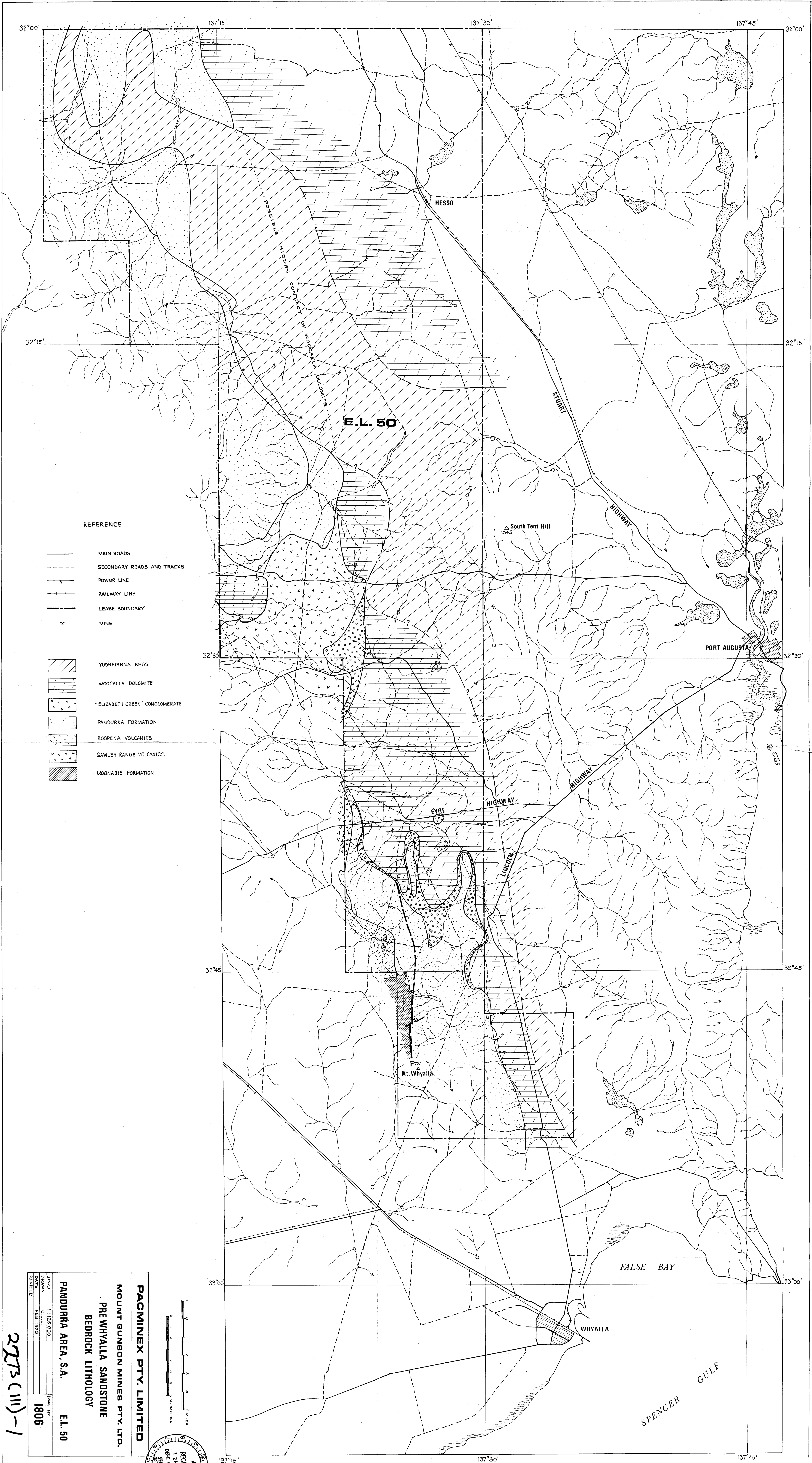
An INPUT survey is scheduled for January, 1975. It will cover the Nine Mile Well, Ryan Basin and "Yudnapinna" homestead segments of target one and will involve 1,206 line km of geophysics.

5.2 Drilling

Final testing of favourable localities suggested by the INPUT survey and of the smaller localities already indicated by stratigraphic work, will be done by drilling.

DGT/SS

6/1/75



REFERENCE

- MAIN ROADS
- SECONDARY ROADS AND TRACKS
- POWER LINE
- RAILWAY LINE
- LEASE BOUNDARY
- MINE
- YUNDAPINNA BEDS
- WOORALLA DOLOMITE
- "ELIZABETH CREEK" CONGLOMERATE
- PANDURRA FORMATION
- ROOPENA VOLCANICS
- GAWLER RANGE VOLCANICS
- MOONACHIE FORMATION

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

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PRE-WHYALLA SANDSTONE

BEDROCK LITHOLOGY

PANDURRA AREA, S.A.

E.L. 50

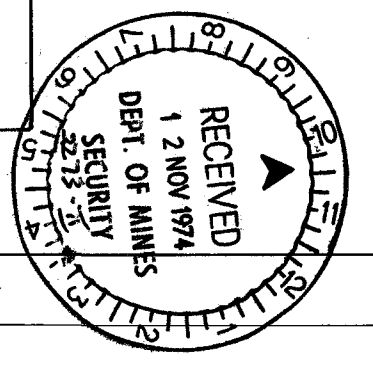
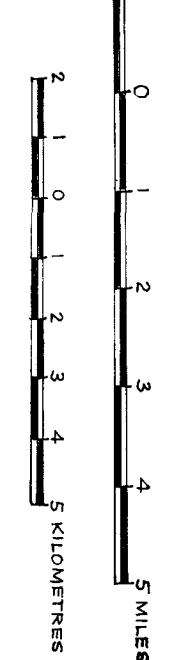
SCALE 1:125,000

DRAWN C.J.L. 1806

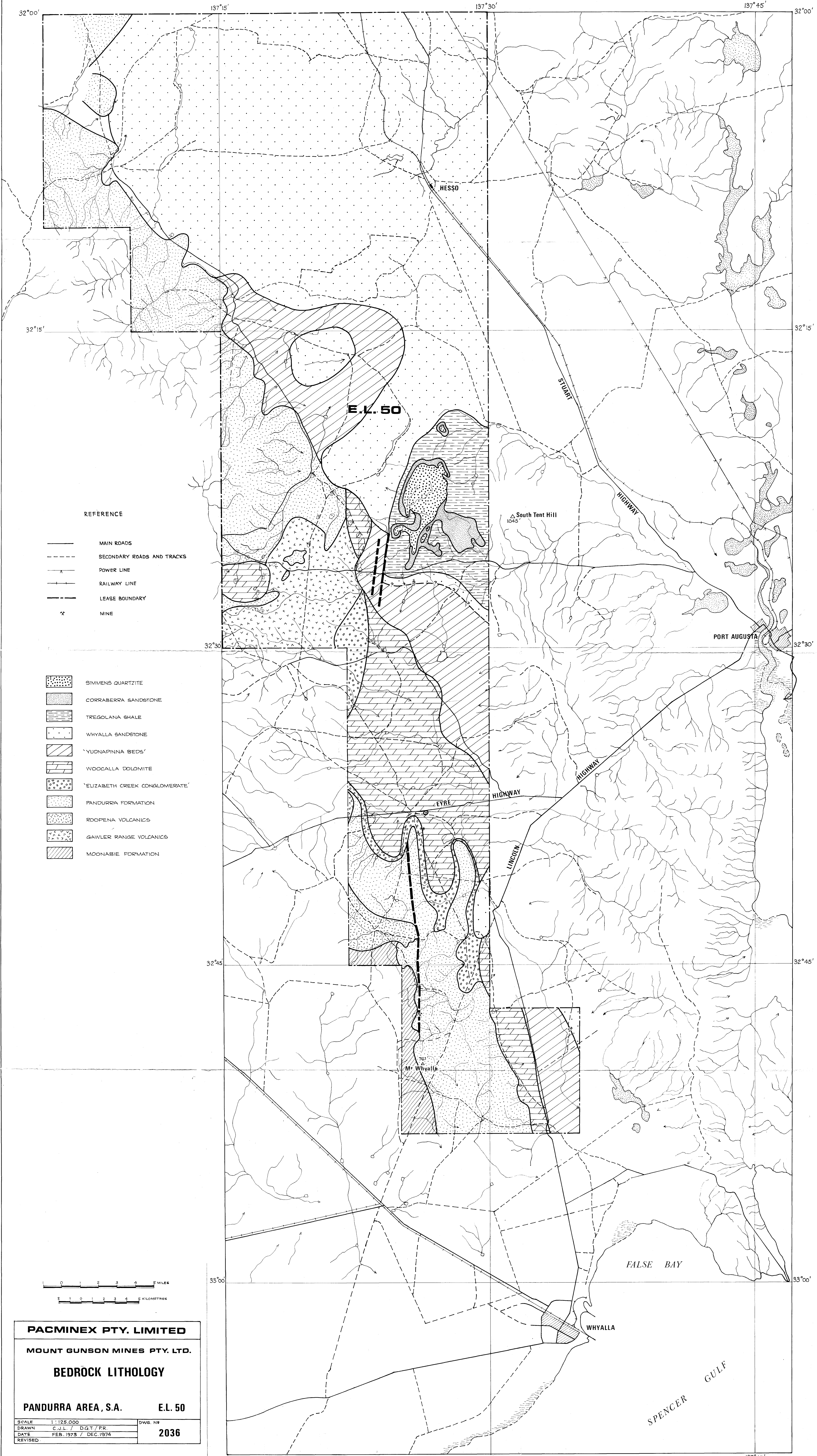
DATE FEB. 1973

REVISED

DWG. NO. 1806



2273 (111)-1



REFERENCE

- MAIN ROADS
- SECONDARY ROADS AND TRACKS
- POWER LINE
- RAILWAY LINE
- LEASE BOUNDARY
- MINE

- SIMMENS QUARTZITE
- CORRABERRA SANDSTONE
- TREGOLANA SHALE
- WHYALLA SANDSTONE
- 'YUDNAPINNA BEDS'
- WOOCALLA DOLOMITE
- 'ELIZABETH CREEK CONGLOMERATE'
- PANDURRA FORMATION
- ROOPENA VOLCANICS
- GAWLER RANGE VOLCANICS
- MOONABIE FORMATION

E.L. 50

South Tent Hill
1045

PORT AUGUSTA

EYRE

Mr. Whyalla

WHYALLA

FALSE BAY

SPENCER GULF

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

MOUNT GUNSON MINES PTY. LTD.

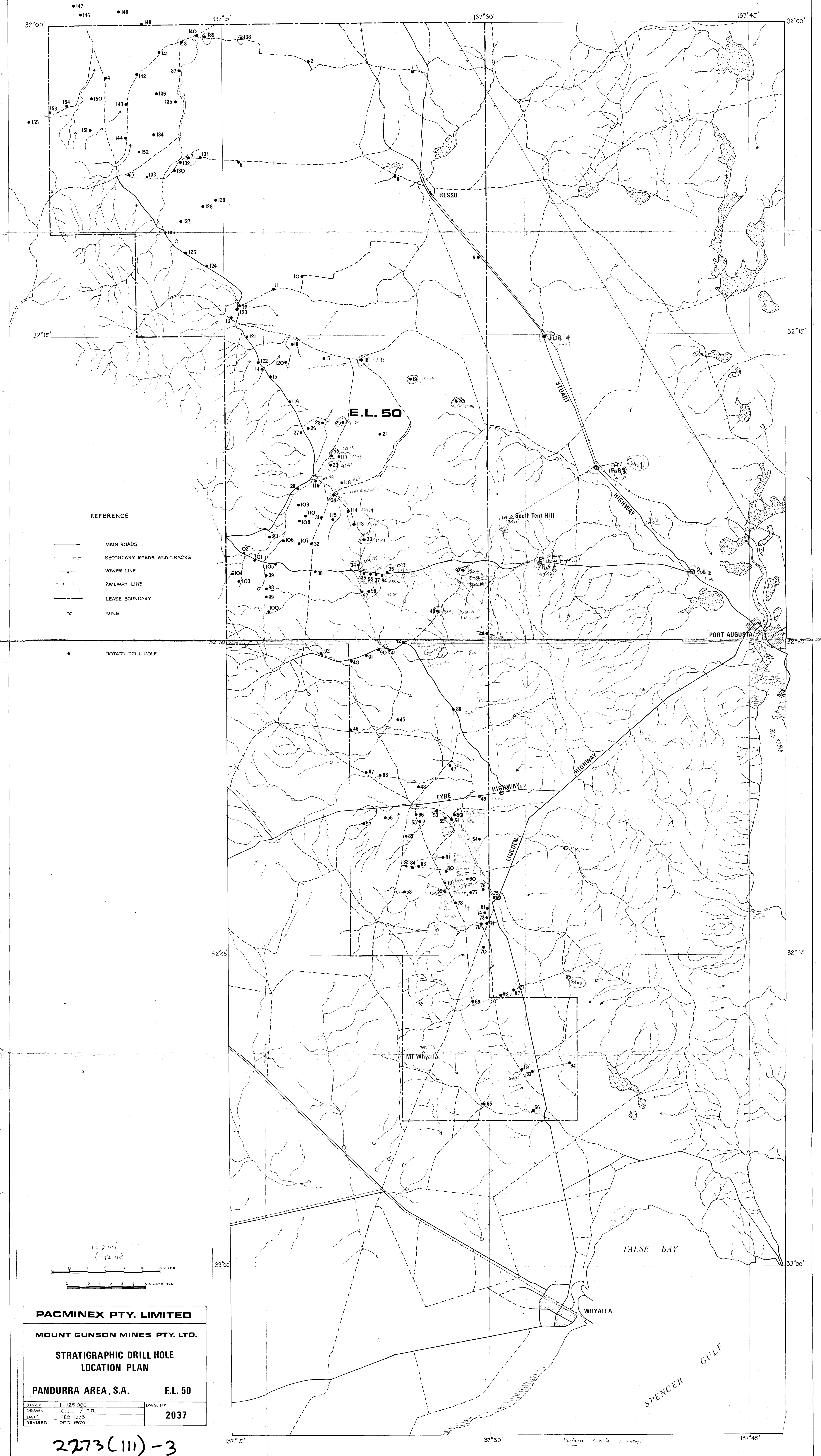
BEDROCK LITHOLOGY

PANDURRA AREA, S.A. E.L. 50

SCALE 1:125,000
DRAWN C.J.L. / D.G.T./P.R.
DATE FEB. 1973 / DEC. 1974
REVISED

DWG. NO. 2036

2273(III)-2



REFERENCE

- MAIN ROADS
- SECONDARY ROADS AND TRACKS
- POWER LINE
- RAILWAY LINE
- LEASE BOUNDARY
- MINE

ROTARY DRILL HOLE

E.L. 50

South Tent Hill

PORT AUGUSTA

EYRE

MT. Whyalla

WHYALLA

FALSE BAY

SPENCER GULF

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

MOUNT GUNSON MINES PTY. LTD.

STRATIGRAPHIC DRILL HOLE
LOCATION PLAN

PANDURRA AREA, S.A.

E.L. 50

SCALE 1:125,000
DRAWN C.J.L. / P.R.
DATE FEB. 1973
REVISED DEC. 1974

DWG. NO.

2037

2273(111)-3

Distances A.N.D. in metres

APPENDIX

Stratigraphic Drill Hole Logs

EX 1 to EX 157

With amendments and corrections
made in December, 1974.

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA E.L. 50 PROJECT NO. 405
 SPUNNED: 28-9-73 COMPLETED: 1-10-73
 LOCATION: "KOOTAGERRA" COORDS X Y
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 91 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC (R. TAYLOR)
 LOGGED BY: D.S. TOLLIN BIT SIZE: 114 mm TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METERAGE	DESCRIPTION	LOG SCALE 1:600	SAMPLE NO.	ASSAYED LENGTH	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.				
						Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn	
	0		0							
	3	SAND, RED CLAY - CALCARETE 0-7.5m		85001	3.0	13	20	14		
	6	WHYBANA S.S. : 7.5m to		85002	4.5	23	20	16		
	9	7.5-9.0m Silicified		85003	1.5	21	20	13		
	12			85004	3.0	14	20	11		
	15			85005	3.0	16	20	24		
	18			85006	3.0	27	20	66		
	21			85007	3.0	13	20	33		
	24			85008	3.0	15	20	17		
	27			85009	3.0	39	31	24		
	30			85010	3.0	14	20	20		
	33			85011	3.0	17	20	19		
	36			85012	3.0	11	20	18		
	39	36-60m Calcareous matrix		85013	3.0	25	24	24		
	42	(=YUDNAPINNA BEDS?)		85014	3.0	9	20	18		
	45			85015	3.0	12	20	24	1000	
	48			85016	3.0	25	24	28	1000	
	51			85017	3.0	12	20	24	1600	
	54			85018	3.0	11	20	24	2100	
	57			85019	3.0	22	20	31	2500	
	60	WOPCANA DOLOMITE 60-91 m		85020	3.0	11	20	25	1300	
	63	60-65m Grey-blue calcareous shale		85021	3.0	18	24	41	1600	
	66	66-69m Grey-white weakly calc. sandstone		85022	3.0	280	20	39	1200	
	69	69-91m Black calcareous, carbonaceous shale		85023	3.0	34	20	41	1100	
	72			85024	3.0	100	66	90	113	
	75			85025	3.0	80	120	720	20	
	78			85026	3.0	47	240	750		
	81			85027	3.0	47	240	850		
	84			85028	3.0	38	82	280		
	87			85029	3.0	38	93	210		
	90			85030	3.0	41	176	430		
			END HOLE 91.4 m.							

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA E.L. 50

PROJECT NO. 405-

SPUDDER: 1 - 10 - 73

COMPLETED: 2 - 10 - 73

0060

LOCATION: "KOOTABZARA"

CO-ORDS X

1

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION:

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 65 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR:

AFRAC (R. TAYLOR)

LOGGED BY: D.A. TONKIN BIT SIZE: 114 mm TO

TO

TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA E.L. 50

PROJECT NO. 405

SUDDDED: 2 - 10 - 73

COMPLETED: 3 - 10 - 73

0061

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

COORDS X Y

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION:

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 42.5 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY - CORE

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC (R. TAYLOR)

LOGGED BY: D.G. TONKIN BIT SIZE: 114 mm TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedding angle & joint spacing	LOG SCALE 1:600	SAMPLE NO	ASSAYED LENGTH	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.				
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn	
	0				0						
	3	SAND - RED CLAY & CALCAREOUS: 0-6 m			3 85052	3.0	17	20	14		
	6				6 85053	3.0	13	20	17		
	9	WHYALLA S.S.: 6-42 m			9 85054	3.0	11	<20	10		
	12				12 85055	3.0	11	<20	6		
	15	15-24 m Clay-rich s.s. & pink lithic grains			15 85066	3.0	9	<20	6		
	18				18 85067	3.0	12	20	9		
	21				21 85068	3.0	41	24	23		
	24				24 85069	3.0	8	<20	4	12	
	27				27 85070	3.0	9	<20	5	12	
	30	30-42 m Coarse, rounded grains			30 85071	3.0	7	<20	3	15	
	33				33 85072	3.0	8	<20	3	10	
	36				36 85073	3.0	8	<20	3	10	
	39				39 85074	3.0	8	<20	2	10	
	42	PANDURRA FM: 42.4-42.5 m (Diamond cored) Hard red quartzite with intergang bands, minor pyrite		END HOLE 42.5 m.	42 85075	3.0	11	<20	6	16	

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA E.L. 50

PROJECT NO. 1405

SPUDED: 3-10-73

COMPLETED: 3-10-73

0062

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

COORDS X Y

ELEVATION: DIRECTION:

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 24 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC (A. TAYLOR)

LOGGED BY: D.G. TONKIN BIT SIZE: 114 mm TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedding angle & joint spacing	LOG SCALE 1:600	SAMPLE NO	ASSAYED LENGTH	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0				0					
	3	SAND + CLAY, calcareous.			3 85077	3.0	12	<20	12	
	6	WHYHAA SS.			6 85078	3.0	7	<20	5	
	9	PANDURRA FM. RESEARCH: 9-12 m			9 85079	3.0	8	<20	5	
	12	Red shale, chips a white clay	44		12 85080	3.0	10	20	10	
	15	PANDURRA FM: 12 m - 24 m			15 85081	3.0	12	<20	10	
	18	(15-18 m Faint tr. Fos)			18 85082	3.0	13	<20	15	
	21	Hard red quartzite.			21 85083	3.0	8	24	43	
	24				24 85084	3.0	13	<20	67	
				END HOLE 24 m.						

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA G.B. 50

PROJECT NO. 405

SPUDED: 4-10-73

COMPLETED: 4-10-73

0064

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

COORDS X

Y

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION:

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH:

84 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR:

AFRAC (R. TAYLOR)

LOGGED BY: D.G. TENKIN BIT SIZE: 114 mm TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	LOG SCALE 1:600	SAMPLE NO.	ASSAYED LENGTH	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.				
						Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn	
	0	CLAY - gypsum: 0-3 m		0						
	3	CLAY - SAND: 3-6 m		3	85096	3.0	13	20	13	
	6	SAND: 6-12 m		6	85097	3.0	11	<20	5	
	9			9	85098	3.0	9	<20	8	
	12	WHYALLA S.S.: 12-24 m		12	85099	3.0	8	<20	6	
	15			15	85100	3.0	7	<20	13	
	18			18	85101	3.0	8	<20	11	
	21	MAGAZINE HILL CLAY: 24-47 m.		21	85102	3.0	6	<20	11	
	24	21-34 m: White clay		24	85103	3.0	8	<20	12	
	27			27	85104	3.0	5	<20	9	
	30	34-40 m: Gray clay		30	85105	3.0	6	<20	6	
	34			34	85106	3.0	9	<20	6	
	37	40-43 m: Khaki/fawn clay		37	85107	3.0	9	<20	11	850
	40			40	85108	3.0	10	<20	11	530
	43	43-47 m: Lt. greenish-grey kaolin E minor sand grains.		43	85109	3.0	12	<20	14	72
	46	YUDNAPINNA BEDS: 47-84 m.		46	85110	3.0	9	<20	780	52
	49			49	85111	3.0	13	20	620	100
	52	Light green siltstone with minor		52	85112	3.0	8	<20	47	300
	55	1mm. rounded qz. grains		55	85113	3.0	8	<20	27	900
	58	(Not carbonate-bearing)		58	85114	3.0	9	<20	12	
	61			61	85115	3.0	8	<20	14	
	64			64	85116	3.0	7	<20	14	
	67			67	85117	3.0	8	<20	18	
	70			70	85118	3.0	7	<20	20	
	73			73	85119	3.0	8	<20	18	
	76			76	85120	3.0	9	<20	15	
	79	79-84 m. High % of surface		79	85121	3.0	8	<20	16	
	82	sand contamination		82	85122	3.0	8	<20	6	
	84	Hole Abandoned at 84 m. ∴ air pressure insufficient to lift water Water flow > 1000 gals/hour.		84	85123	2.0	8	<20	10	
			END HOLE 84 m.							
				80 m	WATER SAMPLE	9.0	9.940	15	<5	35
							P.P.M. 115	P.P.M. 115	P.P.M. 115	

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA E.L. 50

PROJECT NO: 405

SPUDDED: 4-10-73

COMPLETED: 4-10-73

0065

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

COORDS X Y

ELEVATION: DIRECTION:

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 79 m.

HOLE TYPE: Rotary

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAAC

(A. TAYLOR)

LOGGED BY: D.G. TENKIN

BIT SIZE: 114 mm TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METREAGE	DESCRIPTION	LOG SCALE 1:600	SAMPLE NO	ASSAYED LENGTH	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.				
						Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn	
	0	SAND & RED CLAY 0-9 m		850124	3	11	420	13		
				850125	3	44	48	9		
		WHYALLA S.S. 9-18 m clayey sandstone		850126	3	11	<20	6		
				850127	3	9	<20	5		
	15	21-30 m friable sandstone		850128	3	9	<20	4		
				850129	3	7	<20	6		
				850130	3	11	<20	6		
				850131	3	7	<20	6		
				850132	3	6	<20	3		
	30			850133	3	6	<20	3		
				850134	3	5	<20	2		
		30-61 m Pink-brown, fine gr. sandstone round qtz & pink lithic grains of 1-3 mm diameter form a minor constituent		850135	3	17	<20	5		
				850136	3	17	37	5		
				850137	3	6	<20	5		
	45			850138	3	12	<20	5		
				850139	3	9	<20	8		
				850140	3	8	<20	10		
				850141	3	9	<20	22		
				850142	3	8	<20	22		
	60	(Cont. (1-3mm) S.S. & round frosted qtz & lithic grains + minor chips 61-79 m of Brown & green siltstone from thin siltstone bands Between 73 & 79 m, brown siltst. chips are readily effervescent in HCl. (Poss. = Yudnapinna beds))		850143	3	8	<20	29		
				850144	3	13	<20	29		
				850145	3	22	22	20		
				850146	3	7	<20	18		
				850147	3	7	<20	15	220	
	75			850148	3	5	<20	10	200	
		Hole abandoned at 79 metres ∴ air pressure insufficient to lift water. Water flow 24000 gal/hr.		850149	3	9	<20	9	160	
			END HOLE 79 m.							

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HOLE NO. EX 8

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT AREA: PANDURBA E.L. 50

PROJECT NO: 405

SUDDER: 5-10-73

COMPLETED: 5-10-73

LOCATION: "Hesso"

COORDS X Y

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 89 m.

DRILL TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFAAC (R. TAYLOR)

LOGGED BY: D.A. TONKIN BIT SIZE: 14mm TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METREAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedding angle & joint spacing	LOG SCALE 1:600	SAMPLE NO	ASSAYED LENGTH	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn
	0	SAND & SOIL: 0-3 m			0					
		WYALLEN G.S.: 3-9 m			3	85150	3	14	20	11
		3-6 m Silicified, white			6	85151	3	6	20	4
		6-9 m Pink s.s. Rounded lithic silicified			9	85152	3	5	20	8
		MAGAZINE HILL CLAY: 9-24 m			12	85153	3	3	20	5
		9-18 m Greenish clay			15	85154	3	5	20	4
		21-24 m Khaki clay			18	85155	3	11	30	9
					21	85156	3	240	63	100
					24	85157	3	130	74	150
		WOODALLA DOLOMITE: 24-89			27	85158	3	38	370	260
	30				30	85159	3	30	166	460
		24-28.5 m Khaki-green clay			34	85160	3	72	200	390
		& soft shale			37	85161	3	43	138	540
		28.5 m Water table			40	85162	3	37	89	340
					43	85163	3	32	70	230
		28.5 m - 89 m Black			46	85164	3	36	56	150
		calcareous, carbonaceous shale			49	85165	3	32	44	110
					52	85166	3	32	48	110
					55	85167	3	40	70	90
					58	85168	3	33	119	270
	61				61	85169	3	34	127	460
					64	85170	3	40	138	190
					67	85171	3	34	96	290
					70	85172	3	45	70	350
					73	85173	3	27	33	83
					76	85174	3	31	56	110
					79	85175	3	40	85	390
					82	85176	3	39	56	150
					85	85177	3	33	48	120
	89				88	85178	3	43	52	76
		END OF HOLE			89	85179	1	34	47	85

HOLE No. **EX 9**

PAGE 1 OF 1

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT AREA: PANDURABA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDER: 5-10-73

COMPLETED: 5-10-73

LOCATION: " HESS "

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION:	DIRECTION:	Y	INCLINATION:	Y	TOTAL DEPTH:	70.1m
------------	------------	---	--------------	---	--------------	-------

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: A. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 1/4" mm TO TO TO

0066

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bodd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn
	0	SAND & RED CLAY 0-15 m			8 180	3.05	9	<20	11	
	0-3	Sand & soil			181	"	6	<20	14	
	3-6	Sand & calcrete			182	"	10	<20	13	
	6-15	Decomposed Whyalla sandstone			183	"	7	<20	9	
	15	WHYALLA SANDSTONE 15-37 m			184	"	5	<20	8	
	15-18	Decomposed s.s., fawn			185	"	7	<20	8	
	18-24	Greenish, clayey s.s.			186	"	8	<20	8	
	26-37	Silicified s.s., pinkish			187	"	9	<20	10	
	30				188	"	6	<20	17	
		MAGAZINE HILL CLAY 37-49 m			189	"	5	<20	32	
	34-40	Violet & greenish/white clay			190	"	5	<20	4	
	40-43	Pale green violet clay			191	"	7	<20	7	
	43-49	Khaki clay			192	"	6	<20	6	
	46	WOCCALLA DOLOMITE 49-70.1 m			193	"	9	<20	6	
		Black dolomitic shale facies			194	"	30	22	52	113
	61				195	"	33	25	120	188
					196	"	30	31	79	1400
					197	"	29	34	71	
					198	"	32	31	180	
	61				199	"	34	34	85	
					200	"	30	31	54	
					201	NA	-	-	-	
	70	END OF HOLE			85202	NA	-	-	-	

1

PAGE / OF /

Y

61 m.

TO

0067

PAGE 1 OF 1

TO

		PH	TDS	Cu	Pb	Zn
67m	WATER SAMPLES	7.6	14,140	100	45	75
		P.P.M.	P.P.M.	P.P.B.	P.P.B.	P.P.B.

PAGE 1 OF 1

0070

Y:

19.8 m

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

TO

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

HOLE No. EX 14

PAGE 1 OF 1

007

0071

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405-

SPUDDER: 9-10-73

COMPLETED: 9 - 10 - 73

LOCATION: "CARLEWEALOO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 9.1 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

0073

SPUDED: 10 - 10 - 73

COMPLETED: 10 - 10 - 73

LOCATION: "CARIEWEAROO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 68 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.				
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn	
	0	SAND & CLAY 0 - 3m		0	85299	3	35	23	22		
		WHYALLA SANDSTONE: 3m to 34m		3	85300	3	23	<20	8		
		3m to 6m + silcrete formed from Whyalla ss.		6	85301	3	17	<20	19		
		6m to 18m ± Buff friable s.s. c. round		9	85302	3	26	<20	24		
	15	qtz. grains & pink lithic grains		12	85303	3	15	<20	13		
		18m to 21m - Coarser grained		15	85304	3	14	<20	22		
		21m to 34m - grey/brown lithic s.s.		18	85305	3	37	<20	16		
				21	85306	3	17	<20	20		
				24	85307	3	15	<20	77		
				27	85308	3	29	<20	54		
	30			30	85309	3	12	<20	37		
		"YUDNAPINNA BEDS": 34m to 64m		34	85310	3	20	<20	27		
		34m to 37m - grey-brown siltstone		37	85311	3	18	<20	28		
				40	85312	3	18	<20	28		
	46	37m to 43m - red/brown calcareous siltst.		43	85313	3	50	<20	40		
		43m to 49m - brown/green calc. siltst.		46	85314	3	19	<20	25		
				49	85315	3	25	<20	36		
				52	85316	3	24	23	24		
				55	85317	3	31	<20	30	2600	
	61	49m to 64m - brown calcareous siltstone		58	85318	3	28	<20	25	3500	
		PANDURRA FORMATION REGOLITH: 64m		61	85319	3	21	62	25	3400	
		PANDURRA FORMATION: 64m to 68m		64	85320	3	27	<20	25		
		Hard red quartzite		67	85321	1	19	27	11		
		68m: END HOLE		68							
					</						

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405-

0074

SPUDDER: 10 - 10 - 73

COMPLETED: 10-10-73

LOCATION: "CARLEWELL"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION:

INCLINATION: 11.5°

TOTAL DEPTH: 79.2 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY.

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

[illegible]

0075

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 10-10-73

COMPLETED: 11-10-73

LOCATION: "CAAIENIEALOO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 74.7 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: J. G. T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bodd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn
	0	SAND : 0 to 6 m		0	85348	3	30	20	30	
				3	85349	3	20	420	20	
		MAGAZINE CLAY : 6 m to 9 m pale greenish		6	85350	3	5	420	15	
		"YUDNAPINNA BEDS": 9 m to 25.5 m		9	85351	3	5	20	75	
		9 m to 12 m - Silt, yellow-brown		12	85352	3	5	420	110	
		12 m to 18 m - Khaki-brown, calcareous		15	85353	3	5	420	50	
		18 m to 21 m - Khaki-yellow, calcareous		18	85354	3	20	420	50	
		21 m to 25.5 m - R/brown clay yellow calcareous		21	85355	3	10	30	40	
		WOOLLA DOLOMITE 25.5 to 71.6		24	85356	3	210	25	100	
		25.5 m to 67 m - Black dolomitic shale		27	85357	3	290	110	260	
	30			30	85358	3	55	50	160	
				34	85359	3	45	60	120	
				37	85360	3	40	40	110	
				40	85361	3	45	35	110	
				43	85362	3	45	55	100	
				46	85363	3	50	50	100	
				49	85364	3	45	35	70	
				52	85365	3	50	50	90	
				55	85366	3	45	60	85	
				58	85367	3	40	50	95	
	61	67 m to 71.6 m - Hard, grey dolomite.		61	85368	3	110	180	180	3900
		Pyritic		64	85369	3	430	550	300	5200
				67	85370	3	620	290	250	1000
				70	85371	3	860	45	50	4300
		PANDURRA FORMATION: 71.6 m to 74.7 m		73	85372	1.7	1600	30	60	1900
		Hard, red granite & 0.1% pyrite		74.7						
		Poss. trace epy.								
		(Much contamination of sample from top of hole.)								
		74.7 m END HOLE.								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 4405

SPUDED: 11 - 10 - 73

COMPLETED: 12 - 10 - 73

0076

LOCATION: "CARIWERAKO"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION:

V

INCLINATION:

V

TOTAL DEPTH:

97.5 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR:

AFRAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bodd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1 : 600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.				
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn	
	0	SAND : 0 - 3m		0	85373	3	30	30	30		
		CLAY : 3m - 6m		3	85374	3	15	20	25		
		CLAY : 6m - 15m		6	85375	3	20	20	45		
		Red clay		9	85376	3	15	20	35		
				12	85377	3	20	20	30		
	15	SAND : 15m - 18m. Loose, fine, red/brown		15	85378	3	15	20	25		
		WHYALLA SANDSTONE : 18m to 30m		18	85379	3	10	20	20		
		18m to 21m : medium grained, rounded quartz		21	85380	3	10	20	10		
		21m to 27m : fine grain, white & pink grains		24	85381	3	10	20	10		
		27m to 30m : S.S., pink/cream, clayey.		27	85382	3	20	20	20		
	30	MAGAZINE HILL CLAY 30m to 49m		30	85383	3					
		30m to 34m - Soft, greenish		34	85384	3	40	20	25		
		34m to 37m - Sandy, yellow & gray		37	85385	3					
		37m to 49m - Grey clay, sandy.		40	85386	3	15	20	70		
	46			43	85387	3					
				46	85388	3	60	55	230	270	
		WOCALLA DOLOMITE 49m to 97.5m		49	85389	3	170	55	120	1100	
		49m to 52m - Grey mudstone		52	85390	3	130	50	100	150	
		52m to 89.5m - Black, calcareous (dolomitic) shale		55	85391	3	65	50	85	2100	
	61			58	85392	3	50	50	95		
				61	85393	3					
				64	85394	3	55	50	140		
				67	85395	3					
				70	85396	3	45	60	200		
	76			73	85397	3					
				76	85398	3	45	55	130		
	79			79	85399	3					
	82			82	85400	3	50	45	90		
	85			85	85401	4.5					
	88	89.5m to 91m - Hard, grey dolomite		89.5	85402	3	210	210	70		
	91			91	85403	3					
	94	91m to 97.5m - Black dolomitic shale		94	85404	3	160	30	110		
	98	97.5m END HOLE		97.5							

PAGE / OF /

PROJECT No. 405

COMPLETED: 13-10-73

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

INCLINATION: γ

TOTAL DEPTH: 94.5 m

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRA C

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE: P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn
0										
3		SAND + CLAY: 0-3m: Orange sand + clay			85436	3	15	20	30	
6		3m to 6m: Sand + red clay + gypsum			85437	3	15	20	40	
9		9m to 12m: Orange sand + clay			85438	3	20	20	40	
12					85439	3	20	20	35	
15		WHYALLA SANDSTONE: 12m to 52m			85440	3	10	20	25	
18		12m to 18m - yellow/brown, friable, rounded			85441	3	15	20	30	
21		18m to 30m - white, fine grained, pink lithics			85442	3	20	20	15	
24					85443	3	15	20	20	
27					85444	3	60	20	55	
30		30m to 34m - very fine grained		30	85445	3	40	35	40	
34				34	85446	3	130	20	35	
37		Siltstone: 34m to 52m		37	85447	3	110	20	40	
40		light grey, hard. Minor			85448	3	55	20	40	
43		grains of sand & pink lithics.			85449	3				
46		(transition to Whyalla SS?)			85450	3	15	20	30	
49		52m: Water table.			85451	3				
52					85452	3	35	20	60	
55		"YUDNAPINNA BEDS": 52m to 76m			85453	3				
58		52m to 55m: Lt green siltst. & pink lithics			85454	3	25	25	45	
61		55m to 58m: As above, calcareous			85455	3				
64		58m to 70m: Green & brown, calcareous			85456	3	15	20	40	
67		Siltstone.			85457	3				
70					85458	3	15	20	35	750
73		70m-76m: Fine green S.S. & smooth			85459	3				
76		Debris of volcanic up to 7mm.			85460	3	15	20	35	640
79		WOOCARRA DOLOMITE 76 to 97.5			85461	3	85	20	40	630
82		(minor dolomite lens between 76 & 79m)		79	85462	3	560	30	70	1200
85				85	85463	3	290	30	110	
88		76 to 97.5: Black dolomitic shale.			85464	3	50	40	90	
91					85465	3	45	30	85	
94					85466	3	40	30	130	
98		97.5m: END HERE.			85467	4.5	45	35	65	

0079

PROJECT AREA: PANDU BAA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 13-10-73

COMPLETED: 13-10-73

LOCATION: "CARIWERLLOO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 51.8 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bdd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn
	0			0						
	3	SAND, CLAY & GRAVEL: 0-3m: Sand.			85468	3				
	6	3m to 6m: Sand, clay & gypsum			85469	3				
	9	6m to 9m: Sand, silcrete & gravel			85470	3				
	12	WHYALLA SANDSTONE: 9m to 51.8m			85471	3				
	15	9m to 12m - Friable, brown/white, rounded			85472	3				
	18	12m to 15m - Buckhard, finer			85473	3				
	21	15m to 18m - Orange/red, friable, rounded			85474	3				
	24	18m to 24m - White & red, clayey, pink lithics			85475	3				
	27	24m to 27m - Qtz & lithic grains in lt. gray matrix			85476	3				
	30	27m to 34m - Orange/pink, friable			85477	3				
	34	34m to 37m - Pink, coarse, smooth qtz to 7mm.			85478	3				
	37	37m to 40m - Brown, Finer, Angular grains			85479	3				
	40	40m to 43m - Red/brown, 5mm yellow qtz.			85480	3				
	43	43m to 46m - Conglomer. 5mm qtz. in s.s. matrix			85481	3				
	46	46m to 49m - Brown s.s. & 10mm lithic chips			85482	3				
	49	49m to 50.5m - Black clay			85483	3				
	52	50.5m to 51.8m - Cong. pea sized qtz in sand matrix		51.8	85484	3				
		51.8 m's END HOLE								
		N.B. Hole abandoned								
		because of caving at								
		depth. Mud pump U/S								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 14-10-73

COMPLETED: 14-10-73

0081

LOCATION: "CARIWERLGO"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 97.5 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.				
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn	
	0	CLAY: Red clay topsoil		0	85499	3	25	45	60		
	3	SILICATE 3m to 7.5m	///		85500	3	25	20	30		
	6				85501	3	20	25	20		
	9	PANDURRA FORMATION: 7.5m to 88m			85502	3	15	<20	15		
	12	7.5m to 9m - Silicified ss. Hard			85503	3	10	<20	20		
	15	9m to 12m - white, friable, rounded grains			85504	3	20	<20	20		
	18	12m to 15m - off-white, friable			85505	3	10	<20	20		
	21	15m to 18m - Pink, friable. Not well rounded			85506	3	25	20	20		
	24	18m to 30m - Purpleish, friable ss.			85507	3	15	<20	20		
	27				85508	3	10	<20	20		
	30				85509	3	10	<20	20		
	34	30-34m - Coarser grained			85510	3	15	<20	25		
	37				85511	3					
	40				85512	3	15	<20	20		
	43				85513	3					
	46				85514	3	10	<20	20		
	49				85515	3					
	52				85516	3	10	20	20		
	55				85517	3					
	58				85518	3	10	<20	20		
	61				85519	3					
	64	64-67m: Trace ? Ilmenite			85520	3	10	<20	20		
	67				85521	3					
	70				85522	3	5	<20	20		
	73				85523	3					
	76				85524	3	10	<20	30		
	79	Siltstone: 88m to 97.5m			85525	3	10	30	35		
	82	88m to 97.5m - Red/brown, green siltstone + Abundant Ilmenite			85526	3	10	45	45		
	85	88m - 97.5m - Red/brown siltstone			85527	3	15	25	35		
	88	GAWLER VOLCANICS: 88m to 97.5m	✓	91	85528	3	10	35	25		
	91	Purple f.g. irregularly fractured	✓	94	85529	3	10	<20	40		
	94	chips.	✓	97.5	85530	3	5	<20	40		
	97	97.5m: END HOLE.									

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 14-10-73

COMPLETED: 14-10-73

0082

LOCATION: "CARRIER LOG"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 89.3 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn
	0									
	3	SANDY SOIL: orange			85531	3	20	35	40	
	6	CLAY: 3 to 6m - Pale green, sandy, Gypsum			85532	3	25	20	45	
	9	6 to 9m - Brown, Sandy			85533	3	35	25	75	
	12	SAND: 9 to 12m - orange gtz. grains			85534	3	20	<20	20	
	15	12 to 15m - orange & white grains			85535	3	15	<20	30	
	18	15 to 18m - white & orange grains			85536	3	15	<20	15	
	21	SILTCLAY: 18m to 21m - Yellow silty clay, white silty ss	////		85537	3	20	<20	25	
	24	CLAY: 21 to 30m			85538	3	10	<20	15	
	27	21 to 24m - greenish, & pink lithic gr.			85539	3				
	30	24 to 30m - Buff. Sand, lithic grains			85540	3	10	<20	15	
	33	"YUDNAPINNA BEDS": 30 to 43m			85541	3				
	37	30 to 34m - straw, & fine grained			85542	3	15	20	10	
	40	34 to 37m - Coarse lithic ss. Pebbles to 7mm			85543	3				
	43	37 to 43m - Green, fine grain, fine pink lithic			85544	3	10	<20	10	
	46	MAGAZINE CLAY: 43 to 49m			85545	3				
	49	Gray clay			85546	3	180	55	180	
	52	WOOCALLA DOLOMITE: 49m to 87.5m			85547	3	85	60	110	
	55				85548	3	45	40	95	
	58	Black dolomitic shale			85549	3	60	50	95	
	61				85550	3	45	45	80	
	64				85551	3	60	90	80	
	67				85552	3	50	100	80	1800
	70				85553	3	60	60	80	1400
	73				85554	3	60	95	80	1500
	76				85555	3	70	410	110	2500
	79				85556	3	55	660	150	3900
	82				85557	3	60	690	1300	3800
	85	85m to 87.5m - Hard grey dolomite			85558	3	65	1200	1600	5000
	88	Trace pyrite			85559	3	140	520	410	
		PANDURRA FORMATION: 87.5 to 89.3m			85560	1	40	75	140	
		Pink, hard quartzite to pyrite								
		89.3m: END HOLE								

PAGE / OF /

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

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PAGE 1 OF 1

~~0084~~

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

LOGGED BY: D.G.T.	DATE:	BIT SIZE:	TO	TO	TO
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PROJECT AREA: PANDUARA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 15-10-73 COMPLETED: 15-10-73
 LOCATION: "CARRIEWERLOO" CO-ORDS: X: Y: 0085
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 21 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bodd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0				0					
	3	CLAY SAND & GRAVEL - 0-2m			3	85568	3	20	<20	40
	6	SAND : 3-9m - orange sand			6	85569	3	10	<20	10
	9	GRAVEL : (Pandurra & silicate pebbles) 9-10m			9	85570	3	10	<20	15
	12	SANDSTONE & SILTSTONE : 10m to 19.5m			12	85571	3	10	<20	10
	15	Buff s.s. & pale green siltstone interbeds			15	85572	3	10	20	10
	18	(Pandurra chips poss. = contamination)			18	85573	3	10	<20	10
	21	PANDURRA FM : 19.5m to 21 m.			19.5	85574	1.5	10	25	10
		Pmk. v. hard quartzite			21	85575	1.5	20	<20	15

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT No. 4057

COMPLETED: 15-10-73

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: A. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

[illegible]

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT No. 405

COMPLETED: 16-10-73

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

INCLINATION: ✓

TOTAL DEPTH: 42-7 m

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC

DRILLER: B. TAYLOR

BIT SIZE:

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PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 16-10-73

COMPLETED: 18-10-73

LOCATION: "CARRIEWERLOO"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

0090

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 89.9 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.				
							Cu	Pb	Zn		
	0										
	3	SOIL & GRAVEL: 0-3m	000		85631	3	10	420	20		
	6	SILTSTONE & SHALE: 3m to 30m			85632	3	25	420	20		
	9	6-9m: Fawn/pink fine clayey siltstone			85633	3	45	45	30		
	12	9-18m: Applegreen clayey siltstone			85634	3	25	25	10		
	15	18-21m: Lt. pink/brown clayey siltstone			85635	3	15	190	10		
	18	21-24m: Reddish/brown mudstone			85636	3	30	340	15		
	21	24-27m: Khaki, hard shale			85637	3	60	2300	15		
	24	27-30m: Khaki grey, hard & siliceous shale. Calcareous			85638	3	50	1100	20		
	27	(Weathered Woocalla or Yudnapinna?)			85639	3	190	2700	170		
	30				85640	3	530	700	140		
	34	PANDURRA FM.: 30m to 78m			85641	3	20	35	25		
	37	30m: Thin, s. hard quartz band			85642	3	15	20	15		
	40	30-55m: Purple s.s.			85643	3					
	43				85644	3	15	25	15		
	46				85645	3					
	49				85646	3	25	25	10		
	52				85647	3					
	55				85648	3	15	50	10		
	58	55m-76m: Purple & white s.s.			85649	3					
	61	Hard. Contains ? Ilmenite			85650	3	20	50	5		
	64	Angular gtz. grains			85651	3					
	67				85652	3	10	45	10		
	70				85653	3					
	73				85654	3	15	20	10		
	76	76-78m: Purple s.s.			85655	3	10	40	15		
	79				85656	3	10	420	15		
	82	GANKER RANGE VOLCANICS: 78m to 89.9m.	V V		85657	3	10	30	20		
	85	78-79m: Purple fine grained volcanic	V V		85658	3	10	420	25		
	88	79-89.9m: Purple volcanic & green phenocrysts	V V		85659	4.5	20	40	25		
		89.9m: END HOLE	V								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 18-10-73

COMPLETED: 18-10-73

0091

LOCATION: "CARIWERACO"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 38.1 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

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CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	SOIL & SILTSTONE: 0-3m			85660	3	35	70	20	
	3	MAGAZINE HILL CLAY: 3m to 21m	-		85661	3	35	970	15	
	6	3m to 20m - Greenish hard clay & fawn siltstone	-		85662	3	45	1500	15	
	9		-		85663	3	45	810	10	
	12		-		85664	3	40	440	20	
	15		-		85665	3	60	160	15	
	18	20-21m - Yellow siltstone	-		85666	3	230	70	55	
	21	GAWKER VOLC: 21-24m - Khaki ? shale	V V		85667	3	1000	60	1600	
	24	24-27m - Brown/green ? shale	V V		85668	3	50	50	520	
	27	27-30m - Brown ? shale & f.g.s.s.	V V		85669	3	10	45	160	
	30	30-34m: Red/brown shale or fine volcanic?	V V		85670	3	10	70	150	
	34	GAWKER RANGE VOLCANICS: 34m to 38.1m	V V		85671	3	15	100	140	
	37	34-37m: Dk. green phenocryst in purple groundmass.	V V		85672	1.5	20	80	180	
		37-38.1m: Purple-brown								
		38.1m END HOLE.								

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT No. 405

COMPLETED: 31-10-73

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
0										
3		SOIL: Orange soil & caliche			85673	3	35	420	60	
6		GRAVEL: 3 m to 7.5 m			85674	3	15	420	30	
9					85675	3	15	420	30	
12		TREGORANA SHALE: 7.5 m to 64 m			85676	3	5	420	45	
15					85677	3	10	420	45	
18		7.5 to 34 m: Red/brown chocolate like			85678	3	10	420	50	
21		micaceous mudstone.			85679	3	5	420	45	
24		Non-calcareous.			85680	3	20	420	80	
27					85681	3	10	420	60	
30					85682	3	40	420	60	
34					85683	3	10	420	65	
37					85684	3	15	420	60	
40		34 m to 64 m: As above, but			85685	3	10	420	60	
43		harder & a steady			85686	3	5	420	55	
46		cleavage face (mica).			85687	3	10	420	55	
49					85688	3	15	420	60	
52					85689	3	15	25	55	
55					85690	3	10	420	60	
58					85691	3	10	420	55	
61					85692	3	5	420	60	
64					85693	3	5	420	60	
67		? WAYALLA S.S.: 64 m to 93 m			85694	3	65	420	50	
70		64 - 93 m: Green fine grained S.S.			85695	3	30	420	50	
73		& siltstone			85696	3	10	420	50	
76		67 m: Water table (300 gal/hr)			85697	3	50	420	40	
79					85698	3	15	20	45	
82		N.B. Mudstone chips in samples are			85699	3	15	30	40	
85		probably contamination.			85700	3	10	40	85	
88					85701	3	10	420	80	
93					85702	4.5	10	45	60	

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 31-10-73

COMPLETED: 31-10-73

0093

LOCATION: "CARRIWERLOO"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 50.3 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFAAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METREAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bodd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	SOIL + CALCAREOUS: Orange.			85703	3	25	<20	55	
	3	SILICIFIED: white silicified + silicified S.S.	////		85704	3	10	<20	30	
	6	YUDNAPINNA BEDS: 6m to 37.2m			85705	3	15	<20	10	
	9	6-12m: Pale yellow S.S. + round gtz + pink lithic			85706	3	25	<20	15	
	12	12-15m: Pink S.S.			85707	3	40	30	15	
	15	15-18m: white & orange, fine grained			85708	3	50	260	20	
	18	18-21m: Pink/orange, fine grained			85709	3	60	95	25	
	21	21-24m: Orange/pink S.S.			85710	3	75	25	20	
	24	24-27m: Buff S.S.			85711	3	230	<20	40	
	27	27-30m: Grey to grey/brown S.S. Pyritic			85712	3	1200	<20	65	
	30	30-34m: Dark grey S.S. H ₂ S. Pyritic			85713	3	170	<20	140	
	34	34-37.2m: Grey/brown. Pyritic.			85714	3	40	<20	220	
	37	GAWLER RANGE VOLCANICS: 37.2m to 50.3m			85715	3	40	<20	65	
	40	Purple/brown volcanic			85716	3	10	<20	70	
	43				85717	3	15	<20	230	
	46				85718	4.5	20	<20	210	
	49	50.3 m: END HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 31-10-73

COMPLETED: 1-11-73

LOCATION: "CARRIWERLOO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y: 0094

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 97.5 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: BFAAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METREAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	Soil			85719	3	25	220	55	
	3	SILCRETE GYPSUM & RED CLAY			85720	3	10	220	20	
	6	CLAY (WEATHERED YUDNAPINNA BEDS?)			85721	3	10	220	25	
	9	6m to 40m			85722	3	10	220	20	
	12	6-9m: white, sandy clay, Gypsum xstls			85723	3	5	220	20	
	15	9-12m: white clay, Gypsum			85724	3	5	220	25	
	18	12-27m: off-white, puffy-like clay			85725	3	5	20	20	
	21				85726	3	10	220	20	
	24	27-30m: sandy clay			85727	3	10	35	30	
	27	30-34m: greyish clay			85728	3	10	220	25	
	30	34-37m: grey clay			85729	3	10	20	30	
	34	37-40m: grey/brown sandy clay			85730	3	10	20	35	
	37				85731	3	5	220	30	
	40	"YUDNAPINNA BEDS"? : 40 - 97.5			85732	3	5	220	35	
	43	40-46m: grey & minor brown shale			85733	3	10	45	110	
	46	46-49m: Purple/brown - grey shale			85734	3	5	220	45	
	49	49-52m: white clay band. Not necessary			85735	3	15	20	65	
	52	52-58m: Grey sandy shale 2mm Pyrite chips			85736	3	10	220	40	
	55	58-61m: Soft grey shale. Sand grains			85737	3	5	220	30	
	58	61-66m: As above. Pyrite chips to 8mm (0.5%)			85738	3	10	220	40	
	61	64-67m: grey siltst. silt. pyrite 0.25%			85739	3	25	220	50	
	64	67-73m: As above, harder, 2mm py. grains			85740	3	10	220	25	
	67	73-76m: grey siltst. 2mm red lithics. Tr. py.			85741	3	10	220	30	
	70	76-79m: grey, green & brown siltst. 0.5% py.			85742	3	20	220	30	
	73	79-82m: green, grey, hard siltst. Tr. py.			85743	3	50	220	40	
	76	82-85m: green, brown & grey siltst. Tr. py.			85744	3	15	220	30	
	79	85-88m: as above + minor 2mm Gaudet pbb.			85745	3	20	220	45	
	82	88-91m: as above + 5mm Gaudet pbb.			85746	3	10	220	35	
	85	91-94m: brown & green siltst. 2mm Gaudet pbb.			85747	3	10	220	30	
	88	94-97.5m: Mainly brown siltst. & orange			85748	3	10	220	45	
	91	Gaudet volcanic pebbles up to 2mm			85749	3	10	220	30	
	94	comprising 20% of sample.			85750	3	10	220	40	
	97.5	97.5: END HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 1-11-73

COMPLETED: 1-11-73

0095

LOCATION: "CARRIWERLLOO"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 56.4 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bed'd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0									
	3	SOIL: 0-3m			85751	3	20	30	60	
	6	CLAY: 3m to 24m (weathered volcanic?)			85752	3	25	420	50	
	9	3-6m: Red, gypseous			85753	3	30	420	85	
	12	6-9m: Pink/red, calcareous			85754	3	30	420	200	
	15	9-15m: Red, ? lateritic, sandy			85755	3	25	420	290	
	18	15-18m: Brown & yellow clay			85756	3	25	35	420	
	21	18-24m: Yellow/khaki sandy clay			85757	3	30	130	270	
	24				85758	3	45	25	280	
	27	GAWAER RANGIE VOLCANICS: 24m to 56.4m	V		85759	3	35	30	320	
	30	24-27m: Khaki clay	V		85760	3	40	420	160	
	34	27-34m: Khaki, soft clay, speckled opaquous	V		85761	3	30	420	140	
	37	34-37m: Apple-green clay & speckled opaquous	V		85762	3	40	25	120	
	40	37-40m: Olive green clay	V		85763	3	35	420	120	
	43	40-43m: Dk. grey-green clay	V		85764	3	30	420	130	
	46	43-49m: Lt. grey-green weathered porphyritic volcanic	V		85765	3	30	420	85	
	49		V		85766	3	25	420	85	
	52	49-52m: Blue-grey volcanic	V		85767	3	35	20	130	
	55	52-56.4m: Blue andesitic volcanic	V		85768	4.5	30	420	100	
		56.4m: END HOLE	V							

HOLE No. Ex 39

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PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDD: 1 - 11 - 73

COMPLETED: 2 - 11 - 73

LOCATION: "CABIEWERLOO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

~~0096~~

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: ✓ INCLINATION: ✓ TOTAL DEPTH: 50.3 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D. G. T.	DATE:	BIT SIZE:	TO	TO	TO
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PAGE 1 OF 1

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
0									
3		Soil: Red. 0-2m			85786	3	20	420	60
6		LATERITE + SICRETE: 3-6m: clay	///		85787	3	10	20	20
9		6-7.5m: silty to white clay			85788	3	15	220	20
12		CLAY: 7.5m to 24m		12	85789	3	15	20	35
15		9-15m: white clay chips			85790	3	10	20	130
18		15-21m: yellow ochre clay chips			85791	3	10	35	510
21		21-24m: khaki, weathered rock chips. (? volcanic)			85792	3	10	45	530
24					85793	3	10	30	220
27		GAWNER RANGE VOLCANICS: 24 to 43.3m	Y V		85794	3	5	35	320
30		24-30m: Red/brown weathered rock (volcanic)	V V		85795	3	10	35	260
34			V V		85796	3	5	30	250
37		30-37m: Red/grey, fractured volcanic rocks	V V		85797	3	10	35	260
40			V V		85798	3	10	25	260
43		37-43.3m: volcanic & granite matrix & quartzite phenocrysts	V V	43.3	85799	3	10	20	220
		43.3m: END HOLE							

PAGE 1 OF

PROJECT No. 4.05

COMPLETED: 3 - 10 - 73

CO-ORDS: X:

INCLINATION: 5

TOTAL DEPTH: 65.55 m.

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

BIT SIZE:

TO

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TO

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PAGE 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY: D.G.F. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

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PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 4-11-73

COMPLETED: 5-11-73

0100

LOCATION: "ILLERVO"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 97.5 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AERAC

DRILLER: A. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: J.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
						Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	Soil 0-1		85839	3.05	15	420	25	
	3	SILICATE 1-6		840	"	5	420	15	
	6	"YUDNAPINNA BEDS"? 6-46		841	"	5	420	15	
	9	6-12 Silicified s.s. white		842	"	10	420	10	
	12	12-18 SS lithic, white. Fine & pink grains		843	"	10	420	10	
	15	18-21 SS, clayey, lithic, lt. grey		844	"	10	420	10	
	18	21-27 Siltstone, sandy, grey, sulphide		845	"	80	420	15	
	21	heating (3-5%).		846	"	10	420	10	
	24	27-30 As above & trace only s.s.		847	"	10	420	20	
	27	30-34 Siltstone, sandy, lt. grey. Pink lithic		848	"	10	420	25	
	30	34-40 Siltstone, sandy, lt. green & pink		849	"	5	420	30	
	34	lithic grains & volcanic pebbles 5mm		850	"	20	420	30	
	37	40-46 As above & fainter volcanic pebbles		851	"	10	420	35	
	40	2-40 & 50% by vol of rock.		852	"	10	420	40	
	43			853	"	140	420	50	
	46	WOOCALLA (BLACK SHALE) 46-97.5		854	"	340	420	110	
	49	46-52 Shale, grey/grey, soft		855	"	45	420	40	
	52	52-55 As above calcareous		856	"	55	420	35	
	55	55-58 As above + minor dolomite. Tr. FeS		857	"	45	25	80	
	58	58-73 Shale, grey/green, calcareous		858	"	45	30	80	
	61			859	"	35	20	85	
	64			860	"	45	35	60	
	67			861	"	40	20	85	
	70			862	"	55	20	45	
	73	73-97.5 Shale, grey, laminated,		863	"	20	20	40	
	76	calcareous.		864	"	20	420	85	
	79			865	"	40	25	85	
	82	(N.B. Shale section samples		866	"	40	25	75	
	85	contaminated & sandier pebble		867	"	20	20	75	
	88	fallback.		868	"	45	25	80	
	91			869	"	50	20	80	
	94			870	"	40	420	85	
	97	END HOLE							

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 5-11-73

COMPLETED: 8-11-73

0101

LOCATION: "ILLERAO"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 79.9 m.

HOLE TYPE: RUTAA

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P. P. M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	Soil 0-3		0	8871	3.05	20	20	40	
	3	CLAY 3-21			872	"	20	20	40	
	6				873	"	15	25	30	
	9	3-6 sticky, hard, red			874	"	5	20	25	
	12	6-12 Baffle, green/white			875	"	10	20	30	
	15	12-18 Khaki chips			876	"	5	20	30	
	18	18-21 Mustard chips			877	"	15	20	40	
	21				878	"	10	20	30	
	24	YUDNAPINNA BEDS?: 21-79.9			879	"	10	20	65	
	27	21-30 Siltst. shaley, micaceous, brown			880	"	10	20	70	
	30	green			881	"	10	20	25	
	34	30-37 Sandst. green/grey, fine, pink lithic			882	"	10	20	35	
	37	37-46 Siltst. shaley, brown green			883	"	5	20	40	
	40	46-49 Sandst. green, fine grained			884	"	5	20	25	
	43	49-58 Siltst. grey, sandy, silty green			885	"	10	20	35	
	46				886	"	10	20	25	
	49	58-79.9 Siltstone, sandy, grey & green, hard			887	"	30	20	25	
	52				888	"	25	35	35	
	55				889	"	10	20	30	
	58				890	"	15	20	20	
	61				891	"	15	20	20	
	64				892	"	15	20	10	
	67	(Hole abandoned : slow penetration (3m/hr))			893	"	15	20	20	
	70				894	"	20	20	30	
	73				895	"	20	20	25	
	76				896	3.66	10	20	20	
	79	END HOLE.		79.9						

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 9-11-73

COMPLETED: 9-11-73

0103

LOCATION: "PANDURRA"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION: Y

INCLINATION: Y

TOTAL DEPTH: 80.8 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFAC

DRILLER: A. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: J.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	SOIL GRAVEL, GYPSUM & SILCRETE			915	3.05	25	20	65	
	3	0-6			916	"	10	20	20	
	6	MAGAZINE HILL CLAY 6-30			917	"	420	20	55	
	9	6-9 Clay, crisp, white			918	"	20	20	25	
	12	9-12 Clay, silty, greenish-white			919	"	10	20	15	
	15	12-15 Clay, silty, greenish			920	"	10	20	20	
	18	15-18 Clay, crisp, lt green			921	"	15	20	20	
	21	18-21 Clay & siltstone pale greenish-white			922	"	20	35	20	
	24				923	"	55	20	25	
	27	SS, buff, pink lenticles & green clay			924	"	390	35	25	
	30	WOOCALLA DOLOMITE (Shale) 30-40			925	"	270	40	90	
	34	30-37 Khaki, ? Mangrove			926	"	50	30	60	
	37	37-40 Greenish-brown, silty & chips of Gawler vlc			927	"	150	20	50	
	40	"ELIZABETH CR. CONGLOM." 40-70			928	"	15	20	35	
	43	40-65.5 S.S., strongly calcareous. Abundant			929	"	10	20	35	
	46	chips of Gawler volcanics up to 10mm			930	"	10	20	45	
	49	43-46 Porphyritic S.S.			931	"	5	20	45	
	52	46-49 Greenish S.S.			932	"	10	25	40	
	55	49-58 Volcanic & 20% of rock S.S.			933	"	15	25	40	
	58	58-65.5 As above, Purple S.S.			934	"	10	20	35	
	61				935	"	15	20	45	
	64	65.5-70 : Shale :			936	"	30	20	55	
	67	Calcareous, grey/purple, 2mm volcanic grains			937	"	75	35	55	
	70	GAWLER RANGE VOLCANICS 70-80.8			938	"	50	30	60	
	73	70-73 Porphyritic volcanic, purple/brown			939	"	35	20	50	
	76	73-80.8 Aphanitic volcanic, pmbl grey hard.			940	4.57	25	35	50	
	80.8	END HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 11-11-73

COMPLETED: 11-11-73

0106

LOCATION: EYRE HIGHWAY

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 91.4 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC

DRILLER: A. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	UNCONSOLIDATED SEDIMENTS 0-7.5			85999	3.05	20	220	20	
	3				86000	"	10	220	10	
	6	MAGAZINE CLAY 7.5-18			01	"	15	25	15	
	9	7.5-12 Crisp clay - off white			02	"	50	220	15	
	12	12-18 Puggy clay - grey, yellow, white			03	"	95	220	25	
	15				04	"	55	220	75	
	18	WOCCALLA (BLACK SHALE) 18-91.4			05	"	440	220	160	
	21	18-21 Clay, dk. grey			06	"	35	220	25	
	24	21-24 Shale, grey, soft			07	"	35	20	35	
	27	24-91.4 Shale, calcareous, grey			08	"	30	220	80	
	30				09	"	60	220	75	
	34				10	"	40	220	75	
	37				11	"	30	220	45	
	40				12	"	35	220	75	
	43				13	"	30	220	70	
	46				14	"	35	220	75	
	49				15	"	30	220	70	
	52				16	"	40	220	75	
	55				17	"	40	220	71	
	58				18	"	40	25	70	
	61				19	"	40	40	85	
	64	67 m - Water Table			20	"	40	65	130	
	67				21	"	35	70	260	
	70				22	"	30	80	240	
	73				23	"	45	60	120	
	76				24	"	30	45	160	
	79				25	"	30	25	130	
	82				26	"	25	40	45	
	85				27	"	35	30	65	
	88				28	"	30	50	70	
	91.4	END HOLE								

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT No. 405

COMPLETED: 11 - 11 - 73

Y: 0108

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

[illegible]

HOLE No. Ex 53

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PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT AREA: RANOURAN

PROJECT No. 405-

SPUDDER: 12-11-73

COMPLETED: 12-11-73

0110

LOCATION: "PANBURR"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 61 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANOURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 12 - 11 - 73

COMPLETED: 13 - 11 - 73

0111

LOCATION: "PANOURRA"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 85.3 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	SOIL 0 - 1.5			80073	3.05	25	35	50	
	3	SILICATE 1.5 - 6			74	"	10	20	20	
	6	MAGAZINE CLAY 6 - 21			75	"	10	35	10	
	9	6-12 Clay chips, light green			76	"	5	30	10	
	12	12-18 Clay chips, lt green & violet			77	"	15	40	15	
	15	18-21 Clay, puggy, ochre			78	"	20	35	15	
	18				79	"	75	60	55	
	21	WOOLALLA (BLACK SHALE) 21 - 83.8			80	"	40	150	210	
	24	21-24 Shale, oxidised, khaki/green			81	"	50	360	220	
	27	24-27 Shale, khaki & grey & calcareous			82	"	30	470	360	
	30	27-40.2 Shale, grey, calcareous			83	"	40	150	85	
	34				84	"	40	40	70	
	37	41.2 m water table			85	"	45	50	90	
	40	40.2 - 42.7 Dolomite, hard, E purite Tn			86	"	55	40	85	
	43	42.7 - 76 Shale, grey, calcareous			87	"	70	35	80	
	46				88	"	55	30	80	
	49				89	"	45	40	70	
	52				90	"	30	410	60	
	55				91	"	35	340	480	
	58				92	"	40	440	470	
	61				93	"	45	640	120	
	64				94	"	75	430	330	
	67				95	"	140	760	610	
	70				96	"	820	380	180	
	73				97	"	1000	130	140	
	76	76 - 83.8 Shale, grey, calcareous. Highly carbonaceous.			98	"	2100	120	120	
	79				99	"	3300	80	30	
	82	PANOURRA FM. 83.8 - 85.3			100	"	2260	65	75	
	85	Red sandstone, hard. Trace of green translucent mineral. Good trace pyrite								
		END OF HOLE								

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT No. 405-

COMPLETED: 13-11-73

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: B. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.S.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA AREA PROJECT No. 405
SPUDED: 13-11-73 COMPLETED: 13-11-73
LOCATION: "PANDURRA" CO-ORDS: X: Y:
ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 45.7 m
HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFRAC DRILLER: A. TAYLOR
LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
	0	SOIL & CONCRETE 0-3			80105	3.05	25	30	40
	3	MAGAZINE CLAY 3-9			106	"	15	50	30
	6	3-6 Shale - dark 6-9 Lt. brown			107	"	20	30	100
	9	WOOLLA (BLACK SLATE) 9-37			108	"	50	25	140
	12	9-12 Shale, medium coarse			109	"	35	30	130
	15	12-18 Shale, khaki			110	"	35	40	170
	18	18-37 Shale, grey, calcareous			111	"	40	170	630
	21				112	"	35	330	640
	24				113	"	45	340	400
	27	30 m water table			114	"	45	510	2100
	30				115	"	50	320	620
	33				116	"	50	310	300
	36	ELIZABETH CONGLOMERATE 37-43			117	"	25	270	120
	39	Small amount of quartzite in area of 10% to 15%			118	"	70	130	410
	42	PANDURRA FM. 43-45.7			119	"	300	20	100
	45	Red quartzite							
		END OF HOLE							

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

0114

SPUDED: 13-11-73

COMPLETED: 14-11-73

LOCATION: "PANDURRA"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 61 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bodd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	Soil 0-3			86/20	3.05	30	420	80	
	3	SIXCRETE 3-6	///		121	"	15	220	30	
	6	PANDURRA FORMATION: 6-49			122	"	10	40	15	
	12	6-18 S.S. white & pink lithic grains, soft, fine grained.			123	"	5	70	15	
	15				124	"	5	90	15	
	18				125	"	15	45	15	
	21	18-21 Siltstone, soft, yellow chips			126	"	45	70	20	
	24	21-24 S.S., grey, brown & red.			127	"	40	220	15	
	27	24-27 S.S. coarse, & lithic grains, varicoloured			128	"	40	60	30	
	30	27-32 S.S., grey, & 5mm volc. chips & pebbles, 0.49% Fe			129	"	10	20	40	
	34	32-46 S.S., pink & white, hard, & minor 7mm rounded gtz. grains			130	"	10	220	30	
	37				131	"	5	220	20	
	40				132	"	5	220	25	
	43				133	"	5	220	30	
	46	46-49 S.S., coarse, purple-red, & rounded gtz. & lithic pebbles, smy.			134	"	5	220	15	
	49				135	"	22	220	20	
	52	SHALE 49-52			136	"	5	220	70	
	55	Red & minor green shale as siltstone			137	"	6	220	45	
	58	CONGLOMERATE 52-53 with 5mm gtz. pebbles			138	"	10	20	30	
	61	GANAKA RANGE VOLCANICS 53-61			139	"	5	220	35	
	64	53-55 Red/brown decomp. volc. Chert & S								
		55-58 Red/brown chips volcanic.								
		57 m water table (salt)								
		58-61 Red/brown volcanic & green phreatic								
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 14-11-73

COMPLETED: 14-11-73

0115

LOCATION: "R. DORENA"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 64 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: AFAC

DRILLER: R. TAYLOR

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: 14-11-73 BIT SIZE:

TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METERAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bed'd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	Soil: 0-3 m			86/40	3.05	20	<20	45	
	3	PANDURRA FORMATION: 3-64			141	"	10	<20	25	
	6	3-6 Purple-grey s.s.			142	"	10	<20	35	
	9	6-12 Red/brown (green) fine s.s. chips			143	"	5	<20	25	
	12	12-15 As above + minor Gaudet volcanic pebbles			144	"	10	<20	30	
	15	15-18 Purple & white s.s. Spherical gtz. Abundant volcanics			145	"	10	<20	30	
	18	18-21 As above & fewer Gaudet volcanic pebbles			146	"	10	<20	60	
	21	21-24 Red/brown coarse s.s. & round volcanic gtz pebbles			147	"	15	<20	85	
	24	24-25.5 Purple & white s.s.			148	"	10	<20	65	
	27	25.5-41.5 Shale, siltstone, red & green, micaceous.			149	"	10	<20	50	
	30				150	"	10	<20	50	
	34				151	"	5	<20	30	
	37	41.5-43 Conglomerate, fine gr. gtz pebbles			152	"	10	<20	35	
	40	43-64 Sandy siltstone			153	"	10	<20	30	
	43	43-52 Purple & white			154	"	10	<20	30	
	46				155	"	15	<20	25	
	49				156	"	10	<20	40	
	52				157	"	15	<20	45	
	55	58-61 Purpleish s.s. & siltst. chips			158	"	10	<20	20	
	58				159	"	5	<20	10	
	61	61-64 Purple/brown coarse s.s.			86/60	"	10	<20	15	
	64	END OF HOLE								
		N.B. Very hard drilling from 24 m.								

PAGE 1 OF

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: TO TO TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 4-3-74

COMPLETED: 7-3-74

0119

LOCATION: "TREGALANA"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 35 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO 35 m. BLADE TO 33 m. ROLLER TO 35 m.

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	MAGAZINE CLAY 0-9.14		0	86185	3.05	45	20	10	
		0-3 Siltstone, white, soft, micaceous.		3.05	186	"	45	30	20	
		3-9 Siltstone, S.S. & clay, buff & brown/mustard		6.10	187	"	120	40	40	
		WOOCALLA DOLOMITE 9.14-33.53		9.14	188	"	280	20	110	
		9-12 m Shale, brown-khaki, oxidised.		12.19	189	"	100	40	95	
		12-18 m Shale, brown-khaki, calcareous.		15.24	190	"	120	70	60	
		18-21 m Shale, grey, calcareous.		18.29	191	"	80	40	60	
		21 m - Water table.		21.34	192	"	25	30	50	
		21-26 m Shale, grey, calc.		24.38	193	"	20	40	55	
		24-27 m S.S., grey, fine grain		27.43	194	"	25	40	40	
		27-33 m Shale, grey, calc. Dolomite at 33 m		30.48	86195	"	230	40	75	
		PANDURRA FM. 33.53-35		33.53	86222	1.47	700	60	85	
		Quartzite hard, red.		35.0						

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDED: 5-3-74

COMPLETED: 5-3-74

LOCATION: "TREGALANA"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 38.0120

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMPSON

DRILLER: G. SCANNON

LOGGED BY: D. G. T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO 38 mm

BLADE TO 38 mm

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	Soils 0-1		0						
	3			3.05	86196	3.05	45	30	70	
	6	WOOCALLA DOLOMITE 1-38		6.1	199	"	35	60	80	
	9	1-3 Shale, khaki, soft.		9.14	198	"	40	70	85	
	12	3-9 Shale, khaki, soft, weakly calcareous		12.19	199	"	55	60	90	
	15	9-38 shale, grey, calcareous.		15.24	200	"	25	40	90	
	18	(WOOCALLA BLACK SLATE FACIES)		18.29	86251	"	40	70	75	
	21			21.34	252	"	45	60	90	
	24			24.38	253	"	40	70	60	
	27	24 m Water table		27.43	254	"	60	60	75	
	30	27-30 m Oily scum on water.		30.48	255	"	40	60	80	
	33			33.53	256	"	45	80	70	
	36			36.58	257	"	50	80	140	
	38			38	258	1.42	40	80	310	
		END OF HOLE								

HOLE No. EX 64

PAGE 1 OF 1

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PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405-

SPUDDER: 6 - 3 - 74

COMPLETED: 6 - 3 - 74

0121

LOCATION: "TREGALANA"

CO-ORDS: X: . Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: INCLINATION: TOTAL DEPTH: 70.1 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMPSON DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D. G. T. DATE: 12/1/77 BIT SIZE: 121-mm TO 70.1 m. BLADE TO 70.1 m. TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
		SAND 0 - 6		0					
				3.05	86259	3.05	20	30	30
				6.10	260	"	15	30	30
		WHYALLA S.S.? 6 - 12		9.14	261	"	10	40	20
		S.S. decomposed, red to white, clayey, angular grains		12.19	262	"	10	20	20
		MAGAZINE CLAY 12 - 36		15.24	263	"	15	30	25
		12 - 18 Clay, sandy, white		18.29	264	"	15	<20	20
		18 - 24 Clay, less sandy, whiter		21.34	265	"	10	20	10
		24 - 27 Clay, puggy, white		24.38	266	"	10	<20	15
		27 - 30 Clay, yellow grey		27.43	267	"	10	30	10
		30 - 36 Clay, grey		30.48	268	"	10	40	15
				33.53	269	"	10	40	20
				36.58	270	"	10	40	30
		"YUDNAPIINNA BEDS"		39.62	271	"	10	40	30
		36 - 56		42.67	272	"	10	20	40
		Shale, fawn, weakly calcareous		45.72	273	"	10	40	30
				48.77	274	"	10	40	30
				51.82	275	"	10	30	30
				54.86	276	"	20	30	30
				57.91	277	"	60	20	35
		WOOLALLA DOLOMITE		60.96	278	"	280	70	90
		56 - 60 56 - 70		64.01	279	"	60	40	75
		Shale, grey, calcareous + minor dolomite		67.06	280	"	40	50	50
		60 - 70 Shale, black, dolomitic		70.10	86281	"	20	60	60
		END OF HOLE							
		N.B. Water flow at 66 m \approx 4000 gal/hr							
		Very salty water.							

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 8-3-74

COMPLETED: 8-3-74

0122

LOCATION: "MIDDLE BACK"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 61 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 21 mm TO 61 m. BLADE TO 41 m. ROLLER TO 61 m.

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		Soil 0-3		0	86283	3.05	20	40	50	
		GRAVELLY CLAY 3-6		3.05	284	"	20	60	30	
		PANDURRA FM. ? 6-61		6.10	285	"	10	40	20	
		6-9 Decomp. S.S. pinkish sand & white clay		9.14	286	"	10	20	15	
		9-12 Decomp. S.S. Beige sand & clay		12.19	287	"	10	30	15	
		12-15 Decomp. S.S. Pinkish sand & clay		15.24	288	"	10	20	30	
		15-18 Silcrete		18.29	289	"	15	20	15	
		18-21 S.S. clayey, rounded grains 2-5 mm		21.34	290	"	10	30	15	
		21-24 S.S. clayey, white, coarse		24.38	291	"	10	220	10	
		24-27 S.S. soft & white, pink grains		27.43	292	"	10	30	15	
		27-30 S.S. soft & white, pink grains		30.48	293	"	10	40	15	
		30-36 S.S. quartzose, pink, rounded, coarse		33.53	294	"	10	220	10	
		36-42 S.S. 5mm milky gtz + 1-2mm clear gtz		36.58	295	"	10	220	10	
		42-52 S.S. pink, grains as above. large grains rounded, small not rounded.		39.62	296	"	10	20	10	
		52-55 S.S. pink. Round gtz up to 8mm. Minor red shale chips		42.67	297	"	5	220	10	
		55-61 As above. V. red sample, poss. because of red shale bands. V. hard.		45.72	298	"	5	40	10	
				48.77	299	"	10	40	15	
				51.82	300	"	10	30	20	
				54.86	301	"	10	20	15	
				57.91	302	"	10	30	10	
				60.96						
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURBA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 9-3-74

COMPLETED: 9-3-74

0124

LOCATION: "ROOPENA"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 56 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO 56 m. BLADE TO 42 m. RAFTER TO 56 m.

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	Calcrete RECENT 0-4 Gypsum + gravel		0	86313	3	25	50	25	
		MAGAZINE CLAY 4-12		3	314	3	40	70	100	
		4-9 Clay, white (some stain) & lt. grey		6	315	3	15	30	10	
		9-12 Clay, lt. grey & yellow		9	316	3	80	80	10	
		WOOLLAH (BLACK SHALE) 12-56		12	317	3	230	110	70	
	15	12-15 Shale, khaki		15	318	3	110	70	200	
		15-18 Shale, khaki & grey		18	319	3	25	50	90	
		18-33 Shale, grey, calcareous		21	320	3	25	60	90	
				24	321	3	50	60	85	
				27	322	3	30	60	80	
	30			30	323	3	40	60	80	
		33 m Water table		33	324	3	30	60	80	
				36	325	3	35	40	80	
		33-56 Shale, grey, calcareous		39	326	3	25	60	80	
				42	327	3	35	40	85	
	45			45	328	3	45	70	75	
				48	329	3	40	80	80	
				51	330	3	45	60	80	
				54	86331	2	35	80	75	
	60	END OF HOLE		56						

HOLE No. EX 68

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PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDER: 9 - 3 - 74

COMPLETED: 11-3-74

~~0125~~

LOCATION: "Rico PENA"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: _____ DIRECTION: _____

INCLINATION: γ

TOTAL DEPTH: 28.5 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Thomson

DRILLER: A. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO 228.5 mm

TO

TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 11-3-74 COMPLETED: 11-3-74 0126
 LOCATION: "ROOPENA" CO-ORDS: X: Y:
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 37.5 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Thomson DRILLER: G. SCANLON
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO 37.5 m TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METREAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bdd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	RECENT 0 - 13.5		0	86341	3	15	30	35	
		0-3 Alluvium		3	342	3	10	20	20	
		3-6 Gravel		6	343	3	10	30	30	
		6-13.5 Gravel, Sand & clay.		9	344	3	10	40	20	
				12	345	3	10	20	20	
	15	PANDURRA FM. 13.5 - 37.5		15	346	3	10	30	20	
		12-18: Sand, loose, pink, brown & yellow		18	347	3	10	20	20	
		18-24: S.S., soft, friable, white & pink Angular gtz.		21	348	3	10	20	15	
		24-37.5 S.S., pink, fawn & orange, friable, gtzose, & angular gtz grains.		24	349	3	10	<20	20	
	30			27	86350	3	15	<20	20	
				30	86201	3	10	<20	15	
				33	86202	3	15	20	20	
		37.5 Water Table.		36	NO SAMPLE	0	-	-	-	
		END OF HOLE		37.5						

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 11-3-74

COMPLETED: 11-3-74

0127

LOCATION: "ROOPENA"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 33.3 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO 33.3 m.

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		GRAVEL 0-9		0	86203	3	15	30	25	
		Pandurra Fm. Gste pebbles in sand matrix		3	204	"	10	30	10	
		3-6 Silcreted		6	205	"	10	20	20	
		MAGAZINE CLAY 9-15		9	206	"	20	40	30	
		Soft greenish chips of clay		12	207	"	15	50	35	
		ELIZABETH CONGLOMERATE 15-30		15	208	"	10	60	15	
		15-24 Well rounded pebbles up to 2cm.		18	209	"	10	20	15	
		of Pandurra quartzite in yellow		21	210	"	10	10	20	
		white sand matrix.		24	211	"	10	20	40	
		24-30 Clayey sandst. yellowish grey.	Tr. Py.	27	212	"	20	30	55	
		PANDURRA Fm. 30-33.3	5% Py.	30	213	"	15	20	60	
		V. hard, pink quartzite up to 5% Pyrite	18.2%	33	214	0.3	20	60	20	
		33.3								
		END OF HOLE								

PAGE 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY: D. G. T. DATE: 12/1 BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO 9 m. TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
	0	SOIL 0-3			86215	3	20	50	45
	3	GRAVEL + RED CLAY 3-6			216	3	15	20	30
	6	PANDURRA FM.? 6-9			86217	3	15	30	20
	9	V. hard yellow/brown quartzite							
		END OF HOLE							
		N.B. Hole abandoned because drill could not penetrate any further.							

HOLE No. **EX 72**

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PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT AREA: PANDURAA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDER: 12 - 3 - 74

COMPLETED: 12-3-74

LOCATION: " RUC PENA "

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 7 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: G. Scaviano

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO 7 mm

TO _____ TO _____

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: **PANDURRA**PROJECT No. **405**SPUDED: **12-3-74**COMPLETED: **12-3-74**LOCATION: **"ROOPENA"**

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION:

V

INCLINATION:

V

TOTAL DEPTH:

24 mHOLE TYPE: **ROTARY**DRILLING CONTRACTOR: **THOMSON**DRILLER: **G. SCANLON**LOGGED BY: **D.G.T.** DATE:BIT SIZE: BLADE TO **20.5**; REAMER TO **24 m.** (**121mm TO 24m.**)**0130**

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
	0	Soft GRAVEL, CLAY + Gypsum 0-3			0	86221	3	80	20	75
		Red clay 3-6			3	222	"	20	30	50
		WHYAKA S.S. 6-20.5			6	223	"	15	20	20
		6-18 S.S., clayey, rounded gtz + pink lithic grains in a white to green clay matrix.			9	224	"	10	<20	30
	15				12	225	"	10	<20	20
		18-20.5 Coarser grained & varicoloured.			15	226	"	20	30	25
	20.5	PANDURRA fm. 20.5 - 24			18	227	"	15	20	10
		Red g'tsile. Hard. (water table 20.5)			20.5	86 228	"	10	<20	10
		END OF HOLE			24					

PACMINEX PTY. LTD.

HOLE No. EX 75

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 12-3-74 COMPLETED: 12-3-74 0132
 LOCATION: "ROOPENA" CO-ORDS: X: Y:
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 36 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCARLAN
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO 36 m. (BLADE TO 36 m.) TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SANDY SOIL & CALCAREOUS 0-3		0	86245	3	20	40	40	
		SAND & GRAVEL 3-14		3	246	"	10	20	25	
				6	247	"	10	40	10	
				9	248	"	10	20	15	
		MAGAZINE CLAY 14-18		12	249	"	15	50	20	
		Sandy grey clay		15	86250	"	20	30	15	
		WOODHALL (BLACK SHALE) 18-36		18	86351	"	40	60	40	
		18-21 Clay, grey & shale, black		21	352	"	50	100	65	
		21-36 Shale, dk. grey, calcareous		24	353	"	20	50	40	
		(+ Sand & gravel fallback from top of hole, about 60% sample)		27	354	"	15	40	35	
				30	355	"	20	30	35	
				33	86356	"	20	40	40	
				36						
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURAA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDER: 13-3-74

COMPLETED: 13-3-74

0133

LOCATION: "ROOSEVELT"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y

ELEVATION: _____ DIRECTION: _____

V INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 37.5 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMPSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO 37.5 mm.

BLADE TO 27m : ROCKER TO 37.5m.

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 13-3-74 COMPLETED: 13-3-74 0134
 LOCATION: "ROSEBEN" CO-ORDS: X: Y:
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 19 m.
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANLON
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO BLADE TO 17 m. : POWER TO 19 m.

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.					
							Cu	Pb	Zn	V		
	0	RECENT 0-3 Sandy soil, calcareous clay		0	86370	3.0	25	40	50			
		3-4 Gravel & Sand		3	371	"	20	30	35			
		WHYMARRA S.S. 4-13		6	372	"	40	20	20			
		A-6 Lithic S.S.		9	373	"	15	20	15			
		6-13 Clayey S.S., white, yellow & pink		12	374	"	10	20	15	100		
	15	ELIZABETH R. CONGLOMERATE 13-17		15	375	"	20	20	20	100		
		Pebbles of Pandurra & jaspilite in clayey Sand matrix. Also white gtz pebbles ~ 1cm.		18	86376	1.0	15	20	20			
		PANDURRA FM. 17-19		19								
		V. hard pink quartzite										
		END OF HOLE										

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 13-3-74 COMPLETED: 13-3-74
 LOCATION: "ROOPENA" CO-ORDS: X: Y: 0136
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 46 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMPSON DRILLER: G. SCARVON
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	V
	0	GRAVEL & CLAY 0-3	0 0 0	0	86349	3.0	20	40	35	
		SILICATE 3-5	1 1 1	3	380	"	20	800	20	
		MAGAZINE HILL CLAY 5-12.5		6	381	"	25	1600	25	
		5-9 Clay, crisp greenish		9	382	"	25	1200	30	
		9-12.5 Clay, soft, brittle, greenish		12	383	"	20	360	25	300
	15	ELIZABETH CONGLOMERATE	0 0 0	15	384	"	20	320	30	200
		12.5 - 45.8	0 0 0	18	385	"	60	120	40	200
		12.5-21 Clayey sand & gravel. Mainly Pandurra pebbles, minor chert & jasper, in pink sand & white clay matrix.	0 0 0	21	386	"	90	40	50	300
		21-30 As above, but mainly jaspilite pebbles, 1-3 cm. Red, yellow & brown.	0 0 0	24	387	"	90	70	70	300
	30	30-36 Gravel of Pandurra, gtz & chert < 1 cm pebble size. Green/brown	0 0 0	27	388	"	20	260	90	100
		36-45.85 As above, but includes gray-green micaceous shale fragments.	0 0 0	30	389	"	15	120	65	200
	45	PANDURRA FM. 45.8-46 m.	0 0 0	33	390	"	10	60	100	100
				36	391	"	15	70	60	50
				39	392	"	15	60	50	100
				42	393	"	10	40	50	50
				45	86394	1.0	15	60	50	80
				46						
		END OF HOLE								

HOLE No. EX 80

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PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 403-

SPUDD: 13-3-74

COMPLETED: 14 - 3 - 74

LOCATION: "ROEPENA"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 7.2 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: C. SCANTON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 1021 mm TO BLADE TO 40 m: ROLLER TO 72 m

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 14-3-74

COMPLETED: 14-3-74

0138

LOCATION: "PANDURRA"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 48 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANDON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO 48 mm TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1: 600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	V
	0	SOIL 0 - 1.5			0					
		MAGAZINE HILL CLAY 1.5 - 3			3	86419	3.0	10	340	50
		Crisp pale green			6	420	"	50	660	250
		WOODMILL (BLACK SHALE) 3 - 15.5			9	421	"	45	660	1700
		3-6 Shale, oxidised red & yellow			12	422	"	40	2200	800
15		6-10 Shale, oxidised khaki			15	423	"	180	600	190
		10-15.5 Shale, grey, calcareous			18	424	"	1100	90	60
		ELIZABETH R. CONGLOM. 15.5 - 48			21	425	"	60	50	70
		15-18 Gravel, Saspilite agtz. pebbles to 3 cm	SS		24	426	"	180	90	70
30		18-21 Gravel & Sand, Poorly consolidated			27	427	"	20	40	40
		21-24 Shale & SS. Soft red shale & grey SS.			30	428	"	10	30	30
		24-48 Gravel & Sand, poorly consolidated			33	429	"	42	40	40
		Red clay. Pebbles of jaspilite agtz.			36	430	"	40	60	50
		from 1-3 cm. Also Pandurra fm. pebbles			39	431	"	10	30	30
45		Qtz pebbles smaller, more rounded			42	432	"	10	20	35
		than B.I.F. of Pandurra fm.			45	433	"	30	60	25
					48	86434	"	15	80	50
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 14-3-74

COMPLETED: 16-3-74

LOCATION: "PANDURRA"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: 4 INCLINATION: 4 TOTAL DEPTH: 90 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: 22/5/74 BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		Silt, CLAY, GRAVEL, GYPSUM 0-3			0					
		PANDURRA FM. (SANDSTONE) 3-45			3	86435	30	20	40	45
		3-18: white gtyose s.s. of rounded gty. grains - pink lithic grains. (Silicified from 3-6).			6	436	15	30	20	
					9	437	15	20	20	
					12	438	20	20	20	
		18-21: Grey s'kose s.s. of rounded gty. or grey or pink lithic or grey chert or volcanic grains.			15	439	25	20	25	
					18	440	60	20	30	
					21	441	35	70	30	
					24	442	10	20	40	
		21-24: Green micaceous s.s.			27	443	10	30	30	
		24-27: S.S., white or pink coated gty. grains some rounded, + pink volcanic or chert grains.			30	444	10	20	40	
		27-45: Fine gr. micaceous s.s., mainly red, 2 green patches. Shale.			33	445	10	20	40	
					36	446	10	20	30	
					39	447	5	40	30	
					42	448	10	20	40	
		(SANDSTONE + SHALE) 45-90			45	449	10	30	35	
		45-57: Conglom. of 1 cm smooth hematite chert + Gwyther volcanic pebbles + white & red coated round 1-2 mm gty + red & green micaceous shale.			48	450	20	20	25	
					51	451	15	20	30	
					54	452	10	20	50	
					57	453	15	20	45	
		57-90: White quartzite & red/brown micaceous shale + minor rounded volcanic pebbles.			60	454	30	40	45	
		Very hard from 75 m.			63	455	25	20	40	
					66	456	20	30	50	
					69	457	20	20	45	
					72	458	15	20	30	
					75	459	15	20	30	
					78	460	20	20	40	
					81	461	20	20	30	
					84	462	15	20	35	
		(Bottomed in Pandurra Fm.)			87	463	15	30	40	
					90	86464	20	20	40	
		END OF HOLE								

0141

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDED: 16-3-74

COMPLETED: 20-3-74

LOCATION: PANDURRA

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 87 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMPSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.B.T. DATE: 22-5-74 BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	V
		50% - SILICATE 0-3			0	86479	3.0	25	30	30
		PANDURRA FM. 3-87			3	480	"	20	20	20
		3-6 White gtzose s.s. - Silicified			6	481	"	15	20	25
		6-9 S.S., purple gtzose			9	482	"	15	20	20
		9-12 S.S., purple & white			12	483	"	10	20	20
		12-15 D.K. - coarse			15	484	"	10	20	20
		15-18 S.S. white			18	485	"	15	20	25
		18-45 S.S., purple, coarse angular quartz grains			21	486	"	10	20	20
		45-69 S.S., purple/brown & unstained white patches. Quartz & red lithic grains.			24	487	"	20	20	30
					27	488	"	15	20	30
					30	489	"	10	20	20
					33	490	"	5	30	25
					36	491	"	5	20	20
					39	492	"	5	20	20
					42	493	"	10	20	20
					45	494	"	10	20	30
					48	495	"	15	20	30
					51	496	"	10	30	25
					54	497	"	10	20	20
					57	498	"	10	20	20
					60	499	"	10	30	2
					63	500	"	10	20	30
					66	501	"	40	40	25
					69	502	"	10	20	40
					72	503	"	20	20	40
					75	504	"	20	20	30
					78	505	"	10	20	35
					81	506	"	10	30	25
					84	507	"	20	20	35
					87					
		(Sandst. & shale 69-87)								
		69-72 Shale, bluish to green, micaceous								
		72-79 S.S. gtzose, red/brown + shale, micac.								
		79-84 Conglom. of 5mm Gartzose pebbles + smooth rounded 1-2mm etc. + green shale.								
		84-87 S.S. round white sh 2mm + smooth 5mm volcanics (minor) + v. minor jasper + shale + grey quartzite								
		Very hard.								
		END OF LOG								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 20-3-74 COMPLETED: 20-3-74 0143
 LOCATION: "PANDURRA" CO-ORDS: X: Y:
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 28m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANTON
 LOGGED BY: K.S.M. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1: 600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	V
		SOIL & GRAVEL 0-8			0					
					3	86515	3.0	40	80	30
					6	516	"	20	40	25
					9	517	"	70	60	30
		SANDSTONE 8-23			12	518	"	25	40	25
		S.S. red/brown, soft. Grains sub- angular to round. Minor clay. Grains become more angular \bar{c} depth.			15	519	"	40	50	30
					18	520	"	35	40	30
					21	521	"	25	60	20
		ELIZABETH CONGLOMERATE 23-28			24	522	"	60	140	40
		Gravel of quartzite & BIF pebbles			27	86523	3.0	45	130	30
					28	86524	1.0	40	100	30
		END HOLE.								
		N.B. Hole abandoned because of caving in of soft sandstone & loose gravel from surface.								
		Samples from 8m - 28m contaminated \bar{c} approx. 25% gravel fall back.								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 21-3-74 COMPLETED: 21-3-74
 LOCATION: "PANDURRA" CO-ORDS: X: Y:
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 81.45
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANDY
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: 23-5-74 BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
		SANDY CLAY & GRAVEL 0-3		0	86526	3.0	20	50	45
		MAGAZINE HILL CLAY 3-6		3	527		15	40	30
		Greenish/gray, gy. ss. sandy + sandy clay		6	528		70	200	75
		"WOODMAN" (SHALE) 6-17		9	529		110	200	90
		6-9 Ferruginous shale, red/brown ochres, soft brittle		12	530		80	70	130
		9-12 Mustard brown, laminated soft. Se. shale some clay		15	531		100	40	80
		12-15 Lt. gray mustard. Clay/shale. V. soft		18	532		70	50	65
		15-17 Apple green shale, V. soft		21	533		130	40	65
		"ELIZABETH C.K. CONGLOM." 17-63		24	534		45	40	40
		17-18: S.S., siliceified, pinkish, fine. Pink lithics		27	535		50	40	50
		18-21: S.S./conglom. Coarse s.s. 1 cm pebbles of		30	536		60	30	55
		Granite volc., gneiss & acid plutonic. White clay matrix.		33	537		70	20	50
		21-24: Shale, soft, gray, laminated. Pebbles volc 1-12 mm		36	538		20	40	45
		24-30: S.S., green, fine, pink lithics. Shale laminated. Pebbles		39	539		20	40	40
		30-36: S.S., green, fine, abundant red lithics. Weakly calcareous		42	540		30	20	40
		36-45: S.S./conglom. 20% pebbles up to 1 cm of		45	541		15	30	45
		Granite volc., lt. granite & quartz.		48	542		25	40	50
		45-51: As above, but pebbles > 1 cm.		51	543		20	30	35
		51-63: S.S./conglom. 1 cm pebbles of lt. granite,		54	544		35	20	40
		quartzite, Granite volc. & tourmaline gneiss. S.S. is		57	545		40	20	40
		weakly calcareous.		60	86546		20	40	45
		63		63					
		END OF HOLE							

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 21-3-74

COMPLETED: 21-3-74

LOCATION: "LINCOLN GAP"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 45 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: K.J.M. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO TO

0146

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND & AGG CLAY 0-4		0	86547	3.0	15	30	30	
		SILCRETE 4-9		3	54?	"	10	20	30	
		White siliceous rock		6	549	"	10	60	20	
		CLAY 9-15		9	550	"	5	40	20	
		White, pink or pale green clay.		12	551	"	5	20	15	
		? YUDNAPINNA BEDS: 15-23		15	552	"	30	50	10	
		Clayey s.s., fine grained, yellow-buff, c		18	553	"	5	20	15	
		shale bands, Rounded & 2 grains + 20% PEV = R-2.1.1.1.		21	554	"	5	20	45	
		MAGAZINE CLAY? 23-29		24	555	"	10	30	80	
		Soft grey & grey-green clay, banded +		27	556	"	10	40	40	
		some siltstone bands		30	557	"	10	40	50	
		"WOOCARRA" (SHALE & DOLOMITE) 29-45		33	558	"	140	50	60	
		29-30: Green-grey & brown dolomitic		36	559	"	200	50	90	
		mudstone & siltstone. Pebble bands c 1/2" PEV.		39	560	"	60	40	95	
		30-33: As above + high proportion of		42	86561	"	40	60	75	
		tough whitish dolomite bands.		45						
		33-45: Dark grey shale c 1/2" mm								
		dolomite bands.								
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 21-3-74

COMPLETED: 21-3-74

LOCATION: "ILLEROO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y: 0147

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 36 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: 26-4-74 BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bed'd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND GRAVEL + Gypsum 0-2			0	8656.2	3.0	30	40	45
		CLAY 2-11			3	563	"	15	40	55
		Gypseous, grey-green, sandy, pebbly			6	564	"	20	40	60
					9	565	"	20	50	60
		SILICATE 11-13			12	566	"	40	360	45
		MAGAZINE HILL CLAY 13-20			15	567	"	80	120	60
		13-15 Crisp green white, sandy, micaceous			18	568	"	750	70	260
		15-20 Soft green red, silty			21	569	"	200	60	90
		ELIZABETH CREEK CONGLOM. 20-28			24	570	"	330	120	90
		20-21 Khaki clayey s.s. & pebbles 1-2 cm. clay			27	571	"	140	40	70
		21-28 Khaki brown/green pebbly ss. Clay-rich			30	572	"	80	40	100
		GAWLER RANGE VOLCANICS 28-36			33	86573	"	80	40	100
		Purple red acid volcanics			36					
		END OF HOLE								

HOLE No. EX 91

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT No. 405-

COMPLETED: 21-3-74

0148

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: K. J.m. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

[illegible]

PAGE 1 OF 1

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
		SAND & GRAVEL 0-4		0					
				3	86575	3.0	20	40	50
				6	576	"	5	40	20
		GAWHA RANGE VOLCANICS 4-27		9	577	"	10	30	25
		4-9 weathered volcanic clay - beige		12	578	"	10	20	50
		9-12 As above - buff		15	579	"	20	20	90
		12-15 weathered volcanic - straw		18	580	"	20	20	140
		15-27 Purple-brown porphyritic acid volcanic		21	581	"	10	30	120
				24	582	"	10	20	140
				27	86583	"	20	20	140
		END OF HOLE							

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 22-3-74 COMPLETED: 22-3-74
 LOCATION: "CARAIEWERRA" CO-ORDS: X: Y: 0150
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 42 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMPSON DRILLER: G. SCANNON
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		TASGULANA SHALE 0-42			0					
					3	86584 3.0	10	40	70	
					6	585 "	10	50	65	
		0-17 Chocolate shale, soft, micaceous cleavage. Minor greenish-grey fine s.s. bands, widening with depth & harder.			9	586 "	15	30	70	
					12	587 "	10	40	60	
		17-20 S.S., fine grained, green-grey silicified, hard.			15	588 "	15	40	50	
					18	589 "	15	30	65	
		20-33 Chocolate shale, micaceous, + minor s.s. bands			21	590 "	20	20	30	
					24	591 "	15	40	45	
					27	592 "	10	40	40	
					30	593 "	20	40	35	
					33	594 "	30	60	60	
		33-42 Sandstone, + fine green & fine grey, silicified & hard. Pink lithic grains. Then white s.s. & buff matrix. Hard. Pink?			36	595 "	150	20	30	
					39	596 "	210	40	30	
					42	86597 "	130	30	30	
		END OF HOLE								

0151

PROJECT AREA: PANDUARA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 22-3-74

COMPLETED: 22-3-74

LOCATION: "CARRIEWEALOO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 78 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: S.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		RECENT Soil clay gypsum silicate gravel		0	86598	3.0	25	70	60	
		SILICIFIED SANDSTONE 3-9		3	599		15	40	30	
		Pink white f.g. silicified s.s. or siltstone		6	600		15	30	30	
		TAEBOURANA SHALE 9-78		9	601		15	50	35	
		9-12: Red-brown shale, soft, laminar bands		12	602		20	50	45	
		12-18: Mudstone, yellow & brown		15	603		10	40	45	
		18-21: Mudstone, chocolate & lt. brown		18	604		20	30	50	
		21-24: Mudstone, red-brown & yellow		21	605		15	40	60	
		24-27: m.s., greenish, brown & dark brown		24	606		20	40	80	
		27-30: m.s., brown & grey-brown		27	607		10	50	120	
		30-33: m.s., light grey, friable		30	608		20	50	90	
		33-36: m.s., light brown grey, friable. Soft		33	609		10	40	85	
		36-39: m.s., brown & grey, soft		36	610		20	50	80	
		39-42: shale, grey & brown		39	611		15	50	80	
		42-45: shale, chocolate & minor thin s.s. or siltstone bands (hard)		42	612		20	40	80	
		45-57: s.s., very fine grained, green & grey, & minor choc. shale. Hard.		45	613		10	50	80	
		57-66: s.s., gray-green, fine, & pink lithic grains; fine green s.s., brown shaly siltstone; green & brown shale.		48	614		20	50	80	
				51	615		20	60	70	
				54	616		20	30	75	
				57	617		30	40	70	
				60	618		30	40	65	
				63	619		20	30	70	
				66	620		20	30	60	
				69	621		20	40	55	
				72	622		25	30	50	
				75	86623		15	40	45	
				78						
		END OF HOLE								

PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT No. 405-

COMPLETED: 23-3-74

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMPSON DRILLER: G. SCANDLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

~~0153~~

0					
3	26636	300	60	50	60
6	637	"	45	20	40
9	638	"	20	30	20
12	639	"	25	20	15
15	640	"	15	20	15
18	641	"	10	30	20
21	642	"	10	20	20
24	643	"	10	40	35
27	644	"	15	20	40
30	645	"	10	40	70
33	646	"	10	40	50
36	647	"	5	30	55
39	648	"	500	70	80
42	649	"	600	60	220
45	650	"	65	90	130
48	651	"	60	100	90
51	652	"	65	70	100
54	653	"	95	60	90
57	654	"	2000	70	60 300
60	86655	"	180	40	25 100

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 25-3-74

COMPLETED: 25-3-74

0155

LOCATION: "CARRIEWERLOO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 54 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SOIL GRAVEL & GYPSUM 0-1			0					
		WOOLLAH (BLACK SHALE) 1-53			3	86662	3.0	55	50	80
		1-10: Soft yellow brown shale			6	663	"	110	50	110
					9	664	"	30	80	100
		10-15: Grey & khaki green shale			12	665	"	55	60	75
					15	666	"	45	60	80
		15-30: Grey shale			18	667	"	20	50	75
					21	668	"	20	70	70
		30-33: Grey calcareous (weakly) shale			24	669	"	160	70	70
		33-39: Dark grey, brittle, slaty shale.			27	670	"	45	80	45
		36 m: Water table. Salty.			30	671	"	30	80	40
		39-42: Dark grey slaty shale & grey, soft calcareous shale.			33	672	"	60	140	60
		42-53: Grey, soft, calcareous shale.			36	673	"	170	130	60
					39	674	"	110	100	40
					42	675	"	110	100	55
					45	676	"	65	80	75
					48	677	"	40	90	80
		PANDURRA FM. 53-54			51	678	"	75	80	90
		Hard - Pink quartzite			54	86679	"	90	70	70
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

0156

SPUDED: 26.3.74

COMPLETED: 26.3.74

LOCATION: "MYAAL CREEK"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 64 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Thomson

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SOIL GRAVEL GYPSUM 0-3			0					
		WOOCALLA (BLACK SHALE) 3-57.5			3	86680 3.0	50	40	40	
		3-13: Weathered shale - soft, yellow, brown & grey clay or shale.			6	681 "	80	50	40	
					9	682 "	160	60	140	
					12	683 "	160	60	160	
					15	684 "	40	60	150	
		13-42: Shale - grey, calcareous, soft.			18	685 "	45	40	100	
					21	686 "	30	50	70	
					24	687 "	30	80	70	
					27	688 "	45	60	55	
					30	689 "	35	80	50	
					33	690 "	50	120	70	
					36	691 "	50	100	65	
					39	692 "	50	100	75	
		42 m: Water table v. Salty.			42	693 "	95	140	85	
					45	694 "	110	90	50	
		42-48: Shale - brittle, slaty, black.			48	695 "	120	120	25	
					51	696 "	120	120	45	
		48-57.5: Shale - grey, calcareous, soft.			54	697 "	75	70	85	
					57	698 "	260	80	65	
		PANDURRA FORMATION 57.5 - 64			60	699 "	500	60	60	
		57-60: Red s.s. & Gambar Volc. pebbles & pyrite chips	Fes.		64	86700 4.0	120	40	40	
		60-64: Red/pink quartzose s.s. & volc. pebbles & a. fcs								
		END OF HOLE								
		Estimated water flow 800 galls/hr.								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405-

SPUDDER: 26-3-74

COMPLETED: 26-3-74

0157

LOCATION: "MYALL CREEK"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 9 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: C. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO TO

[illegible]

0158

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 4405

SPUDDER: 26.3.74

COMPLETED: 26. 3. 74

LOCATION: "CAGBIFEFEDU"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION:

INCLINATION:

TOTAL DEPTH: 46.5 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMPSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 12/ mm TO

TO : TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405-

SPUDD: 27-3-74

COMPLETED: 27-3-74

0159

LOCATION: "CARRIAGE ROAD"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION:

INCLINATION: γ

TOTAL DEPTH: 15 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Titomson

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 12/ mm. TO

TO . TO

[illegible]

HOLE No. EX 103

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PROJECT AREA: PANDURAA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDER: 27 - 3-74

COMPLETED: 27-3-74

LOCATION: "CARRISWELL"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION:	DIRECTION:	V	INCLINATION:	V	TOTAL DEPTH:	33 m.
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HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE ppm		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
		SOIL GRAVEL 0-3		0					
		CLAY Greenish 3-6		3	86725	3.0	35	40	50
		WOOLLA (BLACK SHALE) 6-33		6	726	"	60	50	40
		6-9 Yellow		9	727	"	200	50	160
		9-12 Khaki		12	728	"	40	40	100
		12-15 Khaki grading to grey		15	729	"	35	50	70
		15-33 Grey shale.		18	730	"	50	40	70
				21	731	"	40	50	70
				24	732	"	30	50	70
				27	733	"	40	60	45
				30	734	"	35	50	50
				33	86735	"	80	110	60
		END OF HOLE							

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 27-3-74

COMPLETED: 27-3-74

LOCATION: "CARAIWEEALOO"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 31 0161

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: TITOMSON

DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121mm. TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE ppm.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SOIL 0-3		0						
		GRAVEL & CLAY 3-6		3	86736	3.0	40	40	60	
		WOOLLAH (BLACK SHALE) 6-31		6	737	"	40	60	60	
		6-9 yellow-brown clay/shale		9	738	"	75	40	70	
		9-12 Khaki green shale		12	739	"	15	40	85	
		12-31 Grey shale.		15	740	"	90	60	70	
				18	741	"	30	60	50	
				21	742	"	45	60	60	
				24	743	"	180	420	90	
				27	744	"	120	80	40	
				31	86745	4.0	120	100	25	
		END HOLE								

HOLE No. EX 108

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PAGE. 1 OF 1

PROJECT AREA: PANDUARA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDER: 28.3.74

COMPLETED: 28.3.74

LOCATION: "CARRIWER Loo"

CO-ORDS: X:

Y:

~~0165~~

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V. INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 33 m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANLON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND & SANDY CLAY 0-6		0						
		SILCRETE 6-7.5		3	86769	3.0	20	30	50	
		CLAY (Weathered volcanic) 7.5-9		6	770	"	10	30	35	
		GAWKER RANGIE VOLCANICS 9-33		9	771	"	10	20	30	
		9-18 White, weathered volcanic		12	772	"	5	20	20	
		18-33 Orange-pink, weathered volcanic.		15	773	"	5	60	40	
		Hard at 33m.		18	774	"	10	40	45	
		END OF HOLE		21	775	"	10	40	35	
				24	776	"	5	40	55	
				27	777	"	10	40	50	
				30	778	"	10	40	40	
				33	86779	"	10	30	55	

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 28.2.74 COMPLETED: 29.3.74 **0166**
 LOCATION: "CARRIEWEALU" CO-ORDS: X: Y:
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 77 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: G. SCANLON
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bdd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE PPM			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		GRAVEL & SOIL 0-3			0					
		PANDURRA FORMATION: 3-77			3	86780 3.0	25	40	45	
					6	781 "	10	40	20	
					9	782 "	10	50	60	
		3-39 Purple gtz. grains, not well rounded, in white clay matrix			12	783 "	10	20	20	
		Soft at first, becoming hard at 12 m. Cuttings have appearance of Pandurra Formation (Poss. reworked?)			15	784 "	40	30	40	
					18	785 "	10	20	20	
					21	786 "	25	20	30	
					24	787 "	10	20	20	
		39 Water table.			27	788 "	15	<20	20	
		39-48 Coarse grained s.s. with red matrix. Hard.			30	789 "	20	20	15	
					33	790 "	20	20	25	
		48-66 Fine grained, red matrix, pink grains. Hard.			36	791 "	10	20	20	
		(Possibly reworked Pandurra Fm?)			39	792 "	10	30	30	
					42	793 "	20	20	20	
					45	794 "	15	30	30	
					48	795 "	15	20	30	
					51	796 "	20	20	30	
					54	797 "	10	30	30	
					57	798 "	15	20	30	
					60	799 "	15	30	30	
		66-77 Fine grained, red matrix & pink grains. Some green shale bands. Very hard (Possibly reworked Pandurra Fm?)			63	800 "	20	30	25	
					66	801 "	10	30	25	
					69	802 "	20	30	30	
					72	803 "	20	30	35	
					75	804 "	15	40	30	
					77	86805 2.0	50	40	20	
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

0167

SPUDED: 29.3.74

COMPLETED: 30.3.74

LOCATION: "CARRIEWEAHOU"

CO-ORDS: X: Y:

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 72 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: G. SCARHON

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
		SOIL & GRAVEL 0-2		0	86 806	3.0	20	60	40
		SILCRETE 2-4		3	807	"	10	30	20
		PANDURRA FM: 4-72		6	808	"	10	20	30
		4-12 Friable white s.s.		9	809	"	5	20	20
				12	810	"	10	20	30
		12-20 Friable pink/purple s.s.		15	811	"	15	20	25
		Harder at 20m. (Poss. reworked Pandurra Fm?)		18	812	"	10	20	25
		20-24 Very coarse gtz. grains in pink purple matrix.		21	813	"	20	20	25
				24	814	"	22	20	20
				27	815	"	10	20	20
				30	816	"	10	20	20
		24-51 Coarse gtz. in purplish matrix. Some patches of white matrix. From 36m matrix redder, a little greenish patches. Reasonably soft. (Poss. reworked Pandurra Fm.)		33	817	"	15	20	30
				36	818	"	10	20	20
				39	819	"	10	20	25
				42	820	"	10	20	20
				45	821	"	10	20	25
				48	822	"	15	20	30
		51 m. Water table. Matrix becomes red.		51	823	"	15	20	25
				54	824	"	10	20	35
		51-63 Red + white subrounded gtz. + good trace of Heavy mineral.		57	825	"	15	20	30
				60	826	"	5	30	30
		63-72 As above + green shale in thin bands. Harder.		63	827	"	20	20	30
				66	828	"	20	20	25
				69	86 829	"			
				72					
		END OF HOLE							

PROJECT AREA: PANDURAA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 6.6.74 COMPLETED: 6.6.74
 LOCATION: "CORRAGEERA" CO-ORDS: X: 561 E Y: 1001 Q169
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 57 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: R. Brown
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE ppm			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SOIL SAND - SILICATE SLUGS 0-5		0	86849	3.0	20	40	20	
		SILICATE (Silicified whyalla ss.) 5-8		3	850	"	10	30	15	
		WHYALLA SANDSTONE 8-15		6	851	"	10	20	20	
		Friable off white ss. = large pink lithic grains		9	852	"	10	20	20	
		Buff ss. = pink lithics + green clay.		12	853	"	15	20	20	
		'YUDNAPIWNA SLTSTONE' 15-43.5		15	854	"	15	20	20	
		15-26 Sandy green clay. Sparse gtz. + pink grains in greenish clayey matrix.		18	855	"	20	20	20	
		Yellowish + grey bands.		21	856	"	20	20	20	
		26-30 Grey sandy clay. V. finely divided sulphide py.		24	857	"	45	30	25	
		30-42 Green silty clay = pink lithic grains up to 3mm.		27	858	"	10	20	35	
		42-43.5 Green siltstone.		30	859	"	10	20	40	
		Water table.		33	860	"	10	20	25	
		WOCCALLA (Dolomite + BLACK SHALE) 43.5-51		36	861	"	15	20	35	
		43.5-46 Lt. grey, hard dolomite		39	862	"	10	30	30	
		46-51 Grey shale. Salty water.		42	863	"	170	50	30	
				45	864	"	80	30	40	
				48	86865	"	60	50	40	
		END OF HOLE		51						

PROJECT AREA: PANDUARA

PROJECT No. 405

0172

SPUDED: 8.6.74

COMPLETED: 8.6.74

LOCATION: "CARRIEWERLOO"

CO-ORDS: X: 539 E Y: 993 N

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 45 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO

Router Bit TO 6m; Blade Bit TO 45 m.

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SOIL 0-1		0						
		SILICATE 1-6		3	86879	3.0	10	30	20	
		PANDUARA FM. 6-23		6	880	"	10	20	25	
		Quartzose Sandstone, buff colour, high % of Gawler Volcanic grains ranging from 1-8 mm diam.		9	881	"	10	20	25	
				12	882	"	10	20	20	
				15	883	"	10	20	15	
				18	884	"	10	20	20	
				21	885	"	10	30	15	
				24	886	"	15	30	30	
		GAWLER RANGE VOLCANICS 23-45		27	887	"	10	20	45	
		Red volcanic at 1st. Then buff.		30	888	"	10	20	75	
		24-27 Pmk volc. Gays. Coated & white clay.		33	889	"	10	20	70	
		27-30 Buff, then grey acid volc. frags.		36	890	"	10	30	70	
		30-39 Grey aphanitic volcanic		39	891	"	5	20	65	
		39-42 Gray, then purple/brown porphyritic volc.		42	892	"	5	30	45	
		42-45 Purple/brown acid volcanic.		45	86893	"	5	20	45	
		END OF HOLE								

PAGE 1 OF 1

Blade TO 44 m. Roller TO 44 m

CORE RECOVERY	METREGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1 : 600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M:		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
		RED CLAY SAND, CARCETE 0-6			86897	3.0	15	30	35
					898	"	10	20	25
		WEATHERED SANDSTONE ? 6-18			899	"	10	20	15
		Red to buff sand. White grains + red-coated grains Probably a decomposed (?whyalla) Sandstone.			900	"	10	20	15
					901	"	5	20	10
		WHYALLA SANDSTONE 18-39			902	"	10	20	10
		18-21 Friable s.s., off-white, some pinkygrains			903	"	5	20	10
		21-27 Lt grey s.s. & gray sandy claystone			904	"	10	20	15
		27-36 Friable yellow s.s. ± subangular to rounded grains, coarser with depth.			905	"	10	20	10
		36-39 Lithic s.s. coarse, yellow. Pebbles up to ½ cm.			906	"	10	20	15
		SANDSTONE/CONGLOMERATE 39-44			907	"	10	20	10
		White gtz pebbles 8mm Pandurra + Gawler pbbles			908	"	10	20	10
		PANDURRA FM. 44m Red quartzite			909	"	10	20	10
					910	"	35	20	15
		END OF HOLE			86911	2.0	30	20	15
					T.D.S.		Cu	Pb	Zn
					WATER SAMPLE	1-83	15	250	4
					%		Ppb	Ppb	Ppb

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LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

[illegible]

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0176

TO . . . TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
		RECENT Gravel & red clay		0					
		Gravel sand clay & gypsum		3	86924	3.0	20	40	35
		SILCRETE		6	925	"	10	30	20
		CLAYEY SANDSTONE 9-17.75		9	926	"	10	30	10
		9-10.5 Pink sand		12	927	"	10	20	15
		10.5-12 Khaki, clayey, soft sandst.		15	928	"	10	20	10
		12-15 Yellow, white & brown clayey s.s. Soft		18	86929	"	15	30	10
		15-17.75 Yellow clayey s.s. (Coarse gr.)							
		PAWDJARA Fm 17.75-18.0							
		V. Hard pink quartzite							
		END OF HOLE							

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TO . TO

0.179

PROJECT AREA: PANDJARRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 13.6.74

COMPLETED: 13.6.74

LOCATION: "CARRIEWEALOO"

CO-ORDS: X: 530 E Y: 1014 Q180

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 47 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Titmson DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO Blade bit TO 39 m. Roller TO 47 m.

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1 : 600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND & GRAVEL 0 - 12			0					
		loose red sand & minor pebbles			3	86965	3.0	10	20	25
		& large pebbles.			6	966	"	10	20	15
					9	967	"	15	20	20
					12	968	"	30	20	25
		YUDNAPINNA BEDS ? : 12 - 47			15	969	"	20	20	15
		12-21 Yellow silt & subordinate sand & gravel			18	970	"	20	20	15
		21-24 Buff siltstone & minor sand. Sticky			21	971	"	25	20	10
		24-27 Gray-buff, silt, sticky silt.			24	972	"	20	20	15
		27-30 Gray sticky, sandy silt.			27	973	"	300	20	40
		30-33 Silver grey sandy silt. Pink sand gr.			30	974	"	50	20	20
		33-36 Lt. grey sandy silt.			33	975	"	20	20	60
		36 m. Water table.			36	976	"	10	20	20
		36-45 Gray sandy silt. Harder from 39			39	977	"	30	20	25
					42	978	"	20	40	90
					45	979	"	20	20	20
		45-47 Red/brown sand, siltst. Veinily Calc. Vit. Hard			47	86980	2.0	25	40	25
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDUJARA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 13.6.74

COMPLETED: 14.6.74

0181

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 528 E Y: 1018 N

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 47 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO

Blade TO 47 m. TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SOIL, CALCRETE, SILCRETE 0-3			0					
		WHYALLA SANDSTONE 3-42			3	86981	3.0	10	20	15
		3-6 Rubble of silicified lithic s.s.			6	982	"	10	20	10
					9	983	"	15	20	30
					12	984	"	10	20	10
		6-24 Friable white to off-white ss., often fine grained			15	985	"	15	60	10
		24-27 Friable yellowish ss. + minor siltstone.			18	986	"	10	30	25
		27-30 Friable lithic s.s. Well rounded grains			21	987	"	15	40	65
		30-36 Friable yellowish s.s.			24	988	"	10	20	50
					27	989	"	10	20	50
					30	990	"	10	20	60
					33	991	"	10	20	30
		36-42: V. fine s.s. + grading into grey/green siltstone.			36	992	"	10	20	20
					39	993	"	10	20	10
					42	994	"	10	20	20
		YUDNAPINNA SILTSTONE 42-47			45	995	"	25	20	20
		42-45 Transition fine white ss - grey etc. siltst			47	86996	"	25	20	30
		45-47 Grey/green + red/brown calc. siltst. V. hard								
		END OF HOLE								

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TO

Water flow > 1000 gall./hour

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 25.6.74

COMPLETED: 25.6.74

0186

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 528 Y: 1025

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 48m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

Blade Bit TO 48m. Roller Bit TO 48.1m.

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND 0-1.5		0	97066	3.0	15	20	15	
		WHYALLA SANDSTONE 1.5-45		3	067	"	10	20	10	
		1.5-15 Friable quartzose ss, white		6	068	"	15	20	15	
		Many grains pink-coated. Coarser grains		9	069	"	10	20	10	
		quite well rounded.		12	070	"	10	20	10	
		15-33 Coarse friable ss. larger (3mm)		15	071	"	10	20	10	
		grains well rounded. Some v. well		18	072	"	10	30	15	
		rounded lithic grains.		21	073	"	15	60	15	
				24	074	"	15	70	15	
		33-45 Finer ss. Buff to beige		27	075	"	20	40	20	
		Friable. Grains less rounded.		30	076	"	15	30	20	
				33	077	"	15	30	15	
		YUDNAPINNA BEDS.		36	078	"	10	50	15	
		(CARBACEOUS SLATSTONE) 45-48.1		39	079	"	10	90	50	
		Siltstone, lt. gray-green, weakly calcareous.		42	080	"	10	60	65	
		Minor sand-size grains of Goulter Volc, Qtz, Pandurra		45	97081	"	15	30	50	
				48						
		END OF HOLE								
		N.B. Very hard rock.								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405
 SPUDDED: 25.6.74 COMPLETED: 26.6.74
 LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA" CO-ORDS: X: 524 E Y: 1028 0187
 ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 56 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: R. BROWN
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bodd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND GRAVEL & CLAY 0-7.5			0					
					3	97082	3.0	20	20	35
					6	083	"	20	20	35
		WHYALLA SANDST. 7.5 - 54			9	084	"	10	20	30
		7.5-18: Co. loose s.s., white, clayey			12	085	"	15	20	15
		soft matrix, gen. angular grains.			15	086	"	10	20	15
		18-20: Buff, beige, then orange as above			18	087	"	10	20	15
					21	088	"	10	<20	20
		SILCRETE 20-22			24	089	"	10	<20	15
		22-24: Yellow clayey s.s.			27	090	"	10	<20	10
		24-27: V. coarse s.s. Milky gtz. gr. in yellow matrix			30	091	"	10	<20	15
		27-30: Coarse s.s. Angular gtz. in yellow matrix			33	092	"	10	20	10
		30 m: Water table.			36	093	"	10	<20	10
		30-33 m: S.s. Angular grains in yellow matrix			39	094	"	10	20	15
		33-42: S.s. Buff grains in beige matrix.			42	095	"	5	20	10
		42-48: S.s. = Newishol Pandurra Fm? Yellow matrix			45	096	"	10	20	10
		48-54: S.s. = Newishol Pandurra Fm? Beige matrix.			48	097	"	10	20	15
		Minor 5 mm gtz. pebbles			51	098	"	10	<20	10
					54	099	"	20	20	15
		PANDURRA FM. PRAEOROLITH 54-56			56	97100	2.0	15	20	15
		Fractured slightly oxidised hard red								
		granulic chips.								
		END OF HOLE								

HOLE No. EX 132

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PROJECT AREA: PANSURRA

PROJECT No. 405

~~0189~~

SPUDDER: 26-6-74

COMPLETED: 27 - 6 - 74

LOCATION: "YUNDAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 525 E Y: 1028 N

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION:

INCLINATION:

TOTAL DEPTH: 53 m

HOLE TYPE: *ROTARY*

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Thomson

DRILLER: R. Brown

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO

TC

CORE RECOVERY	METREGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1 : 600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.		
							Cu	Pb	Zn
		SAND & CLAY 0-7			0				
					3	97117	3.0	20	30
					6	118	"	10	20
		WHYALLA S.S.: 7 - 52.5			9	119	"	10	20
		7-18: Gen. rounded gtz. grains in off-white clay matrix.			12	120	"	10	20
		18-21: Sandy clay. Grey. sparse grains			15	121	"	5	20
		21m: Water table.			18	122	"	10	20
		21-33: Clayey sandst. Gen. angular gtz. grains in white clay matrix.			21	123	"	15	20
		33-39: Sandstone, coarser, angular grains, buff to brown.			24	124	"	10	20
		39-52.5: Sandstone, angular grains, brown matrix			27	125	"	10	20
					30	126	"	10	20
		52 m: Water flow est. > 1000 gal/hour.			33	127	"	20	20
		PANDURAG FM. 52.5 - 53.0			36	128	"	10	<20
		Red quartzite, fractured, cemented pyrite			39	129	"	10	<20
					42	130	"	15	20
					45	131	"	15	20
					48	132	"	15	20
					51	133	"	15	20
					53	97134	2.0	20	20
		END OF HOLE							
						T.O.S.		Cu Pb Zn	
		Water flow > 1000 gals/hour		52m	WATER SAMPLE	0.47		<2 5 16	
					%			ppb ppb ppb	

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDED: 27.6.74

COMPLETED: 28.6.74

0190

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 522 E Y: 1027 N

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: ✓

INCLINATION: ✓

TOTAL DEPTH: 26.5 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 421 mm TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND & GYPSUM CLAY 0-4.5		0						
		WEATHERED SILCRETE OR SILTSTONE		3	97135	3.0	15	20	45	
		White & Fe-coated siliceous fragments of sand size		6	136	"	15	20	40	
		SILCRETE 11.5 - 15.0		9	137	"	10	20	35	
		White tough silcrete + brick red sandy (silcrete)		12	138	"	15	20	35	
		SILTSTONE 15 - 24		15	139	"	10	20	35	
		Soft, white & pink, sandy siltstone		18	140	"	15	20	40	
				21	141	"	20	20	40	
				24	142	"	15	<20	35	
		PANDURRA FM. PARAGORGOATH 24-26.5		26.5	97143	2.5	15	20	35	
		Red ss. & red gtzite in white clay matrix. Hard								
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDORRA

PROJECT No. 405

0191

SPUDDED: 28.6.74

COMPLETED: 28.6.74

LOCATION: "YUNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 522 E Y: 1031 N

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 37 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMPSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		RECENT 0-12								
		0-6 Alluvium, clay, gypsum			97/144	3.0	15	20	50	
		6-12 Red sandy clay some decomposed sandstone.			145	"	20	20	50	
					146	"	15	20	45	
					147	"	10	<20	40	
		SANDSTONE 12-37			148	"	15	20	30	
		12-16.5: Friable, gtlake s.s. Not rounded white			149	"	15	20	35	
		16.5-21: Clayey s.s. white matrix sand grain			150	"	20	20	40	
		21-30: Sandstone (= reworked Pandorran?)			151	"	10	20	30	
		gen. angular grains in buff to brown matrix			152	"	15	<20	30	
		30-37: As above, but coarser grained			153	"	10	20	35	
		37: V. hard at 37m, no cuttings			154	"	10	<20	30	
		rebound. Either Pandorran Fm. or			155	"	15	20	35	
		Calcareous siltstone.			97/156	1.0	15	20	30	
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 28.6.74

COMPLETED: 28.6.74

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 522 Y: 1031

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 37 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D. A. T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO

TO

0192

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Ca	Pb	Zn	
		RECENT 0-12		0						
		0-6 Alluvium, clay, gypsum		3	97/144	3.0	15	20	50	
		6-12 Red Sandy clay		6	145	"	20	20	50	
				9	146	"	15	20	45	
				12	147	"	10	<20	40	
		WHYAKKA? SANDSTONE 12-37		15	148	"	15	20	30	
		12-16 Sandst., silty, friable, off-white		18	149	"	15	20	35	
		16-21 Clayey ss., sand-size grains, clay matrix		21	150	"	20	20	40	
		21-37 Sandst., silty, not well rounded, grains derived from Pandurra Fm?		24	151	"	10	20	30	
		Colours buff to pink-brown.		27	152	"	15	<20	30	
				30	153	"	10	20	35	
				33	154	"	10	<20	30	
				36	155	"	15	20	35	
		Hole v. hard drilling at bottom (Sitting on Yudnapinna beds at Pandurra Fm?)		37	97/156	1.0	15	20	30	
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDED: 29.6.74

COMPLETED: 29.6.74

0193

LOCATION: "YUBNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 525 E Y: 1034 N

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 95 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		Recent 0-6 Clayey red sand & calcareous			0					
					3	97/157	3.0	20	20	60
					6	158		20	20	50
		SANDSTONE (WHYALLA) 6-45			9	159		15	20	45
		6-12: Sandy clay, green (red) gypsum			12	160		25	20	50
		12-15: Clayey s.s. & grains in white matrix			15	161		20	20	40
		15-19: Sandy siltst. white & focussed parts.			18	162		30	20	50
		19-21: Sandst., gtzose, buff colour.			21	163		15	20	35
		21-24: Sandy clayst. Qtz g. in white matrix			24	164		25	20	40
		24-39: Sandst. (= reworked Panderra Fm?)			27	165		20	20	45
		Yellow to buff matrix & gtz. grains			30	166		10	20	35
		many pink grains			33	167		25	20	40
		39-45: Clayey s.s. white matrix			36	168		20	30	40
					39	169		10	20	35
		Water flow ~ 500 gal/hr.			42	170		20	20	35
					45	171		10	20	35
		SANDSTONE AND SILTSTONE 45-95			48	172		15	20	45
					51	173		15	20	35
		Coarse s.s. (= reworked Panderra Fm?) + interbedded green			54	174		10	20	35
		siltstone & red lithic grains. Many			57	175		20	20	40
		narrow (1mm) veins of pyrite.			60	176		15	20	30
		Simple grey from 45-51m, then			63	177		15	20	35
		buff coloured. More siltstone			66	178		15	20	30
		chips from 72m.			69	179		20	20	35
		Sandstone very coarse (4-5mm)			72	180		10	20	40
		from 72m.			75	181		20	20	40
					78	182		15	20	35
					81	183		15	20	35
		93-95m: Siltstone - green, faint			84	184		10	20	30
		dried brown + coarse s.s.			87	185		10	20	35
					90	186		15	20	45
					93	187		25	20	45
					95	97/188	2.0	15	20	40
		END OF HOLE								
		N.B. Hole abandoned because								
		water flow too great for								
		drill to lift & air pressure.								
		Flow several thousand gal/hr.								
					45m	T.D.S.		Cu	Pb	Zn
						WATER SAMPLE A	0.82	<2	<5	<2
						T.D.S.		Cu	Pb	Zn
					66m	WATER SAMPLE B	0.88	<2	35	2
						%		Pb	Pb	Pb

HOLE No. EX 137
PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT No. 405-

COMPLETED: 2.7.74

CO-ORDS: X: 525 E Y: 1038 N

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 5.7.74

COMPLETED: 5.7.74

0190

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 531 E Y: 1040 N

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 52 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THUMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 421 mm TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		RECENT 0 - 12			0					
		0-3 Sand, clay			3	97241 3.0	15	20	45	
		3-6 Sand, clay, calcrete.			6	242 "	15	120	45	
		6-12 Sandy clay			9	243 "	10	20	45	
					12	244 "	15	20	35	
		CLAYEY SANDSTONE: (WAYAKA) 12-45			15	245 "	10	20	35	
		12-15: Clayey S.S.; white, fine gr. Fe stained portions.			18	246 "	30	20	40	
		15-21: Silty clay; greenish/beige			21	247 "	30	50	30	
		21-24: Silicified S.S.; white, some feathers			24	248 "	60	90	20	
		24-30: Clayey S.S.; buff/beige gr. ss. & angular grains, in muddy matrix.			27	249 "	10	20	20	
		30-36: Sandstone. Buff matrix. Pandurra - dunned? larger grains med. rounded.			30	250 "	20	20	10	
		36-45: Clayey S.S.; Pandurra - dunned grains in light green clay matrix. Med. rounded			33	251 "	20	20	10	
					36	252 "	10	20	10	
					39	253 "	25	70	20	
					42	254 "	25	80	15	
					45	255 "	35	240	90	
		WUOCALHA DOLOMITE: 45-52			48	256 "	190	380	330	
		Khaki-green, then grey, hard dolomite.			51	257 "	140	220	170	
		51-52 = 90% surface fallback contamination			52	97258 1.0	40	110	70	(contaminated)
		END OF HOLE								
		N.B. Hole abandoned because drill unable to penetrate dolomite								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 10.7.74

COMPLETED: 10.7.74

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 527 E Y: 1041 N

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 57 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: A. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND CLAY CALCARETE 0-3			0 97279	3.0	10	20	10	
		CLAYEY SAND 3-6			3 280	"	10	<20	10	
		CLAYEY SANDSTONE (WYALHA) 6-33			6 281	"	15	<20	15	
		6-12: Redd white, part decomposed clayey ss. Grains not well rounded.			9 282	"	20	20	20	
		12-33: Clayey ss; buff, greenish, beige & pink; Qtz. grains, not well rounded, in clay matrix.			12 283	"	20	20	20	
					15 284	"	30	20	30	
					18 285	"	20	<20	30	
					21 286	"	10	<20	25	
					24 287	"	20	20	35	
					27 288	"	15	<20	80	
					30 289	"	30	20	40	
		LITHIC SANDSTONE (WYALHA) 33-57			33 290	"	30	30	45	
		33-42: Brown & grey rounded & subrounded lithics 3-4 mm, in white silty (angular) matrix.			36 291	"	10	<20	20	
		42-45: As above, grey, H.M. tail.			39 292	"	10	<20	10	
		45-51: Mixture lithic grains only. Buff-orange.			42 293	"	5	<20	10	
		51-56.5: Lithic ss. Redd glz. ss. P-p lithic grains.			45 294	"	10	<20	10	
		56.5-57.0: Coarse ss. (4-5mm)			48 295	"	10	<20	10	
		PANDURRA FM. 57 m.			51 296	"	5	<20	10	
		Bottomed on hard red quartzite.			54 97297	"	5	<20	10	
		57								
		END OF HOLE								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

0199

SPUDED: 10.7.74

COMPLETED: 11.7.74

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 523 E Y: 1039 ✓

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 38 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Titmanson

DRILLER: A. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D. G. T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

Blade TO 38 m, Roller TO 38 m.

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SANDY SOIL & CALCAREOUS 0-3		0	97298	3.0	15	20	20	
		SANDY RED CLAY 3-6		3	299	"	15	20	20	
		CHALKY SANDSTONE-Pwh 6-38		6	300	"	20	20	20	
		6-12: Clear pink gts. in lt. green matrix		9	301	"	30	20	20	
		12-18: As above in pink & green matrix		12	302	"	10	20	15	
		18-21: As above in pink matrix		15	303	"	10	20	10	
		21-27: Reworked Pandurra grains? Beige matrix		18	304	"	10	<20	15	
		27-30: Reworked Pandurra + minor grey & brown lithics in grey-cream matrix		21	305	"	10	<20	10	
		30-38: Reworked Pandurra grains? + minor lithics + minor grey siltst. in lt. grey matrix		24	306	"	10	<20	20	
		37-38: Coarse Pandurra-derived ss. + minor siltstone.		27	307	"	5	<20	10	
		? PANDURRA FM. 38 m		30	308	"	10	<20	20	
		V. Hard base of hole, no penetration.		33	309	"	15	<20	25	
		Probably Pandurra Fm. red quartzite		36	97310	2.0	15	20	20	
		END OF HOLE		38						

PAGE 1 OF 1

0200

COMPLETED: 11. 7. 74

CO-ORDS: X: 521 E Y: 1037 N

INCLINATION: γ TOTAL DEPTH: 52.5 m

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON ✓

DRILLER: *R. BROWN*

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

Blade TO 4.8m. Riller TO 52.5m.

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1 : 600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.						
							Cu	Pb	Zn				
		RECENT 0-3		0									
		SANDSTONE (WHYAKKA) 3-21		3	97311	3.0	15	<20	15				
		3-9: Sandy siltstone, greenish, soft.		6	312	"	10	<20	10				
		9-12: Silty lithic sandst.: Roset 3mm qtz & angular grey lithic & round greylithics in green mass		9	313	"	15	<20	10				
		12-21: Lithic S.S.: Friable, gtzosealitic grains, gen rounded, in white matrix		12	314	"	10	<20	10				
		SANDY SILTSTONE 21-27		15	315	"	10	<20	10				
		Transition. Round grains in grey silt matrix		18	316	"	20	<20	10				
		YUDNAPINNA SILTSTONE 27-52.5		21	317	"	10	<20	10				
		27-30: Sandy Calc. Siltst.: Red/brown weakly calc. siltst. w rosnet qtz & orange lithics		24	318	"	10	<20	45				
		30-40: Calcareous Siltstone: Red/brown weakly calc. siltst. w 2-3mm orange lithic grains & minor green siltstone.		27	319	"	10	<20	30				
		40 m: Hard cap at top of water table		30	320	"	10	20	25				
		40-51 m: Red brown & green siltst. + 70% fullback.		33	321	"	15	<20	30				
		WOOCANNA DOLOMITE 51-52.5		36	322	"	15	<20	30				
		Hard grey dolomite.		39	323	"	10	<20	25				
		PANDURRA FM: ? 52.5		42	324	"	15	20	30				
		V hard basement. Some chips red quartzite.		45	325	"	10	20	30				
				48	326	"	15	20	30				
				51	327	"	15	<20	10				
		END OF HOLE.		52.5	97328	1.5	15	20	20				
		N.B. Very heavy water flow at 48m. Estimated to be > 5000 gals/hour.			T.D.S.		Cu	Pb	Zn				
				WATER SAMPLE	1.84		<2	<2	150				
				%			ppb	ppb	ppb				

HOLE No. EX 143

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PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDDER: 12.7.74

COMPLETED: 12.7.74

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 520 E Y: 1034

ELEVATION:	DIRECTION:	V	INCLINATION:	V	TOTAL DEPTH:	42 m
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HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: T. THOMSON

DRILLER: A. Brown

LOGGED BY: B.G.T DATE: 11/1/01

BIT SIZE: 12/ mm TO

TO . . . TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 12.7.74

COMPLETED: 13.7.74

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 520 E Y: 1031 N 0202

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 60 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND + clay 0-6			0					
		Red clayey sand & brick red sand			3	47343	3.0	15	<20	15
		SANDSTONE - (MAYALLA) 6-21			6	344	"	10	20	10
		6-9: Silicified ss. - pink			9	345	"	10	<20	10
		9-12: Fine ss. - beige, pink & white			12	346	"	5	<20	10
		12-15: Fine ss & ss - yellow			15	347	"	5	<20	10
		15-18: SS - yellow & silic. siltst. in thin bands.			18	348	"	5	20	10
		CLAY AND MUD 21-42			21	349	"	5	20	10
		21-24: Platy clay - khaki			24	350	"	5	20	10
		24-30: Silty clay - green & grey. Wides 30m			27	351	"	<2	<20	15
		30-36: Soft silty mud - red/brown			30	352	"	50	20	35
		36-42: Mud & Sandy mud - light brown.			33	353	"	110	180	65
					36	354	"	10	20	40
					39	355	"	45	70	35
					42	356	"	10	20	25
		YUDNAPINNA SLTSTONE 42-57			45	357	"	35	60	50
		42-48: Weakly calc. siltst. sandy, tan & green			48	358	"	10	20	45
		48-54: Sandy siltst. & mud. - tan & green			51	359	"	20	60	60
		54-57: Siltst. - tan & white + green. Tan. pyrite			54	360	"	5	20	40
		in veins - (large flakes & chips).			57	361	"	25	70	45
		PANDURRA FM. PALEOREGOLITH 57-60			60	99362	"	10	30	60
		Oxidised 1-2 cm red quartzite chips. Hard at base.								
		PANDURRA FM. 60 m								
		Hard at base of hole								
		END OF HOLE								

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HOLE No. EX 145

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PROJECT AREA:	PANDURRA	PROJECT No.	405
SPUDDED:	13. 7. 74	COMPLETED:	13. 7. 74
LOCATION:	"YUDRAPINNA"	CO-ORDS: X:	517 E Y: 1040 0203
ELEVATION:	DIRECTION: V	INCLINATION:	V TOTAL DEPTH: 7 m
HOLE TYPE:	ROTARY	DRILLING CONTRACTOR:	Thomson DRILLER: R. Brown
LOGGED BY: D.G.T.	DATE:	BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO	Roller TO 7m. TO

LOGGED BY: D.G.T.

DATE:

BY: J. L. ...

CORE RECOVERY

METRAGE

DESCRIPTION

Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing

LOG

SCALE:

1:600

SAMPLE No.

Assayed length

ASSAY VALUE
P.P.M.

Cu

Pb

Zn

0

3

6

7

97363

364

97365

3.0

3.0

1.0

20

50

15

40

30

20

20

35

10

SIACRETE

0-5'

Massive silicate & silicified angular c.s. - yellowish, v. hard

PANDURRA FM.

5-7

Hard red quartzite

END OF HOLE

Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing

Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing

PAGE 1 OF 1

~~0204~~

COMPLETED: 13-7-74

CO-ORDS: X: 516 E Y: 1043 N

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm. TO Blade bit TO 46 m. TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1: 600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.m.				
							Cu	Pb	Zn	Mn	
		RECENT SAND 0 - 3		0							
		CLAY 3 - 5		3	97366	3.0	10	<20	25		
		SILCRETE 5 - 6		6	367	"	15	<20	30		
		SANDSTONE (WYVANA) 6 - 30		9	368	"	10	<20	10		
		6-21: Soft, silty, fine ss, some grains		12	369	"	10	<20	10		
		pink coated. larger round grains minor		15	370	"	5	<20	10		
		21-24: Fine yellow s.s. Minor rounded sand grains		18	371	"	5	<20	10		
		24-27: Fine yellow-pink ss larger rounded grs (lt-sand)		21	372	"	5	<20	10		
		27-30: V. finess, pink-grey, minor large round grs.		24	373	"	5	<20	15	15	
				27	374	"	5	<20	40	10	
		CALCAREOUS SLTSTONE/SS 30 - 46		30	375	"	10	<20	30	20	
		30-39: V. fine ss, calcareous, grey, larger round grs.		33	376	"	10	<20	1.5	210	
		36-39: Strong black lt.m. tail (magnetic).		36	377	"	10	<20	40	800	
		39-46: Fine ss. w sandy siltst. weakly calc.		39	378	"	5	<20	20	640	
		grey. Black H.M. tail Tr. C-lithic grains.		42	379	"	10	<20	25	900	
				46	97380	4.0	10	<20	20	760	
		END OF HOLE									
		N.B. Hole abandoned at 46 m									
		when blade broke off bit, preventing									
		continuation. Hard ground.									

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

0207

SPUDED: 15.7.74

COMPLETED: 15.7.74

LOCATION: "YUSNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 521 E Y: 1042 N

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V INCLINATION: V TOTAL DEPTH: 49 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: S.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METREAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND 0-3		0	97411	3.0	15	20	35	
		SAND, CLAY & SILCRETE 3-6		3	412	"	10	20	35	
		CLAYEY SANDSTONE (WYBKA) 6-47		6	413	"	10	<20	40	
		6-12: Clayey S.S. + grey pink gtz grains		9	414	"	10	<20	40	
		in lt. green & brown clayey matrix.		12	415	"	10	<20	30	
		12-27: Sandy clay & lt. green & brown,		15	416	"	15	<20	40	
		v. sticky clay & minor sand grains.		18	417	"	15	<20	45	
				21	418	"	5	20	20	
		27-39: Clayey S.S. + Gray/brown clayey,		24	419	"	10	20	20	
		silty sandstone. Minor grey lithic grains		27	420	"	15	20	20	
		33-39: Larger grains more rounded. 33-39.		30	421	"	10	<20	20	
				33	422	"	10	<20	20	
		39-47: Clayey lithic S.S. + Gray/brown,		36	423	"	5	<20	20	
		larger grains rounded as above, + 2-3mm		39	424	"	10	<20	45	
		lithic grains, grey-brown, grey & red (quartzite)		42	425	"	5	<20	35	
				45	426	"	10	20	25	
		WOOCALLA DOLOMITE 47-48.5		48	97427	1.0	10	20	35	
		Hard, white, dolomite.		49						
		PANDURRA FORMATION 48.5-49								
		V. hard red quartzite								
		END OF HOLE								
		N.B. Mud circulation used from								
		12 metres.								
		N.B. Very poor sample recovery								
		21-27 metres, & heavy contaminant								
		by surface fallback.								

PAGE 1 OF 1

TO

[illegible]

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 15.7.74

COMPLETED: 15.7.74

0209

LOCATION: "YUDNAPINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 517 E Y: 1032 N

ELEVATION: DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 22m.

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: R. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.P.M.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND & SILT 0-3			97429	3.0	10	<20	40	
		YUDNAPINNA SLTSTONE 3-21.75			430	"	10	20	40	
		3-9: Sandy calcareous siltstone, khaki & red/brown. Minor rounded sand grains.			431	"	10	<20	35	
		9-21.75: Calc. siltstone, red/brown & green & grey-green. Sandy 9-12. Orange 2mm (PCV). Lithics 9-12. Water table 15m. Coarse grained 21-21.75.			432	"	5	<20	30	
					433	"	5	<20	30	
					434	"	5	<20	120	
					435	"	10	20	110	
		PANDURRA FM. 21.75-22			97436	1.0	20	20	140	
		Hard red quartzite & liesegang banding.								
		END OF HOLE								
		N.B. V. low water flow below 15m.								

PROJECT AREA: PANDURRA PROJECT No. 405 **0210**
 SPUDDED: 15.7.74 COMPLETED: 16.7.74
 LOCATION: "YUDRAPINNA" CO-ORDS: X: 521 E Y: 1030
 ELEVATION: _____ DIRECTION: ✓ INCLINATION: ✓ TOTAL DEPTH: 56 m
 HOLE TYPE: ROTARY DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON DRILLER: A. BROWN
 LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: _____ BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO _____ TO _____

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		ALLUVIUM 0-12			0					
		0-3 Red-orange sand			3	97437 3.0	20	20	50	
		3-9 Red-orange sand & gravel			6	438 "	10	<20	25	
		9-12 Pink sand & pebbles. (falling?)			9	439 "	15	<20	20	
		SANDY SILTSTONE 12-54			12	440 "	10	<20	10	
		12-21: Sandy siltstone - beige then grey to off-white sandy silt. & clayey ss, sticky.			15	441 "	5	<20	15	
		21-30: Clayey sandstone - Subrounded qtz grains (derived from Pandurra fm?) in off-white clayey matrix. Minor lithic grains 27-30.			18	442 "	20	<20	20	
		30-54: Sandy siltstone - off-white very fine matrix (silt) & minor fine sand grains. From 42-54 matrix pink.			21	443 "	5	<20	10	
					24	444 "	10	<20	15	
					27	445 "	10	<20	15	
					30	446 "	10	<20	15	
					33	447 "	10	<20	20	
					36	448 "	10	<20	10	
					39	449 "	10	<20	25	
					42	450 "	10	20	30	
					45	451 "	10	20	40	
					48	452 "	5	20	35	
					51	453 "	10	20	40	
					54	454 "	10	20	40	
		PANDURRA FM. 54-56			56	97455 2.0	10	20	70	
		Red granite. Possibly Paleoproterozoic Black H.M.								
		END OF HOLE								

PAGE 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE: BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO TO TO

[illegible]

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0213

TO . TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bedd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1 : 600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE P.p.m.					
							Cu	Pb	Zn			
		RECENT 0-7		0								
		Orange sand & clay		3	97462	3.0	20	<20	35			
				6	463	"	15	20	35			
		PANDURRA FM. ? 7-26		9	464	"	10	<20	25			
		7-14 : Clayey S.S. Sand grains in clayey matrix. Pinkish beige to 12m, then greenish to 14 m.		12	465	"	15	<20	25			
		14m - Water table.		15	466	"	15	20	20			
		14-16: Silicified s.s. V. hard.		18	467	"	10	<20	10			
		16-26: Coarse S.S. Pinkish, coarse S.S. & subrounded grains. Very hard at 26m.		21	468	"	10	<20	10			
				24	469	"	10	<20	15			
				26	97470	2.0	10	<20	10			
		END OF HOLE										
		Water flow estimated 400 gals/hr.										

PROJECT AREA: PANDURAA

PROJECT No. 405

SPUDED: 17.7.74

COMPLETED: 17.7.74

LOCATION: "YUDNABINNA"

CO-ORDS: X: 500 E Y: 1002 N

ELEVATION:

DIRECTION: V

INCLINATION: V

TOTAL DEPTH: 27 m

HOLE TYPE: ROTARY

DRILLING CONTRACTOR: THOMSON

DRILLER: A. BROWN

LOGGED BY: D.G.T. DATE:

BIT SIZE: 121 mm TO

TO

TO

CORE RECOVERY	METRAGE	DESCRIPTION	Core bed'd'g angle and joint spacing	LOG SCALE: 1:600	SAMPLE No.	Assayed length	ASSAY VALUE p.p.m.			
							Cu	Pb	Zn	
		SAND 0-27								
		0-6: Orange-brown sandy clay			97479	3.0	15	<20	20	
		6-12: Bright orange dusty sand			480	"	15	<20	25	
					481	"	10	<20	30	
					482	"	10	<20	30	
		12-24: Orange-pink dusty sand.			483	"	10	<20	25	
		(Grains orange-coated, as dune sand)			484	"	10	<20	15	
					485	"	10	<20	15	
		24-27: Pink sand. (Orange-coated at grains)			486	"	10	<20	15	
					97487	"	10	<20	15	
		END OF HOLE								
		N.B. Hole abandoned because of cave-in of friable, unconsolidated sand.								

4

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

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Ref: DGT/SS

22nd April, 1975.

The Director of Mines,
Department of Mines,
Box 38, Rundle St. P.O.,
ADELAIDE, S.A. 5000.

Dear Sir,

QUARTERLY REPORT ON E.L. 50, PANDURRA AREA, S.A.
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 22ND MARCH, 1975

During the quarter an INPUT airborne geophysical survey was made in the north-western corner of the lease. This survey covered 1,251 line kilometres, with 400 metres spacing between lines. It also included two 22½ kilometre profiles across the northern part of E.L. 50.

It is anticipated that this survey will provide data on which to base further exploration of the area. Preliminary results of the survey are expected towards the end of March, 1975. The final report is expected at the end of May, 1975.

A petrographic examination was made of 33 rock and drill cuttings samples. The petrologist's report is appended to this letter.

Actual expenditure for the period 1st December, 1974 to 28th February, 1975, was \$6,264. This sum was expended on geology, geochemistry and general logistics. An additional expenditure of about \$26,000 was incurred by the INPUT geophysical survey, which was only completed on 25th February.

Please note that the report is for the period ending 22nd March, 1975, but the financial statement is for the three month period ending 28th February, 1975.

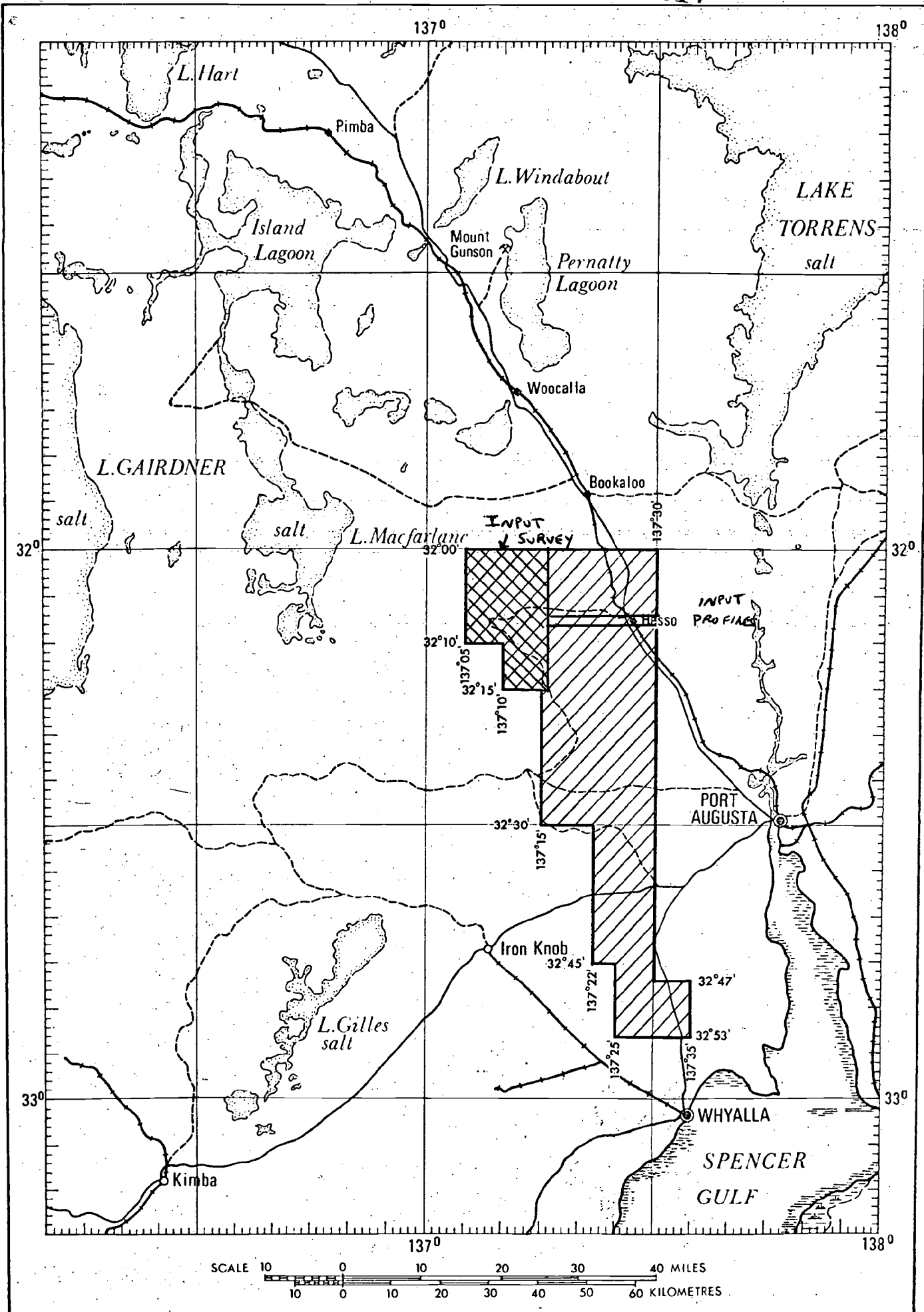
Yours faithfully,



R.N. SELMAN,
Managing Director.

(Enc.)





LOCATION MAP PANDURRA AREA SOUTH AUSTRALIA

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PACMINEX PTY LIMITED

PETROGRAPHY OF PANDURRA

THIN SECTIONS III

PMR 29/75

SYDNEY
April, 1975

P.J. CURTIS

0219

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'PANDURRA THIN AND POLISHED SECTIONS', DATED
7TH NOVEMBER, 1974.
- II MEMO FROM D.G. TONKIN TO P.J. CURTIS, ENTITLED
'THREE PANDURRA SAMPLES FOR THIN AND POLISHED
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KEYWORDS

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

4PANDURRA

3SI 53-04

PETROGRAPHY

CLAY

FORMATION

4WHYALLA SANDSTONE

4TREGOLANA SHALE

4ELIZABETH CK CONGL

4MOONABIE

4E L 050

4CORUNNA CONGL

4MAGAZINE HILL

4YUDNAPINNA BEDS

1. INTRODUCTION

Sometime in November, 1974 (Refs. 8 and 9), two consignments of specimens from the Pandurra area were submitted for petrographic examination. The suite of rocks represented rock types, formations and various facies of formations from the Pandurra area. This work was completed and is presented in this report.

Further review work requested, covering much of the petrography in previous reports (Ref. 10) has not yet been attempted because of pressure of priority work from other prospects. This later work will be done as soon as possible and will be entitled "Review and Discussion of Pandurra Petrography completed in 1973 to 1975".

2. SUMMARY

Yudnapinna Beds (85235, 85271 and 97325)

All specimens are very similar with angular, subangular and rounded silt-size quartz grains occur with appreciable potash feldspar and heavy minerals and some volcanic clasts. The interstitial cement is limonite, carbonate or illite. The size and shapes of quartz grains, presence of abundant potash feldspar, volcanic clasts and spherical sand-size quartz grains would seem to suggest this unit to be nothing more than a facies of the Whyalla Sandstone. There is also some resemblance (in the presence of potash and sodic feldspar and abundant limonitised magnetite) to some facies of Corraberra Sandstone but the large occasional spherical sand grains with abundant silt-size potash feldspar matrix is very like some Whyalla Sandstones. However, all specimens are from well below the Whyalla Sandstone base and must therefore constitute a separate unit.

Woocalla Dolomite (97275, 97427 and 97342)

Variable samples of dolomite *Collenia* fragments and lagoonal mud specimens, mainly the former (97275); *Collenia* dolomite fragments, a variety of Pandurra Quartzite forms; and basal(?) Woocalla Dolomite with angular quartz forms and some lithic cherty and volcanic clasts (97427); and finally dolomitic lagoonal mud with occasional quartz porphyrotopes. Typical Woocalla facies of stromatolitic dolomite and lagoonal carbonate mud is associated with adjoining Pandurra Quartzite and lithic grains (normally associated with Whyalla Sandstone). The angular to subangular quartz clasts in carbonate cement is a curious lithology and may locally be basal Woocalla Dolomite facies?

All three specimens, petrographically fit their stratigraphic positions in the drill-log but for the presence of the volcanic clasts.

Whyalla Sandstone (97292, 97229 and 86645)

Typical round pebble quartz, volcanic lithic grains, potash feldspar and silt-size matrix (97292); similar to 97292 but lithic cherts are smaller and there occur clasts of possible Pandurra Formation quartzite and abundant pyrite and transparent heavy minerals are present in appreciable quantities (97229); very similar to Yudnapinna Beds (85271), large round pebbles with silt, fine feldspar, ferruginous cherts and silt-size subangular quartz, resembles Yudnapinna Beds, also there is a resemblance of silt-size quartz and feldspar content to Corraberra Sandstone at Mount Gunson (86645).

The specimens 97292 and 97229 are typical Whyalla Sandstone; the last specimen (86645) is from the Yudnapinna Beds.

Tregolana Shale (86587 and 86589)

A sandy band of subangular equigranular quartz of sand-size which contains about 2 volume percent of oligoclase > microcline; abundant limonitised opaque matter, chloritic grains with opaques (volcanic origin); an impure quartz arenite (Ref. 2). Mainly typical Tregolana Shale of fine quartz, clay mineral and limonite, (86587); very similar sandy bands to 86587 with microcline, but also carbonate is appreciable and some tourmaline and coarse brown clay mineral, volcanic clasts and pyrite - as for the specimen immediately above but texturally different with scattered larger quartz, chert, microcline and carbonate rhombs (86589).

The clayey specimens in 86587 are similar to those Tregolana Shale specimens sectioned from Pernatty Lagoon, otherwise the sandy bands are similar to some Corraberra Sandstone from Mount Gunson.

Possible sandy bands occur within the Tregolana Shale which has not been recorded before. Petrographically the rocks are in transition to overlying Corraberra Sandstone.

Sundry Specimens (97378 and 97404)

The specimen 97378 is similar to 97325 of the Yudnapinna Beds in angularity of silt-size grains, presence of clay mineral and of small numbers of rounded to subangular sand-size quartz grains. These beds equate with some bottom beds of the Whyalla Sandstone. Probably Yudnapinna Beds.

The specimen 97404 has various rock types represented in the sample and comes from the contact of Whyalla Sandstone and Pandurra Formation. The most common type is of banded clay with scattered silt-size, rounded and subangular quartz grains (approx. 0.025 mm) to 3 volume percent and the opaque mineral concentration is to 5 volume percent. Bands of irregular quartz up to 0.8 mm occur in the clay. The opaque mineral is of mainly chalcopyrite, but pyrite framboids, sphalerite and galena also occur. This is a facies of the basal Whyalla Sandstone not petrographically seen before.

Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate (P.27 and P.29)

The pebbles of P.27 are obviously of Pandurra Quartzite of quartz gneiss and silicified quartzite grains but of different facies. Any resemblance of smaller spherical quartz grains in the pebble interstices to Whyalla Sandstone indicates that Whyalla Sandstone-like spherical quartz grains do occur in older formations.

The specimen P.27 is different from P.29 in having few large clasts, then only of cherty quartzite. The groundmass of somewhat rounded near equigranular quartz grains is similar to that seen in the Pandurra Formation at Woocalla Sidings (A4229).

Magazine Hill Clay (P.81 and P.85)

The section P.81 contains fine transparent particles of high R.I. previously thought to be rutile but now recognised to be grinding media in the clay. The clay possibly contained fine halite which solubilised during section preparation. Traces of gypsum and illite occur but otherwise the section is of almost pure kaolinite.

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With P.85 the same problem exists of grinding media filling holes to 7 volume percent of the section, some gypsum and limonite also occur. It is suggested that the halite, if present, occupied the holes now filled by the grinding medium. The main host rock is kaolinite and illite (Ref. 7). Micro-faulting and slump characteristics of bands are seen.

Pandurra Formation

P.83A - Consists of large round quartzite pebbles in a finer quartzite matrix which has similarities with the 'Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate' P.27.

P.84B -- Variable subrounded to subangular quartz grains. Unsorted and ferruginous cherts are seen including one ferruginous porphyrite grain. Cherty cement occurs between quartz grains. An unusual Pandurra Formation type.

P.86 - Somewhat like Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate P.27 with large rounded quartzite clasts; though in P.86 the matrix is more cherty and the smaller quartz grains are more rounded. There is abundant ferruginous chert. One large (several millimetres) angular quartz gneiss clast is present. The presence of large, angular or subangular clasts of quartzite in a fine quartz matrix and absence of feldspar are characteristic of the Pandurra Formation.

P.87 - The larger mineral grains present are subrounded quartz, roughly banded with some interstitial chert and rounded cherts. The matrix is illitic and cherty. No feldspar. The specimen is rather similar to Pandurra Formation rocks in a variety of Mount Gunson sections.

P.88B - This Pandurra Formation type is of finer rounded grains as seen in West Lagoon sample A4005 which is made up of fine and coarser quartz bands. Many quartz grains are quite angular and intermingle with the rounded quartz. Chert is quite abundant in P.88B and is present as micaceous and ferruginous chert as seen in the Whyalla Sandstone of Mount Gunson. The presence of the ferruginous cherts, some of which may be devitrified volcanic glass is unusual for Pandurra Formation specimens as observed so far.

P.89 - A roughly banded rock of rounded to subangular quartz grains, appreciable chert and minor angular quartz mineral grains and rock fragments. The quartz varies in the coarse bands from 0.1 to 1 mm, finer bands which have more subangular grains 0.05 to 0.5 mm occur. Appreciable cherty grains and abundant illite and some chloritic clay are seen in the interstices. A substantial matrix element is characteristic of the suite of Pandurra Formation rocks discussed in this report and there are resemblances in grain shapes and distribution to Pandurra Formation rocks from West Lagoon, Pernatty Lagoon drill holes and at Woocalla sidings.

Corunna Conglomerate

This rock type occurs below the Gawler Range Volcanics.

P.90 - This specimen contains large rounded quartz rock fragments of several millimetres with a matrix of smaller quartz, subangular and part rounded grains from 0.2 to 2 mm. The fragments are made of equigranular quartz of cherty quartz grains varying from fragment to fragment, 0.02 to 2 mm. The large fragments occur as sutured silicified grains; the interstitial grains contain a little yellow clay mineral and limonite between the grains. Interstitial cherty quartz occurs, also abundant cloudy zircon.

There are marked similarities to Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate rock specimen P.27. Both contain moderate zircon apart from similar quartz and shapes. Though P.90 is more 'dirty' with limonite in the interstices.

P.91 - A siltstone of fine subangular to rounded quartz grains and abundant illitic clay and scattered limonitised opaques (magnetite and ilmenite?) with some zircon grains in the interstices. Occasional large porphyrotopes of quartz occur and limited banding of larger quartz grains is seen. The rock is very similar to finer bands of Pandurra Formation P.89 in shapes of quartz grains and sizes and the presence of illitic clay in the interstices. However, there is a greater heavy mineral content and possible presence of a little plagioclase in P.91.

P.92 - This specimen has a character of its own consisting of very irregular quartz and abundant chert grains up to 3.5 mm. Some cherts are similar in lithological appearance to those in P.90. Others (most) are tuff fragments, granophyre and possible ferruginous trachyte(?) clasts occur. Large microcline grains are conspicuous. The rock is not over-abundant with heavy minerals.

P.93 - Somewhat similar to P.92 but fewer ferruginous (volcanic 'cherts') are seen, but in P.93 pockets of illite occur. Except for slightly greater angularity of quartz grains the quartzite fabric is very similar to Pandurra Formation specimen P.89. P.93 occupies a position between P.89 (Pandurra Formation) and P.92 the Corunna Conglomerate specimen. No feldspar is seen.

P.94 - Large (several millimetres) clear chert pebbles, micaceous chert (volcanic rock?) pebbles and other pebbles of irregular quartzite are seen which include appreciable clear microcline grains. The interstices are mainly chert and this appears to encroach on some pebbles which resorb into the interstitial chert. Some pebbles present are derived from volcanic rocks and tuffs (c.f. Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate).

Moonabie Formation

This rock type occurs below the Carpentarian, Corunna Conglomerate.

P.95 - A fine siltstone of quartz grains with abundant chloritic clay > illite matrix. Similar in grain size to Yandicoogina specimens but the grains are more irregular in size and shape and vary from subangular and flattened quartz grains to some quite angular grains and up to 10 percent slightly sericitised plagioclase grains, few showing twinning. There is an abundance of heavy minerals in the interstices of mainly limonitised magnetite and a little tourmaline. A calcareous lithic arenite of Williams et al (Ref. 2) or tuffaceous sandstone. Banding is due to the presence of more abundant opaque mineral and possible slump 'folds' are seen in the bands.

P.86 - A quartzite of much rounded quartz mineral grains and abundant chert grains. Shapes and sizes of quartz are like many seen in Pandurra Formation specimens P.86, P.87 and P.89. The cherts, including some volcanic clasts are very similar to those seen in many Whyalla Sandstone rocks in the Mount Gunson area.

An unsorted tuffaceous cherty quartzite. Volcanic material present has a similar origin to that seen in P.95.

SPECIMENS SUBMITTED AT A LATER DATE

Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate

EX 88-86545 - Variable rock types were exhibited in a number of thin-sections (Ref. 5) of pebbles.

One pebble was of slightly metamorphosed adamellite; another of a possible sericitised and chloritised dolerite; yet another of porphyritic (plagioclase, albitised to oligoclase) basalt; and a silicified, carbonatised basic tuff and finally a pebble of feldspathic quartzite. The latter pebble does not resemble other quartzite pebbles seen from the Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate. The only other rocks sectioned which resemble the quartzite are Yudnapinna Beds, though these are not as feldspathic as the 86545 pebble, or Corraberra Sandstone which though limonitic, is less cloudy since it contains less clay mineral matrix.

Pandurra Formation

EX 136-97217 - Variable facies of Pandurra Formation are portrayed by the various pebbles, including silicified coarse rounded grains in quartzite with a little limonite as the only matrix and are identical to P.27 of the Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate.

Other pebbles present are similar to P.86 Pandurra Formation with large rounded clasts and much smaller interstitial quartz grains - a mixture of sand and silt but without the abundant chert of P.86, but with interstitial clay mineral.

Variation in make-up of Pandurra Formation rocks of the present series discussed is shown by large volcanic clasts as are seen in P.84B, Pandurra Formation specimen.

Yudnapinna Beds ?

EX-146 - Similar to Yudnapinna Beds of the series in the finer quartz grain sizes and shapes and the presence of minimal clay mineral in the interstices and also the presence of appreciable potash feldspar. However, fragments of irregular Pandurra Formation and Woocalla Dolomite occur. Possibly the pebbles represent Yudnapinna Beds from the base of the beds where Woocalla Dolomite is thin and lies immediately over the Pandurra Formation? The specimen also resembles basal Whyalla Sandstone.

3. PETROGRAPHIC INVESTIGATION

Yudnapinna Beds

85235 - Drill Hole ex 11, 34 to 37 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 5 ppm, Pb < 20 ppm, Zn 26 ppm, Mn 1340 ppm. Greyish-green and greyish-red siltstone. Effervescent in HCl.

Angular to subangular quartz grains with few rounded grains (0.016 to 0.24 mm, but mainly close to the median size of 0.064 mm). Grains of oligoclase occur (< 1 volume percent) and potash feldspar (varies between 2 and 7 volume percent); detrital rounded rutile (approx. 0.05 mm, <<1 volume percent); octahedral < rounded magnetite grains (approx. 0.03 mm, approx. 1 volume percent); greenish, rounded glauconite(?) grains (approx. 0.1 mm, < 1 volume percent) and red subangular chert grains (approx. 0.1 mm, < 1 volume percent), muscovite flakes (approx. 0.1 x 0.03 mm, < 1 volume percent) and granular, subangular carbonate grains (0.05 to 0.06 mm, 2 volume percent). The interstices are of fine granular carbonate > limonite > clay mineral, overall around 15 volume percent. Size ranges are just within siltstone grain size, (Pettijohn - Ref. 1).

All mounted fragments show varying amounts of potash feldspar as grains (K. Feldspar staining method). Volcanic clasts, cherty or glassy clasts are seen in section, with potash feldspar phenocrysts in some fragments.

A quartz wacke (Williams et al - Ref. 2) with a mainly carbonate matrix. Very much like the silt-size fraction consisting of the matrix of some Mt. Gunson, Whyalla Sandstone samples and elsewhere.

85271 - Drill Hole ex 12, 73 to 76 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 8 ppm, Pb < 20 ppm, Zn 17 ppm. As previous sample.

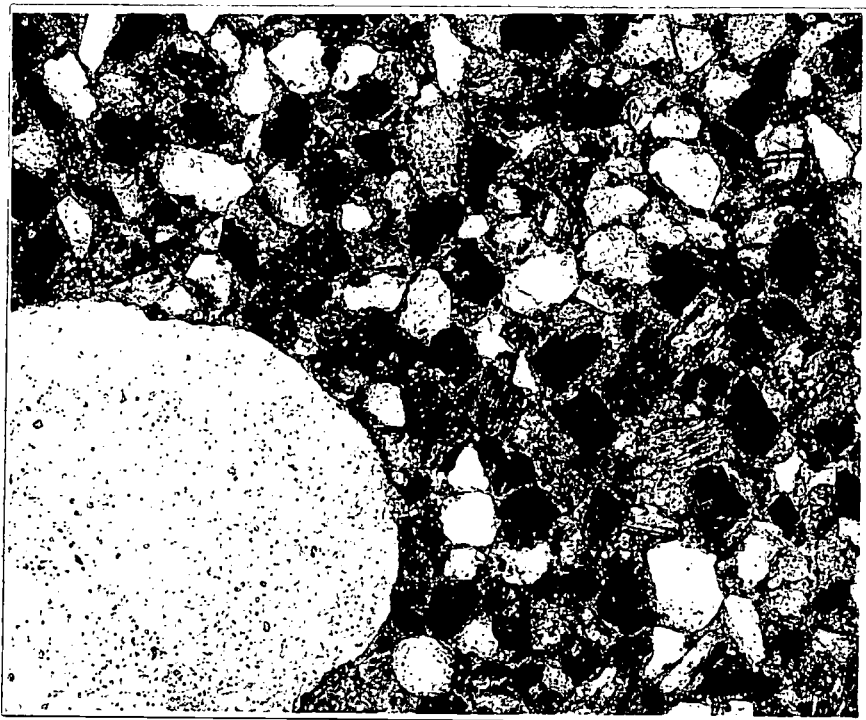


Figure 1 Yudnapinna Beds. 97325/DH ex 142, 42 to 45 metres.

Part of a large round quartz grain (left, bottom corner). Silt size quartz (clear black, grey and white); oligoclase (lamellar twinned) grains; microcline (some faintly stippled grains) are variable in shape (angular to rounded), but similar in size. Fine matrix of carbonate and illite between larger grains shows as finely stippled 'fill'.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 90

Very similar to 85235 except that the quartz grains are more subangular rather than angular and limonite becomes more dominant than carbonate in the matrix.

Subangular to round quartz and flat quartz fragments (0.03 to 0.16 mm, median 0.064 mm); oligoclase grains, similar in size to quartz grains, sharply albite twinned; < 1 volume percent potash feldspar, clear cherty grains and some micaceous chert grains (0.03 to 0.16 mm, 2 volume percent); muscovite flakes (up to 0.1 x 0.03 mm, < 1 volume percent); clear carbonate grains (approx. 0.05 mm, up to 3 volume percent in clear fragments, nil percent in limonitic cement fragments); rounded glauconite (approx. 0.05 mm, < 1 volume percent). Rounded magnetite (approx. 0.05 mm, 1 volume percent). Magnetite is limonitised where limonite content is high. The matrix varies between carbonate and limonite-rich - 10 to 15 volume percent. No heavy minerals other than magnetite are seen.

Staining for potash feldspar indicated occasional clasts in 'white' mounted fragments of the rock, i.e. < 1 volume percent of potash feldspar is present. Occasional sericitised but glassy clasts are volcanic and are present to < 1 volume percent.

A quartz wacke as for 85235.

97325 - Drill Hole ex 142, 42 to 45 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 10 ppm, Pb 20 ppm, Zn 30 ppm. Greyish-red siltstone with orange lithic grains. Minor greyish-green siltstone. Weakly effervescent in HCl. (Figure 1).

Similar to 85235 but a variety of grain shapes from angular to rounded quartz, abundant microcline and some oligoclase, and volcanic clasts (sericite, glass(?) and chert). Quartz varies between 0.02 and 0.22 mm, median 0.06 mm, similarly for microcline which occurs at 2 volume percent and oligoclase, < 1 volume percent. A large granophyric grain is seen. Chert is rounded,

approx. 0.6 mm, many grains are micaceous, occurs to 3 volume percent; carbonate grains, approx. 0.06 mm, subangular occur to 1 volume percent and rounded to euhedral magnetite, approx. 0.06 mm at 3 volume percent; also several grains of glauconite(?) are seen, approx. 0.05 mm, <1 volume percent. Matrix between the larger grains is fine carbonate > illite > limonite, together to about 10 volume percent. One large zircon grain, (approx. 0.05 mm) is seen; minor rutile and coarse rounded tourmaline (greenish) occur as rounded grains.

There is a resemblance to Corraberra Sandstone particularly with 97325, albeit of finer grains, in grain shapes, presence of appreciable magnetite, limonite, varied heavy minerals and appreciable feldspar (Refs. 3 and 4). The presence of a carbonate matrix may be unusual for the Corraberra Sandstone but the sedimentation and environmental characteristics may to some extent have been similar.

All fragments contain between 2 and 7 volume percent potash feldspar. Occasional glassy volcanic clasts are seen; these are also probably potassic and occur to 2 volume percent.

All three specimens constitute a separate unit as they are found well below the base of the Whyalla Sandstone.

Woocalla Dolomite

97275 - Drill Hole ex 139, 48 to 51 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 130 ppm, Pb 600 ppm, Zn 520 ppm. Grey shale and dolomite.

- i) Angular dolomite fragments (0.04 to 0.3 mm) contain fine opaque dust with clear secondary dolomite/calcite cement between fragments.
- ii) Fine dolomite of grains approx. 0.008 mm contain bands of fine limonite dust and fine opaques (0.001 to 0.018 mm, median 0.005 mm, to 4 volume percent)

and angular quartz (0.005 to 0.05 mm, very variable size to 10 volume percent). From a Collenia 'reef'.

- iii) Irregular dolomite fragments (0.001 to 0.3 mm, median 0.005 mm) and quartz grains of angular and subangular aspect (0.16 to 1 mm, to 25 volume percent) and fine limonitised opaque mineral, (0.004 to 0.03 mm, to 2 volume percent). Some of the larger dolomite fragments themselves contain quartz fragments. Lagoonal mud.

Fragments from ii) are the most common. Some Pandurra Quartzite/spherical Whyalla Sandstone grains are also present. Facies of Collenia 'reef' and lagoonal carbonate mud.

97427 - Drill Hole ex 149, 48 to 49 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 10 ppm, Pb 20 ppm, Zn 35 ppm. Light grey dolomite and red quartzite (Pandurra Formation).

- i) Irregular clear dolomite fragments cemented by dolomite (0.005 to 0.05 mm) with angular > subangular and a little rounded quartz (0.024 to 0.2 mm, at 3 volume percent) and fine limonitised opaque mineral, (< .001 to 0.008 mm, to 1 volume percent). Lagoonal mud.
- ii) Rounded and subangular quartz grains (0.16 to 0.50 mm) in fused mosaics but pockets of kaolinite are present in the interstices and limonite flecks indicate the position of original interstitial minerals. About 20 volume percent of quartz grains are fused quartz rock fragments - Pandurra Quartzite.
- iii) Fine subangular quartz (0.016 to 0.08 mm, median 0.03 mm) with abundant illite > kaolinite cement (20 volume percent), one large oblong, part sericitised twinned plagioclase (approx. 0.7 x 0.4 mm) and a little irregular quartz to 0.30 mm altogether to 10 volume percent. Irregular opaque mineral blebs, now limonite (0.08 to 0.11 mm) to 1 volume percent.

- iv) Large quartz grains (approx. 2 mm) containing trains of limonite particles, attached finer quartz mineral grains and rock fragments (0.05 to 0.5 mm) some limonite cement, otherwise interstitial clay mineral - Pandurra Quartzite.
- v) Angular to subangular quartz in carbonate cement - basal Woocalla Dolomite.
- vi) Lithic cherty and volcanic (basaltic?) clasts.

The fragments are Pandurra Quartzite > Woocalla Dolomite > volcanic/cherty clasts.

97342 - Drill Hole ex 143, 39 to 42 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Large (5 cm) chip of greyish dolomite from thin probably brecciated lens between "Yudnapinna Beds" and Pandurra Formation.

Fine cloudy dolomite in fragments with clear calcite/dolomite cement (approx. 0.03 mm width but variable), and in pockets. Fine limonitic opaques (approx. 0.02 mm to 2 volume percent overall) speckle the dolomite fragments. Prismatic gypsum (approx. 0.3 mm x 0.1 mm, 1 volume percent) and angular quartz and a minority of round detrital grains (0.03 to 0.3 mm at 1 volume percent of section) occur scattered through the section.

Possible solution breccia of Woocalla Dolomite.

Whyalla Sandstone

97292 - Drill Hole ex 140, 39 to 42 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 10 ppm, Pb < 20 ppm, Zn 20 ppm. Dirty lithic sandstone.

Typical Whyalla Sandstone textures. Two generations of quartz grains. Large rounded quartz grains (0.3 to 1.0 mm, median 0.7 mm) with finer silt-size subangular grains; also there are some mosaics of smaller quartz grains as irregular intergrowths of ex-Pandurra Quartzite(?), (approx. 2.0 mm). Smaller angular to subangular quartz (up to 0.2 mm, median 0.08 mm) occupy the interstices with fine platelets of illite. Red with limonite, chert

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grains (lithic grains), subangular to rounded (0.2 to 2.0 mm) to 2 volume percent of the rock. Some of the latter grains are composed of fine chert, others are devitrified volcanics and contain capillary structures, devitrified glass and silicified feldspar(?) fragments. Occasional subangular grains of fine carbonate also occur.

In various fragments potash feldspar (confirmed by stain method) occurs as mainly clasts varying between median and larger quartz grains in size to about 1 volume percent.

97229 - Drill Hole ex 137, 33 to 36 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 10 ppm, Pb 20 ppm, Zn 30 ppm. Grey lithic sandstone with pyrite and black heavy mineral. Pan-concentrated specimen. Thin and polished sections.

Somewhat similar to 97292 but a small proportion of large quartz grains are subangular. A greater proportion of quartz grains are of the fine variety which are more even grained with most grains approaching the median of 0.05 mm. Lithic cherts here are all very small (approx. 0.08 mm) and contain limonite scattered through their groundmass. Abundant fine opaque minerals (0.02 to 0.13 mm) occur, some rounded but mainly subangular occur to 3 volume percent. This includes minor rounded monazite and tourmaline of similar grain size but totalling <1 volume percent of all grains present and some oblong and rounded zircon grains to approx. 1 volume percent. Some large (several millimetres) grains are made up of rounded and subangular quartz with a rich limonite cement. Secondary pyrite appears to replace margins of some quartz grains in the mosaics.

A heavy mineral concentrate in Whyalla Sandstone. Constituent fragments of Pandurra Quartzite show ferruginised quartz mosaics.

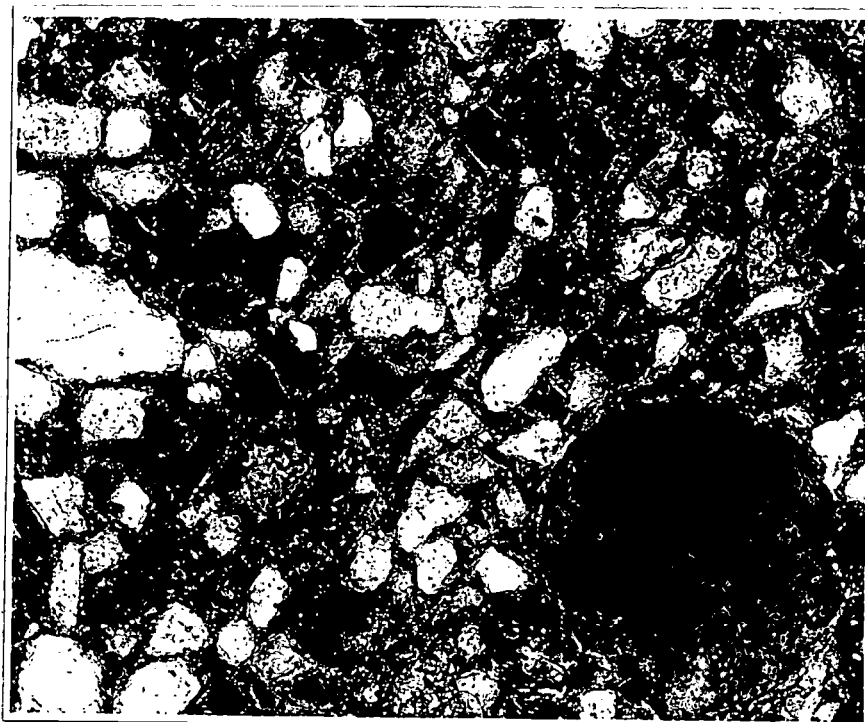


Figure 2 Whyalla Sandstone. 86645/DH ex 96, 27 to 30 metres.

Rounded large aeolian quartz grain (right, bottom corner). Silt-size angular and subangular quartz grains (flat grey, black and white colours). Heavily stippled lithic cherts of silt-size and potash feldspar and oligoclase are present as faintly mottled grains. Unfortunately lamellar twinning of oligoclase present has not photographed well. Fine laths of illite may be seen in the matrix.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 90

P.S. A minor brown melnikovite variety of pyrite is associated with the yellow variety. The former variety shows massive aggregates of tiny spheres cemented by the secondary yellow pyrite. The pyrite is interstitial to other mineral grains and varies 0.02 to 0.4 mm and is present to approx. 5 volume percent of grains present. The pyrite is syngenetic but detrital with sandstone formation (similar quartz/pyrite aggregate grain sizes and shapes).

86645 - Drill Hole ex 96, 27 to 30 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Dark grey clayey sandstone. Sulphide-bearing. Cu 10 ppm, Pb 40 ppm, Zn 70 ppm. Thin and polished sections. (Figure 2).

Consists largely of subangular and some angular quartz grains of similar size (0.015 to 0.18 mm, but median size 0.06 mm) in a groundmass of clay mineral (illite > kaolinite as mainly fine flakes but some diagenetically formed larger flakes to 0.16 mm length are seen; clay is present to 20 volume percent of rock). Large, more rounded grains of quartz (approx. 0.3 mm) and Pandurra Quartzite fragments occur to 3 volume percent of rock. Plagioclase (oligoclase) and potash feldspar are of similar grain size and shape to the population of small quartz grains and are of size (approx. 0.06 mm). Also seen is opaque (pyrite?), euhedral and angular in larger sizes, rounded smaller sizes (0.008 to 0.08 mm, median 0.02 mm) occurs to 8 volume percent with clay in the interstices. Ferruginous, subangular cherts, largely around 0.10 mm are seen scattered in the section to 1 volume percent.

Staining for potash feldspar shows the content to be around 5 volume percent for most mounted rock fragments. Mainly small feldspar grains but some quite large grains are seen. Group intergrowths of potash feldspar grains are also seen to occur. The 5 volume percent of potash feldspar includes some glassy-looking volcanic clasts, present.

Similar to angular Whyalla Sandstone of P.49 (Ref. 5) but also has similarities to rocks described as Corraberra Sandstone in that report (P.41A, P.46, P.51 and P.65).

P.S. Pyrite (up to 0.09 x 0.03 mm) occurs as a recrystallised framboidal type with secondary pyrite filling spaces between recrystallised spheres which are now euhedral. Very fine pyrite (few microns in size) occurs adhering to margins of quartz clasts. A little goethite (0.015 x 0.006 mm) occurs adhering to quartz. Fine framboids (0.003 to 0.018 mm, spheres <1 to 2μ) occur associated with margins of the quartz clasts. Possible melnikovite pyrite as brown specks associated with normal pyrite in colloform zoned varieties are seen. Pyrite content is probably 2 volume percent of the section and scattered as fine growths.

Tregolana Shale

86587 - Drill Hole ex 93, 10 m. Rotary drill cuttings.

Cu 10 ppm, Pb 40 ppm, Zn 60 ppm. Greyish red shale.

Several fragments are shown mounted in section.

- i) Coarse quartzite of subangular quartz, plagioclase (oligoclase), perthite and clear microcline grains in that order of abundance. Feldspar grains constitute about one half of the larger grains (0.16 to 0.6 mm) present and form a distinct population of grains. Quartz grains, also subangular (0.03 to 0.08 mm) are more dominant with some clay mineral cement tinged with limonite. Flecks of chlorite also occur. A mixed rock of fragments derived from some underlying igneous source. Sandy bands in clayey Tregolana Shale.
- ii) As for i) with abundant feldspar but grains are nearly all 0.16 to 0.6 mm, very little interstitial clay occurs so that quartz grains are now mainly

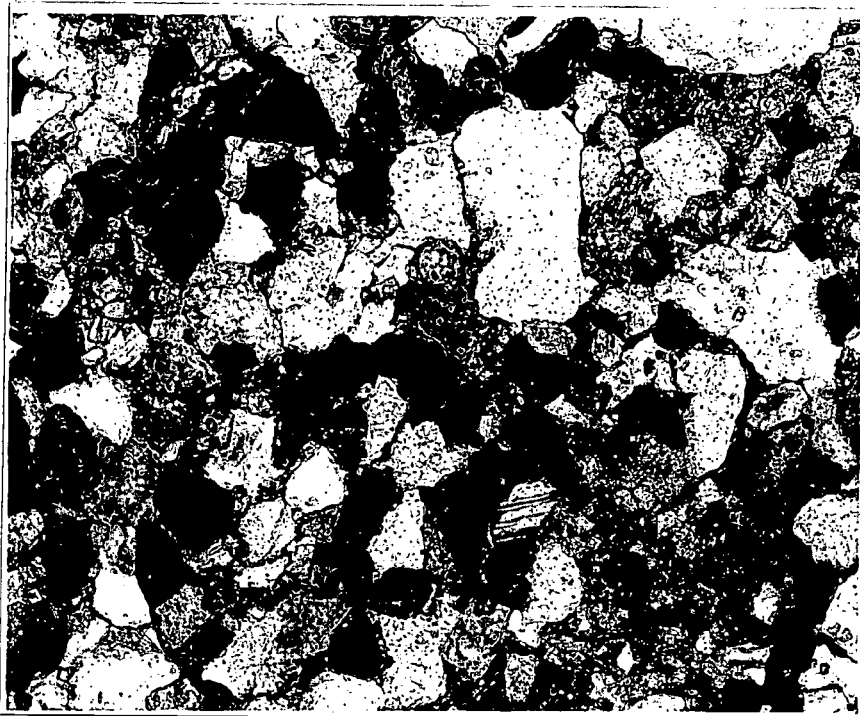


Figure 3 Tregolana Shale. 86589/DH ex 93, 17 metres.

A sandy band of subangular quartz grains of irregular size as for 86589 ii). Quartz grains are faintly stippled black, and grey and are also clear white. Oligoclase grains show lamellar twinning (bottom centre); dolomite grains occur sporadically as small heavily stippled grains (one grain to right of oligoclase grain previously indicated). Two large ferruginous chert grains as composite grains occur towards top left corner of photograph.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 90

cemented by secondary quartz showing trails of limonite particles indicating original grain boundaries. A little zircon as rounded grains is present. The rock is rather like a feldspathic Pandurra Quartzite(?).

- iii) Distinctly Tregolana Shale (as per A4239, A4246 - Ref. 4). A very fine quartz groundmass of subangular grains (approx. 0.01 mm) and limonite-clay mineral mixture in about equal quantities. Grain size is fairly equigranular. Elsewhere are parallel bands (0.15 to 0.3 mm) of limonite/clay > quartz.

Abundance of type rocks in section are iii > ii > i.

86589 - Drill Hole ex 93, 17 m. Rotary drill cuttings.

Cu 15 ppm, Pb 30 ppm, Zn 65 ppm. Fine greenish grey sandstone, interbedded with shale. (Figure 3).

- i) Similar to 86587 ii). Almost equigranular (0.05 to 0.16 mm, median 0.10 mm) rounded to subangular quartz grains, abundant clear oligoclase, somewhat oblong grains similar to quartz size range at about 2 volume percent and clear microcline at about 1 percent. Large tourmaline grains (approx. 0.05 mm) occur as a trace. Minimal clay matrix and a coarse brown clay mineral and volcanic clasts, the latter two minerals occur to approx. 1 volume percent each. The grains of quartz are more rounded here than for 86597 ii). Carbonate grains occur intermixed and are of similar size to the quartz grains or smaller and occur to 2 volume percent. Occasional ferruginous cherts and large pyrite(?) grains occur to 1 volume percent.
- ii) Similar to 86587 i). Large and small quartz grains (0.05 to 0.5 mm) but differentiation into two populations as for 86587 i) is not possible. Among the rounded larger grains are sericitised anti-perthite grains with potash feldspar sericitised

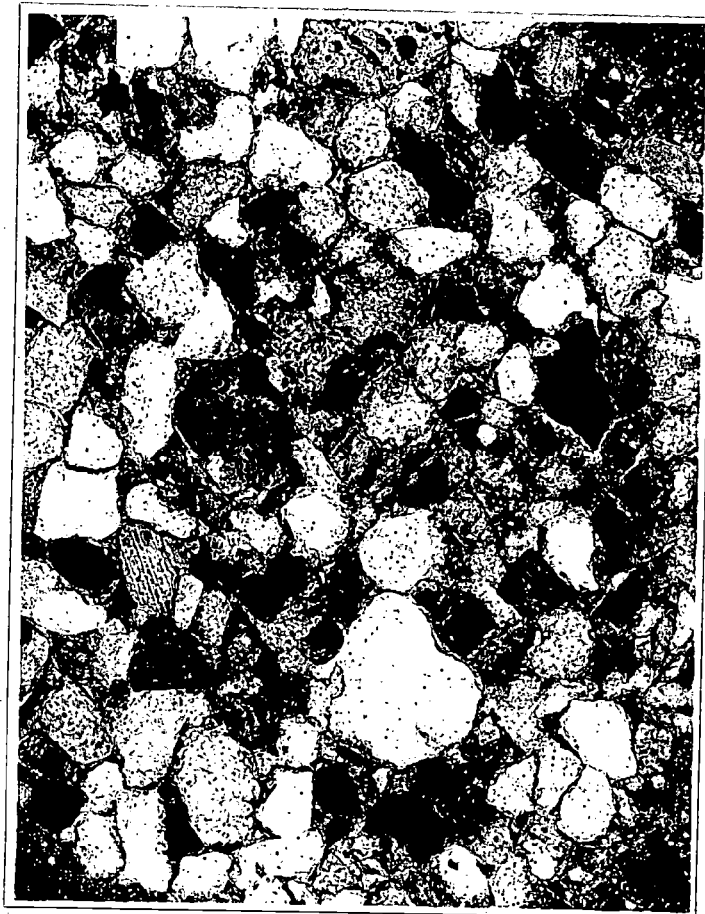


Figure 4 Yudnapinna Beds. 97378/D.H. ex 146, 36 to 39 metres.

One larger somewhat rounded sand-size quartz grain (bottom-centre, white). Silt-size quartz (clear or faintly stippled grey and white and black grains). Lamellar twinned plagioclase (oligoclase) are seen scattered around photograph. Microcline is present but is not obvious here. A little illitic clay occurs interstitially. Tourmaline as smaller than silt-size and pyrite as detrital grains are black here.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 90

patches in oligoclase which is otherwise clear. Smaller oligoclase grains are twinned and clear and are elongate oblong in shape. Also among the large and small quartz grains are occasional ferruginous cherts. Rhombs of dolomite (0.05 to 0.11 mm) are also present to 2 volume percent. No previous rock types from the area seen are in anyway similar to this type except possibly some sections of Corraberra Sandstone.

Mineral grains are close fitting with very little clay matrix in both types i) and ii). Types i) and ii) are equally prolific in the section.

Sundry Specimens

97378 - Drill Hole ex 146, 36 to 39 m. Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 5 ppm, Pb <20 ppm, Zn 20 ppm, Mn 640 ppm. Grey fine-grained sandstone. Effervescent in HCl. Thin and polished sections could be equivalent to either Whyalla Sandstone or Yudnapinna Beds. (Figure 4).

Similar to 86589 i) attributed to a sandstone band in the Tregolana Shale containing subangular to rounded equigranular grains (0.03 to 0.15 mm, but median 0.08 mm) feldspar oligoclase occur to 1 volume percent; and carbonate, very little at approx. 1 volume percent as rhombs. From 2 to 5 volume percent potash feldspar* is seen and zircon occurs as elongate rough prisms with rounded pyramid forms. Some clay mineral occurs between the grains but no more than 3 volume percent and 'pyrite' occurs as rounded grains (approx. 0.08 mm to 1 volume percent).

The Yudnapinna Beds (85235, 85271 and 97325) are somewhat similar to 97378 but only 97325 is strictly similar in having clay mineral rather than carbonate or limonite matrix and with the quartz grains being rounded rather than largely angular.

* checked by mineral staining procedure

P.S. Opaques present are mainly goethite (0.003 to 0.09 x 0.06 mm) (after pyrite) rather variable in size and anhedral, occur in quartz mineral aggregates in the interstices. Some sandy aggregates contain unoxidised pyrite (approx. 0.006 mm) within quartz. Traces of malachite occur in more heavily oxidised aggregates. Some quartz aggregates contain no pyrite but most contain a little goethite largely in the interstices and some of the larger grains of goethite are rounded of similar size to neighbouring sandstone grains and may well be detrital within the sandstone fragments.

97404 - Drill Hole ex 147, 69 to 72 metres. Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 1100 ppm, Pb 280 ppm, Zn 1000 ppm, Mn 70 ppm. Grey clay from contact between Whyalla Sandstone and Pandurra Formation. Thin and polished sections.

Various rock types are represented by the fragments sectioned.

- i) Whyalla Sandstone with Pandurra Formation fragments. Round quartz and quartz gneiss grains (approx. 1.5 mm); subhedral quartz grains and some rock fragments (0.2 to 1.5 mm); also smaller quartz grains, subhedral and round (0.1 to 0.3 mm); and a fine matrix of illitic clay occur. There is a trace of potash feldspar present as round grains.
- ii) Banded clay of fine illite and some kaolinite. Banding is shown by limonite particle concentrations (approx. 0.02 mm wide) bands close together (approx. 0.05 mm apart). Scattered subangular > angular quartz grains (0.025 mm) occur to 3 volume percent and concentrations of opaques (grain size to 0.05 mm) or scattered much finer opaque minerals also occur in some bands and total amount in section to 5 volume percent. Quartz bands of variable quartz, round to subangular (0.05 to 0.080 mm) occur in the clay. Quartz as large grains has collected around peripheries of clay particles in some chips from the

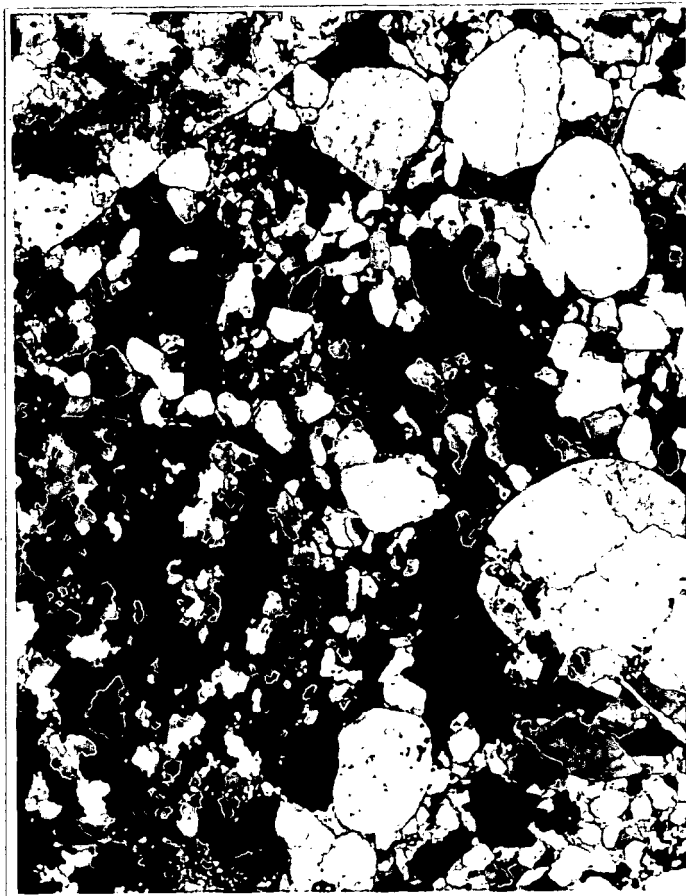


Figure 5 Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate. P27.

Large round quartz rock pebbles (sutured black and white mosaics of quartz as equigranular and inequigranular grains) are seen. The margins of the pebbles are very round and the contact with matrix is sharp. Smaller quartz rounded pebbles also occur (right top corner of photograph). A matrix of individual quartz grains occur which are finer than quartzite or quartz pebbles.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 12

process of 'drilling' to that of 'preparation'.

- iii) Particles of Pandurra Quartzite with subhedral quartz grains > quartz rock fragments > ferruginous cherts, (0.16 to 0.30 mm, median 0.24 mm). Some interstitial illite flakes to 5 volume percent but abundant silicification has occurred.

Largest number of particles constitute those of section ii).

P.S. Massive (maximum 0.8 x 0.6 mm) framboids are seen which have irregular outlines and pyrite cement occurs between individual spheres or the spheres surround detrital quartz from the rock. Colour of aggregates is visually pale yellow or yellow although occasional 'framboids' are brown and isotropic as in the melnikovite variety of pyrite.

One massive chalcopyrite:sphalerite/galena exsolution composite grain (0.6 x 0.3 mm) formed from a gel form is seen. Mutual boundaries between chalcopyrite, sphalerite and galena are observed. Elsewhere chalcopyrite nucleates around pyrite, or occurs in massive form. Evidence of framboidal chalcopyrite is seen here. Abundance progression is chalcopyrite > pyrite > sphalerite > galena.

Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate

P.27 - Silicified quartz pebble conglomerate from 'Pandurra' copper prospect. (Figure 5).

A number of large round quartz grains (1.5 mm) and some quartz rock fragments (approx. 2.0 mm) of equigranular quartz grains (approx. 0.1 mm) occur which are similar to those common in Whyalla Sandstone. A matrix of smaller rounded quartz grains (approx. 0.2 mm) occur in the interstices and also occur in mosaics as fragments. Lenticular fragments and rounded grains of very variable quartz (0.002 to 0.1 mm) occur as silicified shale fragments of several millimetres in size.

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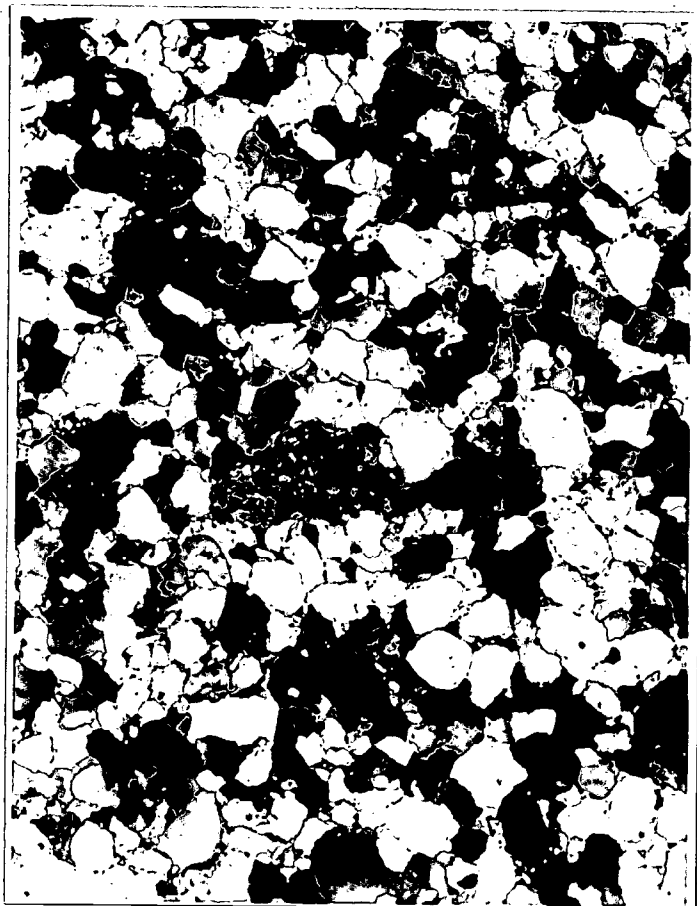


Figure 6 Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate. P29.

A silicified fairly equigranular quartzite of mainly rounded quartz grains. Ferruginous cherts occur (dark, mottled somewhat cloudy mosaic composites) at centre of photograph and near top left corner.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 13

All the large constituent grains show some rounding but are not spherical. These large grains are generally fragments of silicified quartzite. This rock is a very pure quartzite and the larger quartzite grains are derived from the Pandurra Formation.

Zircon (approx. 0.15 mm) and a little topaz (approx. 0.06 mm) occur interstitially or embedded in quartz and a scattering of cubic opaque mineral (0.02 to 0.04 mm) - all occur to <1 volume percent.

P.29 Silicified conglomerate with b.i.f. pebbles. From 5 km SSE of Pandurra. (Figure 6).

A mainly silicified quartzite of somewhat rounded quartz grains (0.1 to 2.0 mm but median 0.7 mm). Secondary quartz cement occurs between the quartz grains. A ferruginous, somewhat rounded chert with a little mica, occurs (0.2 to 2.0 mm, to 2 volume percent). Occasional zircon prisms (approx. 0.01 mm) are seen embedded in quartz grains. Large rounded clasts (approx. 10 mm or larger) occur with mosaics of very fine quartz, <0.05 mm grain size as were seen in P.27. As for P.27 the specimen is very clean but coarser and with more abundant matrix compared with pebbles. With large fine-grain clasts the rock is similar to many occurrences of Pandurra Quartzite Formation and with abundant round quartz grains and ferruginous chert but without the large chert clasts the rock is similar to the Pandurra Formation from the road metal quarry at Woocalla Sidings (see A4229, Ref. 4).

Magazine Hill Clay

P.81 White clay from Magazine Hill quarry.

A fine white banded clay.

In thin-section the specimen is seen to consist of very fine kaolinite with a little rounded quartz (0.025 to 0.050 mm) distributed throughout to about 1 volume percent.



Figure 7 Magazine Hill Clay. P85.

Mobilised kaolinitic clay shown by goethite stained bands. Mobilisation occurred during slumping(?). Microfaulting of bands occurs. Flakey illite occurs along some bands.

Plain light

Magnification X 12

Scattered very fine grinding medium (up to 0.008 mm) as single grains or aggregates also occur to about 3 to 4 volume percent and occasional opaque limonite masses (to 0.03 mm). Traces of gypsum may also be present and a little illite. It has been suggested that the grinding medium has filled in spaces occupied previously by halite before solubilised by water in section preparation (Ref. 7).

A possible leached shale rock, an almost pure kaolinite.

P.85 White and grey banded clay from Magazine Hill quarry. (Figure 7).

A fine white banded clay but possibly more gypsiferous than P.81?

In thin-section the fine kaolinitic clay is patchily stained with goethite/limonite. Euhedral plates of gypsum up to 0.5 mm occur to about 1 volume percent. Rounded and angular quartz (to 0.15 mm) also occur to about 2 volume percent. A sprinkling of illite flakes (approx. 0.03 mm) to 3 percent or more is seen near limonite stained areas. Abundant holes in the section are filled with fine grinding media (< 0.03 mm particle size) occur patchily with more abundant goethite(?) to about 7 volume percent in stained areas; traces of glauconite(?) occur. Some very fine opaque matter is very fragmentary and could be organic carbon.

Definite similarities to P.28 (Woocalla Shale). Some mobilisation of clay occurred during slumping; crenulation and micro-faulting follows grey bands.

The rock is probably weathered Woocalla Shale(?).

It is thought that holes filled with grinding media were occupied by halite before section preparation. (Ref. 7).

Pandurra Formation

Specimens are believed to be from the lower portion of the sequence.

P.83A - Grit, from 15 km west of 'Carriewerloo' Homestead.

Large quartz and quartzite clasts (several millimetres in size) occur in a groundmass of smaller quartz grains.

Large clasts (2.5 to 6 mm) of mainly quartz rock fragments, some quartz gneiss fragments and fine grain quartzite (approx. 0.10 mm quartz grain size) are seen. Finer round to subangular quartz grains (0.5 to 1.5 mm, median 0.6 mm) occupy the interstices and take up to 60 volume percent of the rock. Kaolinite in voids (0.5 to 2.0 x 1.0 mm) take up 10 volume percent of the rock volume. The rock grains are fused together by secondary quartz where pores are absent. Larger quartz grains contain inclusions of sericite flakes (approx. 0.008 x 0.008 mm) sparsely, and abundant fluid inclusions mainly around 0.003 mm contain gas bubbles and one inclusion appears to contain a cube of halite. Trapped fluids occur from circulating brines between quartz grains in an original quartz mosaic now secondary silicified to form one grain with internal differences in extinction which mark-off previously distinct separate grains.

There is an approach to two populations of quartz grains. Large quartz grains are in fact fused mosaics of originally smaller grains.

No heavy minerals are seen.

No potash or plagioclase feldspar occur, as indicated by staining procedure.

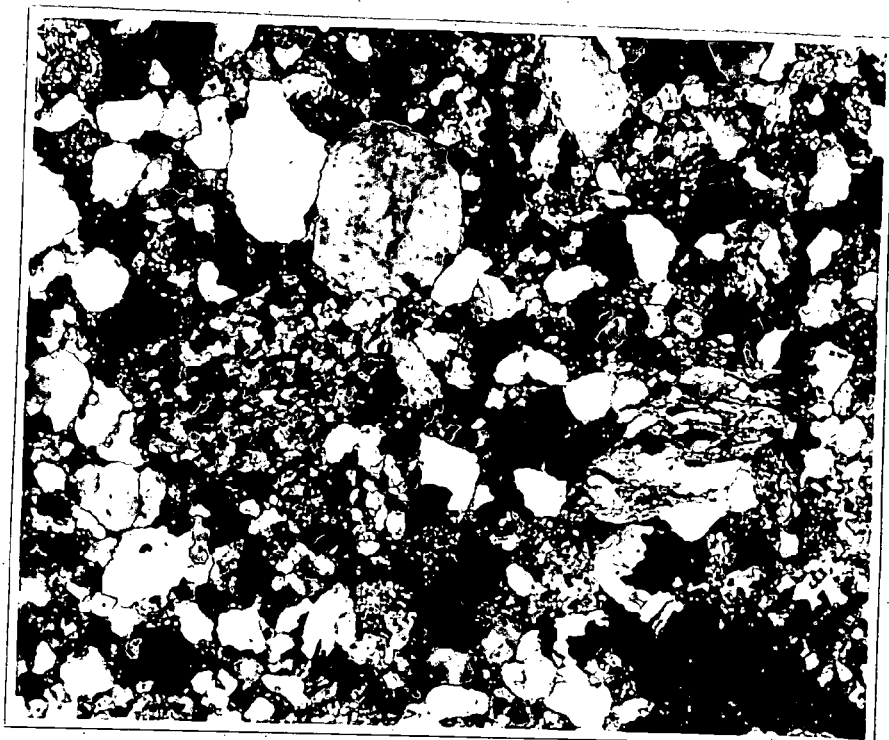


Figure 8 Pandurra Formation. P86.

Typical of gritty facies of Pandurra Formation but clasts are more round than seen in Gunson area. Rounded large quartz grain (top centre); cherty quartz (near left margin, centre); quartz gneiss grain (near right margin, centre). Finer quartz occurs in matrix.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 12

P.84E - Grit, from Seven Miles Outstation, 21 km south-west of 'Yudnapinna'.

An irregular quartzite of variable subangular grains, unsorted and with appreciable chert grains.

In thin-section the grains vary between 0.2 and 3 x 3 mm with an approximate modal value of 0.6 mm. Most grains are quartzite grains of irregular quartz grain size. However, a proportion of quartz grains where present (0.5 to 1 mm) are almost spherical but most grains are subangular. An abundance of ferruginous cherts, rounded and oval (0.5 to 1.5 mm) are seen such as commonly occur in the Whyalla Sandstone. Again, most cherts, of similar grain size are clear, are of irregular shape and are of fine composite grains. One very large irregular shape, chert clast, (several millimetres) occurs in one corner of the section. Possibly the Whyalla Sandstone, ferruginous cherts are derived from a basal Pandurra Formation rock such as this which contains an abundance of interstitial (pore filling) chert. One large volcanic chert, possibly porphyrite is seen with a large plagioclase grain; no individual feldspar grains are seen. In previous specimens it has been noted that Pandurra Formation generally seems to be free of ferruginous chert. Careful examination of quartz boundaries indicates that progressive chertification of the rock has taken place as occurs during oxidation.

No individual potash or plagioclase feldspar grains are present as indicated by staining method.

P.86 - Grit, overlying basal conglomerate, Mt. Laura, Whyalla (Figure 8).

Vaguely like the Pernatty Lagoon, Pandurra Formation section A4241 (Ref. 4) but large clasts are more round as in Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate P.27. Large (several millimetres) clasts of quartz rock and cherty quartzite

(including a chert grain with a strong lineation of composite grains) in a fine quartz groundmass. The large clasts indicate the existence of a rough banding within the rock.

In thin-section quite like P.84B above, but in this (P.86) specimen the cherts are present as abundant large clasts as well as smaller grains. Some of the smaller chert grains are quite ferruginous in P.84B. The cherts are thoroughly mixed up with the quartz grains and rock fragments, also chert is present as interstitial silica cement. Chert occurs to 40 volume percent of the rock. The larger quartz rock fragments and quartz mineral grains (approx. 2 mm) are commonly round but not so much as in Whyalla Sandstone and these are present to 25 volume percent of the rock. Smaller quartz grains and rock fragments (0.1 to 0.6 mm, median 0.5 mm) constitute most other rock not covered by chert and the larger quartz grains. Many of these are fairly round (approx. 0.15 mm) are embedded in quartz rock fragments and chert grains and occur to less than 1 volume percent and a little massive sphene occurs with this.

Under high power, illite is seen to be intermixed with interstitial chert. Whyalla Sandstone micaceous cherts are seen to be derived from the rock cement of this variety of Pandurra Formation.

No feldspar (potash or plagioclase) are present as indicated by staining method.

P.87 Grit, Mt. Laura, Whyalla.

A roughly banded variety with alternate bands (several millimetres wide) indicating more coarse and more fine quartz grains. Rounded and subangular quartz grains occur ranging from 1 to 2.5 mm, median 0.6 mm.

The banding seen on sawn section at low power is not so obvious in thin-section and appears to indicate

abundance of fine interstitial chert at alternate horizons. The larger quartz grains appear to have been somewhat more rounded at one stage but silicification has made the grains more angular. As in previous section P.86, the interstices are cherty/micaceous. Rounded cherts occur to 10 volume percent of the rock, no ferruginous chert as per Whyalla Sandstone are seen. Grain size and textures compare with Pandurra Formation rocks from the Mount Gunson area (Refs. 4 and 6) such as A4009, 4226 and 4245.

No feldspar (potash or plagioclase) is present as indicated by staining method.

P.88B - Sandstone, very dusky red with white patches and bands. From site overlying Moonable Formation at Water Tank Hill, Whyalla.

Large quartz rock clasts fairly evenly distributed in finer grained subangular quartz groundmass as seen in hand specimen.

Thin-section shows the 'clasts' seen in the rock under low power microscopy are not clasts at all but areas where the grain cement is quartz rather than limonitic chert. The rock is largely of fairly even grain subrounded quartz grains (0.16 to 1.2 mm, median 0.3 mm) and some distinctly angular grains. Chert is present as limonitic chert and micaceous chert as rounded grains around 0.5 mm and present to about 10 volume percent of the rock; also as interstices with limonite and fine sericite to about 3 volume percent. Coarse micaceous interstitial areas occur of illite, but these are not common. No large quartzite clasts occur.

Chertification of margins of quartz grains has taken place. An even-grained ferruginous Pandurra Formation rock which may also be basal Whyalla Sandstone. The degree of rounding of quartz is seen in the finer quartz bands of A4005, Pandurra Formation specimen, West Lagoon. (Ref. 4).

No feldspar (potash or plagioclase) are present as shown by staining method.

P.89 - Light coloured sandstone, heavy mineral bearing, from Ready Mix Concrete quarry, Whyalla.

A coarse and fine banded (several millimetres wide) quartzite with a number of red stained grains speckling the rock.

In thin-section are seen abundant large rounded quartz grains, appreciable subangular quartz grains and quartz rock fragments, also some angular grains. About one-third of quartz grains which are more than 0.2 mm in size are quite round, near spherical and this is uncommon in the Pandurra Formation. Coarse quartz bands, grains vary 0.10 to 1 mm, median 0.3 mm, some illite and chloritic clay occurs in pockets or thinly between quartz grains to 5 volume percent. Large cherty grains (approx. 1 mm) occur occasionally.

Fine, quartz bands where quartz is more subangular (0.05 to 0.5 mm, median 0.15 mm) with abundant illite and chloritic clay in pockets and between grains, taking up about 20 volume percent of the rock are seen. Again cherty rounded quartz grains (approx. 0.3 mm) occur to about 2 volume percent, and more commonly than the coarse quartz bands.

Opaque minerals, topaz and sphene occur to rather less than 1 volume percent, grain size approx. 0.03 mm.

Although as mentioned above there is an unusually high degree of rounding in the larger quartz grains, there is a large amount of quartz of all size ranges which is distinctly subangular or angular and this is typical of Pandurra Formation quartzite. The presence of abundant clay is also unusual for Pandurra Formation which in previous specimens examined was commonly silicified.

Ferruginous cherts (0.3 to 1 mm) occur, the smaller ones being quite round, the remainder are subrounded. Some contain a little mica and are possibly of volcanic origin. One other glassy volcanic fragment, somewhat angular (approx. 0.2 mm) is seen. All cherty material occurs to 5 volume percent. A little worn tourmaline (approx. 0.05 mm), pleochroic grain occurs.

No staining for potash feldspar is observed at all, but some grains (< 1 volume percent of grains present) etched easily with hydrofluoric acid, possible micaceous volcanic(?) clastic grains.

All the sections above from the Pandurra Formation specimens have a strong or moderate resemblance to some Whyalla Sandstone specimens as previously mapped. These Whyalla Sandstone rocks are dirty in appearance and contain some subangular or even angular grains of quartz, e.g. :-

- i) A9847, A9849 have a dirty intermixture of fine and coarse grains though most coarse quartz grains are quite spherical.
- ii) A9843 has an abundance of subangular grains though much of this may be due to silicification around originally spherical grains.
- iii) A9845 where many grains are subangular and some larger quartz gneiss subangular grains occur.

However, differences in grain size and angularity and a dirtier matrix are also characteristic of the P.83A to P.89 suite and resemblance particularly to Pandurra Formation sections, all from the Mt. Gunson area, A4009 (West Lagoon); A4241 and A4245 (Pernatty Lagoon); and A4226 (Woocalla Sidings quartzite quarry) are more convincing. There is less angularity in many of the quartz grains of this series and rounded ferruginous cherts are not so evident.



Figure 9 Corunna Conglomerate. P90.

Large rounded quartz mosaic pebble (upper part of photograph). Quartz grains in the pebble are sutured. A ferruginous chert (speckled black and white) very much smaller than the pebble, occurs just below lower limit of pebble. Chert and sutured quartz grains make up the matrix. Zircon present is not easily differentiated here.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 12

Heavy mineral information on the P.83A to P.89 suite are not so conclusive. Even in P.89, heavy minerals content are something less than 1 volume percent. In much of the Mt. Gunson material a slightly greater abundance of heavy mineral content was noted for the Whyalla Sandstone than for the Pandurra Quartzite examined.

Corunna Conglomerate

P.90 - Silicified conglomerate from Tassie Creek reservoir, "Corunna" station. (Figure 9).

In hand specimen the rock has the appearance of an irregular quartz conglomerate containing minimal matrix but possible greenish volcanic fragments.

Shows large rounded quartz rock fragments, several millimetres in size, the individual quartz mineral grains (0.2 to 2 mm, median 1 mm) of sutured quartz grains. The fragments are quite clear and there is an absence of non-silica cement; also quartz mineral grains (approx. 1 mm) with alternate cherty grains of similar size occur. The interstices of large fragments are quartzite with grains (approx. 1 mm). Yellowish clay occupies some corners between interstitial quartz and chert; the clay occurs to 3 volume percent of interstitial quartz. Chert, overall occurs to 20 volume percent of the rock. Abundant (locally) cloudy zircon (approx. 0.08 mm) occurs in clots in the interstices, the grains contain near perfect forms with very little rounding and are present overall to <1 volume percent. Some limonite granules, also shapeless masses of the mineral occur in between some matrix quartz to 2 volume percent.

The large individual quartzite and quartzite chert fragments are characteristic. No volcanic element is seen in thin-section. A coarse quartzite conglomerate. It is hard to differentiate between this rock and Elizabeth Conglomerate P.27.

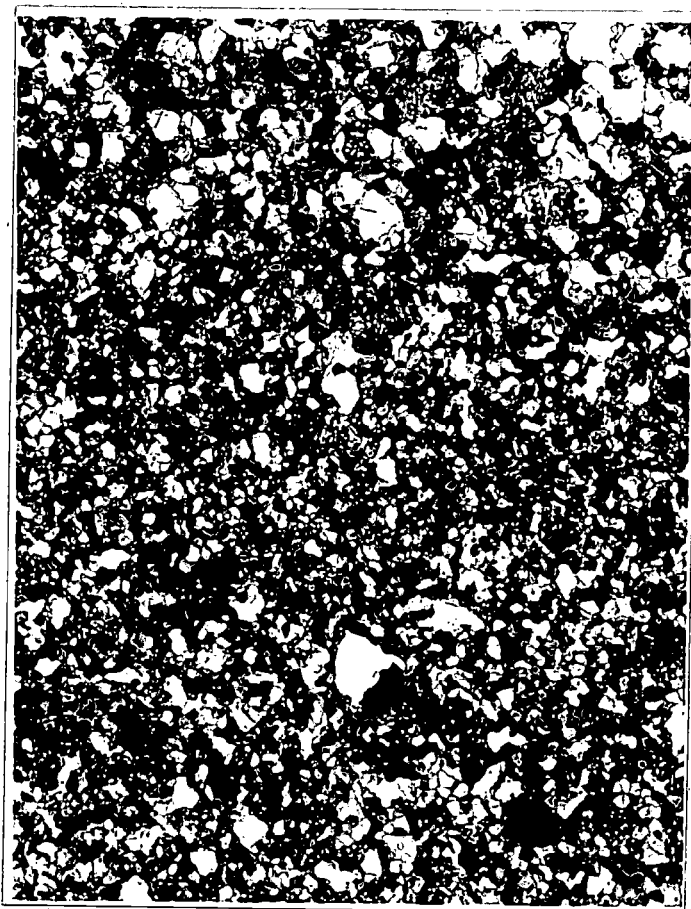


Figure 10 Corunna Conglomerate. P91.

Consists mainly of silty quartz, fine (bottom two thirds of photograph) with sporadic large quartz clasts (near bottom, centre and bottom right corner). At the top of photograph is seen a coarser quartz band with clay (fine speckled material) between the larger grains. Merging of the two bands occurs.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 13

P.91 - Siltstone facies of Corunna Conglomerate, Tassie Creek reservoir. (Figure 10).

A fine reddish coloured siltstone with sporadic large rounded clasts of mainly quartz rock and occasional quartz mineral grains, all rather more than 1 mm in size. Some bands of larger grains of quartz are seen.

In thin-section a rough banding of coarser quartz grains (approx. 0.5 mm) are seen, several grains of just one grain thick. The larger quartz grains in bands may have silicified in situ as abundant clay pockets between quartz grains remain, i.e. silicification proceeded along selected planes parallel to 'bedding'. Grains on the whole are not graded and quartz grains, largely subangular (0.08 to 0.5 mm) with a fair abundance of illitic clay up to 20 volume percent of rock in pockets and between quartz grains are seen where not silicified.

An igneous clast (approx. 0.3 mm) of possible silicified dolerite shows decussate lath pattern (now of quartz outlined by limonite particles). Occasional rounded cherts (approx. 0.08 mm) occur to less than 1 volume percent of rock. Opaque laths of ilmenite(?) and magnetite euhedra occur to 4 volume percent of rock. Also a scattering of zircon and possible topaz are seen (< 1 volume percent). Under very low power reflected light microscopy other volcanic clasts (approx. 0.3 mm) are seen as feldspar fragments, chlorite and oxidised basaltic fragments to about 2 volume percent of the rock. No sulphides are seen.

The rock is a sandstone of lithic wacke composition (Ref. 2) characterised by mainly unsorted sand grains (quartz and lithic) but with some silicified larger quartz in bands. Characterised by abundance of opaque minerals and volcanic clasts.

Staining proves the absence of potash feldspar but some grains have etched powdery white with hydrofluoric acid (presence of plagioclase?).



Figure 11 Crystal Tuff. P92.

Volcanic fragments of possible altered ferruginous trachyte and microcline occur abundantly. The possible trachyte fragments are seen as rounded cloudy grains (near centre top of photograph). Microcline is not so readily identifiable in the photograph but is present here. Cherts are somewhat similar to volcanic clasts in being cloudy (square grain just below centre of photograph). Otherwise quartz mineral grains and rock fragments make up the rock.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 12

P.92 -- Crystal tuff? Tassie Creek reservoir. (Figure 11).

Limonite stained rock fragments (approx. 1 mm) alternate with clear quartz.

In thin-section, subhedral cherts are seen (0.5 to 3.5 mm) several of which are similar to those seen in P.90. Apart from clear cherts are many others like the ferruginous cherts of Whyalla Sandstone and of basic tuff and volcanic clasts. Tuffaceous cherts of cemented volcanic fragments which are now largely silicified but containing some mica which indicates form of fragments of original constituent feldspar. One granophyric fragment now pseudomorphed by quartz and limonite is seen. Fragments of ferruginous trachyte(?) are now largely silicified. Elsewhere several crystal fragments, up to 2 mm of microcline are seen. Magnetite and a little zircon up to 0.2 mm occur.

Volume Percentage modal mineral composition of the rock:-

Quartz rock fragments	45
Quartz mineral grains	22
Clear cherts	10
Ferruginous volcanic cherts	12
Microcline	10
Interstitial clay	-
Magnetite (with a little zircon)	1

Microcline fragments and volcanic cherts stained well for potash. A quartzite containing mixed volcanic; lithic and crystal tuff fragments.

P.93 -- Reputed tuff. From 2 km west of Tassie Creek reservoir. May contain pebbles of acid Gawler Range Volcanics.

Somewhat similar to P.92 in outward appearance.

In thin-section somewhat finer grained than P.92 with smaller volcanic clasts.

At one end of the section are coarse subangular quartz rock fragments (1 to 3 mm) in chaotic array, with coarse ferruginous (volcanic) cherts. The coarse cherts consist of :-

- i) a mass of angular quartz, fine opaque mineral and a little clay from a silicified tuffaceous rock;
- ii) banded clear chert and quartz rock with opaques as in i);
- iii) ferruginous chert; and
- iv) chert and finely disseminated clay mineral.

The finer grained part of the section shows variations in grain size of 0.1 to 1.2 mm, median 0.24 mm. A mixture of quartz mineral grains and generally a greater proportion of quartz rock fragments in the larger size range. Clay mineral, mainly illite occupies about 10 volume percent of the section. The quartz grains show little or no sorting. Volcanic cherts and fragments of opaque minerals mica and chert (approx. 0.3 mm) occur to about 6 volume percent of the rock.

Opaque minerals (mainly magnetite) up to 0.15 mm, occur to about 2 volume percent of the rock, and occasional rounded zircon with dark grain borders (0.08 mm). No feldspar is seen (as confirmed by staining procedure). A micaceous quartzite (lithic wacke) which contains tuffaceous and volcanic grains. Related to P.92.

P.94 - Conglomerate. From 2 km west of Tassie Creek reservoir. May contain pebbles of acid Gawler Range Volcanics.

A coarse lithic polymict conglomerate with pebbles, centimetres in size.

In thin-section the interstices partly consists of a groundmass of very fine chert which appears to be encroaching on the contained pebbles, i.e. the pebbles are showing alteration to dark chert. The remaining

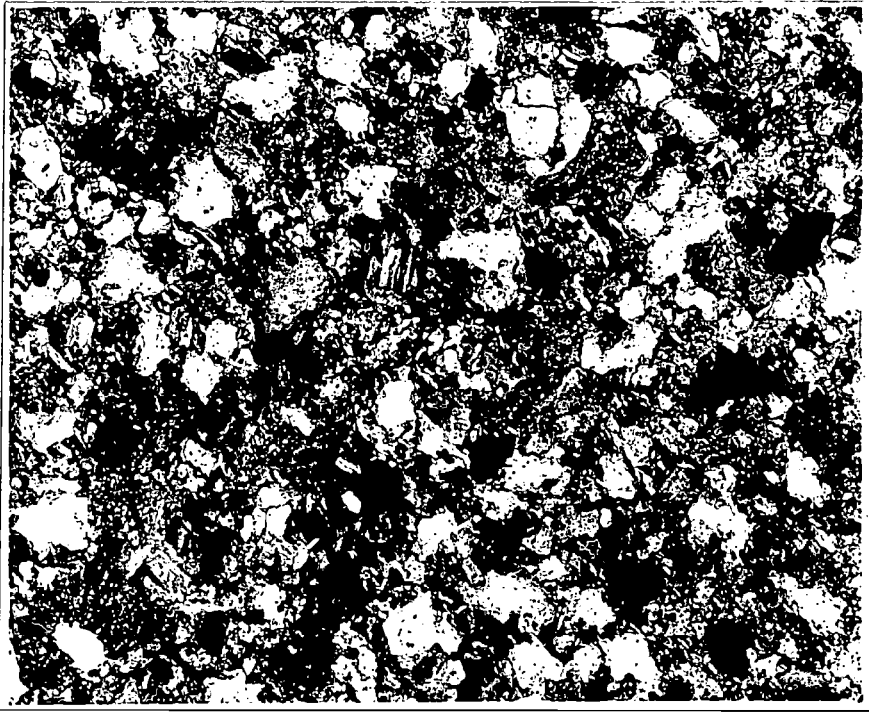


Figure 12 Moonabie Formation. P95.

A tuffaceous sandstone of fragmentary quartz (flat-white, grey and black); lamellar twinned oligoclase fragments (just above centre of photograph is the only obvious grain present); chlorite and illite, abundant fine flakey, interstitial and in vugs.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 90

groundmass is of small quartz grains, microcline and rock fragments (0.1 to 1.0 mm, median 0.25 mm) are set in a mass of fine chert and a little illite.

Where unattacked by chertification, the quartz rock pebbles are seen to consist of very irregular quartz mosaics. Other pebbles (approx. 5 mm) are of lighter chert than groundmass and are round. One large (several millimetres) chert:mica pebble may be recrystallised volcanic rock (devitrified glass) with a little leucoxene and <1 volume percent magnetite. Another pebble of devitrified glass (now chert) contains a glassy micaceous fragment and an eroded quartz grain and is probably tuff. There are other similar pebbles to the latter, including large potash feldspar (approx. 1 mm) grains and pebbles (several millimetres in size).

This is a conglomerate which contains volcanics and/or tuffaceous pebbles. However, some pebbles are of clear Feldspathic quartzite (approx. 7 volume percent microcline) where seen not to be converted to chert.

Silicified Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate is probably different from the Corunna Conglomerate in having more rounded quartz pebbles, few if any potash feldspar grains, volcanics or tuffaceous pebbles; the former rock type possibly also contains less chert(?).

Moonabie Formation

P.95 - Siliceous fine-grained quartzite from Mt. Laura, Whyalla.

A fine pink siltstone alternating with dark clay bands. A possible recumbent fold(?) is seen in the hand specimen. The fold is not seen in thin-section and may be a 'slump' characteristic.

A very fine-grained, mainly even-grained quartzite of mainly subangular but some angular and fewer rounded

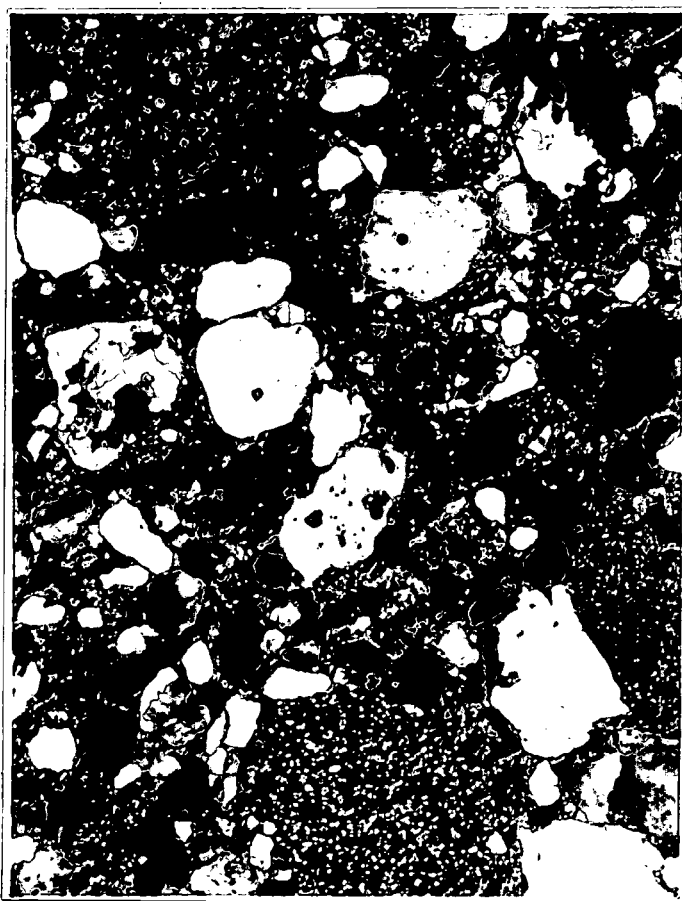


Figure 13 Moonabie Formation. P96.

Abundant ferruginous chert (speckled black and white), including altered volcanic clasts which are possibly andesitic some being tuffaceous, (just below centre of photograph). Fine, rounded cherts occur (left corner, top; bottom, centre; lower, right margin). Otherwise mainly rounded quartz grains occur (flat white and grey) but some angular grains are seen.

Crossed nicols

Magnification X 13

quartz grains (0.02 to 0.3 mm, median 0.08 mm). Up to 10 volume percent of fine angular mainly untwinned plagioclase (oligoclase)* occurs which shows only occasional lamellar twinning. Subangular pleochroic blue and greenish tourmaline (approx. 0.08 mm) to <1 volume percent; opaque mineral, likely magnetite of very variable grain size (0.002 to 0.08 mm) occurs scattered as large grains or in groups of fine grains to 4 volume percent.

Some quartz grains are flattened or even spicular and fragmentary (tuffaceous?) (approx. 0.25 x 0.02 mm). Some of the long or flat quartz grains show a rough parallelism.

The presence of angular splintery quartzite suggests metamorphic origin of clasts as does the presence of blue pleochroic tourmaline.

Clay mineral (chloritic > illite) occupies areas between quartz grain boundaries and overall is present to about 7 volume percent of the rock. Vugs commonly contain fine opaques.

Some tuffaceous fragments and up to 10 volume percent of fine fragmentary oligoclase plagioclase and an abundance of opaques and chloritic clay show this rock to be a tuffaceous sandstone. Some of the quartz is fragmentary and is plainly tuffaceous. The rough banding indicates probable sedimentation under water.

P.96 - Dark grey quartzite, from Water Tank Hill, Whyalla.

A different rock from P.95. The hand specimen indicates a rock type very like the Pandurra Formation specimens P.86, P.87 and P.89. In thin-section, quartz mineral grains and some rock fragments around 1 mm in size are

* confirmed by mineral stain

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rounded-oblong in section. The remaining grains of largely quartz mineral grains (0.2 to 2.2 mm) show more than half of these to have a high degree of rounding. Cherts in this rock (0.6 to 2.5 mm) and corresponding to half the grains present are very like those seen in the Whyalla Sandstone. Most cherty grains are ferruginous and round. About 30 volume percent of the cherty grains are of devitrified volcanic glass and opaques and mica showing original flow-banding. Other interstitial mineral is probably tuffaceous. The volcanic chert present is possibly a similar source bed to that for Whyalla Sandstone cherts(?). As in many sandstone/quartzite rock types in the area, no sorting of quartz grains is apparent. Opaque minerals (apart from tuffaceous grains) are likely magnetite (0.1 to 0.2 mm), present to 2 volume percent. Several grains of zircon, one attached to magnetite are seen in the interstices.

Feldspar staining shows a complete absence of potash feldspar but white etching of occasional grains indicates the presence of volcanic clasts containing plagioclase material.

Three further samples received from I.R. Pontifex and Associates on memorandum (from D.G. Tonkin dated 26/11/1974).

EX 88-86545 - Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate. 57 to 60 m.

Acid volcanic and acid 'plutonic' pebbles. Carbonate matrix.

Different rock types are represented by various pebbles present in the samples, as :-

- i) A slightly altered adamellite granite of medium grain size. Large irregular plates (approx. 1 mm) of microcline mainly clear of inclusions but intergrown with part sericitised plagioclase of similar grain size. Variable clear anhedral quartz and perfect prisms and some clusters of fibrous actinolite needles, containing exsolution opaques

and with slight extinction occupy the interstices. Larger flakes of secondary muscovite have grown from locally formed sericite. Myrmekite patches have developed where microcline and altering plagioclase are intergrown. Apart from secondary iron oxides associated with actinolite, occasional interstitial primary magnetite octahedra occur.

<u>Minerals Present</u>	<u>Vol %</u>
Plagioclase (now much altered and includes muscovite and sericite)	40
Microcline	32
Quartz	20
Actinolite (after hornblende)	8
Opaque minerals (includes magnetite)	<1

- ii) A possible dolerite much sericitised and chloritised. The feldspar occurs as a decussate pink coloured framework of sericitised plagioclase of variable size (median 0.2 mm). Some relict lamellar twinning is seen in marginal areas of some grains. The interstices are now largely flakey ripidolite, chlorite (anisotropic green to purple) and is commonly associated with local abundances of magnetite. Scattered areas of irregular secondary quartz occur and small calcite aggregates after plagioclase are seen.
- iii) An altered (metasomatised/hydrothermally altered) porphyritic basalt with oligoclase phenocrysts part-silicified but some fresh (approx. 0.7 mm) with a groundmass of fine feldspar prisms and irregular but rounded pockets (to 0.3 mm) of flakey green chlorite or augite phenocrysts shapes (approx. 1 mm) now chlorite and magneite. Areas of groundmass silicified by quartz but leaving feldspar phenocrysts intact or part or totally silicified or totally carbonatised. Fine scattered magnetite (much limonitised) occurs throughout, though much of it

is limonitised and appreciable amounts are associated with chlorite and are secondary after original ferromagnesian phenocrysts which are now altered. Ophitic textures of plagioclase shapes in large augite plates which are now mainly chlorite are seen locally as possible dolerite fragments in basalt; possibly by irregular shapes of some plagioclase grains, possibly tuffaceous.

- iv) A possible silicified and carbonatised basic tuff. Patchy albite mosaics, very variable as amygdules; some branching albite forms containing fine scattered carbonate grains are seen. The ground-mass is of limonite stained carbonate and fine magnetite. Magnetite shows lenticular concentrations associated with lenticular carbonate possibly simulating original flow of glassy material. No other structures are perceptible.
- v) Feldspathic quartzite or feldspathic arenite of Williams et al (Ref. 2). An equigranular quartzite of subangular and flattened quartz grains (0.05 to 0.4 mm, median 0.16 mm) and abundant microcline (approx. 5 volume percent) as oblong grains. Illite occurs along grain margins and in pockets at about 7 volume percent; tourmaline as a rounded grain (0.08 mm) and abundant opaque mineral as fine grains (>0.005 mm) occurs to roughly 5 volume percent with octahedral (0.02 to 0.08 mm) magnetite(?) at about 1 volume percent. Much of the fine opaques with illite and a little carbonate may be much altered volcanic grains and would thus constitute about 3 percent of the section. The section resembles Corraberra Sandstone (A4224) from Mount Gunson, (Ref. 4) and also of Yudnapinna Beds (97325), all remarkably similar rocks.

EX 136-97217 - Pandurra Formation quartzite. 84-84.5 m.

Green quartzite.

Variable drill fragments mounted in the one thin-section.

- i) Rounded grains of quartz mineral grains with fewer rock fragments (0.15 to 1.8 mm, median 0.4 mm) are silicified into mosaics, but a little residual limonite occurs in the space now silicified, adjoining quartz boundaries. Clay mineral (kaolinite) occurs in pockets to 2 volume percent. One rounded quartz gneiss grain is seen. There is about 2 volume percent of fine granules of limonite mostly interstitial but some occurs with clay in pockets. No potash feldspar is present. An unusual Pandurra Formation type in view of the roundness of most quartz grains.
- ii) As for i) but the grains roundness is accentuated by the absence of silicification, with the presence of interstitial chloritic clay > kaolinite which occurs to about 7 volume percent. One square, glassy-looking chert grain (0.55 mm) occurs and some round quartz gneiss pebbles.
- iii) More typically Pandurra Formation (as per Mt. Gunson), although most quartz grains are fairly rounded. Very large quartz rock grains (approx. 1.5 mm) but somewhat flattened, set in an unsorted fabric of fairly round quartz mineral grains (0.1 to 0.7 mm). All quartz grains are fairly tightly fitted with minimal limonite cement between all grains.
- iv) Subangular to angular unsorted quartz grains (0.004 to 0.5 mm). Cemented with limonite which occurs as fine flecks. Limonitic chert similar to that seen in Whyalla Sandstone occurs.

Most pebbles present are similar to i) above. Some are similar to iv) but have a very heavy limonite cement to about 25 volume percent of pebble. A few loose pebbles of quartz rock and mineral grains occur to 2 mm and one large quartz gneiss pebble (3 x 4 mm).

A very variable textured make-up for approx. 0.5 mm pebbles and the rounded quartz grains seen in many cuttings are not typical Pandurra Formation.

EX 146 - Panned Concentrate

Yudnapinna Beds(?). 30-46 m. Carbonate-bearing. Black heavy mineral.

Similar to Yudnapinna sections 85235, 85271 and 97325 but very like basal Whyalla Sandstone in that the quartz grains present are more spherical quartz (0.2 to 1 mm, to about 7 volume percent of the section). Pandurra Formation fragments (to 8 mm) with unsized angular to subangular quartz grains > rock fragments (0.1 to 0.6 mm) in a limonite cement occur; also grains of Woocalla Dolomite (approx. 0.5 mm). The 'silt-size' matrix is mainly of round grains (0.03 to 0.10 mm; median 0.08 mm) and are just slightly within the sand sizes of Pettijohn (Ref. 1). This includes ferruginous and micaceous: ferruginous chert grains quite rounded and rounded cherts of devitrified basalt (volcanic chert of Whyalla Sandstone) - total to 3 volume percent of the rock. Up to 3 volume percent potash feldspar (silt size)* is present. Fine illitic clay and some clay mineral laths are seen to 3 volume percent. A little rounded grains of green tourmaline also occur and less rounded zircon at about 1 volume percent. Grain size of fine quartz and shapes of the grains are similar to Yudnapinna Beds. Silt-size Yudnapinna is similar to silt-size matrix of Whyalla Sandstone (A4007A, Ref. 6). With the round (spherical) Yudnapinna quartz sand-size grains differentiation is difficult and petrographically impossible with present

* checked by mineral staining procedure.

state of sampling. It would be preferable to put the Yudnapinna Beds specimen, if EX 146 is a typical example of the type, at the base of the Whyalla Sandstone where in fact it occurs stratigraphically but with no break. In other specimens the presence of appreciable plagioclase precludes this.

P.S. Shows rounded grains of specularite (0.02 to 0.08 mm) mainly free, though minor amounts are seen flecking quartz rock fragments. Specularite occurs to about 1 volume percent of section as scattered grains. One large pyrite grain (approx. 0.3 mm) which is a pyrite cemented agglomeration of spheres (framboid) shows some faint internal vein-like growths of specularite. Lamellar translation planes of specularite are easily seen and and some grains contain titanhematite flecks distributed along lattice planes.

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9. TONKIN, D.G., : 'Three Pandurra Formation Samples for Petrographic Examination', Memo from DGT to P.J. Curtis, dated 26th November, 1974.
10. TONKIN, D.G., : 'Pandurra Petrography', Memo from DGT to P.J. Curtis, dated 27th November, 1974.

APPENDIX I

PACMINEX PTY. LIMITED

MEMORANDUM TO: MR. P.J. CURTIS

OUR REF: DGT/IM

FROM: D.G. TONKIN

DATE: 7.11.1974

PANDURRA THIN AND POLISHED SECTIONS"YUDNAPINNA BEDS" SPECIMENSTypical Specimens

- (1) 85235: (Drill Hole ex 11, 34 to 37 metres).
Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 5 ppm,
Pb < 20 ppm, Zn 26 ppm, Mn 1,340 ppm.
Greyish green and greyish red siltstone.
Effervescent in HCl.
- (2) 85271: (Drill Hole ex 12, 73 to 76 metres).
Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 8 ppm,
Pb < 20 ppm, Zn 17 ppm. As previous
sample.
- (3) 97325: (Drill Hole ex 142, 42 to 45 metres).
Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 10 ppm,
Pb 20 ppm, Zn 30 ppm. Greyish red
siltstone with orange lithic grains.
Minor greyish green siltstone. Weakly
effervescent in HCl.

WOCCALLA DOLOMITE SPECIMENS

- (4) 97275: (Drill Hole ex 139, 48 to 51 metres).
Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 130 ppm,
Pb 600 ppm, Zn 520 ppm. Grey shale
and dolomite.
- (5) 97427: (Drill Hole ex 149, 48 to 49 metres).
Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 10 ppm,
Pb 20 ppm, Zn 35 ppm. Light grey
dolomite and red quartzite (Pandurra
Formation).
- (6) 97342: (Drill Hole ex 143, 39 to 42 metres).
Rotary drill cuttings. Large (5 cm)
chip of greyish dolomite from thin
probably brecciated lens between
"Yudnapinna beds" and Pandurra Formation.

WHYALLA SANDSTONE SPECIMENS

- (7) 97292: (Drill Hole ex 140, 39 to 42 metres). Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 10 ppm, Pb < 20 ppm, Zn 20 ppm. Dirty lithic sandstone.
- (8) 97229: (Drill Hole ex 137, 33 to 36 metres). Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 10 ppm, Pb 20 ppm, Zn 30 ppm. Grey lithic sandstone with pyrite and black heavy mineral. Pan-concentrated specimen. Thin and polished sections.
- (9) 86645: (Drill Hole ex 96, 27 to 30 metres). Rotary drill cuttings. Dark grey clayey sandstone. Sulphide-bearing. Cu 10 ppm, Pb 40 ppm, Zn 70 ppm. Thin and polished sections.

TREGOLANA SHALE SPECIMENS

- (10) 86587: (Drill Hole ex 93, 10 metres). Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 10 ppm, Pb 40 ppm, Zn 60 ppm. Greyish red shale.
- (11) 86589: (Drill Hole ex 93, 17 metres). Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 15 ppm, Pb 30 ppm, Zn 65 ppm. Fine greenish grey sandstone, interbedded with shale.

SUNDRY SPECIMENS

- (12) 97378: (Drill Hole ex 146, 36 to 39 metres). Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 5 ppm, Pb < 20 ppm, Zn 20 ppm, Mn 640 ppm. Grey, fine-grained sandstone. Effervescent in HCl. Thin and polished sections could be equivalent to either Whyalla sandstone or "Yudnapinna Beds".
- (13) 97404: (Drill Hole ex 147, 69 to 72 metres). Rotary drill cuttings. Cu 1100 ppm, Pb 280 ppm, Zn 1000 ppm, Mn 70 ppm. Grey clay from contact between Whyalla Sandstone and Pandurra Formation. Thin and polished sections.

0281

"ELIZABETH CREEK CONGLOMERATE" SPECIMENS

- (14) P.27: Silicified quartz pebble conglomerate from "Pandurra" copper prospect.
- (15) P.29: Silicified conglomerate with B.I.F. pebbles. From 5 km SSE of "Pandurra"

"MAGAZINE HILL CLAY" SPECIMENS

- (16) P.81: White clay from Magazine Hill quarry.
- (17) P.85: White and grey banded clay from Magazine Hill quarry.

PANDURRA FORMATION SPECIMENS

Specimens believed to be from the lower portion of the sequence.

- (18) P.83A: Grit, from 15 km west of "Corriewerloo" Homestead.
- (19) P.84B: Grit, from Seven Mile Outstation, 21 km south-west of "Yudnapinna".
- (20) P.86: Grit, overlying basal conglomerate, Mt. Laura, Whyalla.
- (21) P.87: Grit, Mt. Laura, Whyalla.
- (22) P.88B: Sandstone, very dusky red with white patches and bands. From site overlying Moonahie Formation at Water Tank hill, Whyalla.
- (23) P.89: Light coloured sandstone, heavy mineral bearing, from Ready Mix Concrete quarry, Whyalla.

CORUNNA CONGLOMERATE SPECIMENS

- (24) P.90: Silicified conglomerate from Tassie Creek reservoir, "Corunna" station.
- (25) P.91: Siltstone facies of Corunna Conglomerate. Tassie Creek reservoir.

- (26) P.92: Crystal tuff? Tassie Creek reservoir.
- (27) P.93: Reputed tuff. From 2 km west of Tassie Creek reservoir.
- (28) P.94: Conglomerate. From 2 km west of Tassie Creek reservoir. May contain pebbles of acid Grawler Range Volcanics.

Note: Many hand specimens of Corunna Conglomerate are very similar to silicified "Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate".

MOONABIE FORMATION SPECIMENS

- (29) P.95: Siliceous fine-grained quartzite from Mt. Laura, Whyalla.
- (30) P.96: Dark grey quartzite, from Water Tank Hill, Whyalla.

Please include these notes in the Petrographic Report.

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(D.G. TONKIN)

APPENDIX II

MEMORANDUM TO: Mr. P.J. Curtis

OUR REF: DCT/SS

FROM: D.G. Tonkin

DATE: 26th November, 1974
Typed - 10/12/74.3 Pandurra Samples for Thin & Polished Section

Three drill cuttings samples as per the attached sheet were sent to I.R. Pontifex & Associates.

The samples are :-

EX 88-86545 : "Elizabeth Creek Conglomerate",
57-60 m. Acid volcanic and acid
"plutonic" pebbles. Carbonate
matrix.

EX 136-97217 : Pandurra Formation quartzite.
84-84.5 m. Green quartzite.

EX 146-Panned Concentrate
: "Yudnapinna Beds"?, 30-46 m.
Carbonate-bearing. Black heavy
mineral.

D.G. TONKIN