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EL 1685

ANABAMA HILL

PROGRESS AND FINAL REPORTS TO LICENCE EXPIRY FOR THE PERIOD 12/11/90 TO 11/11/91

Submitted by Newmont Australia Ltd and Newcrest Mining Ltd 1991

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ENVELOPE 8348

TENEMENT:

EL 1685, Anabama

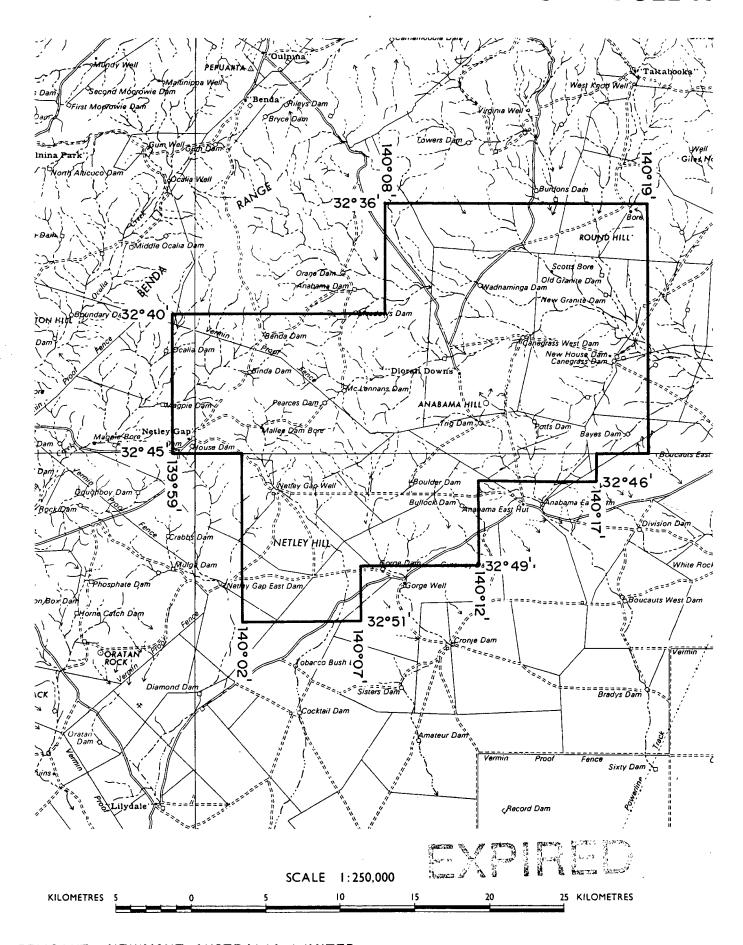
TENEMENT HOLDER:

Newmont Australia Ltd Newcrest Mining Ltd

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SCHEDULE A



APPLICANT: NEWMONT AUSTRALIA LIMITED

DME 174 / 90 AREA: 574 square kilometres (approx.)

1:250000 PLANS: OLARY

LOCALITY: ANABAMA HILL AREA - approx. 50 km south of Olary

DATE GRANTED: 12-11-90 DATE EXPIRED: 11-11-90 EL No: 1685

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NEWMONT AUSTRALIA LIMITED

Exploration Licence 1685.

"Anabama"

First Quarterly Report for the Period

12 November, 1990 to 11 February, 1991

C.K. Switzer Geologist 11 March, 1991

Distribution:

Newmont Australia Limited, Brisbane (2)

Newmont Australia Limited, Melbourne (1)

South Australian Department of Mines and Energy, (1 bound; 1 unbound).

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SUMMARY

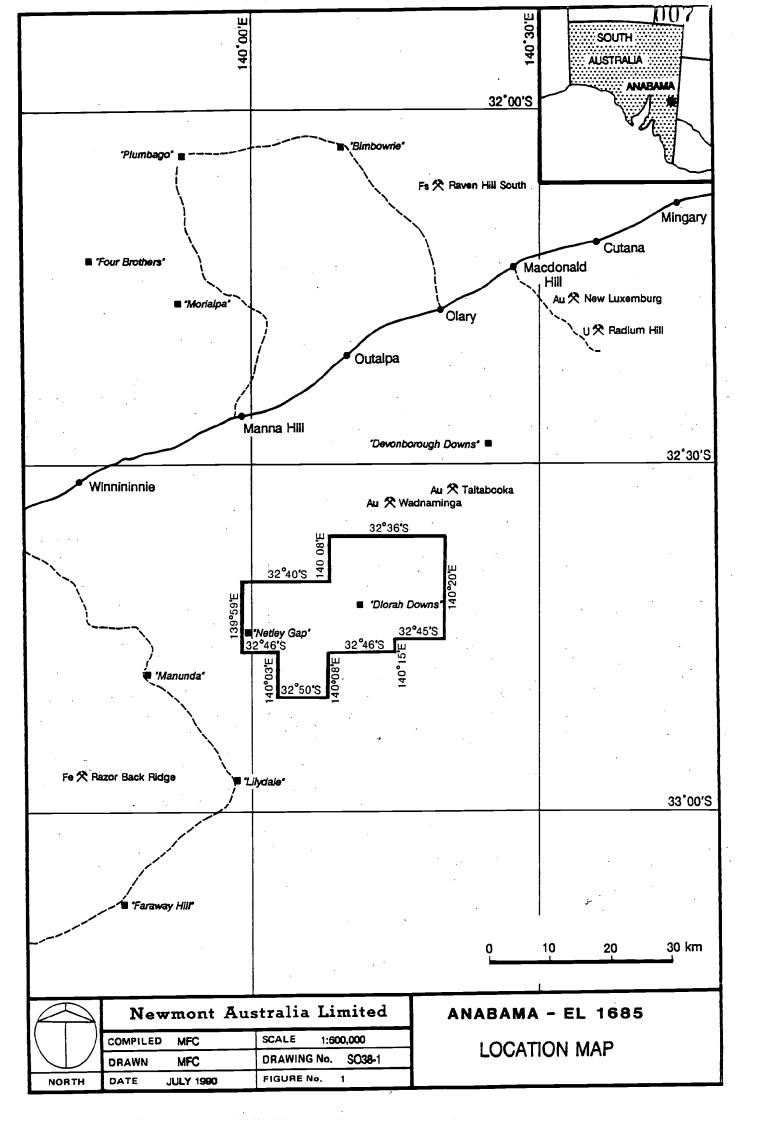
Exploration Licence 1685 "Anabama" was applied for by Newmont Australia Limited as it was considered to have a favourable structural, stratigraphic and intrusive setting for the possible development of a wide range of Au mineralisation styles. Research showed that although the area had been explored by numerous companies, work had been concentrated on known greisen systems and small Au workings. Acquisition of detailed low level aeromagnetics was purchased and reprocessed using Newmont processing facilities.

Work completed for the first quarter has included the purchasing of aerial photographs along with the commissioning of a detailed air photo survey, commissioning of a landowner study, purchasing and reprocessing of low level detailed aeromagnetic data flown by BHP in 1984 and a preliminary field visit to confirm the regional geology of the region.

1. INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence 1685 "Anabama" was granted to Newmont Australia Limited on the 12 November 1990 for a period of one (1) year. The area became of interest to Newmont Australia Limited as it was located marginal to the large Anabama Shear Zone/Darling River Lineament, displayed evidence for high level multiphase intrusive activity, contained receptive stratigraphy as well as small local known goldfields in the region. The location of E.L. 1685 is shown in Figure 1.

Since granting work completed on Anabama has included the purchasing of aerial photographs and commissioning of a detailed air photo survey, commissioning of a landowner survey, purchasing and reprocessing of low level detailed aeromagnetic data and a preliminary field visit to the region.



2. REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Anabama Exploration Licence occupies an area covering folded and faulted rocks of the Burra and Umberatana Groups. Minor diapiric bodies of Callana Group are also observed in the region. Intruding this sequence are the granitic bodies of the Anabama Granite.

The Burra Group consists of green-grey calcareous siltstones with minor carbonaceous and cherty interbeds. Minor arkosic sandstones and dolomites have also been observed. The Umberatana Group consists essentially of olive-green siltstone with interbedded sandstone, conglomerate and diamictite, dark grey banded siltstone and ferruginous siltstone and massive greywacke tillite with minor siltstone, dolomite, quartzite, and tillitic iron formation facies,

Greisen bearing granitoids of the Anabama Granite intrude the area along with numerous polyphase basic to acidic dykes.

Structurally, the area has been mildly deformed during the Delamarian Orogony with typical basin and dome folding in the sediments. Large north-east trending shear zones appear to have had a major control on the emplacement of the granitoids and related greisen systems.

3. WORK COMPLETED

Forty two (42) 1:80,000 colour air photos were purchased covering the exploration licence as shown in Figure 2. Upon receipt of the air photos a photogeological study was initiated using Australian Photogeological Consultants. The aim of this study was to define and interpret the structure of the region with the hope of targeting zones of alteration and previously unmapped intrusives. Preliminary photogeological interpretation can be summarised below.

i) little can be added to the detailed stratigraphy

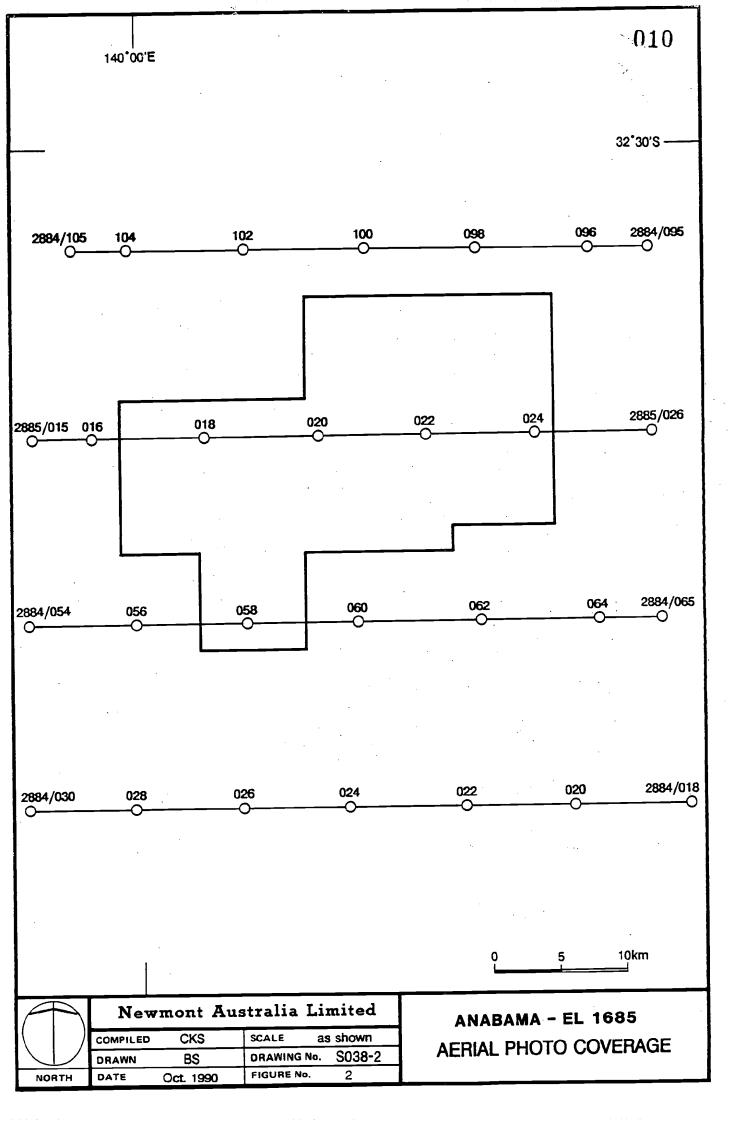
extensive new structural information including the existence of large bedding sub-parallel thrusts, subsequent sinistral wrenching and later rotational folds.

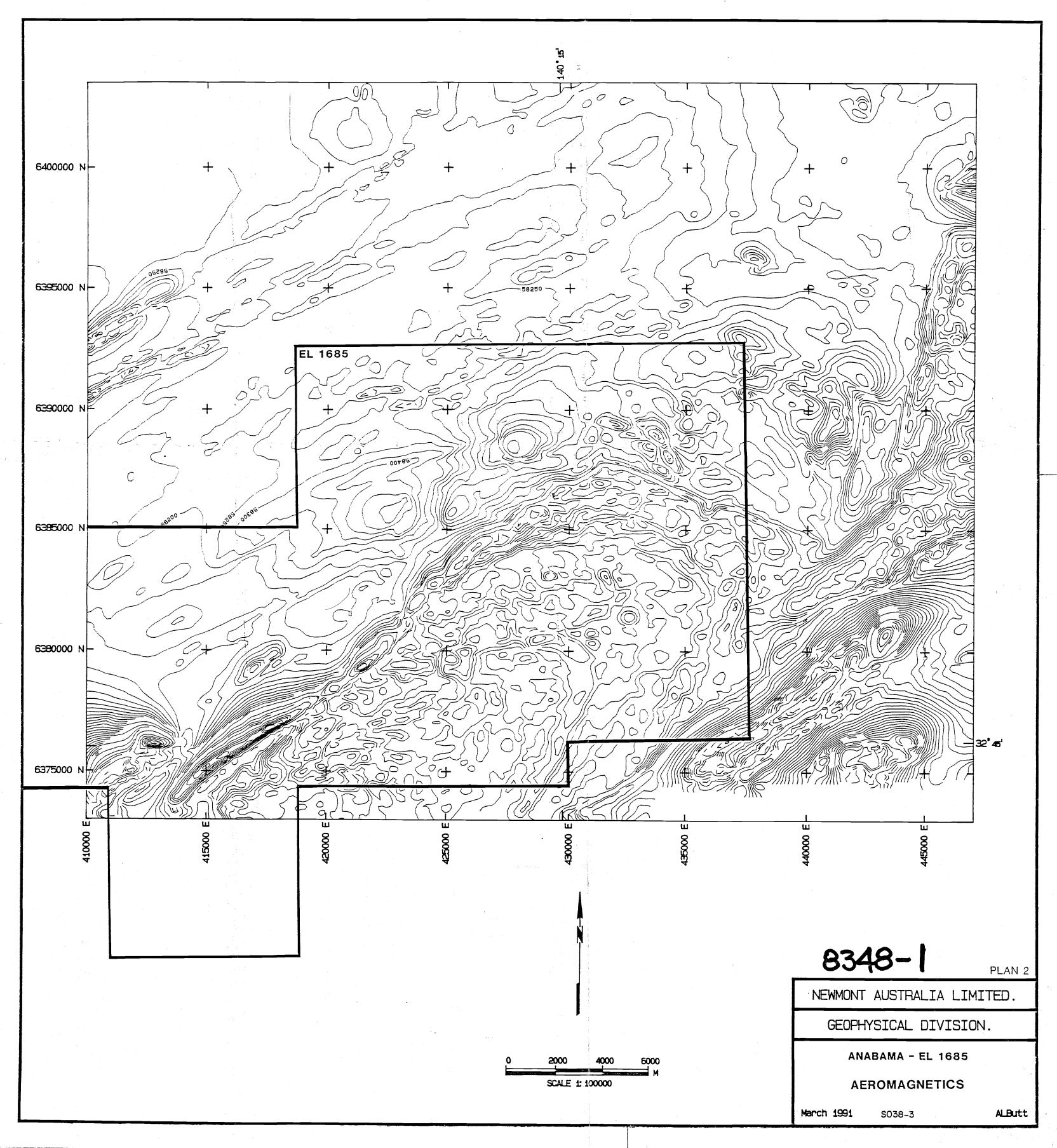
A detailed report will be submitted regarding the above work once the study is completed.

A landowner study was also commissioned with the aim of identifying all landowners within the licenced area. A total of five landowners were identified.

Regional low level aeromagnetics was purchased and reprocessed using Newmont processing facilities. A contour plot is shown in Plate 1.

A brief field trip was also conducted to the area to liaise with landowners and forward plan for the current program which commenced on the 10 February 1991.





FUTURE WORK 4.0

Work planned for the 1991 budgeted field season will include

- completion of the photogeological study
- i) ii) image interpretation of the regional aeromagnetics
- regional BLEG stream sediment and rock chip sampling program iii)
- compilation and ranking of data. iv)

The regional appraisal of the area commenced on the 10 February 1991 and will be reported in the next quarterly report.

5.0 REFERENCES

Preiss, W.V. 1987: The Adelaide Geosyncline: Late Proterozoic stratigraphy, sedimentation, palaeontology and tectonics. Bull. Geol.Surv.S.Aust.p 53.

APPENDIX 1

EXPENDITURE DETAILS

Exploration Licence 1685
"Anabama"

First Quarterly Report for the Period
12 November 1990 to 11 February 1991

APPENDIX 1

EXPENDITURE DETAILS

Exploration Licence 1685 "Anabama"

Expenditure Statement for the Period 12 November 1990 to 11 February 1991

EXPENDITURE TYPE	\$
Salaries	2,709
Overheads	2,032
Travel and Accommodation	332
Freight	95
Administration	324
Surveying (Air Photography)	5,547
Supplies	396
TOTAL	\$11,435

NEWCREST MINING LIMITED

Exploration Licence 1685

"Anabama"

Second Quarterly Report for the Period
12 February 1991 to 11 May 1991

Grant D. McEwen May 1991

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Distribution:

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South Australian Department of Mines and Energy (1 bound, 1 unbound)

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5	Soil Sample Locations and Results (S038-4)	1:50,000

SUMMARY

Exploration Licence 1685 "Anabama" was granted to Newmont Australia Limited for a term of one year as from 12 November 1990. Newmont changed its company name to Newcrest Mining Limited after merging with BHP Gold Mines Limited, completed in February 1991.

Reconnaissance stream sediment and rock chip sampling has outlined an area of low-level Au/base metal anomalism in the western portion of the tenement area which requires further field investigation.

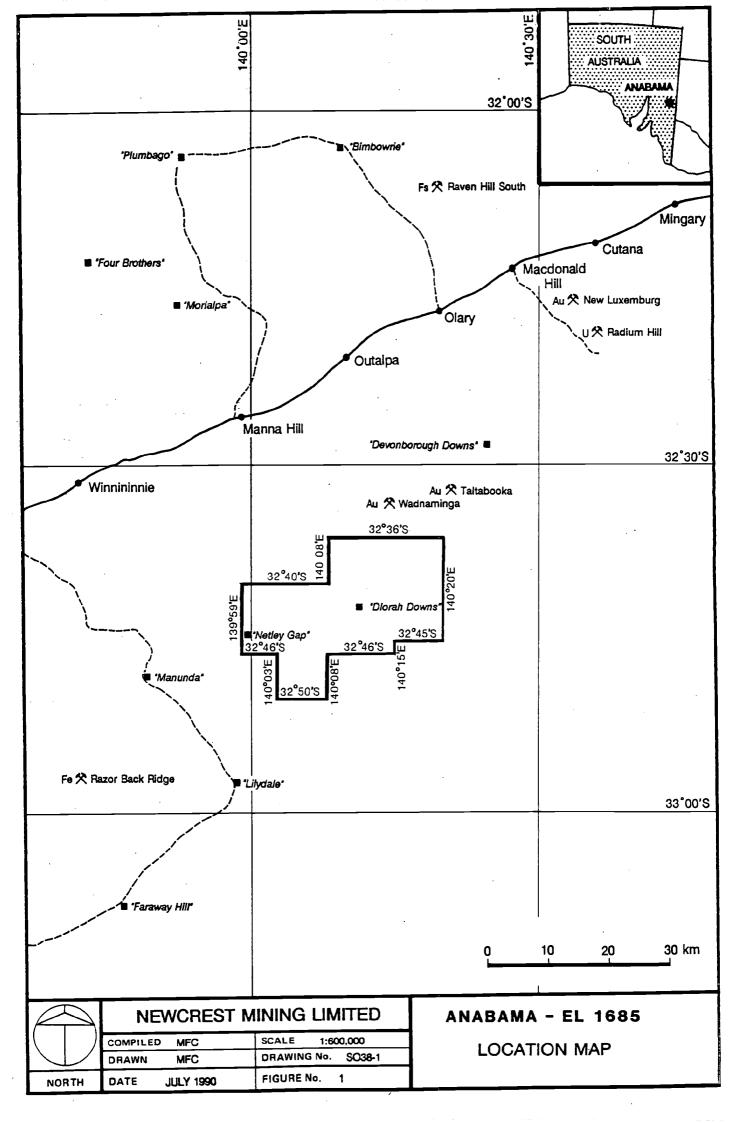
Elsewhere, geochemical testing of a soil covered magnetic target returned elevated Au values to 11 ppb. This may relate to high background values in the overlying transported/residual soils only. Auger/RAB drill testing of this feature and other magnetic and structural targets may be warranted.

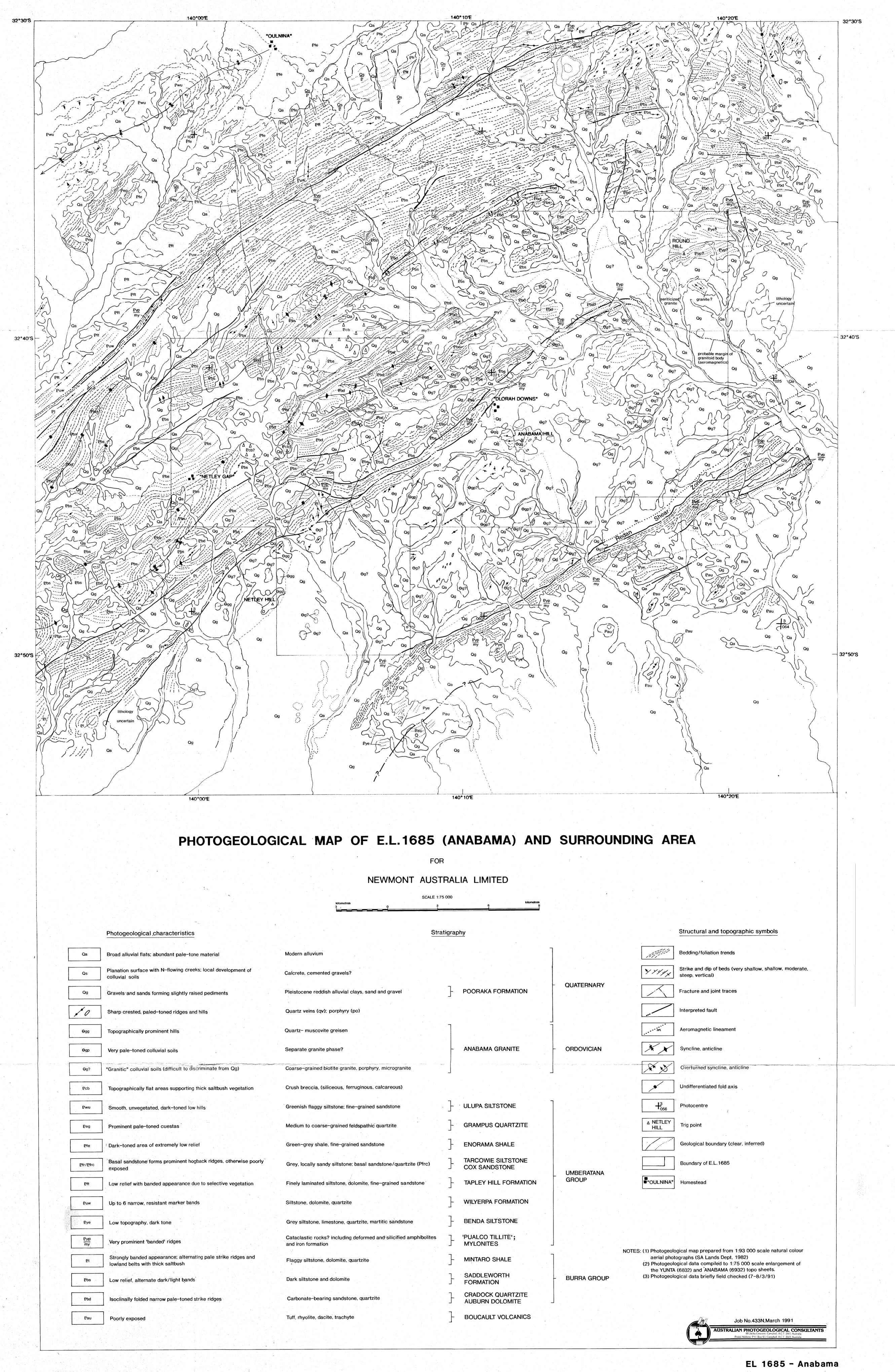
1. INTRODUCTION

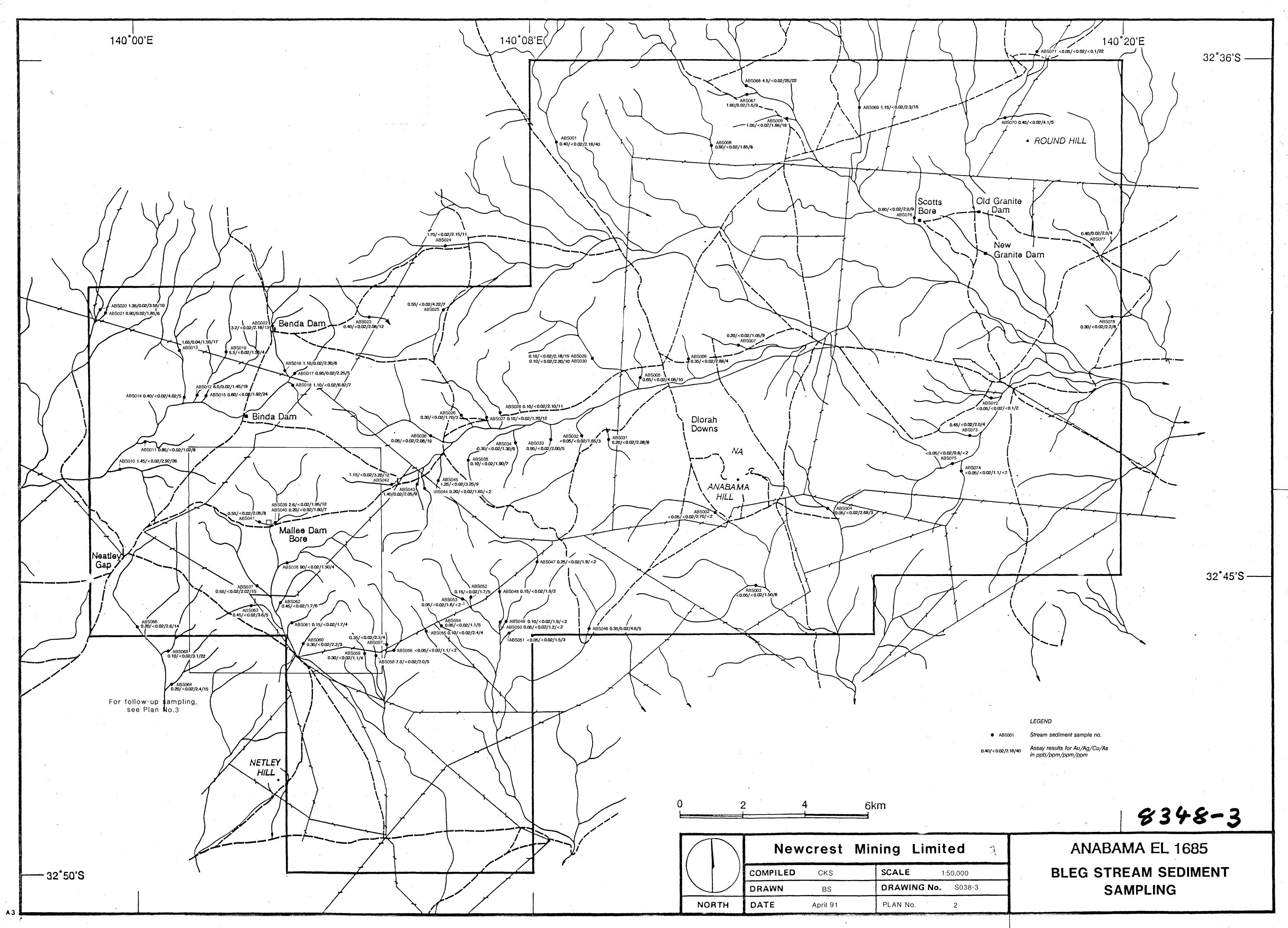
Exploration Licence (EL) 1685 "Anabama" was granted to Newmont Australia Limited on 12 November 1990 for a period of one year. Following a merger with BHP Gold Mines Limited, completed in February 1991, Newmont changed its company name to Newcrest Mining Limited, effective from 19 April 1991. The location of EL 1685 is shown in Figure 1.

Exploration work completed during this reporting period comprised completion of the regional photogeological study, reconnaissance stream sediment and rock chip sampling and soil sampling across a magnetic target.

Expenditure for this period is given in Appendix I.







2. REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Anabama Exploration Licence occupies an area covering folded and faulted rocks of the Burra and Umberatana Groups. Minor diapiric bodies of Callana Group have also been observed in the region. Intruding this sequence are the granitic bodies of the Anabama Granite.

The Burra Group consists of green-grey calcareous siltstones with minor carbonaceous and cherty interbeds. Minor arkosic sandstones and dolomites have also been observed.

The Umberatana Group consists essentially of olive-green siltstone with interbedded sandstone, conglomerate and diamictite, dark grey banded siltstone and ferruginous siltstone and massive greywacke tillite with minor siltstone, dolomite, quartzite and tillitic iron formation facies.

Greisen bearing granitoids of the Anabama Granite intrude the area along with numerous polyphase basic to acidic dykes.

Structurally, the area has been mildly deformed during the Delamarian Orogeny with typical basin and dome folding in the sediments. Large north-east trending shear zones appear to have had a major control on the emplacement of the granitoids and related greisen systems.

3. WORK COMPLETED

3.1 Photogeological Study

The photogeological interpretation commenced by Australian Photogeological Consultants (Canberra) during the first quarterly reporting period, has now been completed. The most significant finding of this study relates to a series of ENE trending belts of mylonitised iron formation, the evolution of which bears similarities to the BIF hosted Starra Au/Cu deposits, located in Northern Queensland. A copy of the final report for this work appears in Appendix II.

3.2 Stream Sediment Sampling

Seventy eight (78) stream sediment samples were collected as part of a first stage reconnaissance coverage of the tenement area. Approximately 2.5 kg were collected from each sample site, sieved to -1 mm in the field and analysed for Au, Ag, Cu (BLEG) and As (XRF) by Classic Laboratories, Adelaide.

Stream sediment sample locations and results are shown on Plan 2, while laboratory certificates of analysis are included in Appendix III.

Nineteen (19) samples returned + 1.0 ppb Au assay results, with a highest value of 90 ppb (ABS 038). Most of these samples were collected from the Mallee Dam Bore/Benda Dam area, located in the far western portion of the tenement, although values to 1.6 ppb Au (ABS 067) were also returned from samples collected close to the northern tenement boundary.

Sixteen (16) follow-up stream sediment samples were collected to further test anomalous drainages located from the initial reconnaissance work. Samples were analysed for Au, Cu and Ag (BLEG) at Classic Laboratories, Adelaide.

Sample locations and results are shown on Plan 3, while certificates of analysis are included in Appendix III.

Sample numbers ABS 038A-L were collected from the same drainage as ABS 038, which returned a 90 ppb Au BLEG result, while sample numbers ABS 039A-D were collected from the same drainage as ABS 039 (2.6 ppb Au). Only four of these follow-up samples returned + 1.0 ppb Au results, with a best of 4.0 ppb from ABS 039C. While these results have downgraded the original anomaly within the Mallee Dam Bore area, further work is required here, at the Benda Dam anomaly and at the northern anomaly in an attempt to locate a source for mineralisation.

All other elements analysed failed to return any significant results.

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3.3 Rock Chip Sampling

Forty four (44) rock chip samples were collected in conjunction with the first pass stream sediment sampling. All samples were analysed by Classic Laboratories, Adelaide, for Au (Fire), Ag, Pb, Zn, Cu (AAS) and As (XRF).

Rock chip sample locations and results are shown on Plan 4 and certificates of analysis are included in Appendix IV.

All samples returned very low Au assays. However, elevated Cu, Pb and Zn values (best of 1,740 ppm Cu, 135 ppm Pb and 250 ppm Zn) were returned from samples collected within the Mallee Dam Bore/Benda Dam Au anomalous drainage areas. A single elevated As result was returned from ABS 039.

Six (6) rock chip samples were also collected in conjunction with the follow-up stream sediment sampling programme and analysed by Classic Laboratories, Adelaide, for Au (Fire), Cu, Pb, Zn, As (AAS), As, Bi and Sb (XRF).

Sample locations and results are shown on Plan 3 and certificates of analysis are included in Appendix IV.

Only one anomalous value was returned from this sampling, a value of 195 ppm Zn from sample number ABR 039A.

3.4 Soil Sampling

Twenty four (24) soil samples were collected from two, 1 km spaced lines located in the north-eastern portion of the tenement, between Round Hill and Scotts Bore. 2.5 kg samples were collected at 100 m intervals, sieved to -1 mm in the field and analysed for Au, Ag and Cu (BLEG) by Classic Laboratories, Adelaide.

Sample locations and results are shown on Plan 5 and certificates of analysis given in Appendix V.

The sample lines were placed over a soil covered magnetic "high" located from regional low level aeromagnetic data reprocessed by Newcrest. Outcrop is minimal within the northern part of the tenement, which is covered by a thick layer of dominantly transported material.

Most of the samples returned +1.0 ppb Au results, with a best of 11 ppb. However, this may reflect background Au values from the transported overburden only and is not an accurate measurement of the underlying bedrock. Future sampling within this area should be completed using an auger or RAB percussion drilling rig, to enable accurate testing beneath soil covered stratigraphy.

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4. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- Stream sediment sampling has located a wide zone of Au anomalism within the western portion of the tenement.
- Follow-up stream sediment sampling downgraded higher Au results returned from the initial programme, but confirmed that a + 1.0 ppb zone of Au anomalism occurs within the Mallee Dam Bore/Benda Dam area.
- Rock chip sampling failed to delineate any Au anomalism, but returned elevated Cu, Pb, Zn and As values from the Mallee Dam Bore/Benda Dam region.
- Soil sampling across a buried magnetic feature returned elevated Au values that may relate to background levels within the transported overburden.

Further work is warranted to investigate the following:

- Locate the source of low-level stream sediment Au anomalism and rock chip base metal anomalism within the Mallee Dam Bore/Benda Dam area.
- Follow up weak stream sediment Au anomalies in the northern tenement area.
- Detailed aeromagnetic interpretation to target alteration zones and structural intersections beneath transported soil cover. Selected areas to be tested using auger or RAB percussion drilling.

5. REFERENCES

- Preiss, W.V., 1987: The Adelaide Geosyncline: Late Proterozoic Stratigraphy, Sedimentation, Palaeontology and Tectonics. Bull. Geol. Surv. of South Australia, p 53.
- Switzer, C.K, 1991: Exploration Licence 1685 "Anabama", First Quarterly Report for the Period 12 November 1990 to 11 February 1991. Newmont Australia Limited.

APPENDIX I

Expenditure Statement for the Period 12 February 1991 to 11 May 1991

Exploration Licence 1685 "Anabama"

Expenditure Statement for the Period 12 February 1991 to 11 May 1991

EXPENDITURE TYPE	\$
Salaries	6,221
Wages	3,782
Overheads	6,772
Office Rentals and Rates	21
Travel and Accommodation	2,847
Vehicles	. 151
Assaying	3,616
Supplies	981
Exploration Office	5,632
Field Living	273
Airial Photography	8,333
TOTAL	\$38,629

APPENDIX II

Photogeological Investigation

PHOTOGEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATION OF THE ANABAMA AREA (EL 1685), SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Undertaken for:
NEWMONT AUSTRALIA LIMITED

March, 1991

ABSTRACT

A photogeological study of EL 1685 and surrounding areas has confirmed the stratigraphic subdivision depicted by published geological maps of the region. Significant new structural information has however accrued from the study which has a bearing upon the mineral potential of the area. Photogeological interpretation of Delamerian structures, supported by a brief field visit, suggests the presence of ENE trending, S verging, overturned folds and mylonitised shear zones (possible thrusts) in the S part of the Wadnaminga Anticlinorium. Intensity and southerly vergence of these structures apparently increases from N to S. considered likely that an early phase of ENE trending structures predated major sinistral/normal movements on the Anabama-Redan Fault Zone in the S of the study area as well as emplacement of the 460ma Anabama Granite. This early transport may have caused mylonitisation along ferruginous horizons near the base of the Umberatana Group; remobilisation of these structures may have occurred during later wrench movements and during granite emplacement. The general tectonostratigraphic setting of the Anabama area suggests applicability of the Starra model of Au/Cu mineralisation.

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1. INTRODUCTION

A photogeological study of EL 1685 and its environs was undertaken on behalf of Newmont Australia Limited during late 1990 and early 1991. The study was based upon 1:93,000 scale natural colour aerial photography acquired by the South Australian Lands Department in 1982 (see Appendix for details). Ancillary data consulted during the study included the 1:250,000 scale Olary Geological Sheet (Forbes, 1989) and a 1:75,000 scale Total Magnetic Intensity contour map covering the S part of the area, supplied by Newmont.

Preliminary annotation of nine 1:93,000 scale prints covering the study area was carried out in December 1990. Due to the very small scale of the photography, annotation was carried out exclusively using 6x magnified stereoscopy. Annotated transparent overlays were mosaicked and enlarged into a rough 1:75,000 scale compilation which was provided to Newmont for initial field evaluation at the end of 1990. A two-day field traverse through the study area was carried out by C. Nash of Australian Photogeological Consultants and C. Switzer and G. McEwen of Newmont on 7-8th March, 1991, following which the photogeological data were reassessed and reannotated.

The photogeological map which accompanies this report represents the major outcome of the study. The base for compilation was made by enlarging the preliminary topographic sheets covering the area (6832-Yunta and 6932-Anabama) to 1:75,000 scale. Major topographic features were traced from the enlargement to form a base map upon which photogeological information could be compiled from annotated overlays, enlarged to 1:75,000 scale by Xerox manipulation.

2. REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The study area includes four major tectonostratigraphic units as defined by regional mapping (Forbes, 1989; Morris, 1981). From N to S these include (a) the Yunta Syncline which is a broad, upright structure containing gently-dipping sedimentary rocks of the Umberatana Group; (b) the Wadnaminga Anticlinorium which contains tightly folded rocks of the Burra Group; (c) the elongate ENE-WSW trending Ordovician Anabama Granite, and (d) the Anabama-Redan Fault

Zone, which is a broad zone of sinistral wrenching and normal faulting

Known mineralisation in the area is dominated by the large Anabama pyritic greisen located within the Anabama Granite (Morris, 1981), in which zones of strong hydrothermal alteration have overprinted the host granite to form a semicircular, dome-shaped shell 2.5 km in diameter. The Anabama greisen has been subjected to detailed exploration by ASARCO and by SADME; this exploration has revealed the presence of subeconomic "porphyry" style Cu/Mo mineralisation. Elsewhere in the study area, Au mineralisation occurs in the NE part of the Wadnaminga Anticlinorium (Wadnaminga Goldfield); no details concerning the nature of these occurrences are available to the writer however.

3. STRATIGRAPHY

3.1 YUNTA SYNCLINE

This structure is an upright, open syncline containing sedimentary rocks of the Umberatana and lowermost Wilpena Groups. From top to bottom the stratigraphic sequence and its photogeological characteristics are as follows:

3.1.1 Ulupa Siltstone (Pwu)

Greenish flaggy siltstone and fine-grained sandstone of the Ulupa Siltstone form the uppermost stratigraphic unit in the study area, exposed in hills to the W of "Oulnina". Seen on aerial photographs these rocks appear as smooth, unvegetated, dark-toned low hills.

3.1.2 Grampus Quartzite (Peq)

Medium to coarse-grained feldspathic quartzites form prominent bluffs to the W of "Oulnina" The Grampus Quartzite forms a prominent pale-toned marker on aerial photographs.

3.1.3 Enorama Shale (Pfe)

Green-grey shales and fine-grained sandstones occupy a belt of topographically low country S of "Oulnina". On aerial photographs this unit forms a dark-toned zone of virtually no relief. Owing to poor exposure no internal structure can be deciphered within the Enorama Shale.

3.1.4 Tarcowie Silstone (Pfr), Cox Sandstone (Pfrc)

The Tarcowie Sandstone consists of grey, locally sandy siltstones. A locally developed basal sandstone/quartzite member (Cox Sandstone) is developed SW of "Oulnina". Seen on aerial photographs the Cox Sandstone forms 2-3 well-defined N-dipping hogback strike ridges; to the E the Tarcowie Siltstone is a poorly exposed unit with a single narrow basal sandstone marker.

3.1.5 Tapley Hill Formation (Pft)

The Tapley Hill Formation consists of finely laminated siltstone, dolomite and fine-grained sandstone. Seen on aerial photographs the unit forms a dark-toned belt of low relief supporting a strong, selective saltbush vegetation.

3.1.6 Wilyerpa Formation (Puw)

This unit is best developed S of "Oulnina" and consists of dolomite, siltstone and quartzite. On airphotos the unit is recognisable by virtue of its pale tone and the presence of up to 6 narrow, resistant, quartzite? bands.

3.2 YUDNAMUTANA SUBGROUP AND ASSOCIATED MYLONITES

Rocks of the Yudnamutana Subgroup (Pualco Tillite, Benda Silstone) occur in three ENE trending belts which traverse the study area. These all have a characteristic photogeological appearance, in which the 'Pualco Tillite' invariably forms strongly banded, N-dipping strike ridges. In field exposures the rocks exhibit cataclastic features and consist of isoclinally folded, interlayered quartzofeldspathic, amphibolitic and ferruginous layers. Later? silicification has locally imparted a toughness to the rocks and may explain their topographic prominence. Local development of small quartzitic clasts (eg 7.5 km ESE of "Netley Gap") may indicate that the rocks are tillites,

although it is difficult to decide whether these are primary or cataclastic textures.

Perhaps the most interesting feature of the rocks is their structural discordance to other stratigraphic units. This is most strikingly displayed in the N part of photo 1/100 (see accompanying map), where unit Pyp/my clearly 'oversteps' adjacent stratigraphic boundaries. These observations suggest that the prominent ridges formed by the unit are at least partly mylonitic in nature.

3.3 WADNAMINGA ANTICLINORIUM

The Wadnaminga Anticlinorium is bounded to the N and S by parallel zones of mylonitised? Pualco Tillite; lithologies within the structure belong to the Burra Group (Cradock Quarzite/Auburn Dolomite, Saddleworth Formation, Mintaro Shale), and include diapiric? bodies of crush breccia.

3.3.1 Cradock Quartzite/Auburn Dolomite (Pbd)

Isoclinally folded, pale-toned hogback ridges of carbonate-rich sandstone occur as two separate anticlines within the Wadnaminga Anticlinorium. A field traverse through the southernmost anticline (6km W of "Dlorah Downs") shows that the internal structure is complex, with tight mesoscale folding and possible ENE shear zones.

The stratigraphic correlation of these rocks is uncertain; the writer has followed the Geological Survey of South Australia (Forbes, 1989) in assigning them to the lowermost part of the Burra Group.

3.3.2 Saddleworth Formation (Pbs)

The Saddleworth Formation consists of dark siltstone and dolomite; a section through this poorly exposed unit was observed along the track leading SE from "Netley Gap". On airphotos the Saddleworth Formation is characterised by low relief but displays a strong dark/light banding which presumably reflects lithological variation.

3.3.3 Mintaro Shale (Pl)

The Mintaro Shale is the uppermost stratigraphic unit within the Wadnaminga Anticlinorium and comprises a sequence of flaggy siltstone, dolomite, quartzite and schist. The sequence is best developed along the N margin of the

Wadnaminga Anticlinorium; on airphotos it has a banded appearance caused by alternation of pale-toned, quite prominent ridges and low-lying soft bands supporting thick saltbush vegetation.

3.3.4 Crush Breccias (Pcb)

Three sub-circular areas of low country and anomalous thick saltbush vegetation occur within the Wadnaminga Anticlinorium. Two of these correspond to crush breccia zones of possible diapiric origin which are shown on the Olary 1:250,000 scale geological sheet. These occurrences were not visited in the field.

3.4 ANABAMA GRANITE (Og)

The Anabama Granite forms an elongate ENE trending body 9km in width which is bounded to the N and S by mylonitised? equivalents of the Fualco Tillite. The granite has undergone deep weathering since Tertiary times and is now almost completely covered by Quaternary regolith (Morris, 1981), with the exception of resistant greisens and late stage small porphyry and quartz bodies. On airphotos it appears to be possible to differentiate between 'granitic' colluvial soils developed upon the granite and Quaternary outwash (Qg), although this differentiation is understandably subjective. It is also possible to differentiate sub-circular areas of very pale-toned granitic colluvium (Qgp) which may represent a separate phase of the granite.

Rising from the weathered plain of the Anabama Granite are several prominent inselbergs forming Anabama Hill, Netley Hill and surrounding smaller rises. These are formed largely of resistant greisenised granite with small quartz and porphyry intrusions, and are described in detail by Morris (1981).

The Anabama Granite appears to be surrounded by a thermal aureole. Prominent cordierite porphyroblasts were noted at several localities adjacent to the granite and as far away as Round Hill. These porphyroblasts appear to be posttectonic and are probably superimposed upon the strong mylonitic? fabric of the Fualco Tillite.

3.5 ANABAMA-REDAN FAULT ZONE

The region to the S of the Anabama Granite is characterised by several ENE structural 'panels' which are probably separated by large faults or shears. This region forms part of the Anabama-Redan Fault Zone, described by earlier writers as a major sinistral shear (Preiss, 1987), and which forms a prominent feature upon geophysical data (McIntyre and Wyatt, 1978). Juxtaposition of the early Adelaidean Boucault Volcanics against the Yudnamutana Subgroup in the S part of the study area may possibly suggest normal as well as strike-slip faulting.

Owing to poor outcrop little additional information concerning this part of the study area may be gleaned from aerial photographs.

3.6 QUATERNARY

Three types of regolith have been defined during the course of the photogeological study. In the N part of the study area, remnants of a planation surface which cuts across softer formations of the Yunta Syncline have been observed. Resistant hogback ridges rise above the surface, which is locally mantled by variable thicknesses of regolith, marked by the symbol 'Qs' on the accompanying photogeological map. A system of N-flowing drainages was developed upon the surface; these are presently being captured by S-flowing drainages as the planation surface is progressively destroyed from the S.

In areas where the planation surface has been stripped away, Quaternary regolith includes active alluvium in modern drainage channels (Qa) and widespread Pleistocene gravels, sands and clays adjacent to outcrops (Qg). The latter form low, pale-toned areas characterised by abundant siliceous float, and are correlated with the Pleistocene Pooraka Formation.

4. STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY

From a macroscopic structural point of view, the study area is characterised by ENE trending Delamerian structures which

range from upright in the N to S-verging in the S, and which terminate against the Anabama-Redan Fault Zone. The degree of deformation also increases markedly from N to S; while the Yunta Syncline is a broad, open structure the Wadnaminga Anticlinorium is a partly overturned complex array of isoclinal folds and probable shear zones. This deformation appears to reach a peak along the margins of the Anabama Granite where strong evidence exists for mylonitisation along favoured lithologic horizons (iron formations in the Pualco Tillite). These mylonites appear to dip to the N; geophysical evidence also suggests that the Anabama Granite is a N-dipping slab (Newmont, pers. comm.)

The above constraints have been considered in the drawing up of structural sections through the study area, as depicted in the accompanying diagram (Figure 1). The sections are modified from one which accompanies the 1:250,000 Olary sheet (Forbes, 1989).

From the upper figure it seems likely that an early deformation phase involving N-S compression led to the development of the main ENE trending structures. The section clearly shows the increasing southerly vergence of the structures toward the S, culminating in a large thrust-related shear which later became the site of emplacement of the Anabama Granite.

A subsequent episode of strike-slip deformation (lower figure) is likely to have been responsible for the Anabama-Redan sinistral shear. It is likely that parallel structures to the N were also formed at this time. The emplacement of the Anabama Granite could have been controlled by this wrenching, which may have opened up a space for intrusion analagous to a 'pull-apart' structure.

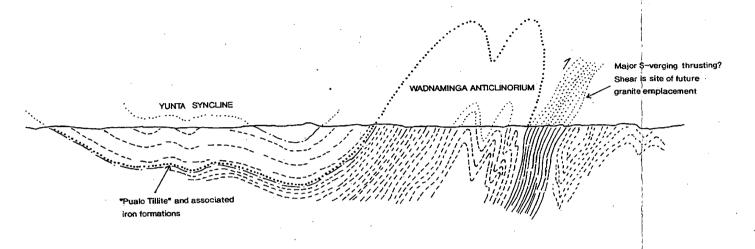
The above scenario is difficult to reconcile with current ideas regarding the tectonic evolution of the Adelaidean province, in which it is generally accepted that local deposition of the Burra Group took place in NW-NNW trending grabens located around the SW margin of the Curnamona craton (Preiss, 1987), which coincided with present synclinal corridors. During the early part of the Delamerian orogeny it is thought that deformation mainly took place along NNW trends; (similarly oriented structures verge W in the Broken Hill area), and that the prominent ENE fold patterns were superimposed during the latter part of the Delamerian Orogeny.

It might however be suspected that movements along the MacDonald Fault to the E of the study area are indicative of SW-verging thrusting rather than normal faults as shown on published maps. This would certainly fit in well with the known sinistral motion on the Anabama-Redan structure, and would suggest that the NNW trends are late rather than early

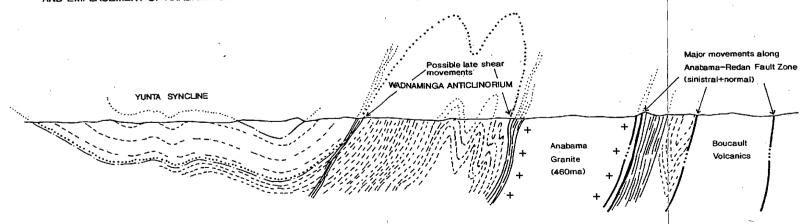
STRUCTURAL EVOLUTION OF THE ANABAMA AREA

Scale 1:250 000

1. EARLY S-VERGING STRUCTURES



2. WRENCHING ON ANABAMA-REDAN FAULT ZONE AND EMPLACEMENT OF ANABAMA GRANITE



Delamerian structures. The true early Delamerian structures are more likely to have been parallel to the aulacogen (ie ENE), and to have involved S-vergent deformation directed toward the margins of the aulacogen.

5. DISCUSSION

From an exploration viewpoint, the most significant finding of the present study relates to the ENE trending belts of mylonitised? iron formation described in the foregoing sections. The inferred development of these belts appears to provide several parallels with the evolution of the BIF hosted Starra Au/Cu deposits in Queensland, which have been summarised by Davidson et al., (1988) as follows:

D1: Regional thrusting with consequent development of a 500m wide mylonite extending W into the syn- or pre-orogenic Gin Creek Granite. Intrusion was accompanied by the development of a high-grade contact metamorphic aureole.

D2: Regional, shallow-plunging, N-trending isoclinal folding, coincident with peak metamorphism and predated by widespread amphibolite intrusion.

D3: Medium-scale sinistral steeply plunging folds generated by strike-slip reactivation on the D1 mylonitic surface, with retrogressive metamorphism.

D4: E-W thrusting and further reactivation of D1 surface

The foregoing appears to offer several parallels with the Anabama region, particularly with regard to the importance of reactivation of an early mylonitic zone. It is therefore suggested that the inferred mylonite zones represent important targets for Starra-type Au-Cu mineralisation.

REFERENCES CITED

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FORBES, B.G., 1989. Olary Sheet SI54-2, 1:250,000 Geological Series. *Geol. Surv. S. Aust*.

McINTYRE, J.I., and WYATT, B.W., 1978. Contributions to the regional geology of the Broken Hill area from geophysical data. BMR J. Aust. geol. geophys., 3, 265-280.

MORRIS, B.S., 1981. Porphyry style Cu-Mo mineralisation at Anabama Hill. S. Aust. Mineral. Resour. Rev., 150, 5-24.

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APPENDIX: LIST OF AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS

1:93,000 scale natural colour aerial photographs acquired by the S.A Lands Department in August, 1982 (80% overlap)

Neg No.	Run No.	Photo Nos.	<u>No Prints</u> .
SVY 2884 SVY 2884 SVY 2884	1 2 3	095-105 016-026 056-065	3 3 3
			9
	·		

APPENDIX III

Stream Sediment Sample Analytical Results





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Mr Cameron Switzer Newmont Australia Limited 2nd Floor, 339 Coronation Drive MILTON QLD 4064

FINAL ANALYSIS REPORT

Your Order No: B 2781

Our Job Number : 1AD0555

Samples received: 25-FEB-1991

Results reported: 05-MAR-1991

No. of samples : 101

Report comprises a cover sheet and pages 1 to 4

This report relates specifically to the samples tested in so far as that the samples as supplied are truly representative of the sample source.

Note:
If you have any enquiries please contact Miss Anne Reed quoting the above job number.

Approved Signatory:

John Waters

Technical Manager - Adelaide

1 2 MAR 1991

Report Codes:

N.A. - Not Analysed.

L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.

I.S. - Insufficent Sample.

Distribution Codes:

CC - Carbon Copy

EM - Electronic Media

MM - Magnetic Media

"RELIABLE ANALYSES AT COMPETITIVE COST"

Job: 1AD0555

ANALYTI	CAL REPOR	e T		0/N:	2781
Sample	Au	Ag	Cu	As	
ABS 001	0.40	<0.02	2.18	40	
ABS 002		<0.02	2.70	<2	
ABS 003		<0.02	1.50	6	
ABS 004		<0.02	2.68	3	
ABS 005		<0.02	4.08	10	
ABS 006		<0.02	2.88	4	
ABS 007		<0.02	1.05	9	
ABS 008	0.60	<0.02	1.85	8	
ABS 009	1.05	<0.02	1.88	18	
ABS 010	1.45	<0.02	2.92	26	
ABS 011	0.85	<0.02	1.02	8	
ABS 012	6.0	0.02	1.45	19	
ABS 013	1.65	0.04	1.55	17	
ABS 014		<0.02	4.02	5	
ABS 015		<0.02	1.92	24	
ABS 016		0.02	2.30	6	
ABS 017	0.95	0.02	2.25	5	
ABS 018		<0.02		7	
ABS 019		<0.02		4	
ABS 020		0.02		.10	
ABS 021		0.02		6	
ABS 022		<0.02		13	
ABS 023		<0.02		12	
ABS 024		<0.02	2.15	11 7	
ABS 025		<0.02	4.22	3	
ABS 026		<0.02 <0.02	1.70 1.70	12	•
ABS 027		<0.02	2.10	11	
ABS 028 ABS 029	0.10	<0.02	2.18	15	
ABS 029	0.10	<0.02	2.20	10	
ABS 031	0.20	<0.02	2.28	6	
ABS 032	<0.05	<0.02	1.65	3	
ABS 033	0.95	<0.02	2.00	5	
ABS 034	0.30	<0.02	1.30	6	
ABS 035		<0.02	1.90	7	•
ABS 036	0.05	<0.02	2.08	19	
ABS 037		<0.02		15	
ABS 038	90	<0.02	1.50	4	
ABS 039	2.6	<0.02	1.95	12	
ABS 040	0.20	<0.02	1.80	7	
ABS 041		<0.02		8	
ABS 042	1.15	<0.02	3.20	12	
ABS 043		0.02		9 < 2	
ABS 044	0.20		1.65	9	
ABS 045	1.25	<0.02	3.45		
Units	ppb			ppm	
DL	0.05			2	
Scheme	BLEG2	BLEG1C	BLEG1C	XRF1	



ANALYTICAL	REPORT			Job: O/N:	1AD055 2781
		_	_		

Sample	Au	Ag	Cu	λs
ABS 046	0.35	0.02	4.6	5
ABS 047	0.25	<0.02	1.9	<2
ABS 048	0.15	<0.02	1.9	2
ABS 049	.0.10	<0.02	1.9	<2
ABS 050	0.05	<0.02	1.2	<2
ABS 051	<0.05	<0.02	1.5	3
ABS 052	0.15	<0.02	1.7	5
ABS 053	0.05	<0.02	1.6	<2
ABS 054	0.05	<0.02	1.1	5
ABS 055	0.10	<0.02	2.4	4
ABS 056	<0.05	<0.02	1.1	<2
ABS 057	0.35	<0.02	2.3	4
ABS 058	7.0	<0.02	2.0	5
ABS 059	0.30	<0.02	1.1	4
ABS 060	0.30	<0.02	2.2	3
ABS 061	0.15	<0.02	1.7	4
ABS 062	0.45	<0.02	1.7	6
ABS 063	0.45	<0.02	3.6	5
ABS 064	0.20	<0.02	2.4	15
ABS 065	0.10	<0.02	3.1	22
ABS 066	0.20	<0.02	2.6	14
ABS 067	1.60	0.02	1.6	9
ABS 068	4.5	<0.02	2.5	22
ABS 069	1.15	<0.02	2.3	15
ABS 070	0.45	<0.02	4.1	5
ABS 071	<0.05	<0.02	<0.1	22
ABS 072	<0.05	<0.02	<0.1	2 4
ABS 073	0.45	<0.02	2.0	<2
ABS 074	<0.05	<0.02	1.1	<2
ABS 075	<0.05	<0.02	2.0	9
ABS 076	0.60	<0.02 0.02	2.0	4
ABS 077	0.40	<0.02	2.2	8
ABS 078	0.30	\0.02	2.2	·
Units	ppb	ppm	ppm	ppm
DL	0.05	0.02	0.1	2
Scheme	BLEG2	BLEG1C	BLEG1C	XRF1





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Mr Roger Langmead Newmont Australia Limited 2nd Floor, 339 Coronation Drive MILTON QLD 4064

ANALYSIS REPORT FINAL

Your Order No: B 1081

Our Job Number

: 1AD0930

Samples received: 02-APR-1991

Results reported: 18-APR-1991

22 No. of samples

Report comprises a cover sheet and pages 1 to 3

This report relates specifically to the samples tested in so far as that the samples as supplied are truly representative of the sample source.

Note:

If you have any enquiries please contact Miss Anne Reed quoting the above job number.

Approved Signatory:

ALMIL

John Waters

Technical Manager - Adelaide

Report Codes:

- Not Analysed.

L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.

- Insufficent Sample. I.S.

Distribution Codes:

Carbon Copy CC

Electronic Media EM

Magnetic Media MM

"RELIABLE ANALYSES AT COMPETITIVE COST"





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Job: 1AD0930
ANALYTICAL REPORT O/N: B 1081

Sample	Au	Cu	Ag	
ABS 038A	0.10	1.42	<0.02	
ABS 038B	0.10	1.32	<0.02	
ABS 038C	0.40	3.88	<0.02	
ABS 038D	0.30	2.45	<0.02	
ABS 038E	0.15	1.45	<0.02	
ABS 038F	0.15	1.55	<0.02	
ABS 038G	0.55	3.02	<0.02	
ABS 038H	0.10	1.82	<0.02	
ABS 038I	0.20	2.45	<0.02	
ABS 038J	0.10	1.98	<0.02	
ABS 038K	1.95	4.58	<0.02	
ABS 038L	0.55	4.25	<0.02_	
ABS 039A	0.20	1.88	<0.02	
ABS 039B	1.65	2.40	<0.02	
ABS 039C	4.0	2.60	<0.02	
ABS 039D	0.35	2.52	<0.02	•
Units	ppb	ppm	ppm	
DL	0.05	0.10	0.02	
Scheme	BLEG2	BLEG1C	BLEG1C	

APPENDIX IV

Rock Chip Sample Analytical Results





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Mr Cameron Switzer Newmont Australia Limited 2nd Floor, 339 Coronation Drive MILTON QLD 4064

ANALYSIS REPORT FINAL

Your Order No: B 2781

Our Job Number

: 1AD0555

Samples received : 25-FEB-1991

Results reported : 05-MAR-1991

No. of samples :

101 -Report comprises a cover sheet and pages 1 to 4

This report relates specifically to the samples tested in so far as that the samples as supplied are truly representative of the sample source.

Note:

If you have any enquiries please contact Miss Anne Reed quoting the above job number.

Approved Signatory:

John Waters

Technical Manager - Adelaide

1 2 MAR 1991

Report Codes:

N.A. - Not Analysed.

L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.

- Insufficent Sample. I.S.

Distribution Codes:

Carbon Copy CC

Electronic Media EM

Magnetic Media MM

"RELIABLE ANALYSES AT COMPETITIVE COST"

Job: 1AD0555

	ANALYTICAL	L REPOR	r		0/N:	2781
Sample	Ag	Pb	Zn	Cu	As	Au
ABR 010	<1	22	19	13	6	<0.01
ABR 011	<1	20	19	55	3	<0.01
ABR 012	2 .	38	40	40	28	0.01
ABR 013	1	25	220	350	10	0.01
ABR 014	<1	8	8	16	<2	<0.01
ABR 015	<1	6	3	12	<2	<0.01
ABR 016	<1	. 8	<2	6	<2	<0.01
ABR 017	. <1	6	4	11	<2	<0.01
ABR 018	<1	8	<2	8	4	0.01
ABR 019	<1	28	30	15	2	<0.01
ABR 020	<1	64	17	70	11	<0.01
ABR 021	<1	6	4	10	<2	<0.01
ABR 022	<1	36	86	76	12	<0.01
ABR 023	<1	26	60	75	12	<0.01
ABR 024	1	14	6	28	52	<0.01
ABR 025	<1	22	17	· 9	<2	<0.01
ABR 026	<1	30	32	35	7	<0.01
ABR 023	<1	15	68	290	11	<0.01
ABR 027	-		-		·	
Units	mqq	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
DL	1	4	2	2	. 2	0.01
Scheme	AAS2	AAS2	AAS2	AAS2	XRF1	FA1





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Mr Cameron Switzer Newmont Australia Limited 2nd Floor, 339 Coronation Drive MILTON QLD 4064

FINAL ANALYSIS REPORT

Your Order No: 16860

Our Job Number : 1AD0616

05-MAR-1991 Samples received:

Results reported: 13-MAR-1991

56 No. of samples

Report comprises a cover sheet and pages 1 to 3

This report relates specifically to the samples tested in so far as that the samples as supplied are truly representative of the sample source.

Sub splits of the following samples were analysed by fire assay to confirm anomolous Au results indicated by cyanide leach. These assays yielded values in the range 15 to 25 ppb, supporting the original results. Samples checked: ABG 005, ABG 015, ABG 017, ABG 020.

Note:

If you have any enquiries please contact Miss Anne Reed quoting the above job number.

Approved Signatory:

John Waters

Technical Manager - Adelaide

Report Codes:

- Not Analysed. N.A.

L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.

I.S. - Insufficent Sample.

Distribution Codes:

Carbon Copy CC

Electronic Media EM

Magnetic Media MM

"RELIABLE ANALYSES AT COMPETITIVE COST"

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Job: 1AD0616 O/N: 16860

Sample	Au Avg	Au A	u Rp1 /	Au SS1	As
ABR 028	<0.01	<0.01		<0.01	5
ABR 029	<0.01	<0.01			4
ABR 030	<0.01	<0.01			<2
ABR 031	<0.01	<0.01			3
ABR 032	<0.01	<0.01			3
ABR 033	<0.01	<0.01			<2
ABR 034	<0.01	<0.01			<2
ABR 035	<0.01	<0.01			4
ABR 036	<0.01	<0.01			4
ABR 037	<0.01	<0.01			46
ABR 038	<0.01	<0.01			3
ABR 039	<0.01	<0.01			350
ABR 040	<0.01	<0.01			<2
ABR 041	<0.01	<0.01			. 28
ABR 042	<0.01	<0.01			3
ABR 043	<0.01	<0.01			. 5
ABR 044	<0.01	<0.01			<2
ABR 045	<0.01	<0.01			<2
ABR 046	<0.01	<0.01	· 		7
ABR 047	<0.01	<0.01			5
ABR 048	<0.01	<0.01		<0.01	<2
ABR 049	<0.01	<0.01	`		3
ABR 050	<0.01	<0.01			<2
ABR 051	<0.01	<0.01			<2
ABR 052	<0.01	<0.01			3
ABR 053	<0.01	<0.01			<2
BGR 010	<0.01	<0.01			3
BGR 011	<0.01	<0.01			<2
BGR 012	<0.01	<0.01			3 2
BGR 013	<0.01	<0.01			3
BGR 014	<0.01	<0.01			<2
BGR 015	<0.01	<0.01			\4
Units	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
DL	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	2
Scheme	FA1	FA1	FA1	FA1	XRF1



A	NALY	TICAL REPORT	ż	ŕ	Job: O/N:	1AD0616 16860
		ś	3	4	2	Æ
Sam	ple	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	<i>1</i> 5
ABR	028	1740	28	13	<1	
ABR	029	580	10	7	<1	
ABR	030	34	<4	6 .	<1	
ABR	031	11	<4	6	<1	
ABR	032	13	<4	14	<1 .	
ABR	033	5	5	2	<1	
ABR	034	2	5	2	<1	
ABR	035	7	5	<2	<1	
ABR	036	17	<4	40	<1	
ABR	037	18	8	2	<1	
ABR	038	10	<4	<2	<1	
ABR	039	145	8	105	<1	
ABR	040	28	135	250	<1	
ABR	041	. 34	4	165	<1	
ABR	0.42	120	6	5	2	
ABR	043	17	. 5	2	<1	
ABR	044	28	<4	2	<1	
ABR	045	25	<4	<2	<1	
	046	17	6	<2	<1	
ABR	047	56	5	2	<1	
	048	54	4	<2	. <1	
ABR	049	32	<4	<2	<1	
ABR	050	90	<4	2	<1	•
	051	17	<4	3	<1	
	052	110	14	6	<1	
	053	40	5	5	<1	
BGR	010	14	10	13	<1	
BGR	011	40	4	25	<1	
BGR	012	10	8	28	<1	
BGR	013	13	6	20	<1	
BGR	014	12	10	22	<1	
BGR	015	. 11	12	4	<1	
11	nits	ppm	ppm	ppm	mqq	
U	DL	2	4	. 2	1	
Sc	heme	AAS2	AAS2	AAS2	AAS2	





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Mr Roger Langmead Newmont Australia Limited 2nd Floor, 339 Coronation Drive MILTON QLD 4064

FINAL ANALYSIS REPORT

Your Order No: B 1081

Our Job Number : 1AD0930

Samples received: 02-APR-1991

Results reported: 18-APR-1991

No. of samples : 22

Report comprises a cover sheet and pages 1 to 3

This report relates specifically to the samples tested in so far as that the samples as supplied are truly representative of the sample source.

Note:
If you have any enquiries please contact Miss Anne Reed quoting the above job number.

Approved Signatory:

JANAL

John Waters

Technical Manager - Adelaide

Report Codes:

N.A. - Not Analysed.

L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.

I.S. - Insufficent Sample.

Distribution Codes:

CC - Carbon Copy

EM - Electronic Media

MM - Magnetic Media

"RELIABLE ANALYSES AT COMPETITIVE COST"





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Job: 1AD0930 O/N: B 1081

ANALYTICAL REPORT				U	/N: D 1	081	
Sample	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	As	Bi	Sb
ABR 038F	25	28	36	<1	<1	5	<2
ABR 038G	15	20	15	<1	5	6	<2
ABR 038I	20	34	22	<1	4	<2	<2
ABR 038J	15	10	10	<1	2	6	<2
ABR 039A	22	20	195	<1	3	<2	. <2
ABR 039C	10	12	13	. <1	5	<2	<2
Units	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
DL	2	4	2	1	1	2	2
Scheme	AAS2	AAS2	AAS2	AAS2	XRF1L	XRF1L	XRF1L





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Job: 1AD0930

O/N: B 1081

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Sample	Au Avg	λu	Au Rp1	Au SS1
ABR 038F	<0.01	<0.01		<0.01
ABR 038G	<0.01	<0.01		
ABR 038I	<0.01	<0.01		
ABR 038J	<0.01	<0.01		
ABR 039A	<0.01	<0.01		
ABR 039C	<0.01	<0.01		
Units	ppm	ppm	mqq	mqq
DL	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Scheme	FA1	FA1	FA1	FA1

APPENDIX V

Soil Sample Analytical Results





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Mr Cameron Switzer Newmont Australia Limited 2nd Floor, 339 Coronation Drive MILTON QLD 4064

REPORT ANALYSIS FINAL

Your Order No: 16860

Our Job Number

: 1AD0616

Samples received:

05-MAR-1991

Results reported: 13-MAR-1991

56 No. of samples

Report comprises a cover sheet and pages 1 to 3

This report relates specifically to the samples tested in so far as that the samples as supplied are truly representative of the sample source.

Sub splits of the following samples were analysed by fire assay to confirm anomolous Au results indicated by cyanide leach. These assays yielded values in the range 15 to 25 ppb, supporting the original results. Samples checked: ABG 005, ABG 015, ABG 017, ABG 020.

Note:

If you have any enquiries please contact Miss Anne Reed quoting the above job number.

Approved Signatory:

John Waters

Technical Manager - Adelaide

Report Codes:

- Not Analysed.

L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.

- Insufficent Sample. I.S.

Distribution Codes:

Carbon Copy CC

Electronic Media EM

Magnetic Media MM

"RELIABLE ANALYSES AT COMPETITIVE COST"

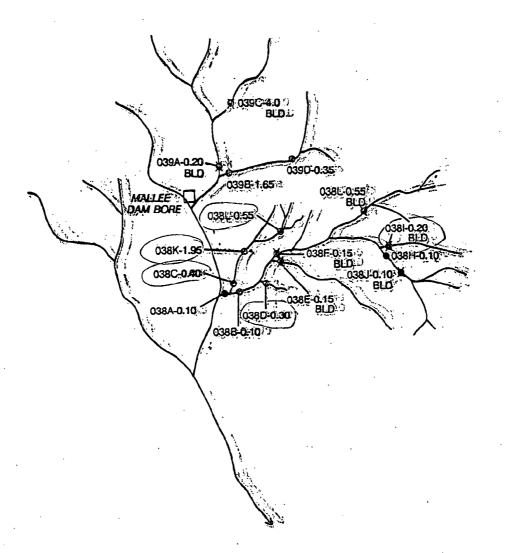
Job: 1AD0616 O/N: 16860

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Sample	Au	λg	Cu	
ABG 001	1.00	0.02	0.85	
ABG 002	0.65	<0.02	1.00	
ABG 003	1.65	<0.02	1.02	Bley Sirl
ABG 004	1.05	<0.02	0.96	
ABG 005	4.0	0.02	1.14	•
ABG 006	1.50	<0.02	0.92	
ABG 007	0.60	<0.02	0.70	
ABG 008	0.40	<0.02	1.04	
ABG 009	1.45	<0.02	1.68	
ABG 010	0.80	<0.02	1.12	
ABG 011	1.15	<0.02	1.80	
ABG 012	0.85	<0.02	0.94	•
ABG 013	1.05	<0.02	1.25	•
ABG 014	1.65	<0.02	1.40	
ABG 015	11	0.02	1.65	•
ABG 016	4.3	<0.02	1.78	•
ABG 017	6.5	<0.02	1.44	
ABG 018	1.60	<0.02	1.18	
ABG 019	1.80	<0.02	3.12	
ABG 020	5.5	0.02	1.60	
ABG 021	1.60	<0.02	1.40	
ABG 022	1.50	<0.02	1.84	
ABG 023	1.60	<0.02	1.90	·
ABG 024	1.15	0.02	1.40	
Units	ggg	mqq	ppm 0.10	
DL	0.05	0.02		
Scheme	BLEG2	BLEG1C	DEEGIC	



32°45'S



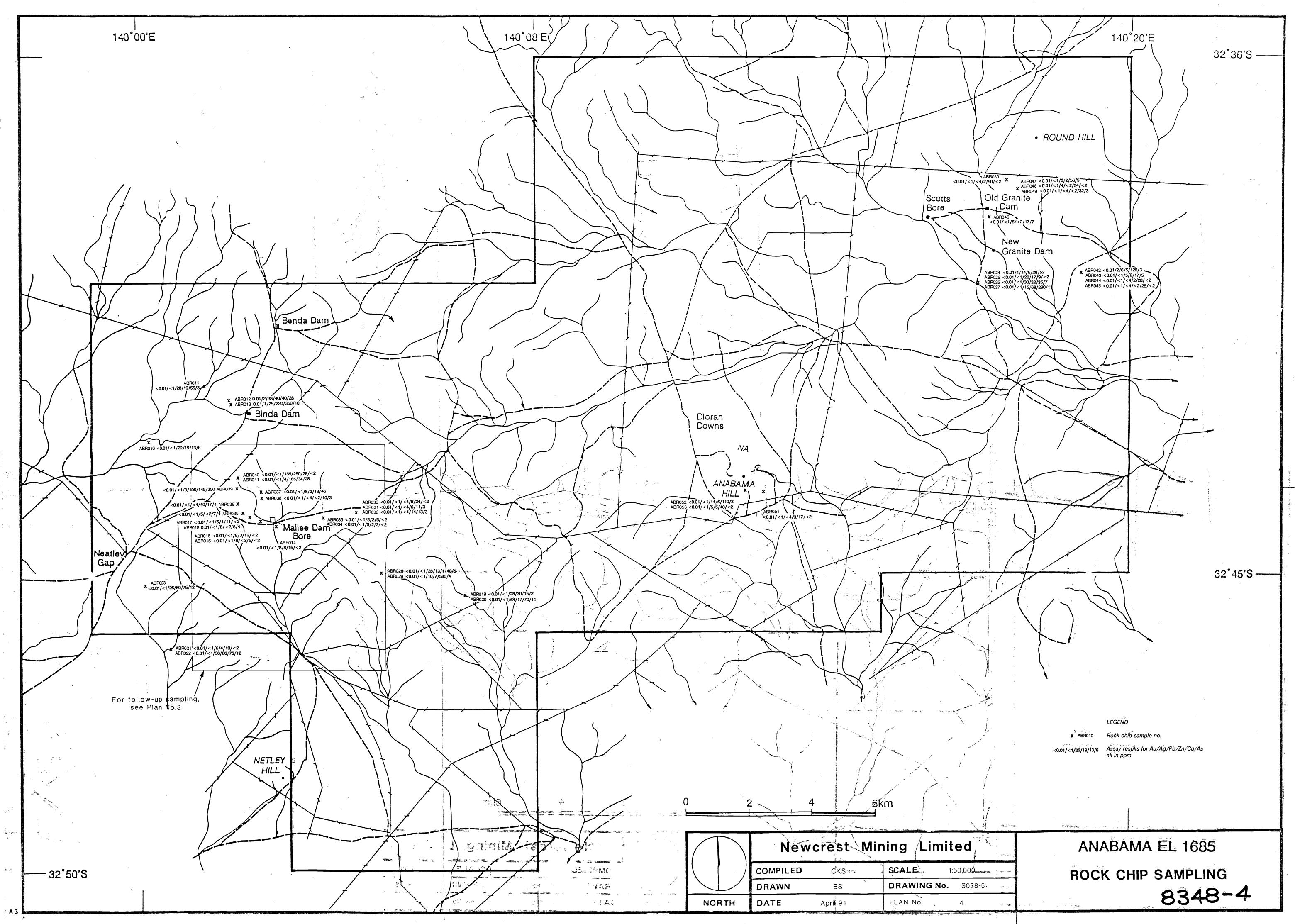
e ABS 039 A 010 . BLEG Sample Location Au (in ppb)

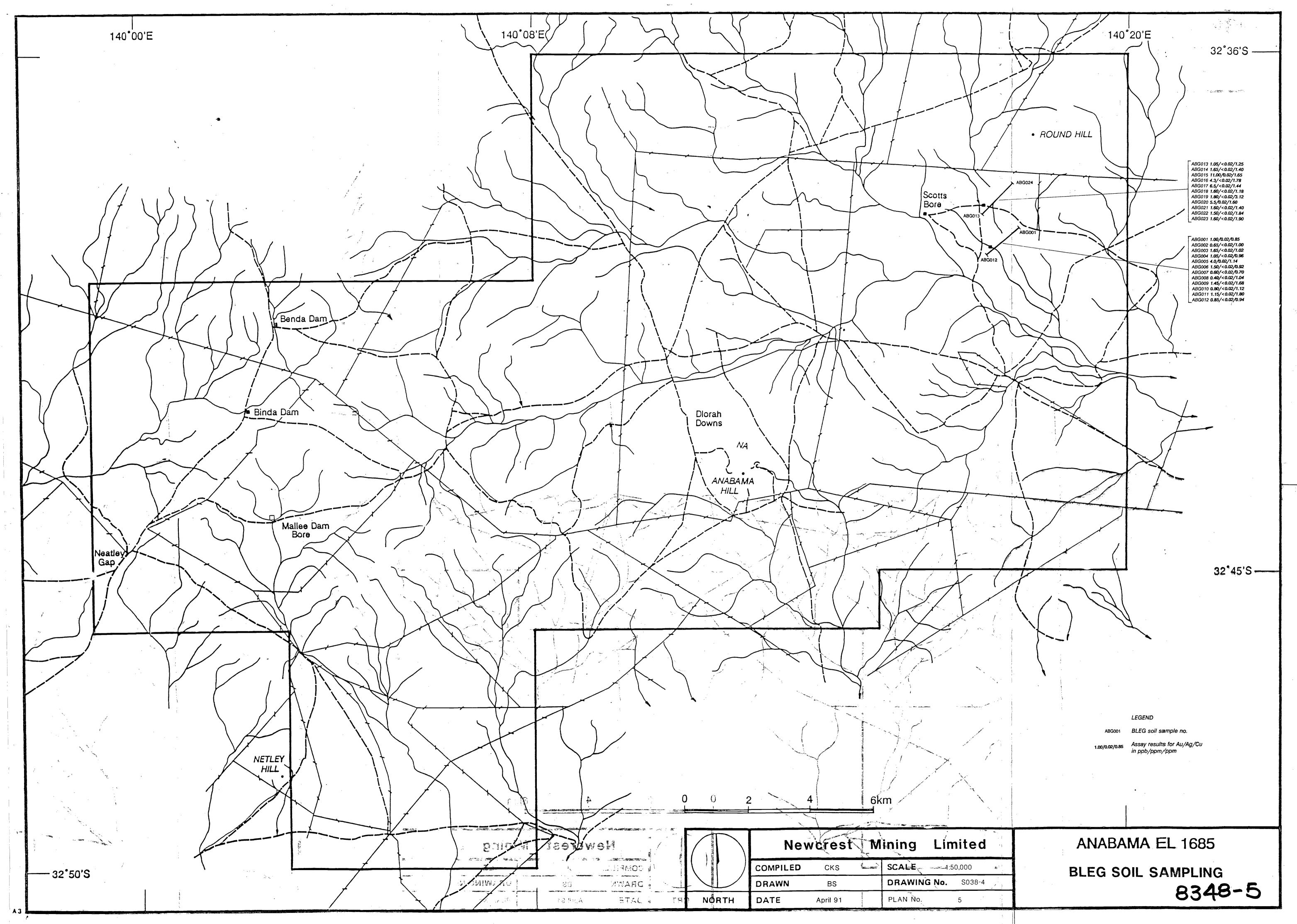
0 1 2 km

See Plan No. 5 for Location.

	NEWCREST	INING LIMITED
	COMPICED RPL	SCALE 1:50,000
\	DRAWNO MEC	ORAWING No. SO38-7
NOBTH	DATE JUNE 1991	PLANINO. 3

EL 1685 - ANABAMA
Follow-Up Stream Sediment &
Rock Chip Sample Locations
& Results





NEWCREST MINING LIMITED

Exploration Licence 1685

"Analyama"

Third Quarterly Report for the Period
12 May 1991 to 11 August 1991

Grant D. McEwen September 1991

Distribution:

Newcrest Mining Limited, Brisbane (2)
Newcrest Mining Limited, Melbourne (1)
South Australian Department of Mines and Energy (1 bound, 1 unbound)

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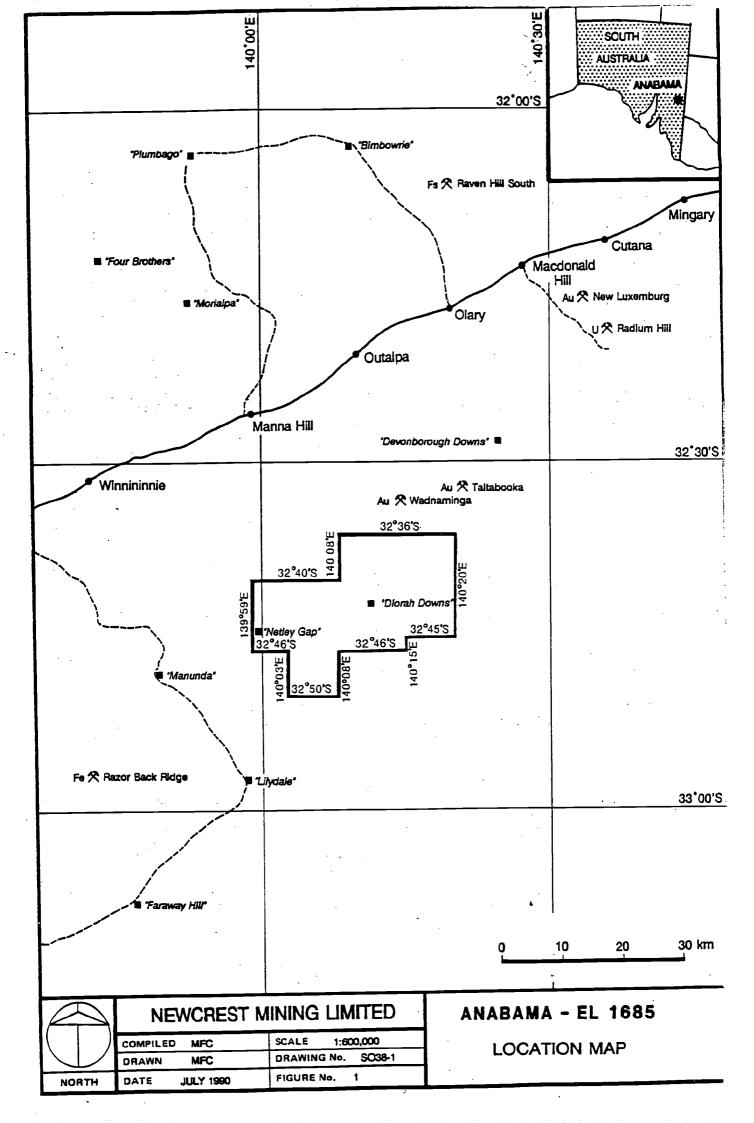
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SUMMARY

Exploration Licence 1685 "Anabama" was granted to Newmont Australia Limited for a term of one year as from 12 November 1990. Newmont changed its company name to Newcrest Mining Limited after merging with BHP Gold Mines Limited, completed in February 1991.

Limited follow-up investigation of stream sediment and photogeological anomalies located in the Mallee Dam Bore area of the western portion of the tenement has failed to locate any evidence for significant gold/base metal mineralisation.

Follow-up field investigation of a further two weak gold/base metal anomalous areas has yet to be completed.



1. INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence (EL) 1685 "Anabama" was granted to Newmont Australia Limited on 12 November 1990 for a period of one year. Following a merger with BHP Gold Mines Limited, completed in February 1991, Newmont changed its name to Newcrest Mining Limited, effective from 19 April 1991. The location of EL 1685 is shown in Figure 1.

Exploration work completed during this, the third quarterly reporting period, comprised geological field investigation of photogeological anomalies along with limited rock chip sampling.

Expenditure for the three month period was \$8,344, a breakdown of which is given in Appendix I.

2. REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The Anabama Exploration Licence occupies an area covering folded and faulted rocks of the Burra Group and Umberatana Group. Minor diapiric bodies of Callana Group have also been observed in the region. Intruding this sequence are the granitic bodies of the Anabama Granite.

The Burra Group consists of green-grey calcareous siltstones with minor carbonaceous and cherty interbeds. Minor arkosic sandstones and dolomites have also been observed.

The Umberatana Group consists essentially of olive green siltstone with interbedded sandstone, conglomerate and diamictite, dark grey banded siltstone and ferruginous siltstone and massive greywacke tillite with minor siltstone, dolomite, quartzite and tillitic iron formation facies.

Greisen bearing granitoids of the Anabama Granite intrude the area along with numerous polyphase basic to acidic dykes.

Structurally, the area has been mildly deformed during the Delamarian Orogeny with typical basin and dome folding in the sediments. Large north-east trending shear zones appear to have had a major control on the emplacement of the granitoids and related greisen systems.

A review of the photogeological study completed by Australian Photogeological Consultants (APC), indicates that two small sub-circular areas of low country occur directly to the north of the Mallee Dam Bore stream sediment gold anomalous zone (see previous Quarterly Report). APC interpreted these as being crush breccia zones of possible diapiric origin, although the occurrences were not visually confirmed in the field (Plate 1).

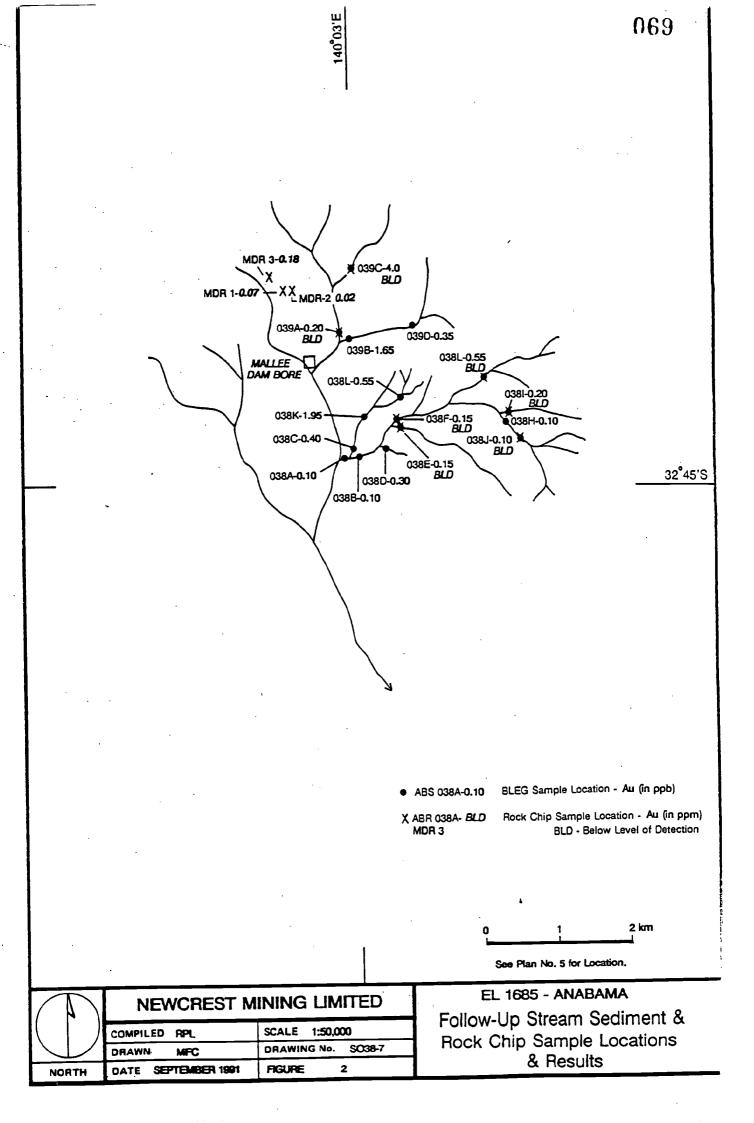
During this reporting period Newcrest geologists located both of the occurrences described in the APC report. However, they appear to be related more to regional structures than intrusive bodies.

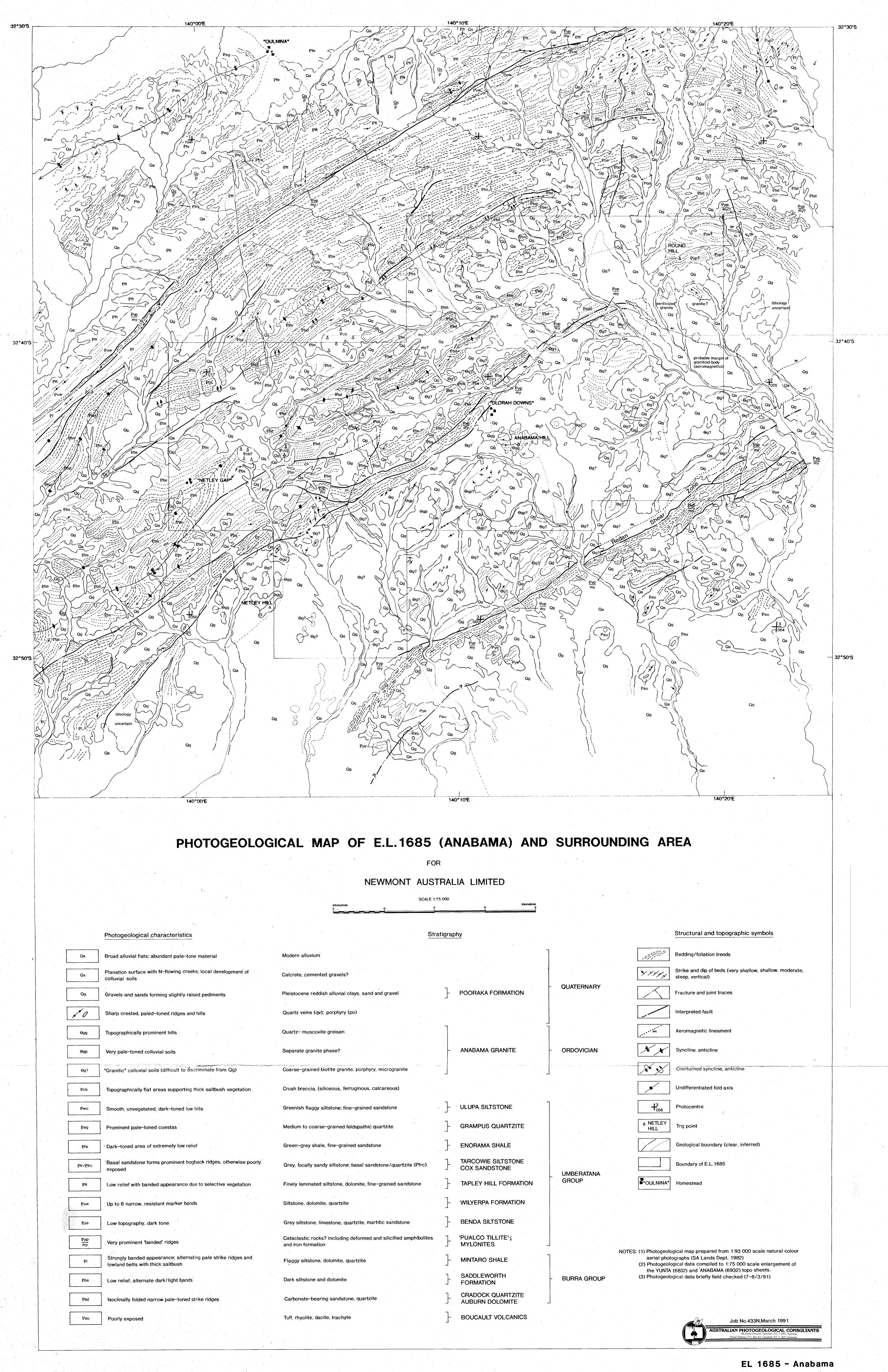
Three rock chip samples were collected from the area traversed, north of the Mallee Dam Bore. All samples were analysed for Au (Fire), As, Sb, Bi (XRF), Cu, Pb, Zn and Ag (AAS) by Classic Laboratories, Adelaide. Sample ledgers and certificates of analysis are included in Appendix II and locations are shown on Figure 2.

Samples MDR-1 and MDR-2 were of silicified limestone/dolomite (jasperoid), located off the southern margin of the photogeological anomalies. Sample number MRD-3 was an iron-rich skarniferous rock collected from a shallow prospecting pit located adjacent to samples 1 and 2. Weakly anomalous results for Au (0.18 ppm) and Zn (720 ppm) were returned from sample number MDR-3 only.

All stream sediment and photogeological anomalies within the Mallee Dam Bore area have now been followed up, with no further encouraging results being returned.

4





4. RECOMMENDATIONS

Although exploration to date has failed to delineate any significant zones of mineralisation, further work may be warranted to investigate low order anomalies in the following areas:

- Follow-up weak stream sediment gold anomalies located in the northern tenement area.
- Rock chip sampling within the vicinity of Round Hill, where previous exploration has located several outcropping areas of quartz veining and sericite alteration along the margins of the Anabama Granite.

A detailed aeromagnetic interpretation of the soil covered northern portion of the tenement is still recommended to target possible covered alteration systems and favourable structural settings.

5. REFERENCES

- Australian Photogeological Consultants, 1991: Photogeological Investigation of the Anabama Area (EL 1685), South Australia. Newcrest Mining Limited Internal Report.
- McEwen, G.D., 1991: Exploration Licence 1685 "Anabama", Second Quarterly Report for the Period 12 February 1991 to 11 May 1991. Newcrest Mining Limited.

APPENDIX I

Expenditure Statement for the Period 12 May 1991 to 11 August 1991

Exploration Licence 1685 "Anabama"

Expenditure Statement for the Period 12 May 1991 to 11 August 1991

EXPENDITURE TYPE	\$.
Salaries	2,853
Wages	189
Overheads	2,232
Office Rentals and Rates	40
Travel and Accommodation	654
Motor Vehicles	186
Freight	441
Administration	43
Communications	8
Assaying	80
Supplies	67
Exploration Office Expenditure	1,505
Field Living	46
TOTAL	\$8,344

APPENDIX II

Rock Chip Sample Ledgers and Certificates of Analysis

EL 1685 "ANABAMA"
Follow-up Rock Chip Sampling

SAMPLE NO	DATE	MAPREF-250	COMMENTS	AU-PPM	AS-PPM	CU-PPM	PB-PPM	ZN-PPM	AG-PPM
MDR-1	June 1991	Olary	Silicified Limestone/Dolomite (Jasperoid)	0.07	2	20	<4	56	<1
MDR-2	June 1991	Olary	Silicified Limestone/Dolomite (Jasperoid)	0.02	<1	45	<4	34	<1
MDR-3	June 1991	Olary	Shallow pit. Iron-rich Skarn?	0.18	6	38	<4	720	<1

Page 1 of 1





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Mr Roger Langmead Newcrest Australia Ltd 2nd Floor, 339 Coronation Drive MILTON QLD 4064

ANALYSIS

Your Order No: B 3367

Our Job Number

: 1AD1592

Samples received:

04-JUN-1991

Results reported: 14-JUN-1991

13 No. of samples

Report comprises a cover sheet and pages 1 to 2

This report relates specifically to the samples tested in so far as that the samples as supplied are truly representative of the sample source.

Please note detection limit for Sample MGR 4 may be elevated due to mineralisation.

Note:

If you have any enquiries please contact Miss Anne Reed quoting the above job number.

Approved Signatory:

John Waters

Technical Manager - Adelaide

Report Codes:

Distribution Codes:

- Not Analysed. N.A.

Carbon Copy CC

L.N.R. - Listed But Not Received.

Electronic Media EM

- Insufficent Sample.

Magnetic Media

"RELIABLE ANALYSES AT COMPETITIVE COST"

MM

Job: 1AD1592

			ANAL	YTICAL	REPORT			1	O/N: B 3	3367
Sample	•	1	u Avg	Уп	Au Rp1.	Au	SS1	λs	Sb	Bi
MDR 1	L		0.07	0.08	0.07			2	2	<2
MDR 2			0.02	0.02				<1	<2	2
MDR 3			0.18	0.15	0.21			6_	<2_	<2
PDR 1	_		<0.01	<0.01				<1	<2	<2
PDR 2	2		0.01	0.01				. 2	<2	<2
PDR 3	3	-	0.01	0.01				18	2	<2
PDR 4			0.01	0.01				74	<2	<2
MGR 1		_	0.02	0.02				<1	<2	3
MGR 2	2	V	0.01	0.01				4	3	4
MGR 3	_		0.04	0.04	0.03			58	<2	7
MGR 4			<0.01	<0.01				96	<2	<2
MGR 5			<0.01	<0.01				2	<2	<2
MGR 6			0.01	0.01				4	2	<2
Units	s	-	ppm	ppm	ngq ı		ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
DI			0.01	0.01	0.01		0.01	1	2	2
Scheme			FA1	FA1	FA1		FA1	XRF1L	XRF1L	XRF1L

ANALY	rical Repor	T		Job: O/N:	1AD1592 B 3367
Sample	Cu	Pb	Zn	Ag	
(MDR 1	20	<4	. 56	<1	
MDR 2	45	<4	34	<1	
MDR 3	38	<4	720	<1_	
PDR 1	34	<4	28	<1	
PDR 2	9	<4	22	<1	
PDR 3	13	<4	710	<1	
PDR 4	38	<4	32	<1	
MGR 1	9	12	. 11	1	
MGR 2	160	100	165	<1	
MGR 3	100	150	1400	<1	
MGR 4	14	12	44	<1	
MGR 5	92	16	58	<1	
MGR 6	160	150	1550	<1	
Hore o	190				
Units	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	
DL	2	4	2	1	
Scheme	AAS2	AAS2	AAS2	AAS2	

NEWCREST MINING LIMITED

Exploration Licence 1685 Anabama
Final and Surrender Report
for the Period
12 November 1990 to 11 November 1991

Grant D. McEwen BRISBANE

December 1991

Distribution:

Newcrest Mining Ltd, Brisbane (1)
Newcrest Mining Ltd, Melbourne (1)
S.A. Department of Mines and Energy (1)

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5	Soil Sample Locations and Results	1:50,000

SUMMARY

Exploration Licence 1685 Anabama was granted to Newmont Australia Limited for a term of one year as from 12 November 1990. Newmont changed its company name to Newcrest Mining Limited after merging with BHP Gold Limited, effective from February 1991.

Reconnaissance stream sediment sampling outlined an area of low-level gold/base metal anomalism in the western portion of the tenement. Follow-up field investigation of drainage and photogeological anomalies located in the Mallee Bore/Benda Dam area failed to upgrade the original sampling results and no evidence of significant alteration or mineralisation was located.

No further work has been completed and Newcrest applied for full relinquishment on 22 October 1991.

1. INTRODUCTION

Exploration Licence (EL) 1685 Anabama was granted to Newmont Australia Limited on 12 November 1990 for a period of one year. Following a merger with BHP Gold Limited, completed in February 1991, Newmont changed its name to Newcrest Mining Limited, effective from 19 April 1991. The tenement is located approximately 20 km southeast of Manna Hill, with access gained along numerous unsealed station tracks.

Exploration work completed by Newcrest Mining Limited during this tenure comprised:

- Landowner study.
- Photogeological interpretation.
- Purchasing and re-processing of low level aeromagnetic data.
- Regional reconnaissance stream sediment sampling and rock chip sampling.
- Limited grid-based soil sampling.
- Follow-up stream sediment and rock chip sampling.

No exploration work was completed during the fourth quarter, from 12 August to 11 November 1991.

Expenditure for the period 12 August to 11 November 1991 was \$1,494. Total expenditure for the tenure period 12 November 1990 to 11 November 1991 was \$59,902.

2. REGIONAL GEOLOGY

EL 1685 Anabama occupies an area covering folded and faulted rocks of the Burra Group and Umberatana Group. Minor diapiric bodies of Callana Group have also been observed in the region. Intruding this sequence are the granitic bodies of the Anabama Granite.

The Burra Group consists of green-grey calcareous siltstones with minor carbonaceous and cherty interbeds. Minor arkosic sandstones and dolomites have also been observed.

The Umberatana Group consists essentially of olive green siltstone with interbedded sandstone, conglomerate and diamictite, dark grey banded siltstone and ferruginous siltstone and massive greywacke tillite with minor siltstone, dolomite, quartzite and tillitic iron formation facies.

Greisen bearing granitoids of the Anabama Granite intrude the area along with numerous polyphase basic to acidic dykes.

Structurally, the area has been mildly deformed during the Delamarian Orogeny with typical basin and dome folding in the sediments. Large northeast trending shear zones appear to have had a major control on the emplacement of the granitoids and related greisen systems.

3. SUMMARY OF WORK COMPLETED

3.1 Photogeological Interpretation

Forty-two (42) 1:80,000 scale colour air photos were purchased covering the tenement area. Using these, a photogeological study was conducted by Australian Photogeological Consultants, Canberra. Interpretation of results outlined extensive new structural information, including the existence of large bedding-parallel thrusts, subsequent sinistral wrenching and later rotational folds. A detailed report covering the work completed was submitted as part of the Second Quarterly Report for this tenement and a copy of the photogeological interpretation is included as Plan 1 of this report.

3.2 Landowner Study

A landowner study covering the tenement area was completed by Adelaide-based company Maloney Field Services. A total of five landholders were identified and notified of Newcrest's intent to carry out exploration ground work within the area.

3.3 Geophysics

Regional low-level aeromagnetics data was purchased from the SADME open-file library in Adelaide and reprocessed using Newcrest computer image processing facilities in Brisbane. A plot of the magnetic contours is included as Plan 2.

3.4 Stream Sediment Sampling

Seventy-eight (78) stream sediment samples were collected to complete first-pass reconnaissance coverage of the tenement area. Nineteen of these samples returned +1.0 ppb gold results when analysed, with a highest value returned of 90 ppb Au. Sampling outlined two anomalous drainage areas, at Mallee Bore/Benda Dam and along the northwestern tenement boundary. Sample locations and results are shown on Plan 3.

Sixteen (16) follow-up samples were collected within the Mallee Bore/Benda Dam area, the locations of which are shown on Plan. Four of these samples returned elevated gold results, with a highest recorded value of 4.0 ppb Au. All other elements analysed for failed to return any significant results. Sample locations and results are shown on Figure 2.

3.5 Rock Chip Sampling

Forty-four (44) rock chip samples were collected in conjunction with the regional stream sediment sampling work and were submitted for multi-element analyses using Fire Assay, AAS and XRF methods. Sample locations and results are shown on Plan 4.

Elevated copper, lead and zinc values (to 1,740 ppm, 135 ppm and 250 ppm respectively) were returned from samples collected within the Mallee Bore/Benda Dam area. Gold results were uniformly low.

Six (6) further rock chip samples were collected during field investigation of anomalous drainage areas, all of which failed to return any significant results. Sample locations and results are shown on Figure 2.

3.6 Soil Sampling

Two soil sampling lines were completed across a soil covered magnetic feature outlined from the reprocessed aeromagnetic data. A total of twenty-four (24) samples were collected at 100 m intervals along the 1 km spaced lines. Sample locations and results are shown on Plan 5.

Most samples returned values in the 1.0-2.0 ppb gold range, with a best of 11 ppb Au, but this is thought to reflect elevated background from the transported overburden prevalent within this portion of the tenement.

4. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Regional reconnaissance level exploration covering the tenement area has failed to produce significant gold/base metal results requiring further investigation. Subsequently, Newcrest has applied for full relinquishment, as of 22 October 1991.

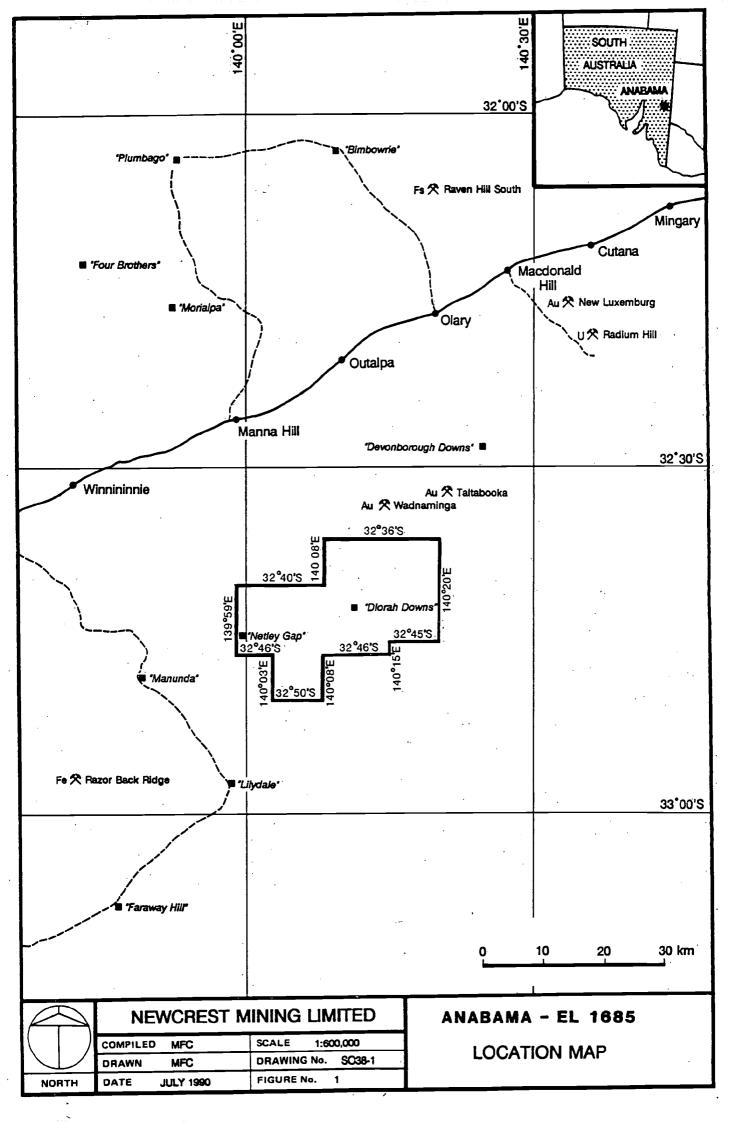
5. EXPENDITURE

Expenditure for period 12 August to 11 November 1991 on EL 1685 Anabama

Expenditure Type	\$
Salaries Overheads	854 640
Total	\$1,494

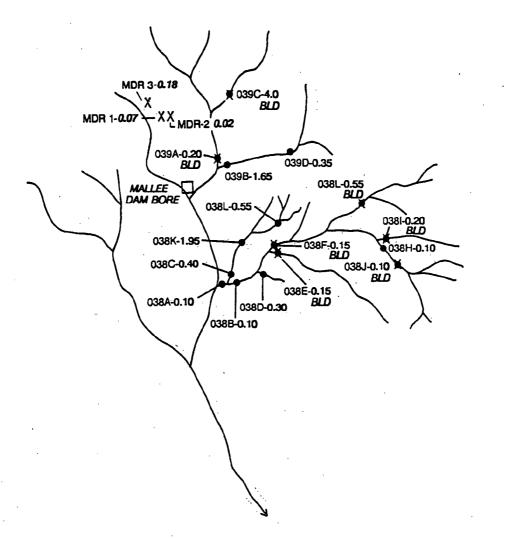
Expenditure Details for the Period 12 November 1990 to 11 November 1991 (life of tenement).

Expenditure Type	\$
Salaries	12,637
Wages	3,971
Overheads	11,676
Travel and Accommodation	3,833
Freight	536
Administration	367
Photo Interpretation	13,880
Supplies	1,444
Office Rentals and Rates	61
Vehicles	337
Assaying	3,696
Exploration Office	7,137
Field Living	319
Communications	8
Total	\$59,902





32°45'S



ABS 038A-0.10 BLEG Sample Location - Au (in ppb)

X ABR 038A- BLD Rock Chip Sample Location - Au (in ppm)
MDR 3 BLD - Below Level of Detection

0 1 2 km

See Plan No. 5 for Location.

	NEWCREST MINING LIMITED				
	COMPILED RPL	SCALE 1:50,000			
	DRAWN MIFC	DRAWING No. SO38-7			
NORTH	DATE SEPTEMBER 1991	FIGURE 2			

EL 1685 - ANABAMA

Follow-Up Stream Sediment & Rock Chip Sample Locations & Results

