## DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND ENERGY SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Rept.Bk.No. 79/38

A SUMMARY OF GEOPHYSICAL EXPLORATION OF THE EASTERN AND WESTERN OFFICER BASINS IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA 1954 TO 1978

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

By-

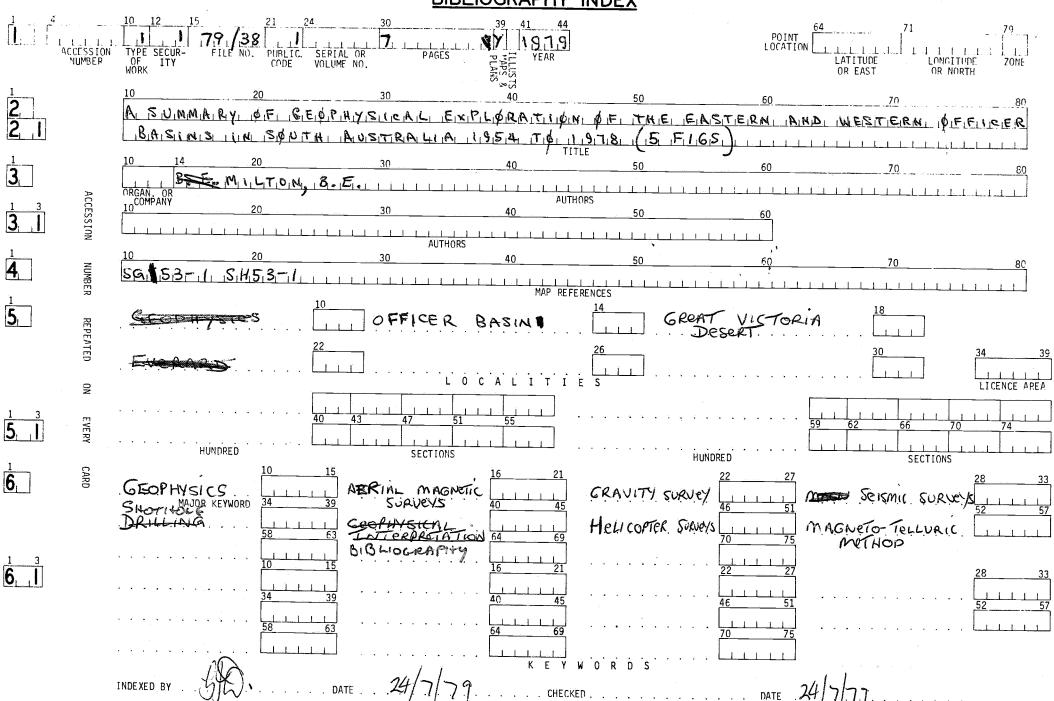
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### DEPARTMENT OF MINES - SOUTH AUSTRALIA

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# DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND ENERGY SOUTH AUSTRALIA

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A SUMMARY OF
GEOPHYSICAL EXPLORATION OF THE EASTERN AND
WESTERN OFFICER BASINS IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA
1954 TO 1978

### **ABSTRACT**

This report is a chronological record of geophysical surveys carried out in the Eastern and Western Officer Basins in South Australia from 1954 to 1978. It contains references to all known works related to the geophysical surveys in the region.

### SUMMARY OF GEOPHYSICAL SURVEYS

Most of the Officer Basin in South Australia is blanketed by Recent sands which form the seif dunes of the Great Victoria Desert, and only limited outcrops of basin sediments and older rocks are exposed. As a consequence, exploration of the basins has been primarily geophysical, and in fact their existence was first established by an aeromagnetic survey flown by the Bureau of Mineral Resources in 1954 and confirmed by a single ground traverse of gravity and magnetic observations conducted by the South Australian Department of Mines A further reconnaissance type survey was carried in 1960. out for the licence holders of O.E.L. 28 in 1962 by a contract seismic crew along the limited tracks existing at that time. Interpretation of these data again indicated the presence of an east-west trending basin with a considerable thickness of in-filling sediments.

During 1964 and 1965, an aeromagnetic survey was flown with flight lines oriented north-south in groups of three

with 2.4 km between lines and 16 km between groups. Contours of interpreted depths to magnetic basement showed for the first time the general shape of the basins, their basement configuration and, within the limits of resolution of the survey, the presence of internal structures. Maximum depth estimates of up to 4 500 m were derived.

In 1965 and 1966, a seismic survey was undertaken in the Western Officer Basin and one well, Birksgate No. 1, was drilled on a seismic target.

Also in 1966, a combined seismic and gravity survey was carried out by the South Australia Department of Mines over a north-south line extending north from Emu, with the intention of checking sedimentary thickness and investigating an apparent magnetic feature, the Munyarai structure, in the Eastern Officer Basin. In general, an interpreted basement reflector coincided closely with magnetic basement and a reversal of dip was observed over the supposed structure. A detailed seismic survey employing the weight dropping technique was then undertaken in 1967 over the Munyarai structure, and a well, Munyarai No. 1, drilled on the seismically defined target.

During 1968 helicopter gravity surveys were conducted in the east of the area on a 6.4 km grid to determine the boundary between the Arckaringa Basin and the Eastern Officer Basin.

These results helped to establish the southeastern margin of the latter basin. In 1970, a further helicopter gravity survey was carried out over the eastern sector of the Eastern Officer Basin with a background coverage of stations on a 7.2 km grid and more closely spaced stations at intervals of .8 and 1.2 km on lines 3.6 km apart. A number of anomalies were detected and interpreted as originating from a variety of structural features within the basin. In the same year, a reconnaissance

gravity survey was undertaken by the Bureau of Mineral Resources over a large part of the basins on a 7 km grid.

Two lines of seismic data were obtained in 1972 over the eastern end of the Eastern Officer Basin extending into the northwestern Arckaringa Basin. Part of the terms of reference of the survey was to test the existence of the bounding fault interpreted from 1968 gravity results and determine its location and size, if applicable.

In 1972, 1973 and 1974, seismic and gravity traverses were established by the South Australian Department of Mines over part of the northern margin of the Eastern Officer Basin and tied to the Munyarai well in the central part of the basin. A long north-south section was also shot almost completely traversing the basin about 60 km east of the 1966 line. A continuous line source was used and results over much of the survey area were fair to good. The maximum thickness of sediments estimated from the seismic data is between 8 500 and 10 000 m. In late 1974, a detailed seismic survey over the Munyarai structure was carried out for the licence holder of P.E.L. 12 also using a continuous line source, with fair to good data resulting.

A number of sites were occupied in 1976 on the northern margin of the Eastern Officer Basin at which magneto-telluric observations were made and which revealed information on changes in sub-surface porosity of the basin sediments, and on the postulated overthrust from the north.

Finally, in 1978 the semi-detailed helicopter gravity work was extended further to the east. This was followed by a similar extension of seismic investigations, together with a re-shoot of an early line south of the Everard Ranges over the overthrust in the hope of obtaining a better quality section.

Gravity values were also read at the levelled seismic stations.

The location of the above surveys is shown on drawings 78-270 and 78-277 (EVERARD and GILES 1:250 000 sheet areas - Seismic shot point locations plans); 78-327 (Exploration Licence boundaries and Seismic line locations); 78-333 (Magnetic surveys) and 78-339 (Gravity surveys), and references are appended. Some references on surveys marginal to the basin to the east and southeast are included.

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