DEPARTMENT OF MINES SOUTH AUSTRALIA

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY ENGINEERING DIVISION

DRILLING AND COMPLETION REPORT LITTLE PARA RIVER DEEP OBSERVATION WELLS

Client: E. & W.S. Department

by

O.J.W. Bowering GEOLOGIST

Rept.Bk.No. 77/125 G.S. No. 5944 D.M. No. 296/76 Eng. No. 77/46

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77-681

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ABSTRACT

Three observation wells have been completed in the Port Willunga Formation 'A' for the Water Resources Branch of the Engineering and Water Supply Department.

These wells are located in the vicinity of the Little Para River to monitor the response of the aquifer to controlled releases of water from the Little Para Dam.

INTRODUCTION

Surface water which flows in the Little Para River plays an important role in recharge to the aquifers of the Northern Adelaide Plains. These aquifers are the prime source of groundwater for the irrigation of vegetables, fruit trees and other horticultural and viticultural practices.

The construction of the Little Para Dam will bring to a halt the natural flows of the river. Recharge to the aquifers is to be achieved by means of controlled releases of water from the dam to the river.

A number of observation wells in the vicinity of the Little Para River have been requested by the Water Resources Branch of the E. & W.S. Department to monitor the effectiveness of the controlled programme of recharge to the aquifer systems to maintain a suitable supply of groundwater for irrigation purposes. This report presents the data obtained from three observation wells completed within Aquifer A.

SUMMARY OF WELL DETAILS

The three wells have been assigned temporary numbers LPR1, LPR2 and LPR3 respectively. The well details are summarised in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1

•	LPR1	LPR2	LPR3	
_				
Hundred	Yatala	Munno Para	Munno Para	
Section	858	4028	3120	
Drilled Depth	175 m	137 m	125 m	
Final Depth	156 m	.118 m	125 m	
Casing Diameter	76 mm	76 mm	76 mm	
Cemented Casing	136-surf.	99-surf.	102-surf.	
Slotted interval	136-150 m	99-106 m	102-108 m	
Static Water Leve	el 12 m	5 m	29 m	

Drilling commenced on 14th June, 1977 and was completed on 13th July, 1977. The wells were drilled with the Mayhew 1000 RD2 rotary drilling plant. The well sketches are shown in Appendix C.

GEOPHYSICAL LOGGING

The geophysical logging details are given below in Table 2.

TABLE 2

LPR1	·	LPR2		LPR3		
SP	(0-174 m)	SP	(0-138 m)	SP	(0-122 m)	
Point resistivity	(0-174 m)	Laterolog	(0-138 m)	Point resistivity	(0-122 m)	
Gamma Ray	(1-175 m)	Gamma Ray	(0-138 m)	Gamma Ray	(0-123 m)	
Neutron	(1-175 m)	Neutron	(0-138 m)	Neutron	(0-123 m)	
Density	(0-175 m)	Density	(0-138 m)	Density	(0-125 m)	
		Resistivity	(0-138 m)			

STRATIGRAPHY

Formation intervals have been selected with the aid of wireline geophysical logs and drill cuttings and are shown in Table 3 below.

Formation	LPR1	LPR2	LPR3
Hindmarsh Clay	Surface	Surface	Surface
Carisbrooke Sand	68-116 m	53-84 m	44-99 m
Dry Creek Sand	116-146 m	84-101 m	99-118 m
Port Willunga Fm."A"	146-156 m	101-120 m	118 m
Munno Para Clay	156-160 m	120-125 m	
Port Willunga Fm. "B"	. 160 m	125 m	

Possible shallow aquifers within the Hindmarsh Clay and Carisbrooke Sand have been indicated by the occurrence of sand and gravel in the drill cuttings and by the geophysical logs, and are tabulated below in Table 4.

	TABLE 4	
LPR1	LPR2	LPR3
68 - 73	30 - 36	14 - 17
76 - 88	55 - 76	38 - 42
		50 - 99

Drill sample descriptions are contained in Appendix

A. The composite log for LPR1 and the geophysical logs
for LPR2 and LPR3 are contained in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A

DRILL SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

DRILL SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

- (m) LPR1
- 0 6 CLAY: brown silty, soft and plastic
- 6 42 CLAY: mottled brown and pale grey, soft and plastic, slightly sandy and silty with approximately 5% medium to coarse quartz sand.
- 42 68 CLAY: mottled red-brown and pale grey, soft and plastic, silty and sandy throughout with sand content ranging from 10 to 30%. Generally firmer than above. Occasional thin gravelly beds.
- 68 74 CLAY: as above, with abundant coarse sand; becoming gravelly in part with quartz grains up to 4 mm in size.
- 74 76 CLAY: as for 42 to 68 m
- 76 88 SANDY CLAY: mottled red-brown and grey, firm with up to 40% medium to coarse, poorly sorted quartz sand. Occasional quartz and lithic fragments of gravel size.
- 88 96 SAND: fine to coarse grained, poorly sorted, angular to well rounded. Some gravel size material of clear to white quartz and lithic fragments up to 5 mm in diameter. Abundant clay matrix material.
- 96 -102 SANDY CLAY: Khaki brown, mottled with pale brown, and pale grey, firm. Contains approximately 30% fine to coarse grained, poorly sorted quartz.
- 102-106 CLAYEY SAND: buff coloured, firm and stiff, essentially as above but containing 50-60% fine to coarse grained, poorly sorted quartz.
- 106-116 CLAY: mottled dark grey to black and pink-brown, soft and plastic, slightly marly, weakly calcareous. 30-40% fine, well sorted quartz sand.

- 116-122 CLAY: essentially as above, marly, occasional bryozoal fragments.
- 122-128 CALCARENITE: medium brown, clayey and marly, grading in part to calcisiltite, abundant fine to medium grained, angular quartz; rare glauconite.
- 128-146 CALCARENITE: Yellow to yellow brown, common well cemented fragments; abundant fine to medium, moderately sorted, subangular to subrounded quartz, with common well rounded coarse grains.

 Abundant shell fragments and bryozoa sticks.
- 146-156 CALCARENITE: essentially as above but becoming finer grained, more silty and softer.
- 156-160 CLAY: dark grey, soft and plastic, silty, glauconitic.
- 160-175 LIMESTONE: pale grey to buff, abundant fine to coarse, angular to subrounded quartz, shell fragments and bryozoa. Common medium grey, marly material.

END OF HOLE175 m

LPR2

- 0 6 CLAY: medium brown, silty and sandy, soft.
- 6 30 CLAY: mottled medium brown and pale grey, silty and sandy throughout, firm to soft.

 Contains approximately 5-20% quartz.
- 30 36 GRAVEL: medium brown, clayey; quartz and lithic fragments up to 3 mm in size with abundant medium to coarse, moderately sorted quartz sand.
- 38 46 CLAY: red brown, mottled with pale grey, soft and plastic. Contains abundant (up to 50%) well rounded coarse grained quartz sand and gravel.
- 46 52 CLAY: red brown mottled with pale grey, slightly sandy and silty, firm and stiff.
- 52 76 CLAYEY SAND: pale to medium brown, soft and puggy. Dominantly fine to medium, subangular to subrounded, moderately sorted quartz sand with common coarse well rounded grains.
- 76 84 CLAY: dark grey to black, soft and plastic, some pale brown mottling, silty and sandy with approximately 30% fine to medium quartz sand.
- 84 94 CALCISILTITE: dark grey-green, soft and puggy, containing common bryozoal and shell fragments, rare glauconitic and abundant fine to medium grained, subangular to subrounded, moderately sorted quartz sand and common well rounded, coarse quartz grains. Grading in part to calcarenite.
- 94 -101 CALCISILTITE: essentially as above but more argillaceous and less sandy.
- 101-120 CALCARENITE: medium grey, dirty and marly,

fine to coarse grained, poorly sorted quartz sand with abundant bryozoal and shell fragments.

- 120-124 CLAY: dark grey, moderately firm, silty, rare traces of glauconite.
- 124-138 LIMESTONE: pale to medium grey, marly in part, commonly silty, abundant fine to medium and coarse, poorly sorted quartz sand, shell and bryozoa fragments.

 END OF HOLE 138 m

LPR3

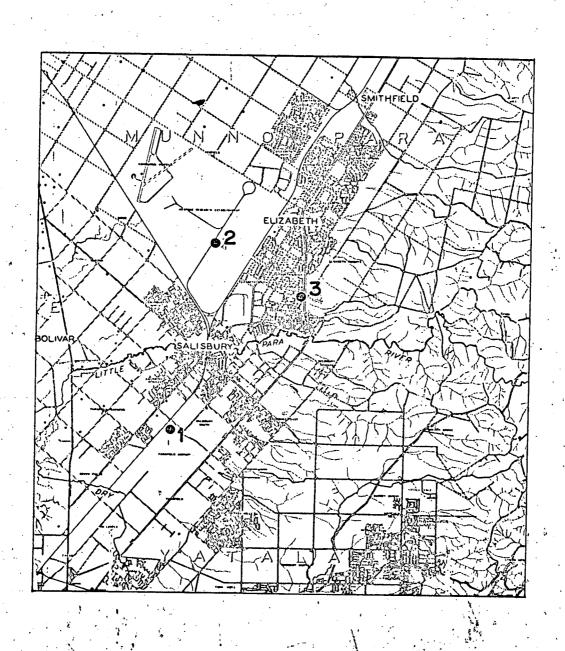
- 0 6 CLAY: red brown, silty, sandy with abundant coarse grained quartz.
- 6 14 CLAY: red-brown, stiff and firm, silty
- 14 16 GRAVEL: yellow-brown mottled with grey, clayey, consists of angular whitish quartz and lithic fragments up to 5 mm. Some medium to coarse moderately rounded quartz sand.
- 16 28 CLAY: mottled brown and grey, sandy and silty with common coarse grained quartz, occasional gravel fragments. Generally soft and plastic.
- 28 36 CLAY: mottled brown and pale grey, firm and stiff, silty and sandy.
- 36 40 CLAY: as above, more sandy with common fine to medium grained quartz.
- 40 44 CLAY: mottled, firm and stiff, silty, less sandy.
- 44 50 GRAVEL: medium brown, clayey; consists of angular to subangular quartz sand and lithic fragments with abundant coarse grained sand
- 50 66 CLAY: mottled, generally soft and plastic, containing abundant sand and gravel.
- 66 84 CLAY: mottled red-brown and grey, firm and stiff, sandy with dominantly medium grained and occasionally coarse grained quartz.
- 84 98 CLAY: mottled pink-brown and cream, soft and plastic, silty and sandy, containing up to 50% fine to very fine sand.
- 98 -106 SILTSTONE: dark grey to black, partly mottled with pale brown argillaceous material, generally soft and puggy, argillaceous, lignitic. Contains abundant fine to medium grained well sorted sand

and common subrounded to rounded coarse grained quartz and lithic material.

- 106-114 CALCISILTITE: dark grey, soft and puggy, sandy with common coarse grained quartz, bryozoal and shell fragments.
- 114-124 CALCARENITE: pale to medium grey, marly; contains approximately 40-50% fine to coarse grained, poorly sorted, subangular to subrounded quartz.

 Abundant bryozoal and shell fragments.

 END OF HOLE 125 m

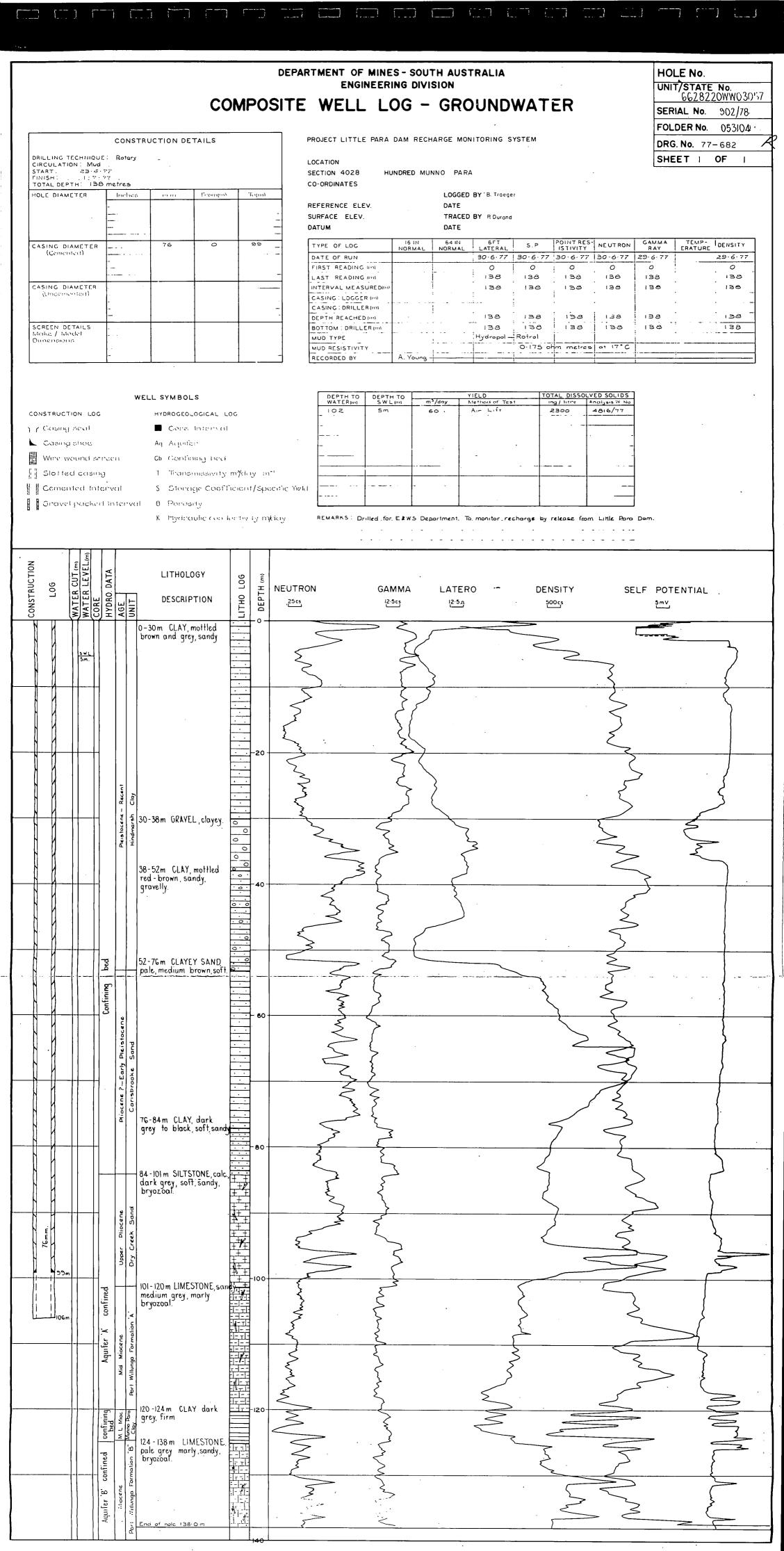


KILOMETRES 10

F19.1

	DEPARTMENT OF MINES - SOUTH AUSTRALIA SCALE 1/25000
COMPILED: O.J.W.B.	LITTLE PARA RIVER RECHARGE INVESTIGATION DATE:
DRN: GJ, T CKD.	PLAN NUMBER
	LOCATION OF DRILLHOLES S13043

DEPARTMENT OF MINES - SOUTH AUSTRALIA HOLE No.L.P.R. I **ENGINEERING DIVISION** UNIT/STATE No. 728085805 COMPOSITE WELL LOG - GROUNDWATER SERIAL No. 1068/77 FOLDER No. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS PROJECT LITTLE PARA DAM RECHARGE MONITORING SYSTEM DRG. No. 77 - 683 DRILLING TECHNIQUE: .Botary_ _ _ _ SHEET OF LOCATION PARAFIELD AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH CENTRE SECTION 858 HUNDRED YATALA TOTAL DEPTH: _175.m CO-ORDINATES HOLE DIAMETER To(m) from(m) Inches LOGGED BY J. Bowering 127 .0 156 REFERENCE ELEV. DATE SURFACE ELEV. TRACED BY P. Durand DATUM DATE 16 IN NORMAL 64 III NORMAL POINT RES- NEUTRON GAMMA RAY TEMP-0 CASING DIAMETER 136 TYPE OF LOG SP (Cemented) DATE OF RUN 20.6.77 20.6.77 20.6.77 20.6.77 FIRST READING (m) 0 0 LAST READING (m) 174 175 174 175 CASING DIAMETER (Undemented) INTERVAL MEASUREDO 174 174 174 174 CASING LOGGER (m) CASING : DRILLER (m) DEPTH REACHED 174 174 175 175 SCREEN DETAILS Make / Model 149.0 BOTTOM : DRILLER (m) 175 175 175 175 MUD TYPE Bentonite with Hydropol and Rotrol Dimensions MUD RESISTIVITY 0.76 SLM |0.76 SLM |0.76 SLM |0.76 SLM R. Turner R Turner RECORDED BY TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS YIELD WELL SYMBOLS DEPTH TO WATER(m) DEPTH TO SWL (m) m /doy mg / litre Analysis W No 156 12 350 . Air Lift 1467 4650/77 CONSTRUCTION LOG HYDROGEOLOGICAL LOG γ Casing scal Core interval Casing shoe Aq Aquiter Wine wound screen · Cb Continuing bed I Transmissivity myday mi Slotted casing Comented Interval S Storage Coefficient/Specific Yield Gravel packed Interval 0 Parasity K. Hydraulic conductor by mydiay. REMARKS Drilled for EawS Department. To monitor recharge by releases from Little Poral Dam CONSTRUCTION DATA CUT LITHOLOGY SELF POTENTIAL POINT RESISTIVITY DEPTH (**GAMMA** NEUTRON HYDRO. LITHO DESCRIPTION 12-5 millivolts 50 counts 50 counts 0-6m, Clay brown, silty, soft and plastic. 6-42m. Clay: mottled red-brown and pale grey, boft and plastic, bilty and slightly sandy, containing approximately 5% of medium to coarse quartz sand. -20 RECEN 68-74 m. Clay: as above with abundant coarse sand becoming gravelly in part. 74-76m Clay: as for 42m
-68m.
76-88m. SANDY CLAY:
motiled red-brown and
grey, firm with up to 40%
medium to coorse quartz
sand. Occasional gravel
fragments O 88-96m SAND: fine to coarse grained, poorly sorted, angular to well rounded some gravel sized material of clear to white quarte and within fragments. Argillaceous. 102-106 m. CLAYEY SAND: buff coloured; essentially as above but with 50-60% fine to coarse quartz.
106-116 m. CLAY: mottled dark grey to block and pink brown, soft and plastic, mark, weakly colcareous, 30-40% fine sand. 116-122m Clay essentially as above, marly occasional bryozoal fragments. 122-128 m, CALCARENITE medium brown, clayey and marly, grading to calci -siltite; abundant fine to medium angular quartz. Rare glauconite 128 - 146m. CALCARENITE: yellow to yellow brown. Common well cemented fragments; abundant fine to medium quartz with common well rounded coarse grains. Abundant shell fragments and bryozoa sticks. PLIOCENE T5m DVC camenica from 136 m - 0 m Slotica from 136 m - 149:8# I 146-156m. CALCARENITE
as above becoming finer
Sarained more sity and
softer. 156-160m, CLAY: dark grey soft and plastic, silty Pluggzal back to (56 m. 160 ileo-175 m. LIMESTONE
pole grey to buff:
di abundant fine to coarse.
ongular to rounded quartz
shell fragments and bryozo
Common medium grey
marty material. MIOCENE Œ Aquiter



DEPARTMENT OF MINES - SOUTH AUSTRALIA ENGINEERING DIVISION

COMPOSITE WELL LOG - GROUNDWATER

HOLE No. L.P.R. 3 UNIT/STATE No. 6628220WW03093

SERIAL No. 303/78

FOLDER No. 053105 DRG. No. 77-681

SHEET

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS DRILLING TECHNIQUE: Rotary ______
CIRCULATION: __Mud _____
START: _\$:7:7:7: _____
FINISH: _\$:7:17: _____
TOTAL DEPTH: _125:5 m ____ HOLE DIAMETER From(m) To(m) Inches m.m CASING DIAMETER (Cemented) 10.2 CASING DIAMETER

PROJECT LITTLE PARA DAM RECHARGE MONITORING SYSTEM-LOCATION HUNDRED MUNNO PARA SECTION 3121

LOGGED BY REFERENCE ELEV. DATE

CO-ORDINATES

SURFACE ELEV. TRACED BY P. Durand

TYPE OF LOG	16 IN. NORMAL	64 IN NORMAL	6FT. LATERAL	S.P.	POINT RES-	NEUTRON	GAMMA RAY	TEMP- ERATURE	DENSITY
DATE OF RUN				8 . 7 . 77	8.7.77	8-7-77	8.7.77		8.7.77
FIRST READING (m)				0	0	0	0		0
LAST READING (m)				122	122	125	123		125.5
INTERVAL MEASUREDIM				122	122	123	123		125.5
CASING : LOGGER (m)									
CASING : DRILLER (m)		•							
DEPTH REACHED (m)				123	123	123	123	ĺ	125.5
BOTTOM : DRILLER (m)				125.5	125.5	125.5	125.5		125.5
MUD TYPE		Super	Gel-						
MUD RESISTIVITY	10 oh	m-metres at	18°C						1
RECORDED BY	B. Traegar -			-				<u> </u>	

TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS

WELL SYMBOLS

CONSTRUCTION LOG

SCREEN DETAILS Make / Model Dimensions

HYDROGEOLOGICAL LOG

↑ Casing seal L Casing shoe Core Interval Aq Aquifer

Wire wound screen

Cb Confining bed

| | Slotted casing Cemented Interval

S Storage Coefficient/Specific Yielu

Gravel packed Interval 8 Porosity

K. Hydraulic conductivity myddy

T Transmissivity myday m"

DEPTH TO DEPTH TO WATERIM SWL(m)			YIELD	TOTAL DISS	TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS		
		m³/dey	Method of Test	mg./ litre	Analysis W Na.		
102	2.9	100 '	Air Lift	2970	4017/77		
	_						
				-	- 		
					 		
							
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		

REMARKS Drilled for ERWS. Department._Ta_manitor_rechange_by_release_from_Little_Rara_Dom. CONSTRUCTION DATA LITHOLOGY **NEUTRON** DENSITY POINT RESISTIVITY-SELF POTENTIAL **GAMMA** HYDRO. AGE UNIT DESCRIPTION CORE 2005 4 m.V. 4cs_ 0-14m CLAY, red-brown silty to sandy 14-16m GRAVEL, clayey 16-28m CLAY mottled, red - brown, soft. 28-44m CLAY mottled red - brown, firm 44-50m GRAVEL, medium Strown, clayey. 50-84m CLAY mottled red-brown, soft gravelly Confining 84-98m CLAY, mottled, pink-brown and cream. 98-106m SILTSTONE, dark grey to black, soft, lignitic. 106-114 m SILTSTONE, calcareous, dark grey, soft, bryozoal. 114-124m LIMESTONE, sandy, pale to medium grey; marly.