DEPARTMENT OF MINES SOUTH AUSTRALIA

• 5.A. Tallways •

by

P.J. MUSS GROLOGIST NON METALLIC MINERALS SECTION

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INTRODUCTION PROVIOUS REPORT		
TOPOGRAPHY, GROUDEY DIAMOND DRILLING		
SUMMARY, CONCLUSIONS		3
Diamond drill hole logs, Nd. Moule,	Section	25

66-1024	Eunkar Deposit, Section 25, Md. Moule. Geological Plan.	1 inch = 100
66-1025	Geological Cross Sections.	I inch = 100 feet (horiz.)
		l inch = 12 feet (vert.)

Nept. M. No. 64/23 G.S. 3633 N.M. 375/64

DEPARTMENT OF HIMES SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Rept. Bk. No. 64/23 G.S. 3633 D.N. 375/64

THE OWNER OF THE POSTS

Section 25. No. Noule

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ABSTRACT

Diamond drilling has confirmed the presence of a further 110,000 cubic yds. of hard compact kunkar limestone suitable for rail ballest. Overburden amounts to 50,000 cubic yds.

Eumkar suitable for rail ballast is being won from Section 25, Nd. Moule by Quarry Industries Ltd. To date 100,000 cubic yds. have been supplied for the Kevin-Ceduna railway.

The S.A. Railways Dept. require an additional 100,000 cubic yds. of ballast for Ceduma-Pt. Lincoln railway line reconstruction.

A geological investigation, including a plane table survey and diamond drilling conducted by Shackleton and Robinson (1964) indicated reserves of hard kunkar to be 300,000 cubic yds. over an area of 1200ft. x 1600ft.

During September, 1966, a stadia survey was made by surveyor S. Wills and the author to define the present working faces.

Diamond drilling took place from 27th October, 1966 to let November, 1966, to confirm the required 100,000 cubic yds. of rock. Drilling results are appended.

As the hard kunker has already proved satisfactory as ballast, further laboratory testing was considered unwarranted.

VICES REPORT

SHACKLETON, W.G. and ROBINSON W.B. "Exploration for Kunkar
Ballast." Dept. Mines, unpublished report No. 59/59.
September, 1964.

TOPOGRAPHY, GROLAGY

The site surveyed covers an area of approximately to acres; it is flat-lying and cleared of vegetation. Roughly one third of the area previously tested has been quarried.

A thin veneer of red sandy soil obscures much of the underlying kunkar, but there are small irregular rock outcrops

At the quarry faces three distinct kunkar layers may be observed as follows:-

- ... hard compact kunkar with numerous small black nodules.
- ... hard compact concretionary kunkar, but without the black nodules. Concretions pale rod-brown and up to
- soft percus sandy limestone.

Each layer is from 2 to 3 feet thick. The top two layers have proved suitable for rail ballast.

Six vertical diamond drill holes to test the thickness and quality of the limestone were drilled during the period

27th October, 1966, to let November, 1966. A total of 69ft.6ins.

Overall core recovery was poor because of the unconsolidated or lessely consolidated nature of the sandy layers directly above and below the kunkar. Recovery within the limestone layer was reasonable.

The drill holes penetrated kunkar similar in pature and thickness to that observed in the quarry faces.

PERSONAL STREET

Within the larger shaded area shown on plan 66-1024 and extending easterly from the quarry, there are 110,000 cubic yds. of limestone suitable for ballast beneath 50,000 cubic yds. of sandy everburden. The average thickness of limestone suitable for ballast is 4 feet, while that of the everburden is 2 feet.

South of the present quarrying area there is an additional 27,000 cubic yds. of kunkar within the area bounded by drill holes 1, 2, 6, 7. Sandy overburden here amounts to 10,000 cubic yards.

SULLAND CONCLUSIONS

- ... Five diamond drill holes located to the east of the present quarry have confirmed the presence of 110,000 cubic yards of kunker suitable for rail ballast.
- ... A sixth hole, located some 200 yards northerly from the quarry, penetrated only lft.lline. of kunkar.

- In the southwest sector, withinthe area bound by holes 1, 2, 6 and 7, there are 27,000 cubic yds. of kunkar available for quarrying beneath an overburden of 10,000 cubic yes.
- Extension of the workings to the south and to the east of their present limits will permit recovery of rock of similar quality to that currently being won.

D. J. Rus ser Ing.

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Diamond Drill Hold Logs

Section 25, Nd. Nouls

DEPARTMENT OF MARKS AND LAIDS

Froject: Kunkar Limestone, Noule DK. 375/64

Dore No.: 1A Born Serial No. DD. 655/67

Numbred: Moule Section: 25 Pien Reference: 66-1024

Co-ordinates:

Bearing: Depressed | Vertical Driller: N. Kay

Date Drilling commenced: 27.10.1966 Date Drilling Completed: 28.10.66

LOG

		22							
701		3.1		re .					
- W e			A.BB	**					
•	()		7				6	*	Lunkar, concretionary limestone nodules black, { diameter; matrix, sandy, slightly leached.
	7	2					***************************************	**	Aunkar, concretionary limestone, nodules black and pale red-brown up to [" diameter, matrix hard compact but with occasional sandy patches.
2	4	3	4				9	*	*
3			1		.ve		•	*	**
4	-· 1	3	*				1 2	*	*
3		6	*				* *	*	<u>Aunkar</u> , hard compact limestone with pale red-brown concretions.
6	*						2	*	To hard compact limestone with pale red-brown concretions. 12" sandy finely porous lime-
8	6	12	6				\$		Kunkar, sandy finely porous

⁸ Sultable for rail ballast.

Core Necevery Overall 60%

DEPARTMENT OF MARKS, ADELARDS

Project: Kunkar Limestone, Houle DE. 375/64

Bore No.: 24

Numbered: Noulo Section: 25 Plan References 66-1024

Co-ordinates:

Personal Principles No. 100

Date Drilling communed: 30.10.1966 Date Drilling Completed: 30.10.4

LOG

***************************************	0.27			Ç0	20	
23		T		1.000	Vorod	
Fs.	Ins.	78.		75.	ins.	
0			9		*	Lunkar, hard, compact concretionary limestone, nodules, black up to:
1	9	2	3		3 *	Autar, as above.
2	3	3				Number 9° as above.
						2" hard compact concretionary line- stone, but with fewer modules, both black and pale red-brown.
	3	<i>*</i>	•	***************************************	***	inker 12° hard compact concretionary 11mestone with black and red- brown modules.
						10" sandy porous limestons.
3	6	10	•		10	Limetone, sandy porous

^{*} Sultable as rail ballast.

Core Recovery Overall 32

Bore legged by: P.J. Russ

lete: December, 1966

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, ADELAIDE

Project: Lunkar Limestone, Moule	<u> </u>
	Bore Serial No. DD: 661/67
August 25 Noville 25	Plan Reference: 66-1024
Tourist Vertical	Driller N. Lay
Date Drilling commenced: 30.10.1966	30.10.196

LOG

***********		MAN (1970)	************				
	08.2 48						
74.	144	*	74.	las.	74.	100.	
	0	80 War	3	•		*	Number, massive compact concretionary pale brown limestone, Nedules black
							up to a diameter. Occasional solution cavities associated with nodules.
5	0		6	6		6. *	Lunkar, as above.
6	6		7			6	Lunkar, loose Limestone nocules.
7	0		12		* - * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	8	Kunkar, sandy porous limestons.
	٠.		•	• •			Suitable as rail balast

Core Recovery Overall 19%

Bore logged by: P.J. Russ

<u> 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966 - 1966</u>

DEPARTMENT OF NIMES, ASSLAUSE

DIAGOND DELLE LAN

Project: Kunkar Limeatone, Noule W. 375/64

Bore No. 1 4A Bore Serial No. 150, 662/67

Bundred: Noule Section: 25 Plan Reference: 66-1024

Bearing: Depressed: Vertical Driller: N. Nay

Date Drilling commenced: 31.10.1966 Date Drilling Completed: 31.10.1966

LOG

***************************************					re	Scientific	
					Yerei Ins.		
V							Lunker, hard, compact concretionary limestone, concretions black, up to '* diameter; matrix, pale red- brown, occasional solution cavities.
2	8	3				*	Amaz, as above.
3		***************************************				•	Lunes 10 as above but with fever concretions.
2	•	•				*	<u>Lunkar</u> , hard compact concretionary Illustone, concretions few.
Č.	2	1.2	•		3 0		<u>110-17</u> sandy, porous rod-brown Limestone.
							10° soft, friable, sandy lime-

^{*} Suitable as rail ballest.

Core Recovery Cverell 33

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				Ç0.		
0		*				* <u>Lumbar</u> , hard, compact concretionary Limestone; nodules black up to †* diameter; occasional pale red-brow nodules.
2	6	3				August, as above.
3		•	•			<u>Auder</u> , as above, but matrix porous,
	6	***************************************				Ander 2° concretionary limestone, matrix sandy, porous.
• ••						5" compact concretionary Limestone nodules black, and pale red- brown.
***************************************					1.	<u>Luntar</u> , compact, concretionary lime- stone, nadules black, and pale red- brown.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	**			6	Luke eskiy finoly porous list-

^{*} Sultable as roll ballast.

Core Recovery Overell 18

DEPARTMENT OF MINES ADDITION

Project: Kunkar Limestone DM. 375/64

Dore No. 1 6A Dore Serial No. DD: 663/67

Numbred: Noule Section: 25 Plan Reference: 66-1024

Co-ordinates:

Bearing: Depressed: Vertical Driller: N. Kay

Date Drilling commenced 1.11.1966 Date Drilling Completed: 1.11.1966

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				Ç01		
17	row	20		Zecus		
۲۴.	Ln.	74.	Ins.	74.	In.	
	•					Eunkar, hard, compact, concretionary; nodules black up to ;" thick with associated solution cavities. Matrix pale red-brown.
						6° loose medules at 4'6"-5'.
3	•	6			•	<u>lunkar</u> 3° as above.
						9" sandy pale red-brown porous limestone.
. .	0	••	•		2	Lunker 1'3" sandy pale red-brown porous limestone.
						11" soft friable sandy limestone.

^{*} Sultable as rall ballast.

Care Resovery Overall 48%



