

DEPARTMENT OF MINES
SOUTH AUSTRALIA

BRACHINA DOLOMITE DEPOSIT
CENTRAL FLINDERS RANGES
Hundred of Bunyeroo

by

J. G. Olliver
Geologist

and

J. N. Cramsie
Geologist

NON METALLICS SECTION
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

CONTENTS

Abstract
Introduction
Sampling Techniques
Regional Geology
The Dolomite Deposit
Grade of the Dolomite
Reserves
Conclusions

- Appendices I - Geological logs of Sample Traverses
II - Results of Partial Chemical Analyses for
Calcium Carbonate (CaCO_3) and Magnesium
Carbonate (MgCO_3)

<u>Plan No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Scale</u>
64-994	Brachina Limestone and Dolomite Deposits	1 inch = 20 chains
L64-212	Brachina Dolomite Deposit Geological Plan	1 inch = 100 feet
64-1090	Brachina Dolomite Deposit Geological Sections	1 inch = 100 feet

13th January, 1965

Rept. Bk. No. 60/9
G.S. No. 3058
D.M. 1738/63

DEPARTMENT OF MINES
SOUTH AUSTRALIA

BRACHINA DOLOMITE DEPOSIT
CENTRAL FLINDERS RANGES
Hundred of Bunyeroo

ABSTRACT

Mapping and sampling have confirmed high grade dolomite at the base of the Lower Cambrian Wilkawillina Limestone at Brachina Gorge. The dolomite appears chemically suitable for refractory and other industrial purposes with an average grade of 54% CaCO_3 and 40% MgCO_3 . Reserves above outcrop level in the eastern portion of the deposit are estimated at 10 million cubic yards.

INTRODUCTION

Reconnaissance sampling of the Lower Cambrian carbonate rocks near Brachina Gorge in the Central Flinders Ranges during December 1963 proved the existence of high grade limestones and dolomites.

Following appraisal of the assay results a limestone target and a dolomite target were selected for detailed investigation. The limestone deposit is the subject of a separate report (Report Book No. 59-155).

The dolomite deposit, which is situated in rugged terrain adjacent to Brachina Gorge and which extends half a mile south from the Gorge, includes the eastern portions of the original sample traverses G, H and I (see locality plan No. 64-994). Considerable bulldozing would be required to provide access for drilling or quarrying equipment.

The accompanying geological plan No. L 64-212 is based on a stadia theodolite survey by C. Fryters (Surveyor) undertaken from 19th to 28th August, 1964. The authors were assisted in chip sampling by W. Tanner (Field Assistant). Geological logs of the sample traverses are appended (Appendix I).

Chip samples were submitted to Australian Mineral

Development Laboratories for the determination of calcium-carbonate (CaCO_3) and magnesium-carbonate (MgCO_3). These results are tabulated in Appendix II.

The regional geology, location and topography have been described in a previous report - Johns, R.K., 1964, Brachina

Limestone deposits, D.M. 1738/63,

R.B. 58/75 unpublished.

References

Ayres, D.E. (1964): Petrology of the Enorama - Brachina Stratigraphic Section.

A.M.D.L. Rept. MP 1665-63 (unpub.).

Dalgarno, C.R. (in press): Lower Cambrian Stratigraphy of the Flinders Ranges.

Trans. Roy. Soc. S.Aust. vol. 88.

Johns, R.K. (1963): Limestone, Dolomite and Magnesite Resources of South Australia.

Geol. Surv. of S.A. Bull. no. 38.

Olliver, J.G. and Cramsie, J.N. (1964): Brachina Limestone Deposit, Central Flinders Ranges DM 1738/63,

R.B. 59/155 (unpub.).

SAMPLING TECHNIQUES

In the reconnaissance programme, outcrop was sampled along a strike distance of 13 miles (Johns 1964). Samples were collected along the major gullies which drain to the west at right angles to the strike of the beds. Rock outcrop was chipped every 10 feet, and samples were bulked over 200 foot intervals.

During the present investigation, traverses were pegged at 100 foot intervals prior to sampling. All the pegs were accurately located during the stadia survey and are shown on the accompanying plan No. L 64-212. Rock outcrop was chipped every 3 feet and samples were bulked over 50 foot intervals.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

The stratigraphic sequence (Dalgarno in press) south of Brachina Gorge is tabulated below.

Lower Cambrian Series	<u>Billy Creek Formation</u>
	<u>Hawker Group</u>
	Oraparinna Shale
	Bunkers Sandstone
	Wilkawillina Limestone
	Parachilna Formation
Proterozoic	<u>Wilpena Group</u>
	Pound Quartzite

Dalgarno has subdivided the Wilkawillina limestone into two members viz,

Upper Member -- Massive, thick bedded limestones predominantly grey in colour with abundant Archaeocyathae at top.

Lower Member - Flaggy, thinly bedded, oolitic dolomites and banded grey dolomites with minor sandy and shaley interbeds.

The lower dolomitic member of the Wilkawillina limestone was mapped, together with adjoining sections of the overlying limestone member and the underlying Parachilna Formation and Pound Quartzite.

THE DOLOMITE DEPOSIT

The stratigraphic sequence in the area mapped is as follows:

Pound Quartzite

Hard, jointed, white to buff quartzite outcrops in the northeast of the area mapped.

Parachilna Formation

Clays and friable clayey sandstones overlies the Pound Quartzite. This contact is regarded as locally disconformable (Dalgarno in press). The characteristic vertical

worm burrows were observed in argillaceous sandstones which outcrop in the creek bed at the start of Traverse IV. On the accompanying plans and sections this formation has been designated as Proterozoic sands and clays.

The Wilkawillina Limestone

Within the area mapped, this formation consists of high grade dolomite on the eastern side but becomes calcareous to the west.

The dolomite is predominantly mid to dark grey in colour, with zones of fawn, pink, brown, yellow and purple. The individual crystals of dolomite are generally fine grained and oolitic texture is common. Ayres (1964 unpublished) described a sample collected from near the base of the Wilkawillina limestone in Brachina Gorge (sample No. P 794-63) as an oolitic dolomite, with oolites up to 0.32 mm. in diameter. The dolomite is characterised by well developed bedding planes which locally may be wavy.

The limestone zones are generally detected by the absence of bedding planes and a microcrystalline texture.

The banded nature of the dolomite is due to the differential weathering of alternate hard and soft layers. The hard layers which outcrop strongly are thickly bedded. The well developed rectangular jointing is also widely spaced. The softer layers are thinly bedded and often intensely jointed.

Light grey cryptocrystalline chert ranging from 1 inch blebs to lenses 2 feet thick are scattered through the dolomite. Vuggy pink to white quartz has intruded the dolomite both along bedding and joint planes. The largest vein of quartz was observed on the creek bank east of Traverse IV, peg 7. The vein was 60 feet long and 1 foot thick with a strike of 250° and a dip of 85° to the north. The quartz is usually present as swarms of small stringers.

Both the chert and the quartz veins constitute only a small proportion of dolomite bed.

From 0 - 250 feet in Traverse II, the dolomite contains thin interbeds of light grey-green shale. Dolomite is underlain by similar sediments and a 6 inch thick quartzite band exposed in the creek bank. Ripple marks were observed on the quartzite which was traced along a strike distance of 30 feet. Lenses and bands of quartzite up to 1 foot thick are interbedded with the dolomite from 0 to 250 feet in Traverse IV.

The strata strike approximately north-south. The strike varies from 140° to 200° and the dip ranges from 20° to 65° to the west.

GRADE OF THE DOLOMITE

On the accompanying plans and cross sections, the dolomite has been sub-divided into the following grades based on $MgCO_3$ content. All boundaries indicate changes in grade and are not geological boundaries.

	<u>$MgCO_3$(%)</u>
Dolomite	
Grade A	greater than 40
Grade B	35-40
Calcareous Dolomite	22.8-35
Limestone	less than 22.8

The calculated weighted means of traverse intervals showing persistent high grade are tabulated below.

<u>Traverse</u>	<u>Interval (feet)</u>			<u>Calculated Mean (%)</u>		
	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>		<u>$CaCO_3$</u>	<u>$MgCO_3$</u>	<u>Total Carbonate</u>
I	0	450	450	51.5	39.8	91.3
	1350	2150	800	55.0	41.9	96.9
II	300	600	300	51.2	41.2	92.4
	750	1200	450	53.3	41.3	94.6
	300	1200	900	51.2	40.5	91.7
III	0	1350	1350	52.7	41.3	94.0
	1600	2000	400	56.6	40.5	97.1
IV	650	900	250	52.4	42.1	94.5
	1050	1250	200	54.4	40.0	94.4
	1900	2800	900	57.3	40.3	97.6

These averages, which are based on length of traverse and not true thickness, represent only the grade of surface material. Average grade would be increased by considering the

height of stone above outcrop level.

High grade dolomite zones are generally more resistant and therefore form the major north-south ridges, as at

Traverse I	from 1400 to 2100 feet
II	" 750 to 1200 feet
III	" 850 to 1250 feet
IV	" 300 to 400 feet
and "	1900 to 2350 feet

(See accompanying cross sections Plan No. 64-1090). Samples were not collected along Traverse IV from 2000 to 2300 feet as the slope of the ground approximates the dip of the strata.

The weighted mean of the above intervals and the highest grade samples are compared with the theoretical composition of pure dolomite in the following table.

	<u>CaCO₃</u>	<u>MgCO₃</u>	<u>Total Carbonate</u>
Theoretical	54.4	45.6	100.0%
Weighted Mean	53.8	40.9	94.7%
Purest dolomite (Traverse IV at 850- 900 feet)	54.2	43.8	98.0%
Cleanest Sample (Traverse IV at 2750- 2800 feet)	56.4	42.9	99.3%

The most satisfactory dolomites for refractory purposes contain:

not more than	1% SiO ₂
not more than	1.5% Al ₂ O ₃ and Fe ₂ O ₃
and at least	38-40% MgCO ₃

RESERVES

Reserves of dolomite above outcrop level are estimated at 10 million cubic yards. This volume is based on an area from cross section B-B' to E-E' including the following traverse intervals.

Traverse I	from 0 to 450 feet
II	" 0 to 1200 feet
III	" 0 to 1350 feet.

(allowing a 60° batter at the western limit).

Reserves can be increased by quarrying below creek level. Vegetation, in the form of salt bush and trees, is the only overburden.

The maximum true thickness of high grade dolomite (containing more than 35% MgCO_3) is 850 feet as indicated on cross section B-B' (i.e. Traverse III from 0 to 1350 feet).

CONCLUSIONS

Detailed mapping and chip sampling has confirmed the presence of high grade dolomite at the base of the Wilkawillina Limestone.

The dolomite contains a weighted average of 54% CaCO_3 and 40% MgCO_3 and appears to be chemically suitable for metallurgical usage.

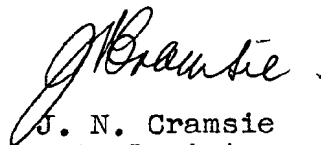
Maximum stratigraphic thickness of the high grade dolomite is 850 feet.

Reserves are estimated at 10 million cubic yards above outcrop level.

Further reserves are available below creek level.

A track would have to be built to provide access before the deposit could be tested by diamond drilling.

J. G. Olliver
Geologist


J. N. Cramsie
Geologist

NON METALLICS SECTION

JGO:AGK
13/1/65

APPENDIX I

GEOLOGICAL LOGS OF SAMPLE TRAVERSES

SAMPLE TRAVERSE I

<u>Interval (feet)</u>		
<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Description</u>
0	350	Light to dark grey finely crystalline dolomite with minor fawn mottling.
350	750	Mid grey finely crystalline dolomite with pink mottling, banded in parts. Limestone from 450 to 500 feet.
750	1050	Pink, fawn and mid to dark grey, micro-crystalline dolomite.
1050	1300	Pink, purple and mid grey finely crystalline limestone with occasional calcite veins.
1300	1600	Mid grey oolitic dolomite.
1600	1850	Mottled fawn and buff finely crystalline dolomite.
1850	2200	Pale grey dolomite with fawn and pink patches.

SAMPLE TRAVERSE II

0	1300	Mid grey oolitic or finely crystalline dolomite with traces of pink, fawn and brown.
1300	1800	Mid to dark/ ^{grey} limestone with bands of brown and fawn dolomite.
1800	1900	Grey medium grained dolomite.
1900	2050	Brown, grey and fawn limestone.
2050	2150	Pink dolomite with white calcite veins.
2150	2300	Grey dolomite with minor fawn and pink patches.
2300	2350	Grey and fawn limestone with pink mottling.
2350	2400	Fawn and grey dolomite.
2400	2500	Pale grey limestone with pink mottling.
2500	2650	Light pink, yellow and brown dolomite.
2650	2900	Fawn, pink and grey microcrystalline limestone.

SAMPLE TRAVERSE III

<u>Interval (feet)</u>		
<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Description</u>
0	1400	Grey, fawn and pink dolomite, banded in parts. Finely crystalline. Oolitic in parts.
1400	1450	Light grey finely crystalline limestone.
1450	2000	Mid grey dolomite with fawn and pink patches.

SAMPLE TRAVERSE IV

0	1250	Grey, brown and fawn dolomite, finely crystalline, oolitic in parts.
1250	1300	Light to dark grey limestone
1300	1750	Grey dolomite with pink mottling.
1750	1850	Pale grey microcrystalline limestone with minor fawn patches.
1850	3250	Grey, fawn, and brown dolomite - banded and mottled.
3250	3300	Buff limestone.

APPENDIX II

RESULTS OF PARTIAL CHEMICAL ANALYSES
FOR CALCIUM CARBONATE (CaCO_3)
AND MAGNESIUM CARBONATE (MgCO_3)

SAMPLE TRAVERSE I

<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Dept. No.</u>	<u>Interval</u>	<u>% CaCO₃</u>	<u>% MgCO₃</u>	<u>Total Carbonate</u>
1	A3912/64	0- 50	50.8	37.9	88.7
2	A3913/64	50- 100	52.8	41.9	94.7
3	A3914/64	100- 150	52.1	40.8	92.9
4	A3915/64	150- 200	51.7	41.0	92.7
5	A3916/64	200- 250	50.8	40.1	90.9
6	A3917/64	250- 300	51.2	36.2	87.4
7	A3918/64	300- 350	51.0	40.0	91.0
8	A3919/64	350- 400	51.0	40.0	91.0
9	A3920/64	400- 450	52.3	40.6	92.9
10	A3921/64	450- 500	74.0	19.9	93.9
11	A3922/64	500- 550	62.6	31.3	93.9
12	A3923/64	550- 600	46.4	37.0	83.4
13	A3924/64	600- 650	65.9	30.6	96.5
14	A3925/64	650- 700	54.2	37.6	91.8
15	A3926/64	700- 750	57.6	35.0	92.6
16	A3927/64	750- 800	66.8	28.5	95.3
17	A3928/64	800- 850	57.4	36.8	94.2
18	A3929/64	850- 900	58.3	36.6	94.9
19	A3930/64	900- 950	71.6	24.0	95.6
20	A3931/64	950-1000	64.6	31.5	96.1
21	A3932/64	1000-1050	55.4	40.6	96.0
22	A3933/64	1050-1100	73.6	22.7	96.3
23	A3934/64	1100-1150	87.2	10.1	97.3
24	A3935/64	1150-1200	74.0	22.5	96.5
25	A3936/64	1200-1250	69.4	25.3	94.7
26	A3937/64	1250-1300	54.5	40.8	95.3
27	A3938/64	1300-1350	63.1	31.7	94.8
28	A3939/64	1350-1400	55.2	39.7	94.9
29	A3940/64	1400-1450	54.3	41.9	96.2
30	A3941/64	1450-1500	53.9	42.1	96.0
31	A3942/64	1500-1550	55.4	42.1	97.5
32	A3943/64	1550-1600	55.4	42.7	98.1
33	A3944/64	1600-1650	55.0	42.3	97.3
34	A3945/64	1650-1700	54.5	43.3	97.8
35	A3946/64	1700-1750	54.8	42.5	97.3
36	A3947/64	1750-1800	54.8	42.6	97.4
37	A3948/64	1800-1850	54.8	41.9	96.7
38	A3949/64	1850-1900	54.1	42.5	96.6
39	A3950/64	1900-1950	54.8	42.0	96.8
40	A3951/64	1950-2000	54.7	41.1	95.8
41	A3952/64	2000-2050	54.4	42.3	96.7
42	A3953/64	2050-2100	56.3	41.0	97.3
43	A3954/64	2100-2150	57.5	39.7	97.2
44	A3955/64	2150-2200	71.0	26.4	97.4

SAMPLE TRAVERSE II

<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Dept. No.</u>	<u>Interval</u>	<u>% CaCO₃</u>	<u>%MgCO₃</u>	<u>Total Carbonate</u>
1	A3980/64	0- 50	46.6	36.8	83.4
2	A3981/64	50- 100	41.6	32.7	74.3
3	A3982/64	100- 150	48.7	39.7	88.4
4	A3983/64	150- 200	48.6	40.1	88.7
5	A3984/64	200- 250	51.0	39.9	90.9
6	A3985/64	250- 300	45.3	36.7	82.0
7	A3986/64	300- 350	51.4	41.3	92.7
8	A3987/64	350- 400	48.6	40.4	89.0
9	A3988/64	400- 450	51.8	41.6	93.4
10	A3989/64	450- 500	53.0	42.1	95.1
11	A3990/64	500- 550	52.8	42.1	94.9
12	A3991/64	550- 600	49.6	39.9	89.5
13	A3992/64	600- 650	41.3	33.4	74.7
14	A3993/64	650- 700	48.8	39.5	88.3
15	A3994/64	700- 750	45.1	37.4	82.5
16	A3995/64	750- 800	51.7	41.8	93.5
17	A3996/64	800- 850	53.9	42.5	96.4
18	A3997/64	850- 900	51.8	40.7	92.5
19	A3998/64	900- 950	49.7	40.0	89.7
20	A3999/64	950-1000	54.8	41.1	95.9
21	A4000/64	1000-1050	54.0	41.4	95.4
22	A4001/64	1050-1100	55.6	41.3	96.9
23	A4002/64	1100-1150	53.8	40.9	94.7
24	A4003/64	1150-1200	54.3	41.8	96.1
25	A4004/64	1200-1250	58.3	29.7	88.0
26	A4005/64	1250-1300	63.3	28.1	91.4
27	A4006/64	1300-1350	71.1	23.8	94.9
28	A4007/64	1350-1400	80.7	15.3	96.0
29	A4008/64	1400-1450	92.4	5.5	97.9
30	A4009/64	1450-1500	86.0	9.1	95.1
31	A4010/64	1500-1550	74.4	22.8	96.2
32	A4011/64	1550-1600	68.7	26.0	94.7
33	A4012/64	1600-1650	75.3	22.2	97.5
34	A4013/64	1650-1700	87.1	10.8	97.9
35	A4014/64	1700-1750	71.4	25.6	97.0
36	A4015/64	1750-1800	85.1	13.3	98.4
37	A4016/64	1800-1850	67.4	29.3	96.7
38	A4017/64	1850-1900	57.0	39.0	96.0
39	A4018/64	1900-1950	75.3	21.6	96.9
40	A4019/64	1950-2000	63.7	33.3	97.0
41	A4020/64	2000-2050	80.8	16.6	97.4
42	A4021/64	2050-2100	51.6	37.4	89.0
43	A4022/64	2100-2150	57.9	38.2	96.1

<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Dept. No.</u>	<u>Interval</u>	<u>% CaCO₃</u>	<u>% MgCO₃</u>	<u>Total Carbonate</u>
44	A4023/64	2150-2200	57.2	40.4	97.6
45	A4024/64	2200-2250	58.3	40.3	98.6
46	A4025/64	2250-2300	65.8	30.8	96.6
47	A4026/64	2300-2350	78.8	18.3	97.1
48	A4027/64	2350-2400	56.5	40.8	97.3
49	A4028/64	2400-2450	65.0	18.1	83.1
50	A4029/64	2450-2500	66.9	32.0	98.9
51	A4030/64	2500-2550	62.1	35.9	98.0
52	A4031/64	2550-2600	71.8	25.0	96.8
53	A4032/64	2600-2650	59.1	38.2	97.3
54	A4033/64	2650-2700	84.0	14.2	98.2
55	A4034/64	2700-2750	73.7	24.9	98.6
56	A4035/64	2750-2800	71.1	24.8	95.9
57	A4036/64	2800-2850	91.3	6.5	97.8
58	A4037/64	2850-2900	93.3	4.8	98.1

SAMPLE TRAVERSE III

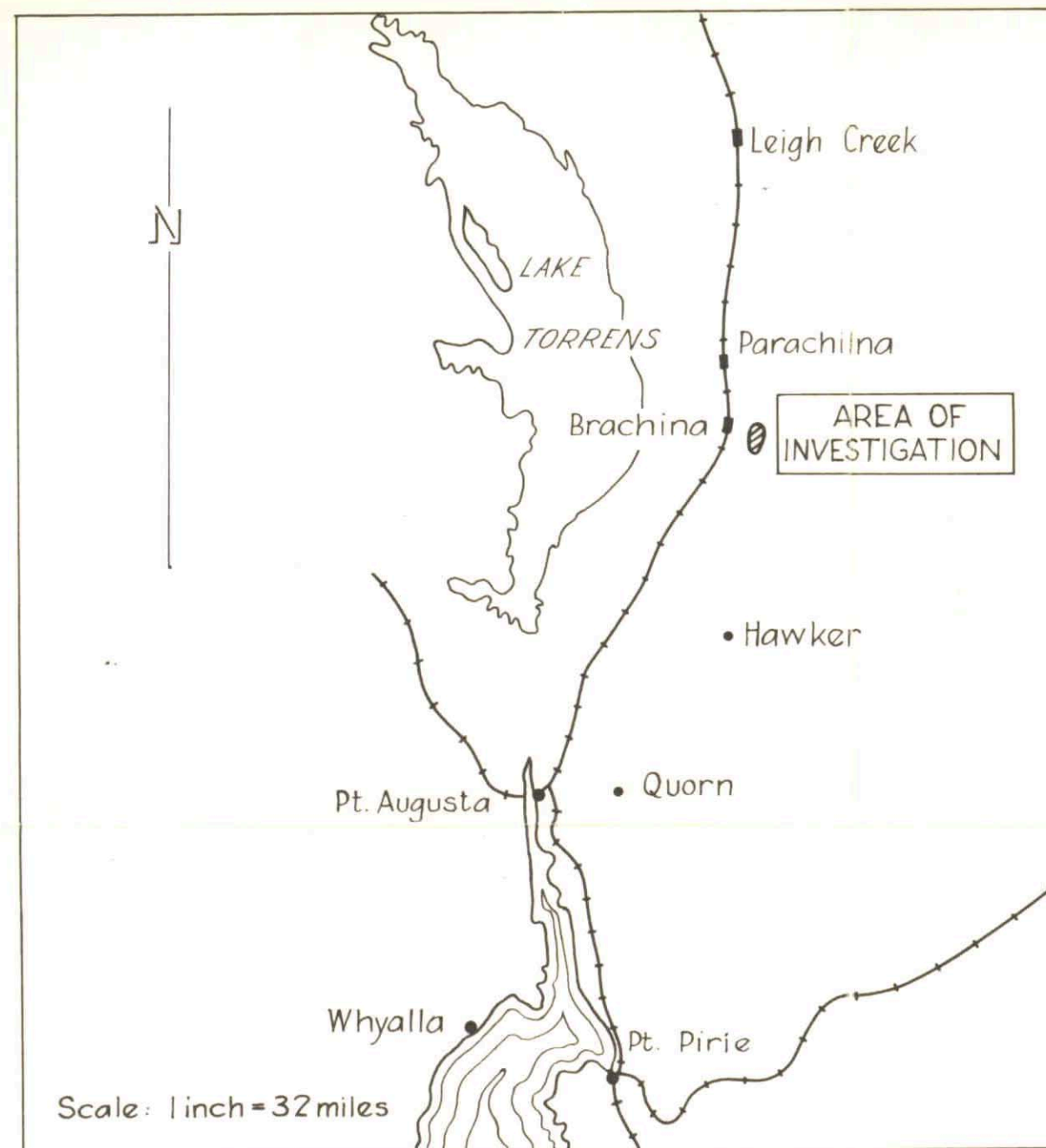
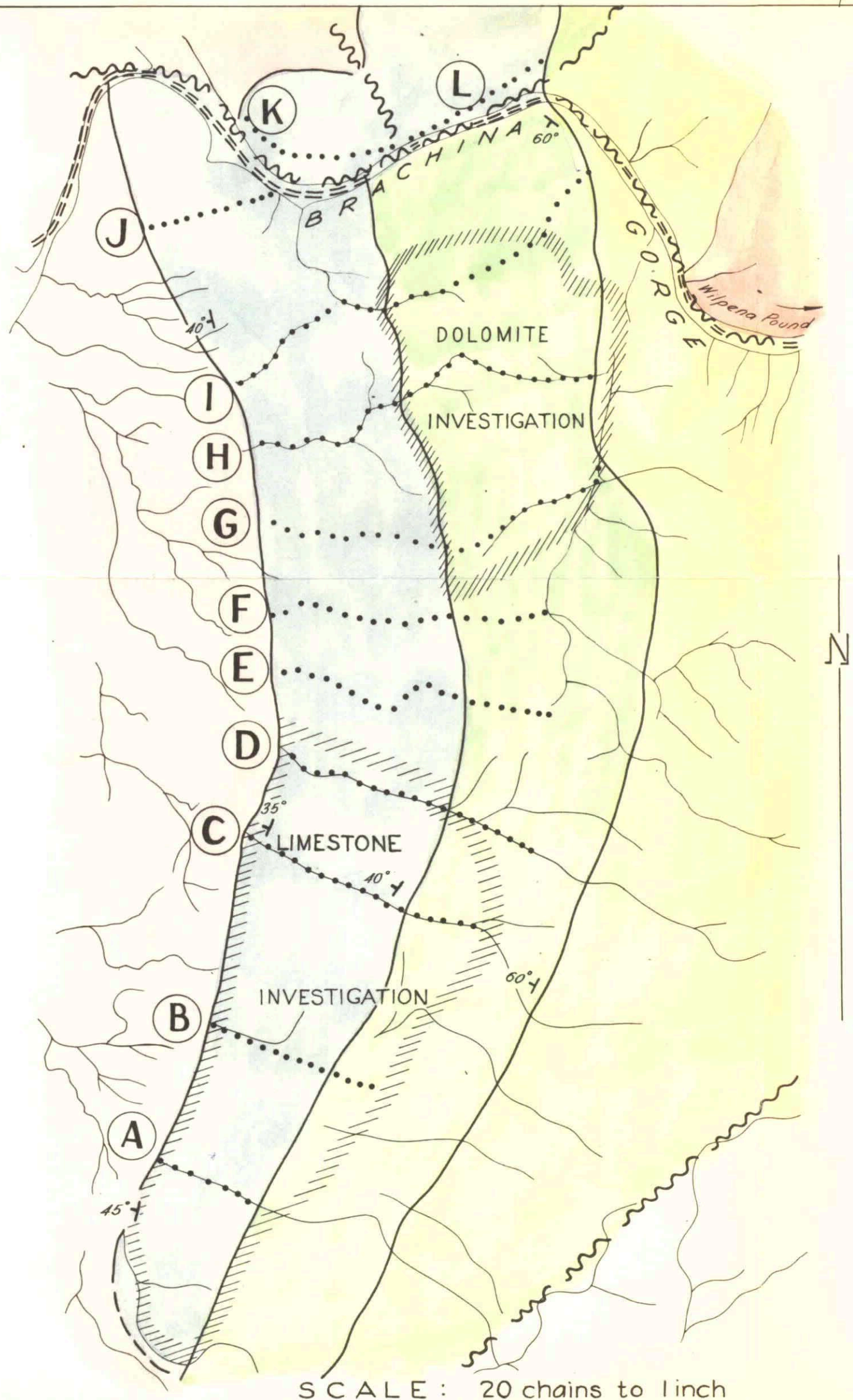
<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Dept. No.</u>	<u>Interval (feet)</u>	<u>% CaCO₃</u>	<u>% MgCO₃</u>	4. <u>Total</u>
					<u>Carbonate</u>
1	A4038/64	0- 50	51.0	40.1	91.1
2	A4039/64	50- 100	53.2	43.2	96.4
3	A4040/64	100- 150	52.6	42.9	95.5
4	A4041/64	150- 200	49.3	43.0	92.3
5	A4042/64	200- 250	49.7	40.8	90.5
6	A4043/64	250- 300	53.4	42.9	96.3
7	A4044/64	300- 350	52.0	43.6	95.6
8	A4045/64	350- 400	45.8	37.9	83.7
9	A4046/64	400- 450	49.5	39.3	88.8
10	A4047/64	450- 500	53.4	42.5	95.9
11	A4048/64	500- 550	49.1	38.9	88.0
12	A4049/64	550- 600	46.4	36.1	82.5
13	A4050/64	600- 650	51.9	41.8	93.7
14	A4051/64	650- 700	54.3	43.6	97.9
15	A4052/64	700- 750	53.9	43.7	97.6
16	A4053/64	750- 800	53.9	42.4	96.3
17	A4054/64	800- 850	48.4	37.9	86.3
18	A4055/64	850- 900	54.5	43.2	97.7
19	A4056/64	900- 950	55.2	42.4	97.6
20	A4057/64	950-1000	55.0	42.5	97.5
21	A4058/64	1000-1050	55.1	41.3	96.4
22	A4059/64	1050-1100	55.0	41.5	96.5
23	A4060/64	1100-1150	54.8	41.9	96.7
24	A4061/64	1150-1200	54.8	43.4	98.2
25	A4062/64	1200-1250	56.1	41.4	97.5
26	A4063/64	1250-1300	55.0	38.6	93.6
27	A4064/64	1300-1350	59.8	38.9	98.7
28	A4065/64	1350-1400	70.7	26.7	97.4
29	A4066/64	1400-1450	88.5	8.2	96.7
30	A4067/64	1450-1500	70.1	28.3	98.4
31	A4068/64	1500-1550	75.2	23.1	98.3
32	A4069/64	1550-1600	72.0	24.0	96.0
33	A4070/64	1600- 1650	53.0	39.5	92.5
34	A4071/64	1650-1700	54.5	41.7	96.2
35	A4072/64	1700-1750	54.2	42.5	96.7
36	A4073/64	1750-1800	63.2	35.3	98.5
37	A4074/64	1800-1850	56.1	42.1	98.2
38	A4075/64	1850-1900	57.5	40.9	98.4
39	A4076/64	1900-1950	56.3	41.3	97.6
40	A4077/64	1950-2000	58.3	40.5	98.8

SAMPLE TRAVERSE IV

5.

<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Dept. No.</u>	<u>Interval</u> (feet)	<u>% CaCO₃</u>	<u>% MgCO₃</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Carbonates</u>
1	A4078/64	0- 50	47.1	36.3	83.4
2	A4079/64	50- 100	52.7	42.0	94.7
3	A4080/64	100- 150	48.0	38.0	86.0
4	A4081/64	150- 200	36.5	29.2	65.7
5	A4082/64	200- 250	47.1	38.0	85.1
6	A4083/64	250- 300	45.9	36.9	82.8
7	A4084/64	300- 350	49.4	40.8	90.2
8	A4085/64	350- 400	48.2	40.7	88.9
9	A4086/64	400- 450	47.1	39.0	86.1
10	A4087/64	450- 500	45.0	36.6	81.6
11	A4088/64	500- 550	47.3	39.0	86.3
12	A4089/64	550- 600	46.7	38.6	85.3
13	A4090/64	600- 650	48.4	40.1	88.5
14	A4091/64	650- 700	53.9	43.0	96.9
15	A4092/64	700- 750	50.1	40.7	90.8
16	A4093/64	750- 800	51.3	40.8	92.1
17	A4094/64	800- 850	52.3	42.1	94.4
18	A4095/64	850- 900	54.2	43.8	98.0
19	A4096/64	900- 950	50.0	38.5	88.5
20	A4097/64	950-1000	44.2	34.3	78.5
21	A4098/64	1000-1050	48.8	37.8	86.6
22	A4099/64	1050-1100	54.5	40.4	94.9
23	A4100/64	1100-1150	55.3	36.4	91.7
24	A4101/64	1150-1200	54.0	42.9	96.9
25	A4102/64	1200-1250	54.0	40.1	94.1
26	A4103/64	1250-1300	83.0	14.6	97.6
27	A4104/64	1300-1350	62.6	34.8	97.4
28	A4105/64	1350-1400	55.9	40.3	96.2
29	A4106/64	1400-1450	51.3	37.5	88.8
30	A4107/64	1450-1500	49.4	37.7	87.1
31	A4108/64	1500-1550	51.5	35.9	87.4
32	A4109/64	1550-1600	45.8	37.5	83.3
33	A4110/ 4	1600-1650	53.6	43.4	97.0
34	A4111/64	1650-1700	47.3	36.8	84.1
35	A4112/64	1700-1750	66.1	27.5	93.6
36	A4113/64	1750-1800	71.8	24.0	95.8
37	A4114/64	1800-1850	70.4	22.0	92.4
38	A4115/64	1850-1900	64.7	30.8	95.5
39	A4116/64	1900-1950	55.9	42.0	97.9
40	A4117/64	1950-2000	55.2	42.4	97.6
41		2000-2050	} not sampled.		
42		2050-2100			
43		2100-2150			
44		2150-2200			
45		2200-2250			
46		2250-2300			

<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Dept. No.</u>	<u>Interval</u>	<u>% CaCO₃</u>	<u>% MgCO₃</u>	<u>Total Carbonates</u>
47	A4118/64	2300-2350	55.0	40.6	95.6
48	A4119/64	2350-2400	70.8	24.8	95.6
49	A4120/64	2400-2450	55.6	42.5	98.1
50	A4121/64	2450-2500	57.8	39.8	97.6
51	A4122/64	2500-2550	64.1	35.3	99.4
52	A4123/64	2550-2600	57.1	40.7	97.8
53	A4124/64	2600-2650	56.9	41.5	98.4
54	A4125/64	2650-2700	58.1	39.9	98.0
55	A4126/64	2700-2750	57.3	41.0	98.3
56	A4127/64	2750-2800	56.4	42.9	99.3
57	A4128/64	2800-2850	72.0	25.1	97.1
58	A4129/64	2850-2900	61.0	37.0	98.0
59	A4130/64	2900-2950	56.6	42.1	98.7
60	A4131/64	2950-3000	61.6	36.1	97.7
61	A4132/64	3000-3050	65.5	31.3	96.8
62	A4133/64	3050-3100	61.6	35.2	96.8
63	A4134/64	3100-3150	61.3	35.7	97.0
64	A4135/64	3150-3200	56.0	40.7	96.7
65	A4136/64	3200-3250	59.5	38.0	97.5
66	A4137/64	3250-3300	80.3	17.5	97.8



LEGEND

CAMBRIAN		Billy Creek Formation. Red siltstones & shales
		Wilkawillinga Limestone
UPPER PROTEROZOIC (Adelaide System)		Massive grey, buff & pink limestone
		Grey flaggy dolomite, dolomitic limestone
		Pound Quartzite
		Wonoka Formation. Purple shales:
		Strike & dip of bedding
		Fault
		Sample lines

To accompany report by J.G. Oliver & J.N. Cramsie

S.A. DEPARTMENT OF MINES

BRACHINA LIMESTONE & DOLOMITE DEPOSIT LOCALITY PLAN

Scale: As shown
64-994
Fa 4/6
Date 5.11.64

Drn. Tcd. Pp. Ckd. Exd.

Passed

Approved

Director

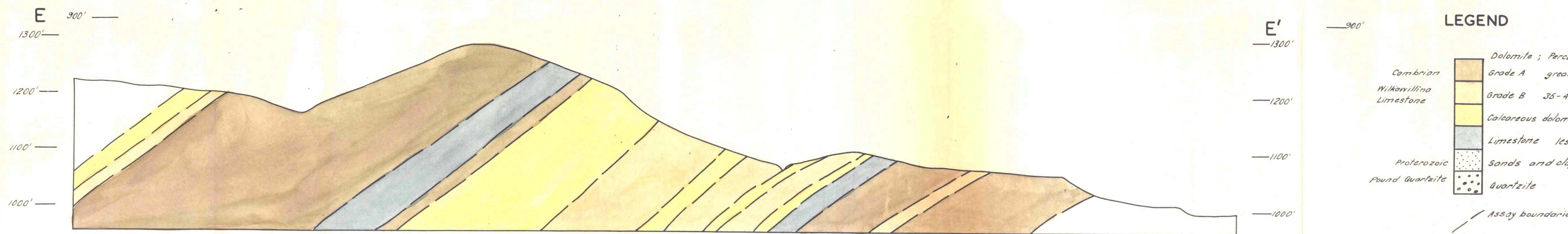
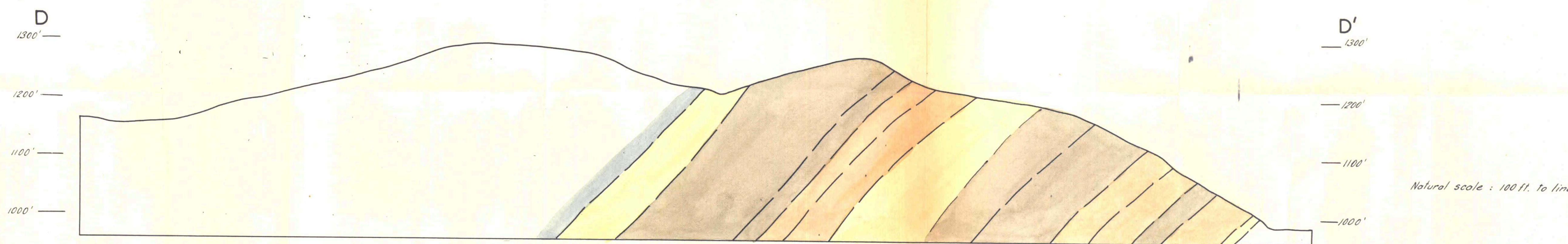
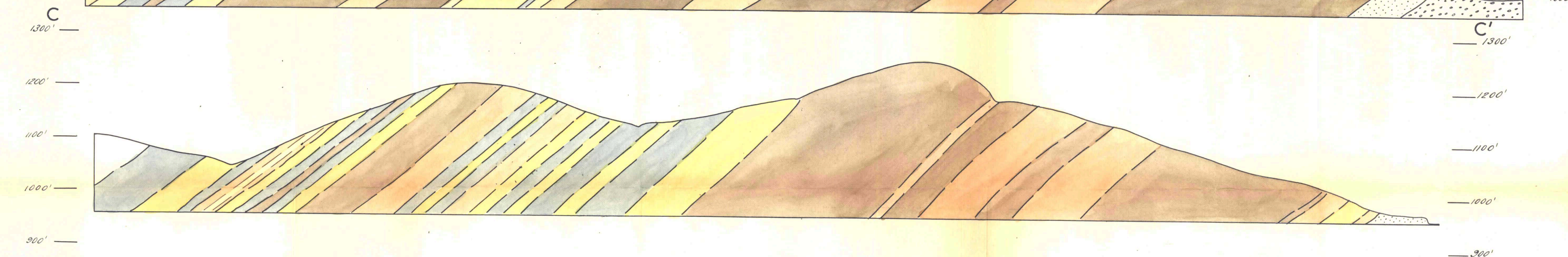
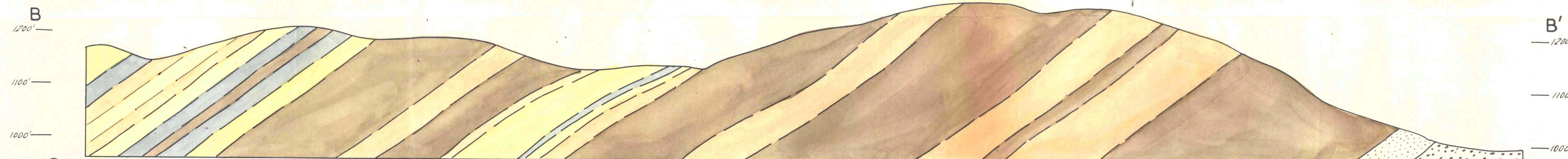
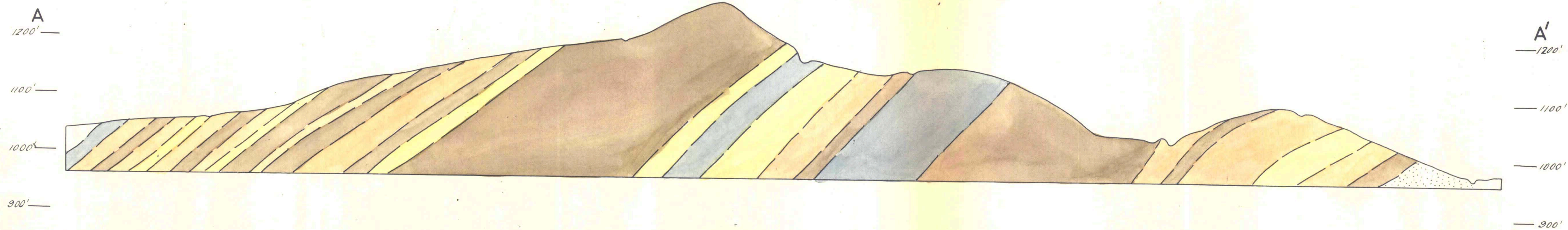
No.

Amendment

Exd.

Date





Natural scale : 100 ft. to 1 inch

LEGEND

- Dolomite ; Percent $MgCO_3$
- Grade A greater than 40
- Grade B 35-40
- Calcareous dolomite 22.8-35
- Limestone less than 22.8
- Proterozoic
- Sands and clays
- Quartzite
- Assay boundaries

To accompany report by J. G. Oliver and J. M. Cramsie.

S.A. DEPT. OF MINES

BRACHINA DOLOMITE DEPOSIT CROSS SECTIONS

Associated Drawing	No.	No.	Amendment	Exd.	Date

Reg. No.
D.M.
Compiled from

Approved

Passed

Scale : 100 Feet to 1 inch

Drn.
Tcd. B.L.S.
Ckd.
Exd.

64-1090

Director of Mines

Date 2-12-64

Fe.