

DEPARTMENT OF MINES  
SOUTH AUSTRALIA

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

THE TYPE SECTION OF THE MORGAN LIMESTONE

AND CADELL MARL LENS,

4 MILES SOUTH OF MORGAN

by

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THE TYPE SECTION OF THE MORGAN LIMESTONE

AND CADELL MARL LENS,

4 MILES SOUTH OF MORGAN

ABSTRACT:

The Section described by Tate in 1885 is selected as type section for the Morgan Limestone and Cadell Marl Lens. The formation is of Lower Miocene (Batesfordian) age.

1. INTRODUCTION:

In 1885 Tate published a description of a section measured in the cliffs of the Murray River at a point 4 miles downstream from Morgan. This section is of particular importance as the type locality from which many of Tate's molluscan species were collected. It was recorded by Tate as follows:

<u>Lacustrine</u>		ft.	in.
1. Reddish coloured calciferous clays		54	0
<u>Upper Murrarian</u>			
2. Oyster bank		12	0
<u>Middle Murravian</u>			
3. Hard, lumpy, yellow sandstone		10	0
4. Yellowish-grey limestone with clayey sand layers		10	10
5. Yellowish-brown clayey sand with <u>Cellepona gambierensis</u>		5	4
6. Id. with hard lumps and imperfectly stony bands.			
Very fossiliferous, particularly rich in gastropods		16	5
7. Shell sand with streak of stiff blue clay		0	3
8. As No. 6		5	0
9. Yellow soft calciferous sandstone		43	6
Total to river level		157	4

The section was remeasured and sampled by the writer in March, 1956. It is located about 4 miles downstream from Morgan on the east bank of the River Murray on Section G, Hundred of Cadell. It is readily accessible from the Morgan - Blanchetown road by driving off the road to the head of a small gully which cuts through the cliffs at this point. The section measured in the gully confirmed Tate's measurements and description.

## 2. SAMPLING:

Samples were taken at every five feet from the base of the section at river level or at changes in lithology, corresponding to Tate's numbered beds as follows:-

### Tate's Bed

9	F76/56	5 feet above river level
	F77/56	10 feet " " "
	F78/56	1st <u>Cellepora</u> band
	F79/56	1st marly band
	F80/56	2nd <u>Cellepora</u> band
	F81/56	2nd marly band
	F82/56	3rd <u>Cellepora</u> band
	F83/56	3rd marly band
	F84/56	Hard band at top of lower member
8	F85/56	5' from base of marl
7	3" shell sand not observed	
6	F86/56	10' from base of marl
	F87/56	15' from base of marl
	F88/56	Top of marl
5	F89/56	On south side of gully
	F90/56	On north side of gully
4	F91/56	Bottom of 10 feet limestone bed
	F92/56	Top of limestone
3	F93/56	Sample with <u>Panopea</u> sp.

## 3. MORGAN LIMESTONE

From river level upwards for 91 feet the cliffs consist of a light creamy yellow bryozoal limestone named the Morgan Limestone, with a marly lens from 21 feet thick and 300 yards long named the Cadell Marl Lens in the upper half commencing at 43'6" from the base of the Section.

The lower member 45 feet thick (Tate's bed9) is a fairly uniform soft bryozoal limestone, cavernous near the river and becoming banded in the upper 30 feet. The hard bands each about 5 feet thick consist of masses of Cellepora and alternate into soft somewhat marly bands. The upper member (Tate's beds 5,4,3) above the Cadell Marl Lens is a hard yellow limestone with Cellepora.

The Morgan Limestone carries rich microfauna similar to that of the Batesford Limestone in Victoria, although Lepidocyclina has not so far been discovered at or near Morgan. The typical assemblage of the lower member is dominated by Operculina victoriensis, Amphistegina lessonii, Gypsina howchini, Parellina craticulatifomis, Globigerinoides bisphaerica and Globigerinoides triloba.

The upper member is weathered and probably regressive, with a relatively sparse fauna.

#### 4. CADELL MARL LENS

Within the Morgan Limestone at the type section a marl lens occurs over a length of 300 feet, with a maximum thickness of 22 feet (Tate's beds 8, 7, 6). The marl carries a rich fauna of well preserved mollusca which readily weather out on the surface.

These include the following species of Tate, the nomenclature of which is unrevised for the purposes of this paper. For most of them the Cadell Marl Lens type section is the type locality.

##### Pelecypoda

Nucula morundiana, Leda obolella, Leda woodsii, Cucullaea corioensis, Dimya dissimilis, Myadora tenuilirata, Carditella polita, Lucina fabuloides, Antigona dimorphophylla, Verticordia rhomboidea, Zenatiopsis angustata, Capistrocardia fragilis, Solecurtus ellipticus, Corbula ephamilla.

##### Scaphopoda

Dentalium aratum, Entalis subfissura.

##### Gastropoda

Turritella murrayana, Turritella acricula, Triton radialis, Triton tortirostris, Murex basicinctus, Murex pachystirus, Trochon mangelioides, Nassa tatei, Fasciolaria exilis, Fasciolaria decipiens, Fusus dictyotis, Fusus simulans, Fusus styliiformis, Fusus spiniferus, Peristernia murrayana, Peristernia morundiana.

The Cadell Marl Lens or its equivalents is represented in borings in County Albert by blue clays or marls rich in Turritella murrayana overlying the Morgan Limestone (Barnes, 1951). Austrotrillina howchini commonly occurs also.

#### 5. OVERLYING STRATA

The Morgan Limestone is overlain disconformably by a thick

oyster bed of the Norwest Bend Formation, succeeded by 54 feet of Pleistocene clays. The Loxton Sands are discontinuous in the area. They occur to the north on Section 131 Hundred of Cadell where they are quarried in a very small way as freestone and to the south in the cliffs about 6 miles south of Morgan overlying Morgan Limestone and overlain by Norwest Bend Formation oyster bed, but are missing at the type section.

6. REFERENCES

Barnes, T. A. 1951. Underground Water Survey of Portion of the Murray Basin (Counties Albert and Alfred). Geol. Surv. S. Aust. Bulletin 25.

Tate, R. 1885. Notes on the Physical and Geological Features of the Basin of the Lower Murray River. Trans. Roy. Soc. S. Aust. 7 pp. 24 - 46.

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**MORGAN TYPE SECTION IN UPWARD SEQUENCE**

[illegible]

	Morgan Limestone Lower Member						Cadell Marl Lens				Morgan Limestone Upper Member.			
	F76/56	F77/56	F78/56	F79/56	F81/56	F83/56	F85/56	F86/56	F87/56	F88/56	F89/56	F91/56	F92/56	F93/56
<u>Austrotrillina howchini</u> (Schlumberger)			x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Cibicides subhaidingerii</u> Parr			x	-	-	-	-	-	x	-	cf.	-	-	-
<u>Siphenina australis</u> Cushman			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	x	-	x	x
<u>Anomalina colligera</u> Chapman & Parr			x	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Anomalina</u> sp.			x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Uvigerina</u> cf. <u>tenuistriata</u> Reuss				x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Belivina</u> spp.				x	-	-	x	-	-	-	x	x	-	-
<u>Sphaerostoma bulleides</u> d'Orbigny				x	x	-	-	x	x	-	-	x	-	-
<u>Reussella decorata</u> H. A. & E.				x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Cibicides refulgens</u> Montfort				x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	x	x	x
<u>Glabratella glebigeriniformis</u> (H. A. & E.)				x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Eponides repandus</u> (F. & M.)				cf.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Glebigerinoides triloba</u> (Reuss)				x	-	x	x	x	x	-	-	x	-	-
<u>Elophidium howchini</u> Cushman				x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	x
<u>Elophidium parri</u> Cushman				x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	x	-
<u>Amosphaeroidina sphaeroidiniformis</u> (Brady)					x	x	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Gaudryina</u> sp. cf. <u>collinsi</u> Cushman					x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Triloculina trigonula</u> (Lamarck)					x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	-	-
<u>Quinqueloculina cuvieriana</u> d'Orbigny					x	-	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Pyrgo sarsi</u> (Schlumberger)					x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Cornuspira involvens</u> Reuss?					x	x	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Cornuspira tasmanica</u> Parr					x	-	x	x	x	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Pyrulina cylindroides</u> (Roemer)					x	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Sigmoidella kagaensis</u> Cush. & Ozawa					x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Cassidulina</u> spp.					x	-	-	-	-	-	x	-	-	-
<u>Reussella spinulosa</u> (Reuss)					x	-	x	-	-	-	x	x	x	-
<u>Fullenia quinqueloba</u> (Reuss)					x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Cibicides concentricus</u> (Cushman)					x	-	-	-	-	-	x	x	x	-
<u>Cibicidella variabilis</u> (d'Orbigny)					x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Liebusella rudis</u> (Costa)						x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Schenckella howchini</u> (Cushman)						x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Pyrgo</u> sp.						x	-	x	x	x	-	-	-	-

	Morgan Limestone Lower Member						Cadell Marl Lens				Morgan Limestone Upper Member			
	F76/56	F77/56	F78/56	F79/56	F81/56	F83/56	F85/56	F86/56	F87/56	F88/56	F89/56	F91/56	F92/56	F93/56
<u>Sigmoillina</u> sp.						x	x	-	x	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Quinqueloculina</u> sp.						x	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Articulina victoriana</u> Cushman						x	x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Triloculina tricarinata</u> d'Orbigny						x	-	x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Cornuspira</u> sp.						x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Cornuspiroides expansus</u> (Chapman)						x	-	-	x	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Dyocibicides biserialis</u> Cushman & Valentine						x	x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Textularia</u> cf. <u>sagittula</u> DeFrance							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Siphotextularia</u> sp.							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Quinqueloculina polygona</u> d'Orbigny							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Quinqueloculina berthelotiana</u> d'Orbigny							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Spiroloculina</u> sp.							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Biloculinella globula</u> (Bornemann)							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Miliolinella circularis</u> (Bornemann)							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Dentalina</u> sp.							x	-	x	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Fissurina</u> spp.							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Parafissurina</u> sp.							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Sigmomorphina subregularis</u> Howchin & Parr							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Bolivina sublobata</u> Cushman							x	x	-	-	x	-	x	-
<u>Planorbulina</u> sp.							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Elphidium chapmani</u> Cushman							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Parellina</u> sp.							x	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Martinotiella bradvana</u> Cushman								x	x	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Triloculina</u> sp.								x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Massilina</u> cf. <u>australis</u> Cushman								x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Spiroloculina antillarum</u> d'Orbigny								x	x	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Massilina</u> sp.								x	x	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Nodobaculariella</u> sp.								x	x	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Marginopora vertebralis</u> Blainville								x	x	-	-	-	-	x
<u>Plectofrondicularia</u> sp.								x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Guttulina problema</u> d'Orbigny								x	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Ramulina globulifera</u> Brady								x	-	-	-	-	-	-

	Morgan Limestone Lower Member	Cadell Marl Lens	Morgan Limestone Upper Member
	F76/56 F77/56 F78/56 F79/56 F81/56 F83/56	F85/56 F86/56 F87/56 F88/56	F89/56 F91/56 F92/56 F93/56
<u>Cancris intermedius</u> Cushman & Todd		x x -	x x x -
<u>Calcarina verriculata</u> (Howchin & Parr)		x - -	- - - -
<u>Guttulina regina</u> (B. P. & J.)		x -	x - - -
<u>Virgulina</u> sp.		x -	- - - -
<u>Astrononion</u> sp.		x -	- - - -
<u>Textularia vertebralis</u> Cushman		x	- - - -
<u>Anomalina glabrata</u> Cushman			x x x -
<u>Elphidium advenum</u> Cushman			x - - -
<u>Pullenia bulloides</u> d'Orbigny			x - - -
<u>Cassidulina subglobosa</u> Brady			x x x x
<u>Pyrulina fusiformis</u> (Roemer)			x - - -
<u>Marginulina</u> sp.			x - -
<u>Lagena</u> spp.			x - -
<u>Trifarina bradyi</u> Cushman			x - -
<u>Guttulina irregularis</u> (d'Orbigny)			x - -
<u>Discorbis</u> cf. <u>floridana</u> Cushman			x - -

Springs, soaks and seepages leading into the River

	<u>Location</u>	<u>Length</u>	<u>Height above present river level</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>Permanence</u>	<u>A.T.</u>
Spring 1	Co. Albert Hd. Forster Sec. 1	15'	10'	300g.p.h.	All year	129g.p.
Spring 2	Co. Sturt Hd. Finniss Sec. 615	200' from a stratum around hillside	60'	?	All year	890 "
Spring 3	Co. Russell Hd. Seymour Sec. 1095	6'	4'	50g.p.h.	All year	480 "
Spring 4	Co. Russell Hd. Seymour Sec. 1095	?	Below present river level	?	All year	-
Spring 5	Co. Sturt Hd. Ridley Sec. 18	?	Below present river level (lagoon)	?	All year	159 "
Soak A	Co. Albert	50'	Marsh grasses 10' growing above present river level.			-
Soak B	Co. Albert	-	Water drained back into river for sev- eral months after flood - now damp patches.			-
Soak C	Co. Albert Hd. Paisley Sec. C <sup>W1</sup>	-	Marsh grasses up to 6' above present river level			-
Soak D	Co. Albert Hd. Paisley Sec. 33	-	Damp patch and marsh grasses 10' above present river level.			-
Soak E	Co. Albert Hd. Mildottie Sec. 167.	100'	Damp patches along foot of cliffs.			-
Soak F	Co. Buccleuch Hd. Bowhill Secs. 54 & 2 <sup>NE</sup>	-	Damp patches along foot of cliffs			-
Soak G	Co. Russell Hd. Younghusband Sec. 621	-	Damp patches along foot of cliffs with one small spring			-
Soak H	Co. Sturt Hd. Ridley Sec. 23	10'	2'-4' Series of jets of water draining from cliffs back into river after flood (now dry)			-
Soak I	Co. Russell Hd. Seymour Sec. 1097	50'	2'-4' Minor fresh soaks along foot of cliffs			-
	Co. Sturt Hd. Ridley	Black Hill Caloote	- Fresh spring reported - not seen - Small seepages after high river - not seen.			-
		Pampoota) Mypolonga)	Fresh springs reported - below present river level.			-

<u>Location</u>	<u>Remarks</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>A.T.S.</u>
Seepage (a) Co. Albert Hd. Cadell Cadell Lagoon	Seepage from lagoon into river	?	790 g.p.g.
Seepage (b) Co. Albert Hd. Cadell Cadell Lagoon	Seepage from blocks into lagoon	1600g.p.h.	348 "
Seepage (c) Co. Albert Hd. Waikerie Sec. 76	Seepage from blocks - natural drainage stratum 30' above present river level - $\frac{1}{2}$ mile long.	?	-
Seepage (d) Co. Albert Hd. Holder Sec. 49 <sup>D</sup> Block 10 <sup>D</sup>	Back drainage after flood 4' above R.L. 10' wide	100 g.p.h.	450 g.p.g.
Seepage (e) Co. Albert Hd. Morook Secs. 1A, 1B, 1C	Seepage from blocks into river up to	1000 g.p.h.	63 "
Seepage (f) Co. Russell Hd. Seymour Sec. 1097	Seepage from pastures into river	3000 g.p.h.	87 "