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DEPARTMENT OF MINES
SOUTH AUSTRALIA

REPORT ON COMPLETION OF DIAMOND
DRILLING AT THE MOUNT HOWDEN
(BIMBA) COBALT MINE.

BY

W. R. PETERSON, U.S.A.E.C.

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RECEIVED

DEPARTMENT OF MINES
SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

REPORT ON COMPLETION OF DIAMOND DRILLING
AT THE MOUNT HOWDEN (BIMBA)
COBALT MINE.

SUMMARY

Two diamond drill holes designed to test at depths from 70 to 100 feet the most favorable outcrops of cobalt-nickel mineralization failed to intersect extensions of lode. Secondary erythrite mineralization found along bedding seams, joints, and thin fractures are sporadic in distribution and too small in volume to encourage additional exploration.

INTRODUCTION.

A favorable report (Bibliography No. 3) from the Chief Registrar of Mines, L.C.E. Gee, in 1915, stated:

"Rich cobalt ores in considerable variety were found, considerable shallow shaft and costeaning work has been done, but lack of capital has blocked the way of systematic exploration and mining. This is the more to be deplored as in one of the workings the cap of what may possibly prove a large and rich body of silver-lead ore has been exposed."

Sir Douglas Mawson (Bibliography No. 5) records an interesting account of the geology and the mineralization in this area. He states:

"Some hundredweights of magnificent specimen erythrite were taken from the outcrop. Development has rather disproved the extension of the cobalt ore in depth."

Active work was carried out on the property from 1897 to 1945 and Mining Claims were registered from December 1900 to August 1938. Workings were confined to surface trenches, shallow shafts with some stoping, and small pits; mainly a surface gouging of high grade material.

Dr. K.R. Miles recommended (Bibliography No. 7) that the Bimba Mining area which includes the Mt. Howden Cobalt field should be mapped in detail as it may reveal some structural or stratigraphic control of mineralization not obvious in a reconnaissance inspection. The present report does not include the larger Bimba Mining area.

No detailed mapping of the Mt. Howden outcrop can be found in former studies therefore this report includes a detailed geological map of the active mining area.

PLANS.

General Locality Plan S 1123
Locality Plan of Mt. Howden Mine 55 - 367
Mt. Howden Cross Sections of Diamond Drill Holes 55 - 368
Mt. Howden Geological Plan and Section 55 - 112.

GEOLOGY.

The Mt. Howden Cobalt Mine is located in a folded and eroded sequence of Archean sediments, on the west slope of a small rise (30 feet vertically). These sediments trend N.E. - S.W., and are intruded by large granitic areas to the southeast. Dykes of later pegmatitic rocks which contain black tourmaline and intruded quartz reefs or blows are common in the map area. The sediments are composed of epidote-quartzites and hornfels, chistolite and mica schists, and slates.

The cobalt-nickel zone favors a thin flaggy and somewhat blocky limestone member the flexures of which are highly dragged and contorted. This bed outcrops on the eastern limb of an elongated local anticline. (See Plan 55-112). A strong development of epidote forms the exposed crest of the anticline. The secondary mineral erythrite ($\text{Co}_3 \text{As}_2 \text{O}_8 \cdot 8\text{H}_2\text{O}$) occurs along seams in the bedding, around block joints and block fracture joints. Cobalt bloom (pink staining) is noted at the intersection of bedding and fracture joints (co-ord. 760N : 860E) where the best grade accumulation was stoped.

The highest ridge is composed of foliated chiasolite schist and is intruded by pegmatite dykes rich in quartz and tourmaline. The west end of the area is covered by alluvium and is the beginning of the level plains to the north. (Bibliography No. 6)

MINERALOGY.

Cobalt minerals reported (Bibliography No. 3 and 5) are erythrite, smaltite, cobaltite, and earthy cobalt. Other interesting minerals found are chiasolites, beryl, agate, aventurine, and ceruline. All dumps, costeans, and shallow accessible pits were checked at night with a fluorescent lamp for the possibility of finding scheelite. No scheelite was found and only secondary erythrite of the reported cobalt minerals.

A study of Dana's Mineralogy suggested it to be possible that the pyrite may be of the cobaltian variety and could contain 14 per cent cobalt in solid solution. A selected sample sent to the Department of Mines Laboratories (Sample No. A 276/55) contained no cobalt.

DIAMOND DRILLING.

Three boreholes were designed to test at depths of 70 to 100 feet the most favorable outcrops of cobalt mineralization.

Hole No. 1 (co-ordinates 716N : 962E) directed to test under the stoped area intersected fair pyrite mineralization from 94 to 115, but analysis proved no cobalt or nickel values.

Hole No. 2 (co-ordinates 710N : 966E) was directed to test the cobalt bearing bed near the deepest vertical shaft where large amounts of pyrite were found in the dump. Fair pyrite mineralization was found in the core interval from 87 to 114 feet but the core contained no cobalt or nickel values.

Hole No. 3 (co-ordinates 338N : 916E) was planned to test at a depth of 50 feet secondary copper mineralization exposed in a surface pit. This exploration was considered unfavorable after holes No. 1 and No. 2 did not intersect favorable mineralization and the remaining proposed drilling was cancelled.

CONCLUSIONS.

Meticulous sorting of high grade pockets by the discoverers and later operators may account for the small shipments of high grade ore (14 per cent cobalt and 1% nickel). The unfavorable drilling results together with the narrow joints and stringers of mineral do not form any reserves and cannot be recommended for additional exploitation.

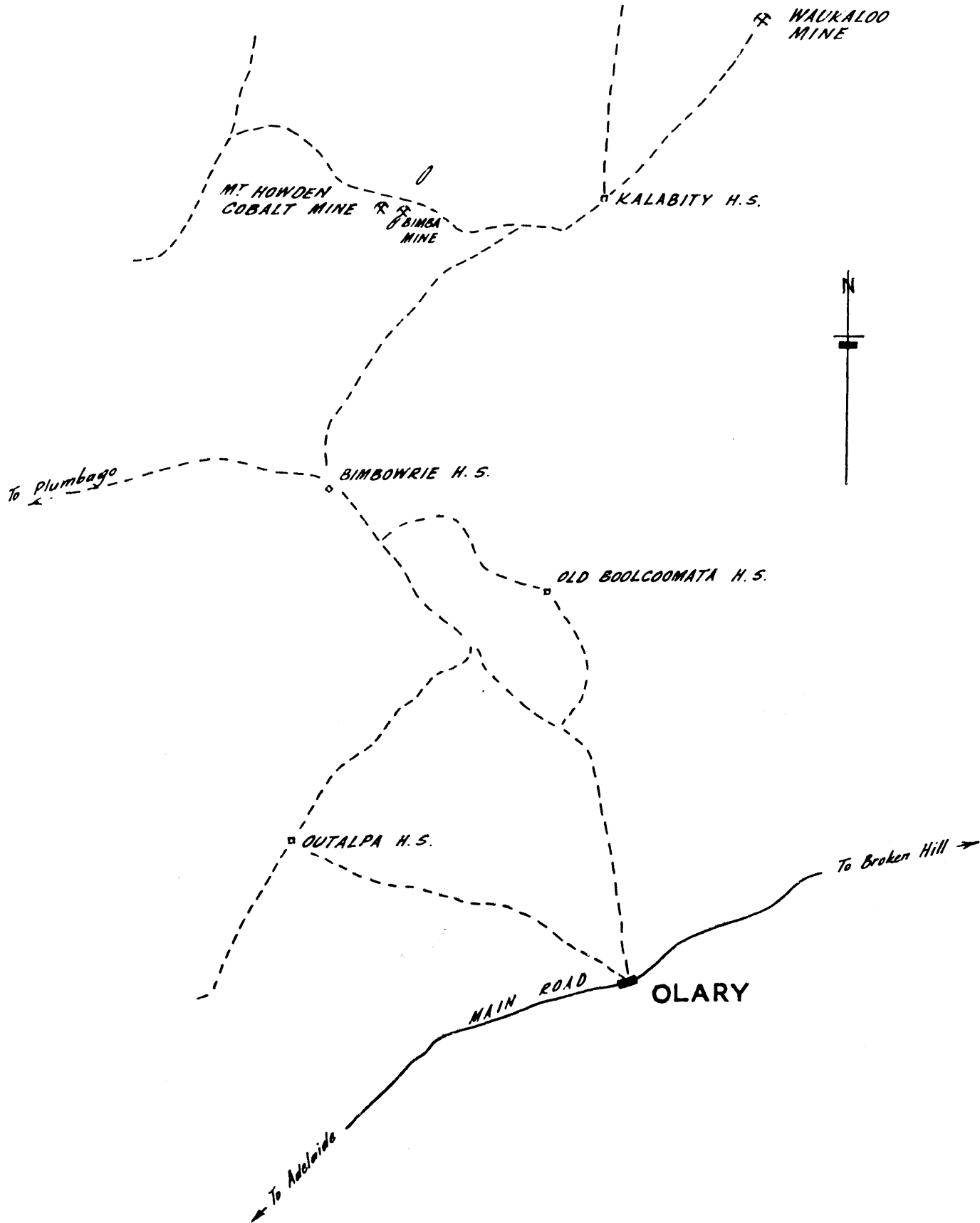
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W. R. PETERSON.

U. S. A. E. C.

BIBLIOGRAPHY.

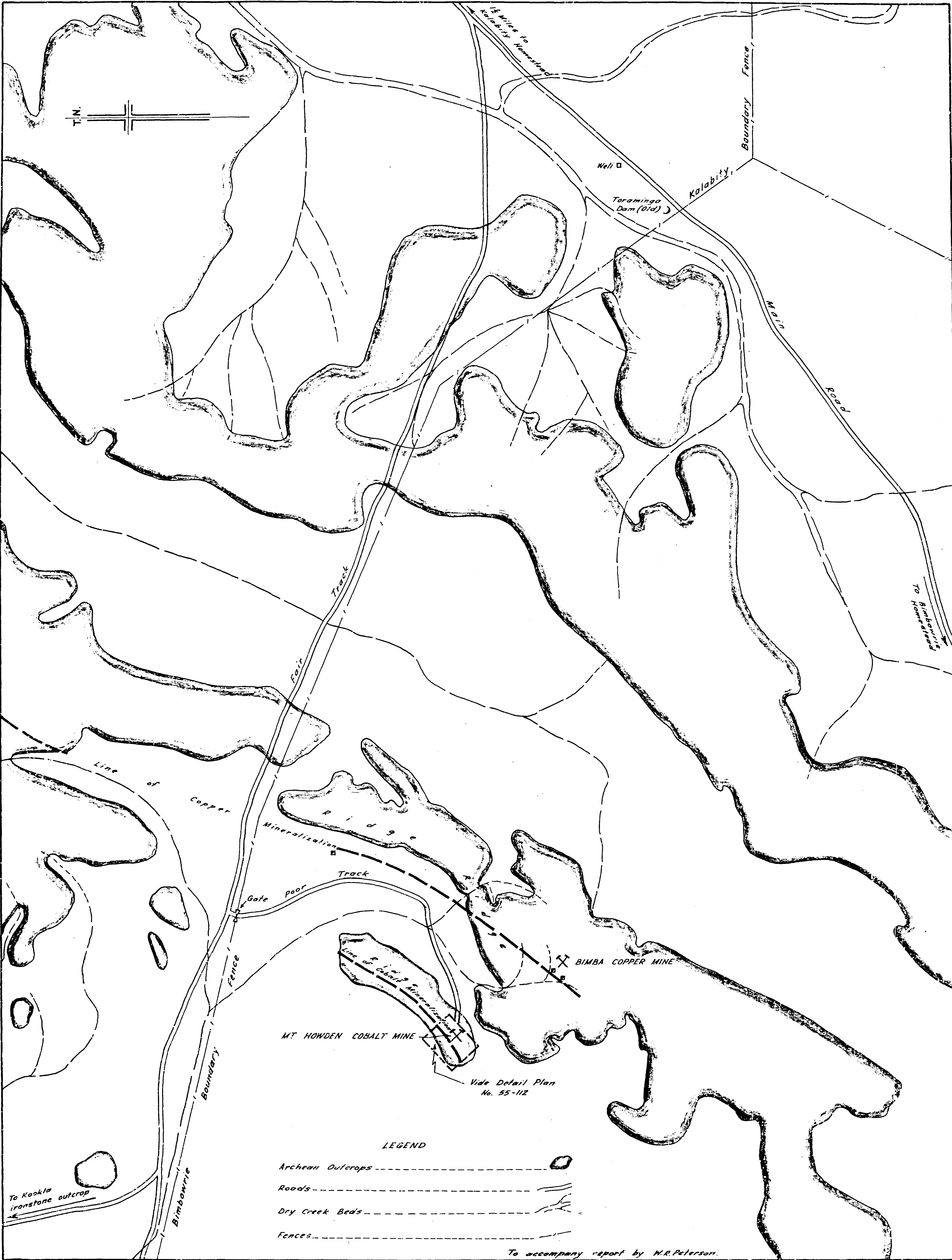
Department of Mines of South Australia:

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2. Mining Review Vol. I, No. 9, p.28, 1909.
3. Mining Review Vol. II, No. 21, pp. 27 & 28, 1915.
4. Record of the Mines of S.A., pp. 29, 353-354, & 364, 1908.
5. Mawson, D., Chiastolites from Bimbowrie, S.A.: Memoirs of the Royal Society of S.A., Vol. II, Part 3, 1911.
6. Campana, B., Kalabity Geological Atlas, one mile series, 1952.
7. Miles, K.R., Evaluation of the Kalabity Military Sheet: Report No. 2569, 1953.
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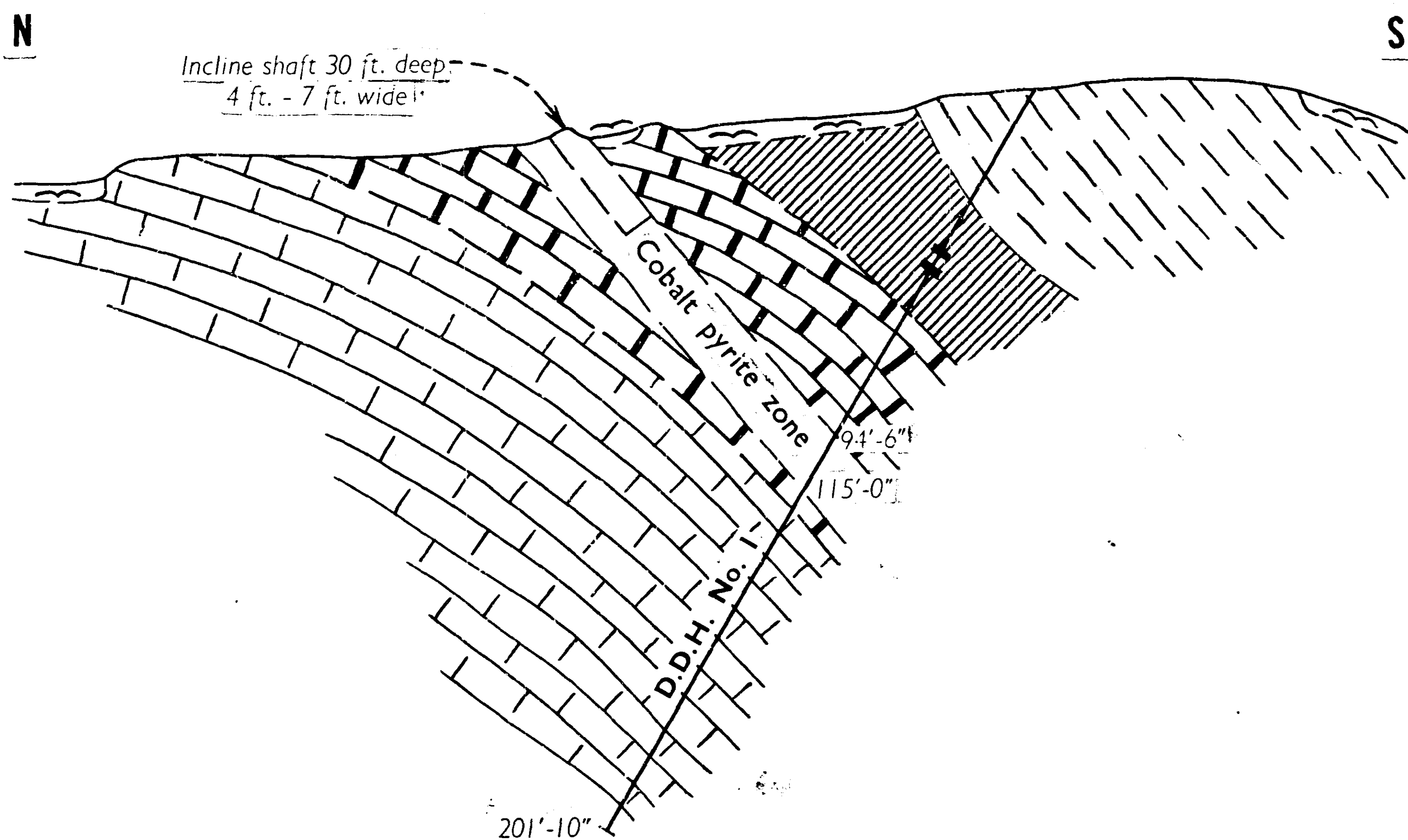


S.A. DEPARTMENT OF MINES

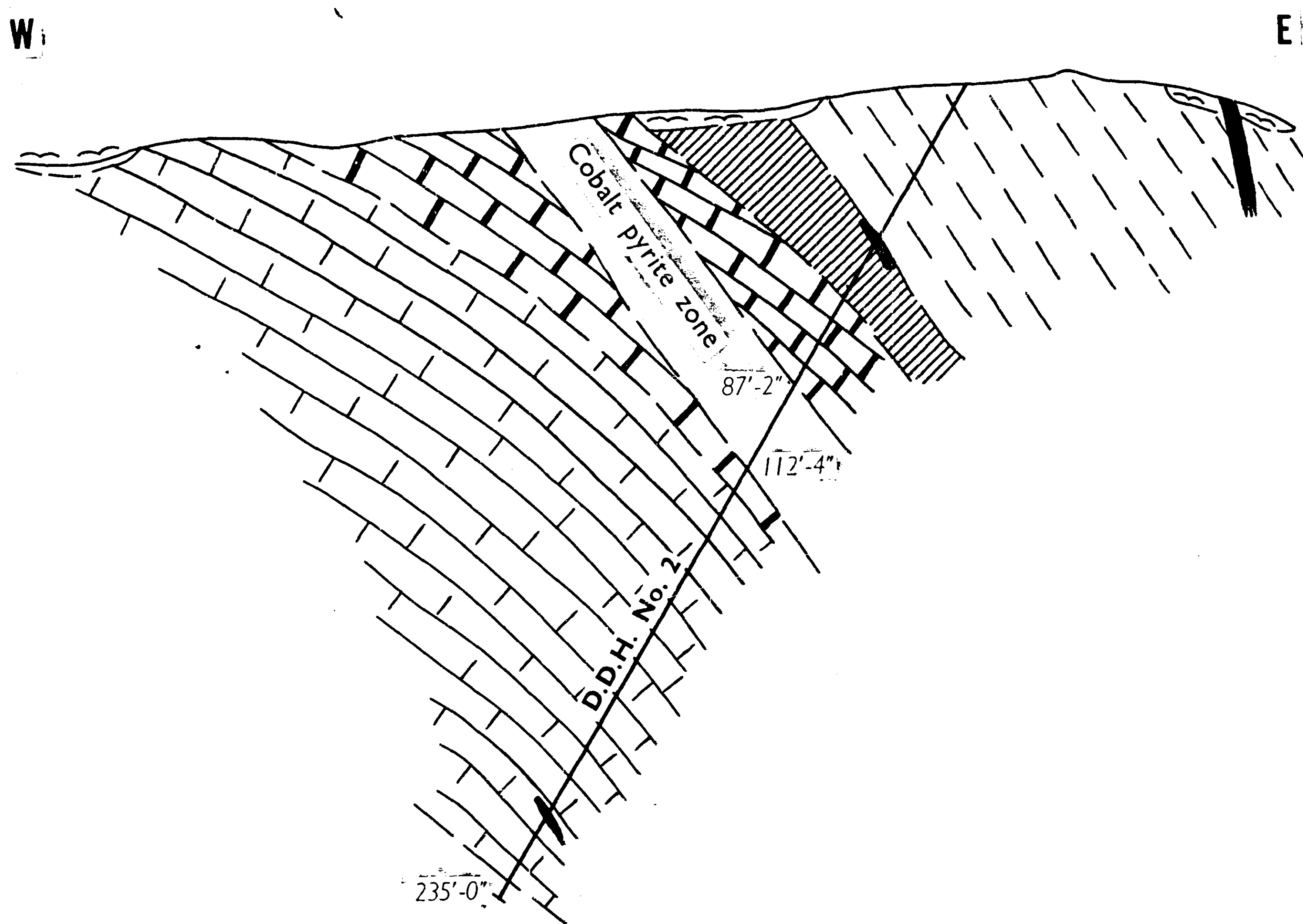
Approved	Passed	Drn.	<p>MT HOWDEN COBALT MINE</p> <p>LOCALITY PLAN</p>	D.M.	Scale 4 m. to 1 in.
	N.Y.	Tcd.		Req.	S 1123
		Ckd.			Fl.
Director		Exd.			Date 29.8.55



S.A. DEPARTMENT OF MINES				Approved		Passed		Scale 1"=1000' App.	
MOUNT HOWDEN COBALT MINE LOCALITY PLAN FROM AERIAL PHOTO A-6779, RUN 5 KALABITY						Drn.		55-367	
						Tcd. R.G.C.			
						Ckd.			
No.				Director		Exd.		Date 23-11-55	
Amendment									
Exd.									
Date									



NORTH TO SOUTH SECTION ALONG STRIKE OF D.D.H. No. 1



WEST TO EAST SECTION ALONG STRIKE OF D.D.H. No. 2

SCALE IN FEET



LEGEND

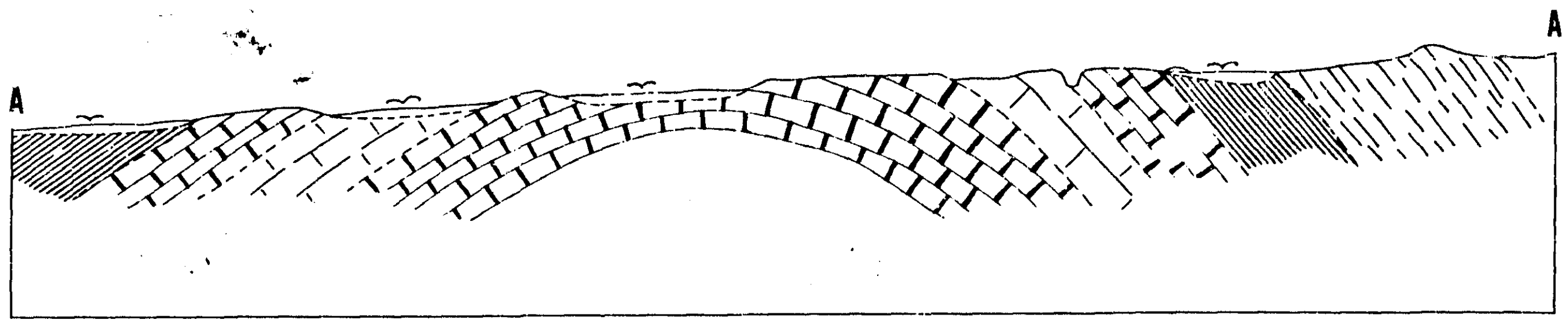
Chiaistolite schist		Secondary vughy marble	
Thin bedded slates		Pegmatite	
Thin bedded blocky marble		Alluvium	

55-368

Geology by W. R. Peterson

S.A. Dept. of Mines

Reduce to $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches

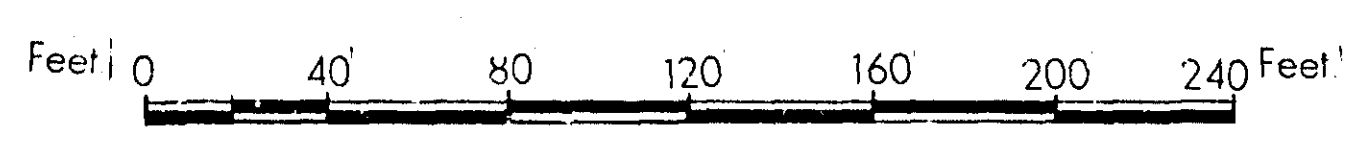


SECTION A-A

LEGEND

- Alluvium and Talus
- Chialstolite Schist
- Slates, exposed in pits
- Flaggy and blocky limestone
- Secondary and porous limestone exposed in pits
- Quartz
- Pegmatite
- Pits, with depth in feet

SCALE



Geology by W. R. Peterson

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, ADELAIDE

DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Project MT. HOWDEN COBALT PROSPECT DM
 Bore No. 1 Bore Serial No. DD
 Hundred Section Plan Reference
 Co-ordinates 716 N; 962 E. R. L. of Collar
 Bearing N. 80° W. Depressed 60° Driller A. Leschen
 Date Drilling commenced Date Drilling completed

LOG

Depth				Core Recovered		
From Ft.	In.	To Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	
0'	0"	30'	0"			Chiaastolite schist.
30'	0"	61'	0"			Thin bedded slates 44'8" to 45'6" pegmatite 48'0" to 49'2" pegmatite
61'	0"	115'	10"			Thin bedded marble 94'6" to 110'8" pyrite mineralization. 110'8" to 113'10" slight pyrite mineral- ization.
115'	10"	201'	10"			Epidote quartzite - limy, dense and hard 147' to 151' some fracturing.
						Total depth = 201'10"

Bore logged by W. R. PETERSONDate Nov. 1955

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, ADELAIDE

ASSAYS OF DRILL CORE.

Project - Mt. Howden Cobalt Mine.

Bore No. 1

ASSAYS

<u>Footage</u>		<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Chemical Assay</u>	
<u>From Ft. Ins.</u>	<u>To Ft. Ins.</u>		<u>Nickel</u>	<u>Cobalt</u>
94' 6"	96' 6"	A693/55	Nil	0.006%
96' 6"	99' 0"	A694/55	0.01%	0.027%
99' 0"	105' 10"	A695/55	Nil	0.085%
105' 10"	110' 8"	A696/55	0.005%	Nil
113' 10"	115' 0"	A697/57	0.01%	Nil

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, ADELAIDE

DIAMOND DRILL LOG

Project MT. HOWDEN COBALT PROSPECT DM
 Bore No. 2 Bore Serial No. DD
 Hundred Section Plan Reference
 Co-ordinates 710 N.; 966E R. L. of Collar
 Bearing N. 72° W. Depressed 60° Driller A. Leschen
 Date Drilling commenced Date Drilling completed

LOG

Depth				Core Recovered		
From Ft.	In.	To Ft.	In.	Ft.	In.	
0'	0"	45'	6"			Chistolite schist - hematite stained foliation 70° at 45'
45'	6"	46'	0"			Quartz pegmatite
46'	0"	64'	4"			Thin bedded slates (bedding 55°)
64'	4"	112'	4"			Thin bedded marble (bedding 45°) 87'2" to 112' 4" pyrite mineralization zone - slight amount of chalcopryrite.
112'	4"	112'	10"			Porous zone filled with quartz and iron minerals.
112'	10"	202'	10"			Epidote quartzite - limy - well bedded 60° thin fractures filled with biotite and quartz.
202'	10"	203'	4"			Fill zone of biotite and quartz.
203'	4"	211'	5"			Thin bedded limestone.
211'	5"	212'	0"			Quartz.
212'	0"	220'	0"			Thin bedded limestone.
220'	0"	229'	6"			Brecciated zone in limestone filled with feldspar and epidote - slight amount of chalcopryrite.
229'	6"	235'	0"			Thin bedded blue slate. 230'3" to 233'2" epidote with pyrite filling fracture.

Bore logged by W. R. PETERSONDate Nov. 1955

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, ADELAIDE

ASSAYS OF DRILL CORE.

Project - Mt. Howden Cobalt Mine.

Bore No. 2.

ASSAYS.

<u>Footage</u>		<u>Sample No.</u>	<u>Chemical Assay</u>	
<u>From</u> <u>Ft. Ins.</u>	<u>To</u> <u>Ft. Ins.</u>		<u>Nickel</u>	<u>Cobalt</u>
87' 2"	94' 4"	A698/55	0.005%	0.050%
94' 4"	100' 4"	A699/55	0.005%	0.075%
100' 4"	106' 11"	A700/55	Nil	0.035%
106' 11"	110' 10"	A701/55	0.005%	Nil
110' 10"	114' 4"	A702/55	0.01%	Nil