

MAURICE
Geological Survey of South Australia
Department of Primary Industries and Resources SA



REFERENCE

- Qha** Thin spreads of pale, aeolian sand and silt on leeward of playa systems.
- Qhe** Undifferentiated alluvial/fluvial sediments, clays, silts, sands and gravels of modern drainage channels. Fan deposits of lake margins.
- Qe1** Dune/field deposits: Orange-brown, slightly clayey and silty quartz sand and minor inter-dunal ferruginous and carbonate float of the Great Victoria Desert.
- Qe2** Gypsum dunes: Aeolian gypsum and quartz deposits and gypsum crusts of leeward lunettes marginal to playas.
- Ql1** Playa deposits: Clay, silt, sand and gypsum deposits.
- Qpaa** Calcrete: Buff to cream, nodular, platy and rubby carbonate sheets and layers.
- Qr** Undifferentiated regolith of variously ferruginous, siliceous, calcareous and sandy colluvium, and minor weathered outcrop. Calcareous sand spread (interpreted from LANDSAT imagery). Ferruginous sand spread (interpreted from LANDSAT imagery).
- Qe7** Composite mapunit consisting of indurated, red-brown to orange calcareous aeolian sand. Overlying OOLDEA SAND overlying HAMPTON SANDSTONE.
- Tra Ta1** Ferricreted and silcreted quartzose sandstone and pebbly sandstone.
- Tig** GARFORD FORMATION (MANGATITJA FORMATION equivalent): Lacustrine deposits of chalcodonic limestone and grey, green or red clayey sand to sandy clay. (Benbow and Pitt, 1978; Major, 1973). Subcrop and minor outcrop. Calcareous regolith on GARFORD FORMATION.
- Tbo** OOLDEA SAND: Very fine to medium-grained, moderately to well sorted aeolian quartz sand of the Ooldea, Barton and Paling Ranges, partly spicule-bearing. Subcrop and minor outcrop.
- emt** TRINOR HILL SANDSTONE: Fine to medium-grained, kaolinitic, micaceous and illitic white quartz sandstone, locally with red mottling or diffuse pale colorations; small to large scale low angle trough cross-bedding or angular cross-bedding; soft sediment disruption including soil siltstone interbeds and locally some clay intracasts. (Benbow, 1982; Krieg, 1973). Subcrop and minor outcrop.
- em2** WIRRIDAR BEDS, ARCOCELLINA SANDSTONE, OBSERVATORY HILL FORMATION: Fluvial, lacustrine, aeolian and sabkha deposits including micaceous and feldspathic sandstone and mudstone, cherty (Magad-type) siltstone and carbonate interbeds. (Benbow, 1982; Major, 1973a; Gatehouse and Hibbert, 1987; Wopfner, 1989) Subcrop and minor outcrop.
- ???** SUBSURFACE
- N2** WILPENIA GROUP EQUIVALENTS: Marine sandstone, grey indurated mudstone and limestone. Includes PUNKERRI SANDSTONE, UNGOOLYA GROUP (RODDA BEDS) including KARLAYA LIMESTONE and WRIGHT HILL BEDS. (Gravesstock and Sanome, 1984; Sukanta et al., 1994; Thomas, 1990; Major 1973b; Major, 1974; Priess and Krieg, 1992; Zang, 1993).
- N3** CALLANNA/BURRA GROUP EQUIVALENTS: Tidal, sabkha and aeolian deposits of anhydritic siltstone, sandstone, shale, dolomite, minor chert and quartzite. Includes PINDYIN SANDSTONE (Priess, 1987; Priess, 1993).
- Lk** BIRKSGATE COMPLEX: Metasediments, gneiss, granulite. (Drexel et al, 1993)

- GEOLOGICAL BOUNDARY**
- Observed
Inferred
FAULT
- Observed
Inferred
SHARPE
- Observed
Inferred
BEDDING
- Trend
Triangulation station
Relief features
- Sand dune
Elevation point
Topographic depression (palaeodrainage)
HYDROGRAPHIC FEATURES
- Lake
Intermittent lake
River, creek
Floodplain
Claypan
Swamp, marsh
Waterhole
Spring
Bore well
Dam, tank
CULTURAL FEATURES
- Highway
Secondary road
Minor road
Vehicle track
Railway
Disused railway
Vernacular fence
Semi-rail line
Perimeter fence
Park boundary
Homestead
Vale
Landing ground
Major mine
Minor mine
Abandoned mine
Prospect
Abandoned prospect
Minor alluvial
Field Observations (Pit 1985)

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Government
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MAURICE
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LOCALITY DIAGRAM



Topographic detail based on TOPO-250K GEODATA (source scale 1:250 000) supplied by Australian Surveying and Land Information Group (AUSLIG), ACT. The relationship between this data and PIRSA data is not guaranteed.

Cartography by the Mapping Unit, Spatial Information Services Branch,
Department of Primary Industries and Resources SA

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